#### THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this circular or as to the action you should take, you should consult your licensed securities dealer or registered institution in securities, bank manager, solicitor, professional accountant or other professional adviser.

If you have sold or transferred all your shares in the Company, you should at once hand this circular accompanying with the form of proxy to the purchaser(s) or transferee(s) or to the bank, licensed securities dealer, registered institution in securities, or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected for transmission to the purchaser(s) or transferee(s).

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited take no responsibility for the contents of this circular, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this circular.



(H Share Stock Code: 00874)

(1) PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION AND DISSOLUTION OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE;
 (2) PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS AND THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS;

# (3) PROPOSED ELECTION OF A DIRECTOR AND (4) NOTICE OF THE EGM

Capitalised terms used in this cover page shall have the same meanings as those defined in this circular.

A letter from the Board is set out on pages 3 to 7 of this circular. The Notice convening the EGM, which is to be held on Friday, 26 September 2025 at 10:00 a.m., at the Conference Room of the Company, 45 Sha Mian North Street, Liwan District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province, the PRC, is set out on pages 183 to 185 of this circular.

Whether or not you intend to attend the EGM, please complete the form of proxy accompanying the aforementioned notice in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and return the same to the office of the Company's H Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong (for holders of H Shares) as soon as possible and in any event not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the EGM or any adjournment thereof. Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the EGM should you so wish.

## **CONTENTS**

	Page
Definitions	1
Letter from the Board	3
Appendix I - Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association	8
Appendix II - Proposed Amendments to the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings	105
Appendix III - Proposed Amendments to the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors	138
Appendix IV - Information on Mr. Chen Jiehui	181
Notice of the EGM	183

#### **DEFINITIONS**

In this circular, unless the context requires otherwise, the following expressions have the following meanings:

"A Shares" domestic tradable shares in the ordinary share capital

of the Company with a nominal value of RMB1.00

each

"Articles of Association" the articles of association of the Company

"Audit Committee" the audit committee of the Board of the Company

"Board" the board of Directors of the Company

"Company" Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings

Company Limited (廣州白雲山醫藥集團股份有限公司), a joint stock company with limited liability established in the PRC, the H Shares and A Shares of which are listed

on HKEX and SSE respectively

"controlling shareholder" as defined under the Listing Rules of HKEX

"CSRC" China Securities Regulatory Commission

"Company Law" the Company Law of the People's Republic of China

"Director(s)" directors of the Company

"EGM" the second extraordinary general meeting of the

Company in year 2025 to be held on Friday, 26 September 2025 at 10:00 a.m., including any

adjournment thereof

"GPHL" Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited (廣州醫藥

集團有限公司), the controlling Shareholder of the

Company

"Guidelines on the Articles of

Association"

Guidelines on the Articles of Association of Listed

Companies (Revised in 2025)

"H Shares" overseas listed foreign shares in the share capital of the

Company with a nominal value of RMB1.00 each

"HKEX" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

"Hong Kong" the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the

**PRC** 

	DEFINITIONS
"Listing Rules of HKEX"	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the HKEX
"LPD"	29 August 2025, being the latest practicable date prior to the publication of this circular for the purpose of ascertaining certain information contained in this circular
"Nomination and Remuneration Committee"	the nomination and remuneration committee of the Company
"PRC"	the People's Republic of China and, for the purpose of this circular only, excludes Hong Kong, Macao Special Administrative Region and Taiwan
"Proposed Amendments"	the proposed amendments to the Company's existing Articles of Association, details of which are set out in the Appendix I to this circular
"RMB"	Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC
"Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings"	the Company's Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings
"Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors"	the Company's Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors
"SFO"	Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong
"Shareholders"	holder of the A Shares and/or H Shares of the Company
"SSE"	Shanghai Stock Exchange
"Supervisor(s)"	supervisor(s) of the Company
"Supervisory Committee" the supervisory committee of the Company	
* For ease of reference, the names of	of the PRC-established companies or entities (if any) and the PRC laws

- \* For ease of reference, the names of the PRC-established companies or entities (if any) and the PRC laws and regulations (if any) in this circular are provided in both Chinese and English. The English names are included for identification purposes only. In the event of inconsistency, the Chinese language version shall prevail.
- Where the context so permits or requires, words importing the singular number include the plural and vice versa and words importing the masculine gender include the feminine and neuter genders and vice versa.
- # Reference to time and dates in this circular are to Hong Kong time and dates unless otherwise specified.



## 廣州白雲山医药集团股份有限公司

#### GUANGZHOU BAIYUNSHAN PHARMACEUTICAL HOLDINGS CO., LTD.

(a joint stock company with limited liability established in the People's Republic of China)

(H Share Stock Code: 00874)

#### Executive Directors:

Mr. Li Xiaojun

Ms. Cheng Ning

Mr. Cheng Hongjin

Mr. Tang Heping

Mr. Li Hong

#### Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Chen Yajin

Mr. Huang Min

Mr. Wong Lung Tak Patrick

Ms. Sun Bao Qing

## Registered office and principal place of business:

45 Sha Mian North Street

Liwan District

Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province

The PRC

## Principal place of business in Hong Kong:

in nong Kong:

Room 2005, 20th floor

Tower Two Lippo Centre

89 Queensway

Hong Kong

5 September 2025

To the Shareholders

Dear Sir or Madam

- (1) PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION AND DISSOLUTION OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE;
- (2) PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS AND THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS;
  - (3) PROPOSED ELECTION OF A DIRECTOR;

#### **AND**

#### (4) NOTICE OF THE EGM

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this circular is to provide you with information in relation to, among other things, (i) the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association and dissolution of the Supervisory Committee; (ii) the proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings and the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors; (iii) the proposed election of a Director and to give you the notice of the EGM.

2. PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION, THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS, THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, AND DISSOLUTION OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated 15 August 2025, in relation to, among others, the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association, the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings, the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors and the dissolution of the Supervisory Committee.

On 1 July 2024, the Company Law came into effect. The CSRC issued the Transitional Arrangements Relating to the Implementation of the Rules Governing the Supporting Regime of the New Company Law and the Guidelines on the Articles of Association, among other relevant laws, regulation and normative documents, all of which took effect immediately upon issuance. In view of the aforesaid changes in laws, regulations and normative documents and having regard to the Company's actual circumstances, the Board proposes to amend the existing Articles of Association.

The Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association mainly include (a) standardizing all references to "Shareholders' general meeting" in the Articles of Association as "Shareholders' meeting"; (b) further clarifying the respective decision-making authority and scope of the Shareholders' meeting and the Board; (c) removing the section(s) and provisions relating to the Supervisory Committee; (d) renaming the Audit Committee from "審核委員會" to "審計委員會" in Chinese, while retaining the English name, and exercising the powers and functions of the Supervisory Committee as prescribed by the Company Law; (e) specifying the duties of each specialized committee under the Board; and (f) making certain housekeeping amendments to the Articles of Association to update outdated references and correct clerical inconsistencies with certain PRC laws and regulations, etc. The full text of the Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association is set out in the Appendix I to this circular. The English version of the Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association is an unofficial translation of its Chinese version. In case of any discrepancies, the Chinese version shall prevail.

In light of the Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association, the Company proposes to amend the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings and the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors to, among others, align with the Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association and reflect the Company's latest circumstances. The full texts of the proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings and the Rules of Procedures of the Board of Directors are set out in Appendix II and Appendix III to this circular, respectively. The English version of the proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings and the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors are unofficial translation of their Chinese version and are for reference only. In case of any discrepancies, the Chinese versions shall prevail.

To further improve the corporate governance structure and promote standardized operations of the Company, in accordance with the Company Law, the Guidelines on the Articles of Association, and other relevant laws, regulations and normative documents, the Company will dissolve the Supervisory Committee, the statutory functions and powers of the

Supervisory Committee as stipulated in the Company Law shall be exercised by the Audit Committee. Correspondingly, the Company's Rules of Procedures for the Supervisory Committee and other relevant regulations will be abolished, and the provisions relating to the Supervisory Committee and Supervisors in all rules and regulation of the Company will be no longer be applicable.

The current Supervisors shall be relieved of their positions upon the approval of the aforementioned matters by the Shareholders at the EGM. Prior to such date, the Supervisors and the Supervisory Committee shall continue to diligently perform its supervisory duties in accordance with the Company Law, the Articles of Association, and other relevant regulations, safeguarding the interests of the Company and all Shareholders.

The Company's Hong Kong legal advisers and PRC legal advisers have respectively confirmed that the Proposed Amendments are in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Listing Rules of HKEX and do not contravene PRC laws. The Company also confirms that, for a joint stock limited company incorporated in the PRC and listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the Proposed Amendments are not unusual in nature.

The proposed amendments to the Articles of Association and dissolution of the Supervisory Committee shall be subject to, among others, the approval by the Shareholders at the EGM by way of a special resolution. The proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings, the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors shall be subject to, among others, the approval by the Shareholders at the EGM by way of ordinary resolutions.

#### 3. PROPOSED ELECTION OF A DIRECTOR

Reference is made to the Company's announcement dated 15 August 2025, relating to the proposed appointment of an executive Director.

Under the Articles of Association and the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors, the Board shall consist of eleven Directors. However, due to the current circumstances of the Company, the number of Directors of the ninth session of the Board has fallen below the required eleven. In order to ensure the continued efficient operation of the Board, the Board, at its meeting held on 15 August 2025, resolved to propose the election of Mr. Chen Jiehui as an executive Director subject to the approval by Shareholders at the EGM. The Company shall use its efforts to identify and appoint suitable candidates to fill the remaining vacancy on the Board as promptly as practicable, and will issue further announcement(s) as and when required by the Listing Rules of HKEX.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, in accordance with its terms of reference and the Company's nomination policy, has made recommendations to the Board on a suitable candidates to fill the vacancy of an executive Director.

In making its recommendations to the Board regarding the proposed appointment of Mr. Chen Jiehui as an executive Director, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has considered objective criteria, including, but not limited to his educational background, industry experience, technical and professional skills, qualifications, and knowledge. The

Nomination and Remuneration Committee is of the opinion that Mr. Chen Jiehui possesses extensive experience in strategic management, business management, corporate governance, compliance management, and Party affairs, all of which qualify him for the position of executive Director of the Company.

In consideration of the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board resolved at its meeting held on 15 August 2025 to propose the election of Mr. Chen Jiehui as an executive Director. In this connection, an ordinary resolution will be proposed at the EGM for Shareholders' consideration and, if thought fit, for the approval of the appointment of Mr. Chen Jiehui as an executive Director by way of cumulative voting.

Biographical details of Mr. Chen Jiehui as of the LPD, along with further information required to be disclosed under Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules of HKEX, are set out in Appendix IV to this circular.

#### 4. CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS FOR HOLDERS OF H SHARES

For the purpose of determining the identity of the shareholders of H shares of the Company who will be entitled to attend and vote at the EGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 23 September 2025 to Friday, 26 September 2025 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of H shares will be effected. In order to qualify to attend and vote at the EGM, all share transfer documents of H shares together with the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the share registrar of the Company in Hong Kong, namely Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong for share transfer registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 22 September 2025. Shareholders of H shares whose names are recorded in the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 23 September 2025 will be entitled to attend the EGM.

#### 5. THE EGM

The EGM will be held at the Conference Room of the Company, 45 Sha Mian North Street, Liwan District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province, the PRC on Friday, 26 September 2025 at 10:00 a.m. The notice convening the EGM is set out on pages 183 to 185 of this circular. Resolutions on all the matters mentioned in this circular will be proposed at the EGM for the consideration of the Shareholders. No Shareholder is required to abstain from voting on the resolutions to be proposed at the EGM.

Whether or not you intend to attend the EGM, please complete the form of proxy accompanying the notice of the EGM in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and return the form of proxy to the office of the Company's H Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong (for holders of H Shares) as soon as possible and in any event not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the EGM or any adjournment thereof. Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the EGM should you so wish.

All the votes of the Shareholders at the EGM will be taken by poll.

#### 6. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Directors are of the view that the resolutions to be proposed for consideration and approval by Shareholders at the EGM are in the best interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. Accordingly, the Directors recommend that the Shareholders vote in favour of the resolutions to be proposed at the EGM.

#### 7. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Your attention is also drawn to the additional information set out in the appendices to this circular.

#### 8. RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

This circular, for which the Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Listing Rules of HKEX for the purpose of giving information with regard to the issuer. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this document is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this document misleading.

Yours faithfully The Board of

Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited

#### Revision notes:

- 1. In accordance with the Company Law and the Guidelines for the Articles of Association of Listed Companies (2025)\* (《上市公司章程指引 (2025)》), the descriptions of "general meeting of shareholders" in the Articles of Association are uniformly changed to "shareholders' meeting".
- 2. In accordance with the Company Law and the Guidelines for the Articles of Association of Listed Companies (2025)\* (《上市公司章程指引 (2025)》), the chapter of the supervisory committee in the Articles of Association is removed, and the descriptions regarding "supervisory committee" and "supervisor" in the Articles of Association are removed. The powers and functions of the supervisory committee are exercised by the Audit Committee.
- 3. In accordance with the Company Law and Article 12 of the Guidelines for the Articles of Association of Listed Companies (2025)\* (《上市公司章程指引 (2025)》), the descriptions of "general manager and (or) other senior management personnel" in the Articles of Association are uniformly changed to "senior management personnel".
- 4. In the Articles of Association, except for dates, telephone numbers, addresses, number of shares and registered capital, all numeric expressions shall be uniformly written in Chinese characters.
- 5. The Chinese expression of "會議主席" in the Articles of Association is uniformly changed to "會議主持人" and the respective English expression remain unchanged.
- 6. The descriptions of "annual general meeting of shareholders" in the Articles of Association are uniformly changed to "annual shareholders' meeting".
- 7. As the name of Hong Kong registration company have been changed at the beginning of 2025, the "Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited" in the Articles of Association is uniformly changed to "Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited".
- 8. The descriptions of "laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules" in the Articles of Association are uniformly changed to "laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed".
- 9. The above amendments shall not be listed separately without substantive amendments, and the specific amendments to the Articles of Association are as follows:

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
1	Article 1 The Company was established as a joint stock company with limited liability in accordance with the "Company Law") of the People's Republic of China" and other relevant laws and administrative regulations of the PRC. The legal interests of the Company and the shareholders are governed and protected by laws, regulations, and other relevant governmental rules of the PRC.	Article 1 Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Co.,Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") was established as a joint stock company with limited liability in accordance with the "Company Law (hereinafter referred to as the "Company Law") of the People's Republic of China" and other relevant laws and administrative regulations of the PRC. In order to safeguard the legal interests of the Company, its shareholders, employees and creditors, to regulate the organization and acts of the Company, the Articles of Association are formulated in accordance with the Company Law, the Securities Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國證券法》) (hereinafter referred to as the "Securities Law"), the Guidelines on Articles of Association of Listed Companies (《上市公司章程指引》) and other relevant provisions.
2		New Article 5 The legal consequences of civil activities conducted by the legal representative in the name of the Company shall be borne by the Company.  The limitations on the functions and powers of the legal representative under the Articles of Association or by the general meeting shall not be asserted against a bona fide counterpart.  If the legal representative causes damage to others while performing his/her duties, the Company shall assume civil liability for such damage. The Company may, after assuming the civil liability, seek compensation from the legal representative at fault in accordance with laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed or the provisions of the Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
3	Article 7 All of the assets of the Company shall be divided into shares of equal value. The shareholders shall be liable to the extent of the shares subscribed and the Company shall be liable for its debts to the extent of all of its assets.	Article 8 The shareholders shall be liable to the extent of the shares subscribed and the Company shall be liable for its debts to the extent of all of its property.
4	Article 9 The Articles of Association has binding effect on the Company and its shareholders, directors, supervisors, general manager and other senior officers. The aforesaid personnel may lodge claims in relation to the affairs of the Company in accordance with these Articles of Association.  Shareholders may bring actions against the Company may bring actions against the Company, and the Company may bring actions against the shareholders, directors, supervisors, general manager and other members of the senior management in accordance with these Articles of Association; a shareholder may bring actions against other shareholder(s) or may bring actions against directors, supervisors, general manager and other senior officers of the Company in accordance with these Articles of Association.  The action mentioned above includes court proceedings.	Article 10 The Articles of Association has binding legal effect on the Company and its shareholders, directors, and senior management. The aforesaid personnel may lodge claims in relation to the affairs of the Company in accordance with these Articles of Association.  Shareholders may bring actions against the Company, and the Company may bring actions against the shareholders, directors and senior management in accordance with these Articles of Association; a shareholder may bring actions against other shareholder(s) or may bring actions against directors and senior management of the Company in accordance with these Articles of Association.  The action mentioned above includes court proceedings.
5	Article 10 Other senior management referred to in the Articles of Association means the deputy general manager of the Company, secretary to the Board and the financial controller of the Company and other senior managers determined by the Board.	Article 11 Senior management referred to in the Articles of Association means the general manager, the deputy general manager of the Company, secretary to the Board and the financial controller of the Company and other senior managers determined by the Board.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
6	Article 12 The business objectives of the Company are management and operation of the state-owned assets within the authorized scope of business in order to enhance and maintain the values of those state-owned assets, with the primary operation in the core business and the development of various business operation so as to integrate the asset operation and product operation.  The Company is primarily engaged in new product development with focus on economies of scale and asset productivity and, through fundings, economies of scale, technology, human resources, and effectiveness, the Company gradually develops integrated advantages and consolidated functionality in order to enhance its market competitiveness and explore international market for establishing an international network.	Article 13 The business objectives of the Company: We implement the new development philosophy, serve national strategies, focus on our core business in accordance with national industrial policies and market demands, adhere to the innovation-driven development strategy, actively cultivate and develop new quality productive forces, empower the modernization of industrial system by digital technologies, and drive the high-quality development of the pharmaceutical and healthcare industry.
7	Article 16 The Company shall at all times have ordinary shares. The Company may also create other class(es) of shares in accordance with its requirements and upon the approval of the Companies supervising department authorized by the State Council.	Article 17 The Company shall at all times have ordinary shares. The Company may also create other class(es) of shares in accordance with its requirements and upon the approval of the Companies supervising department authorized by the State Council.
8	Article 17 The shares of the Company shall be in scrip form.  Shares issued by the Company shall have a nominal value at RMB1 each.  Share issues of the Company shall comply with the principles of being public, fair and just. Shares of the same type shall rank pari passu.  The terms and price shall be the same for all shares of the same type in a share issue. Any unit or individual shall pay the same price for each subscribed share.	Article 18 The shares of the Company shall be in scrip form. Shares issued by the Company shall have a nominal value at RMB1 each. Share issues of the Company shall comply with the principles of being public, fair and just. Shares of the same class(es) rank pari passu. The terms and price shall be the same for all shares of the same class(es) in a share issue. Any unit or individual shall pay the same price for each subscribed share.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
9	Article 18 Domestic shares issued by the Company are deposited and under the custody of China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited. H Shares of the Company are mainly in custody of central depository under Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited and may also be held be shareholders in their personal names.	Article 19 Domestic shares issued by the Company are deposited and under the custody of China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited. H Shares of the Company are mainly in custody of central depository under Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited and may also be held be shareholders in their personal names.
10		New Article 24 The Company or its subsidiaries (including affiliates of the Company) shall not provide financial assistance, by way of gift, advance, guarantee or lending, for others to acquire the shares of the Company or its parent company, except when the Company implements the employee share ownership scheme.  For the benefit of the Company, upon a resolution at the general meeting, or a resolution made by the Board in accordance with the Articles of Association or the authorization at the general meeting, the Company may provide financial assistance for others to acquire shares of the Company or its parent company, but the cumulative total amount of financial assistance shall not exceed ten percent of the total issued share capital. Resolutions made by the Board shall be approved by more than two-thirds of all directors.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
11	Article 23 The Company may,	Article 25 The Company may,
	as required by its operation and	as required by its operation and
	development, increase its capital in	development, increase its capital in
	accordance with the relevant provisions	accordance with the relevant provisions
	of these Articles of Association. The	of these Articles of Association. The
	Company may increase its capital by	Company may increase its capital in any
	way of:	of the following ways respectively <b>upon</b>
	(1) public issue of shares;	a resolution at the general meeting:
	(2) non-public issue of shares;	(1) issuance of shares to
	(3) bonus issues of new shares to	unspecified investors;
	existing shareholders;	(2) issuance of shares to non-
	(4) converting the surplus reserve	specified investors;
	into its capital; or	(3) bonus issues of new shares to
	(5) other methods as permitted	existing shareholders;
	under laws and regulations and by	(4) converting the surplus reserve
	CSRC.	into its capital; or
	The Company's increase of	(5) other methods as permitted
	capital by issuing new shares shall seek	under laws and regulations and by
	approval pursuant to the provisions of	CSRC.
	these Articles of Association and then be	The Company's increase of
	handled in accordance with procedures	capital by issuing new shares shall seek
	as required by the relevant laws and	approval pursuant to the provisions of
	administrative regulations of the PRC.	these Articles of Association and then be
		handled in accordance with procedures
		as required by the relevant laws and
		administrative regulations of the PRC.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
12	Article 24 Shares held by the promoters of the Company shall not be transferred within one year from the date of establishment of the Company. Shares issued by the Company before the share offering shall not be transferred within one year from the date on which the shares of the Company are listed on a stock exchange.  Directors, supervisors and senior management of the Company shall declare their shareholdings in the Company and the changes therein to the Company; and shall not transfer more than 25% of their shareholdings in the Company during their respective term of office or transfer their shares within one year from the date on which the shares of the Company are listed on a stock exchange.  In the event that any director, supervisor or senior management of the Company or any person who holds more than 5% of the shares in the Company sells the Company's shares or other securities in the nature of shareholding rights within six months after the acquisition of the same or repurchases the Company's shares within six months after sale of the same or repurchases the Company and the Company's Board of Directors shall retrieve such proceed arising therefrom shall be attributed to the Company and the Company's Board of Directors shall retrieve such proceed, however, securities companies holding more than 5% of the shares as a result of acquiring the remaining shares under an underwriting and other circumstances stipulated under the applicable domestic or foreign laws, administrative regulations and/or the listing rules of the stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed are excluded. In the case that the Board of Directors fails to comply with the requirements under this paragraph, the responsible director(s) shall assume joint liability according to the law.	Article 26 Directors, senior management of the Company shall declare their shareholdings in the Company and the changes therein to the Company; and shall not transfer more than twenty-five percent of their shareholdings in the Company during their respective terms of office as determined at the appointment or transfer their shares within one year from the date on which the shares of the Company are listed on a stock exchange.  In the event that any director or senior management of the Company or any person who holds more than five percent of the shares in the Company sells the Company's shares or other securities in the nature of shareholding rights within six months after the acquisition of the same or repurchases the Company's shares within six months after sale of the same, any proceed arising therefrom shall be attributed to the Company and the Company's Board of Directors shall retrieve such proceed, however, securities companies holding more than five percent of the shares as a result of acquiring the remaining shares under an underwriting and other circumstances stipulated under the applicable domestic or foreign laws, administrative regulations and/or relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed are excluded. In the case that the Board of Directors fails to comply with the requirements under this paragraph, the responsible director(s) shall assume joint liability according to the law.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	The shares in the Company or other	The shares in the Company or other
	securities in the nature of shareholding	securities in the nature of shareholding
	rights held by the director, supervisor,	rights held by the director and senior
	senior management of the Company	management of the Company and
	and shareholder who is natural person	shareholder who is natural person
	referred to in the third paragraph above	referred to in the paragraph above
	include those shares in the Company	include those shares in the Company
	or other securities in the nature of	or other securities in the nature of
	shareholding right held by his spouse,	shareholding right held by his spouse,
	parents, children and those held through	parents, children and those held through
	the accounts of other persons.	the accounts of other persons.
	In the case that the Board fails to	In the case that the Board fails to
	comply with the requirements under	comply with the requirements under the
	the third paragraph above shareholder	second paragraph above shareholder
	shall have the right to request the Board	shall have the right to request the Board
	to comply within thirty days. In case	to comply within thirty days. In case
	of the Board fails to comply with the	of the Board fails to comply with the
	same within the aforesaid period, such	same within the aforesaid period, such
	shareholder shall have the right to	shareholder shall have the right to
	institute a legal proceeding directly with	institute a legal proceeding directly with
	the people's court in its own name for	the people's court in its own name for
	the benefit of the Company.	the benefit of the Company.
	Unless otherwise required by	Shares of the Company shall be
	the laws, administrative regulations	transferred in accordance with the
	and these Articles of Association, the	laws. The Company shall not accept its
	shares of the Company may be freely	shares being held as security under a
	transferred free from any lien. The	pledge.
	Company shall not accept its shares	
	being held as security under a pledge.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
13	Article 26 In case of reduction of registered capital of the Company, a balance sheet and assets list shall be formulated and procedures as required by the Company Law and the provisions of other relevant regulations and these Articles of Association shall be complied with.  The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of passing of the resolution for the reduction of registered capital and shall publish an announcement in newspapers within 30 days thereof. The creditors who have received the said notice have the right within 30 days from the date of receiving the notice, and the creditors who are not given such notice have the right within 45 days from the date of the notice was published in a newspaper, to demand the Company to settle the debt or to provide corresponding indemnity over the debt.  The registered capital shall not be less than the statutory minimum amount after the reduction of capital.	Article 28 In case of reduction of registered capital of the Company, a balance sheet and assets list shall be formulated and procedures as required by the Company Law and the provisions of other relevant regulations and these Articles of Association shall be complied with.  The Company shall notify its creditors within ten days from the date of passing of the resolution for the reduction of registered capital and shall publish an announcement in newspapers or on the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System within thirty days thereof. The creditors who have received the said notice have the right within thirty days from the date of receiving the notice, and the creditors who are not given such notice have the right within Forty-five days from the date of the notice was published in a newspaper, to demand the Company to settle the debt or to provide corresponding indemnity over the debt.  In the event of a reduction of the Company's registered capital, the capital contributions or shares held by shareholders shall be reduced proportionately in accordance with their respective shareholdings, unless otherwise stipulated by applicable laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, or by the Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
14		New Article 29 If, after making up losses as stipulated in paragraph 2 of Article 174 of the Articles of Association, the Company still has losses, it may reduce its registered capital to cover such losses. If the registered capital is reduced to cover the loss, the Company shall not make any distribution to the shareholders, nor shall it exempt the shareholders from the obligations to make capital contributions or pay up the amounts of shares.  The reduction of registered capital under the foregoing provision shall not be subject to the second paragraph of Article 28 of the Articles of Association. However, the Company must publish a notice of the capital reduction in a newspaper or on the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System within 30 days from the date the shareholders' meeting passes the resolution approving the reduction.  After the Company reduces its registered capital in accordance with the provisions of the preceding two paragraphs, it shall not distribute profits until the cumulative amount of the statutory reserve and the discretionary reserve reaching fifty percent of the registered capital of the Company.
15		New Article 30 If the registered capital is reduced in violation of the provisions of the Company Law and other relevant regulations, the shareholders shall return the funds they have received, and the shareholders shall restore the capital contributions to the original state if their capital contributions are reduced or exempted; if losses are caused to the Company, the shareholders and responsible directors and senior management personnel shall be liable for compensation.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
16	Article 27 The Company may not purchase its own shares except under the following circumstances:  (1) cancellation of shares for the purpose of reduction of the Company's capital;  (2) merger with another company which holds the Company's shares;  (3) apply the shares for the purposes of the employee share scheme or in shares incentive scheme;  (4) request from shareholders who object to a resolution of a general meeting of shareholders on merger or division of the Company for the Company to acquire their shares;  (5) apply the shares for the purposes of the conversion pursuant to the company convertible bonds issued by the listed company;  (6) if the listed company considers that it is necessary to protect the value of the company and the interests of shareholders.	Article 31 The Company may not purchase its own shares except under the following circumstances:  (1) reduce the registered capital of the Company;  (2) merger with another company which holds the Company's shares;  (3) apply the shares for the purposes of the employee share scheme or in shares incentive scheme;  (4) request from shareholders who object to a resolution of a general meeting of shareholders on merger or division of the Company for the Company to acquire their shares;  (5) apply the shares for the purposes of the conversion pursuant to the company convertible bonds issued by the listed company;  (6) if the listed company considers that it is necessary to protect the value of the company and the interests of shareholders.
17	Article 29 If the repurchase is made under the circumstances specified in (1), (2) of Article 27 of the Articles of Association, approval must be obtained from the general meeting; if the repurchase is made under the proposed circumstances specified in (3), (5), (6) under Article 27 of the Articles of Association, it may be approved in accordance with the provisions under these Articles or the authority granted at general meetings by resolution passing by two thirds of the votes cast by the directors attending the board meeting.  If the laws, regulations and other relevant provisions provide otherwise on matters involved in the aforementioned repurchase of shares, such provisions shall prevail.	Article 33 If the repurchase is made under the circumstances specified in (1), (2) of Article 31 of the Articles of Association, approval must be obtained from the general meeting; if the repurchase is made under the proposed circumstances specified in (3), (5), (6) under Article 31 of the Articles of Association, it may be approved in accordance with the provisions under these Articles or the authority granted at general meetings by resolution passing by two thirds of the votes cast by the directors attending the board meeting.  If the laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed provide otherwise on matters involved in the aforementioned repurchase of shares, such provisions shall prevail.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
No. 18	Before amendments  Article 30 In the event that any repurchase of shares by the Company pursuant to the laws and Article 27 hereof, shares acquired under a repurchase of shares under the circumstances stipulated in item (1) of Article 27 hereof shall be cancelled within ten days from the date of acquisition thereof while shares acquired	Article 34 In the event that any repurchase of shares by the Company pursuant to the laws and Article 31 hereof, shares acquired under a repurchase of shares under the circumstances stipulated in item (1) of Article 31 hereof shall be cancelled within ten days from the date of acquisition thereof while shares acquired
	under a repurchase of shares made under the circumstances stipulated in items (2) and (4) of Article 27 hereof shall be transferred or cancelled within six months and change of registration of registered capital shall be proceeded with the Company's original registration authority. Under the circumstances specified in (3), (5) and (6), the total number of shares of the Company held by the Company shall not exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue and should be transferred or cancelled within 3 years.  The aggregate nominal value of the cancelled shares shall be verified and deducted from the Company's registered capital.	under a repurchase of shares made under the circumstances stipulated in items (2) and (4) of Article 31 hereof shall be transferred or cancelled within six months and change of registration of registered capital shall be proceeded with the Company's original registration authority. Under the circumstances specified in (3), (5) and (6), the total number of shares of the Company held by the Company shall not exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue and should be transferred or cancelled within 3 years.  The aggregate nominal value of the cancelled shares shall be verified and deducted from the Company's registered capital.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
19	Article 32 The Company shall	Article 36 The Company shall
	maintain a register of shareholders base	maintain a register of shareholders
	on the information furnished by the	based on the vouchers provided
	registrar. Shareholders enjoy rights and	by the securities registration
	have obligations according to the class	and clearing organization. The
	of shares held by them. Shareholders	register of shareholders shall
	holding shares of the same <u>class</u> enjoy	constitute conclusive evidence of
	equal rights and have equal obligations.	the shareholders' shareholding in
	The register of shares shall contain	the Company. The register of H
	the following information:	Shareholders shall be kept in Hong
	(1) the name, address (residence),	Kong for inspection by shareholders.
	occupation or nature of each	However, the Company may suspend
	shareholder;	the registration of shareholders in
	(2) the class and quantity of shares	accordance with laws, administrative
	held by each shareholder;	regulations, relevant regulations of the
	(3) the amount paid or payable	securities regulatory authorities or the
	amount of shares held by each	stock exchanges where the shares of
	shareholder; (4) share certificate numbers of	the Company are listed. Shareholders enjoy rights and have obligations
	shares held by each shareholder;	
	(5) the date on which each	according to the <u>class</u> of shares held by them. Shareholders holding shares of the
	shareholder registered as a shareholder;	same <u>class</u> enjoy equal rights and have
	and	equal obligations.
	(6) the date on which each	The register of shares shall contain
	shareholder ceased to be a shareholder.	the following information:
	The register of shareholders shall	(1) the name, address (residence),
	be sufficient evidence of the holdings	occupation or nature of each
	of the share for the company by the	shareholder;
	shareholders' unless there is any	(2) the class and quantity of shares
	contrary evidence to the contrary.	held by each shareholder;
		(3) the amount paid or payable
		amount of shares held by each
		shareholder;
		(4) share certificate numbers of
		shares held by each shareholder;
		(5) the date on which each
		shareholder registered as a shareholder; and
		(6) the date on which each
		shareholder ceased to be a shareholder.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
20	Article <u>34</u> In the event that the Company convenes a general meeting, distributes dividend, liquidates or carries out any other acts requiring the confirmation of shareholdings, the Board should determine a day <u>as the record date for the purpose of determining shareholdings</u> , and the shareholders whose named are in the register of shareholders at the end of the record date shall be a shareholders of the Company.	Article 38 In the event that the Company convenes a general meeting, distributes dividends, liquidates or carries out any other acts requiring the confirmation of shareholders' identities, the Board or the convener of the general meeting shall designate a specific date as the record date. The shareholders whose names appear on the register of members at the close of trading on the record date, shall be entitled to the relevant rights and interests (unless certain shareholders are required to waive their voting rights on specific matters in accordance with the relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed.
21	Article 35 The shareholders of the Company are those who lawfully hold the shares of the Company and have their names registered in the register of shareholders. The shareholders enjoy the rights and assume the obligations according to the class and the number of the shares held by them. The shareholders holding the same class of shares enjoy the same rights and assume the same obligations.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
22	Article $\underline{36}$ Holders of ordinary	Article 39 Holders of ordinary
	shares of the Company shall enjoy the	shares of the Company shall enjoy the
	following rights:	following rights:
	(1) to request, convene, chair, attend or appoint proxies to attend	(1) to request the <b>holding</b> of, convene, call, chair, attend or appoint
	general meeting of shareholders and to	proxies to attend shareholders' meeting
	exercise the right to speak and voting	and to exercise the right to speak and
	rights in accordance with laws;	voting rights in accordance with laws;
	(2) to receive dividends and	(2) to receive dividends and
	other forms of distribution of interest	other forms of distribution of interest
	in proportion to their respective	in proportion to their respective
	shareholdings;	shareholdings;
	(3) to supervise the management of	(3) to supervise the management of
	the business operations of the Company	the business operations of the Company
	and to make recommendations and	and to make recommendations and
	interrogations;	interrogations;
	(4) to transfer, give or pledge	(4) to transfer, give or pledge
	shares held by them in accordance with	shares held by them in accordance with
	laws, administrative regulations of the	laws, administrative regulations of the
	State and the Articles of Association;	State and the Articles of Association;
	(5) to enjoy the rights of	(5) to enjoy the rights of
	access, participation and decision on	access, participation and decision on
	material matters as stipulated by laws,	material matters as stipulated by laws,
	administrative regulations and the	administrative regulations and the
	Articles of Association;	Articles of Association;
	(6) to inspect the Articles of Association, the register of shareholders,	(6) to inspect, <u>duplicate</u> the Articles of Association, the register
	the corporate bond counterfoils,	of shareholders, the minutes of
	the minutes of general meetings of	shareholders' meetings, the
	shareholders, the resolutions of meetings	resolutions of meetings of the Board
	of the Board of Directors, the resolutions	of Directors, financial and accounting
	of meetings of the supervisory	reports; Shareholders who meet
	committee, financial and accounting	the requirements may inspect the
	reports;	Company's accounting books and
	(7) upon termination of liquidation	<u>certificates;</u>
	of the Company, the right to participate	(7) Upon termination of liquidation
	in the distribution of the Company's	of the Company, the right to participate
	remaining <u>assets</u> in proportion to their	in the distribution of the Company's
	shareholdings;	remaining <b>property</b> in proportion to
	(8) request from shareholders	their shareholdings;
	who object to a resolution of a general	(8) request from shareholders
	meeting of shareholders on merger or division of the Company for the	who object to a resolution of a general meeting of shareholders on merger
	Company to acquire their shares; and	or division of the Company for the
	(9) other rights conferred by laws,	Company to acquire their shares; and
	administrative regulations and the	(9) other rights conferred by laws,
	Articles of Association.	administrative regulations, relevant
		regulations of the securities regulatory
		authorities or the stock exchange
		where the Company's shares are listed

and the Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
No. 23	Before amendments	New Article 40 Shareholders requesting to review or copy relevant materials of the Company shall comply with the Company Law, the Securities Law and other laws and administrative regulations.  Shareholders who individually or collectively hold more than three percent of the Company's shares for a consecutive period of more than 180 days may request to inspect the accounting books and accounting vouchers of the Company. Shareholders requesting to inspect the accounting books and vouchers of the Company shall submit a written request to the Company, stating the purpose of the inspection. If the Company reasonably believes that the shareholder's inspection of the accounting books and vouchers is for an improper purpose that may harm the legitimate interests of the Company, it may refuse the inspection,
		harm the legitimate interests of the
		company refuses to provide access, the shareholder may file a lawsuit with the People's Court.  A shareholder may appoint an accounting firm, law firm or other
		intermediary agencies to inspect the materials specified in the preceding paragraph.  Shareholders and the accounting
		firms, law firms and other intermediary agencies they appointed shall comply with the requirements of laws and administrative regulations on the protection of state secrets, trade
		secrets, personal privacy and personal information etc., when inspecting and reproducing relevant materials.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
		When a shareholder requests
		to review and copy the relevant
		information mentioned in previous
		paragraph (6) of Article 39 or requests
		for materials, he/she shall provide
		the Company with written documents
		evidencing the class and number
		of shares of the Company held by
		him/her, and the Company shall
		notify shareholders to inspect and
		duplicate at the designated location
		of the Company after verification of
		shareholder's identity. Shareholders
		should sign a confidentiality
		agreement as required by the
		Company.
		Shareholders may examine
		photocopies of the minutes for free
		during office hours of the Company.
		Should any shareholder request
		photocopies of the minutes, the
		Company shall send the photocopies
		within 7 days after receiving a
		reasonable fee.
		For shareholders requesting to
		inspect and duplicate materials related
		to the wholly-owned subsidiary of the
		Company, the above provisions shall
		apply.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
24	Article 37 If a resolution of a	Article 41 If a resolution of a
	general meeting of shareholders or a	shareholders' meeting of shareholders
	resolution of the Board violates the	or a resolution of the Board violates
	laws and administrative regulations,	the laws and administrative regulations,
	shareholders shall have the right to	shareholders shall have the right to
	request a people's court to declare that	request a people's court to declare that
	such resolution as invalid.	such resolution as invalid.
	If the procedure for convening	If the procedure for convening a
	a general meeting of shareholders	shareholders' meeting of shareholders
	or Board meeting, or the method of	or Board meeting, or the method of
	voting at either meeting, violates the	voting at either meeting, violates
	laws, administrative regulations or the	the laws, administrative regulations,
	Articles of Association, or the contents	relevant regulations of the securities
	of a resolution violates the Articles of	regulatory authorities or the stock
	Association, shareholders shall have	exchange where the Company's shares
	the right to request a people's court to	<u>are listed</u> or the Articles of Association,
	rescind the resolution within sixty days	or the contents of a resolution violates
	from the date on which the resolution is	the Articles of Association, shareholders
	passed.	shall have the right to request a people's
		court to rescind the resolution within
		sixty days from the date on which
		the resolution is passed. However, if
		the irregularities in the convening
		procedures or the voting method are
		minor and have no material impact on
		the resolution, such resolution shall
		not be subject to annulment.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
		Where the Board, shareholders
		or other stakeholders dispute the
		validity of a resolution of a general
		meeting, they shall promptly file a
		litigation with the People's Court.
		Prior to the issuance of a judgment
		or ruling by the People's Court to
		annul such resolution or otherwise,
		the relevant parties shall comply with
		and implement the resolution of the
		general meeting. The Company, its
		directors and senior management
		shall perform their duties diligently
		to ensure the normal operation of the
		Company. Where the People's Court
		makes a judgement or ruling on the
		relevant matter, the Company shall
		fulfil its obligations to disclose the
		information in accordance with laws,
		administrative regulations, relevant
		regulations of securities regulatory
		authorities or the stock exchanges
		in the places where the Company's
		shares are listed, fully explain the
		impact of the judgement or ruling on
		the Company, and actively cooperate
		with the authorities in the enforcement
		of the judgement or ruling after it
		has come into effect. If the matter
		involves the correction of prior-period
		items, the Company shall handle such
		corrections in a timely manner and
		perform the corresponding disclosure
		obligations.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
25		New Article 42 A resolution of the shareholders' meeting, Board shall not be valid under the following circumstances:  (1) no shareholders' meeting, board meeting has been convened to pass the resolution;  (2) the resolution is not voted on at the general meeting or board meeting;  (3) the number of attendees or the voting rights held by the attendees did not meet the quorum requirements as stipulated in the Company Law or the Articles of Association;  (4) the number of votes in favor of the resolution matter or the voting rights held by such votes did not meet the required majority as stipulated in the Company Law or the Articles of Association
26	Article 38 In the event of violation of laws, administrative regulations or the provisions under these Articles of Association by a director or senior management personnel in performing his duties resulting loss suffered by the Company, the shareholders that solely or collectively hold 1% or more shares of the Company for a continuous period of 180 days have the right to make written request to the supervisory committee to file a litigation with a people's court. In the event of violation of laws, administrative regulations or the provisions under these Articles of Association by the supervisory committee in performing its duties that has led to loss and damage suffered by the Company for a continuous period of 180 days, the shareholders have the right to make written request to the Board to file a litigation with a people's court.	Article 43 In the event of violation of laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchange where the Company's shares are listed or the provisions under the Articles of Association by a director other than members of the audit committee or senior management personnel in performing his duties resulting loss suffered by the Company, the shareholders that solely or collectively hold one percent or more shares of the Company for a continuous period of one hundred eighty days have the right to make written request to the audit committee to file a litigation with a people's court. In the event of violation of laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchange where the Company's shares are listed or the provisions under the Articles of Association by the audit committee in performing its duties that has led to loss and damage suffered by the Company for a continuous period of 180 days, the shareholders have the right to make written request to the Board to file a litigation with a people's court.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	Upon receipt of the written request by the shareholders as stipulated in the preceding paragraph, in case the supervisory committee and/or the Board refuses to file a litigation or fails to file a litigation within 30 days from receipt of such request, or under urgent circumstances that failure in filing a litigation immediately, the Company will suffer from irreparable damages, the aforesaid shareholders shall have the right to file a litigation with a people's court directly in their own name for protection of the Company's interests.  In the event that any person infringes the legal interests of the Company causing losses to the Company, the shareholders specified in the first paragraph may file a litigation with a people's court in accordance with the provisions of the preceding two paragraphs.	Upon receipt of the written request by the shareholders as stipulated in the preceding paragraph, in case the audit committee and/or the Board refuses to file a litigation or fails to file a litigation within thirty days from receipt of such request, or under urgent circumstances that failure in filing a litigation immediately, the Company will suffer from irreparable damages, the aforesaid shareholders shall have the right to file a litigation with a people's court directly in their own name for protection of the Company's interests.  In the event that any person infringes the legal interests of the Company causing losses to the Company causing losses to the Company, the shareholders specified in the first paragraph may file a litigation with a people's court in accordance with the provisions of the preceding two paragraphs.  If the directors, supervisors, or senior management personnel of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, in the performance of their duties, violate laws, administrative regulations, the relevant provisions of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges where the subsidiary is listed, or the provisions of the Articles of Association, causing losses to the Company's shares, individually or collectively, continuously for more than 180 days, may submit a written request to the supervisory board or board of directors of the wholly-owned subsidiary to initiate litigation in the People's Court, or may directly initiate litigation in their own name in the People's Court. If a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company does not have a supervisory committee or supervisors but has an audit committee, the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article shall apply.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
27	Article 39 In the event of violation of laws, administrative regulations or the provisions under these Articles of Association by a director or senior management personnel in performing his duties resulting damage to the shareholders' interest, the shareholders may file a litigation with a people's court.  Shareholders have the right to protect its own legal rights by initiating civil proceedings or other legal proceedings pursuant to the laws or administrative regulations.	Article 44 In the event of violation of laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchange where the Company's shares are listed or the provisions under these Articles of Association by a director or senior management personnel in performing his duties resulting damage to the shareholders' interest, the shareholders may file a litigation with a people's court.
28	Article 40 Shareholders of the Company shall assume the following obligations:  (1) to comply with laws, administrative regulations and these Articles of Association;  (2) to pay subscription moneys for the shares subscribed in accordance with the agreed manner of payment;  (3) not to abuse their shareholders' rights to cause damage to the interests of the Company or other shareholders; not to abuse the independent legal person status of the Company and limited liability of the shareholders to cause damage to the interests of the creditors of the Company; shareholders of the Company who abuse their shareholders' rights and cause the Company or other shareholders to suffer damages shall bear compensation liability in accordance with laws; shareholders of the Company who abuse the independent legal person status of the Company and limited liability of shareholders to evade debts and cause damage to the interests of the creditors of the Company shall bear joint liability for the Company and limited liability for the Company shall bear joint lia	Article 45 Shareholders of the Company shall assume the following obligations:  (1) to comply with laws, administrative regulations and these Articles of Association;  (2) to pay subscription moneys for the shares subscribed in accordance with the agreed manner of payment;  (3) not to abuse their shareholders' rights to cause damage to the interests of the Company or other shareholders; not to abuse the independent legal person status of the Company and limited liability of the shareholders to cause damage to the interests of the company who abuse their shareholders of the Company who abuse their shareholders' rights and cause the Company or other shareholders to suffer damages shall bear compensation liability in accordance with laws; shareholders of the Company who abuse the independent legal person status of the Company and limited liability of shareholders to evade debts and cause damage to the interests of the creditors of the Company shall bear joint liability for the Company and limited liability for the Company shall bear joint liability for the Company shall bear joint liability for the Company shall bear joint liability for the Company and limited liability for the Company shall bear joint liability for the Company and limited liability for the Company shall bear joint liability for the Company and limited liability fo

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
29	Article 41 Where the shareholdings of a shareholder is more than 5%, and any such shares carry voting rights of the Company, if the shareholders charges such shares held by him, he shall submit a written report to the Company upon the date on which the shares are charged.	Delete
30	Article 42 In addition to obligations imposed by laws, administrative regulations or required by the stock exchange on which shares of the Company are listed, a controlling shareholder shall not exercise his voting rights in a manner prejudicial to the interests of all or part of the shareholders and shall be liable for indemnify the Company for looses arising therefrom in case of violation of such requirement.  (1) to relieve a director or supervisor of his duty to act in good faith in the best interest of the Company;  (2) to approve the expropriation by a director or supervisor (for the benefit of his own or of another person), in any manner, of the Company's assets, including but not limited to, opportunities to the Company;  (3) to approve the expropriation by a director or supervisor (for the benefit of his own or of another person) of the personal rights of other shareholders, including but not limited to, rights to distributions and voting rights, save and except for a corporate restructuring of the Company submitted to and approved by the general meeting of shareholders in accordance with these Articles of Association.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
31	Article 43 A controlling shareholder	Delete
	as mentioned in the foregoing Articles	
	means a person who satisfies any one of	
	the following conditions:	
	(1) he alone or acting in concert	
	with others has the power to elect more	
	than half of the directors;	
	(2) he alone or acting in concert	
	with others has the power to exercise	
	more than 30% (inclusive) of the voting	
	rights in the Company or control the	
	exercise of more than 30% (inclusive) of	
	the voting rights in the Company;	
	(3) he alone or acting in concert	
	with others holds more than 30%	
	(inclusive) of the issued shares of the	
	Company; or	
	(4) he alone or acting in concert	
	with others has de facto control of the	
	Company in any other manner.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
32	Article 44 The controlling	Delete
	shareholders and/or the actual	
	controlling party of the Company shall	
	not use their relationship to cause	
	damage to the Company's interests and	
	shall be liable for indemnity in case of	
	violation of such requirements.	
	The controlling shareholders	
	and the actual controlling party	
	of the Company own duties to the	
	Company and to public shareholders.	
	The controlling shareholders shall	
	exercise their rights as investors in	
	strict compliance with laws, and fulfill	
	the obligations of shareholders. The	
	controlling shareholders may not cause	
	damage to the lawful interests of the	
	Company and the public shareholders	
	by way of connected transactions, profit	
	distribution, assets restructuring, foreign	
	investment, capital appropriation and	
	guarantee for loans etc. and shall not	
	cause damage to the interests of the	
	Company and the public shareholders	
	by taking advantage of its controlling	
	status or grant any approval on any	
	resolutions on election of personnel at	
	general meetings and any resolutions on	
	the appointment of any personnel by the	
	Board of Directors or appoint or remove	
	any senior management members of the Company without the approval at general	
	meeting and the Board of Directors	
	or intervene directly or indirectly any	
	decisions on production and operation	
	of the Company or intervene the finance	
	and accounting related activities of the	
	Company or impose any operation plans	
	or give any orders to the Company or	
	carry out any business activities which	
	are the same or similar to those of the	
	Company or influence the independence	
	of the Company's operation and	
	management or infringe the legal	
	interests of the Company by any other	
	means.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	The directors, supervisors and	
	senior officers of the Company have	
	the obligation to protect the capital of	
	the Company from being appropriated	
	by the controlling shareholder. In the	
	case that either the directors or senior	
	management of the Company assists or	
	connives the controlling shareholder or	
	his subsidiaries in misappropriating the	
	assets of the Company, the Board has	
	the power to take disciplinary action	
	against the directly responsible person	
	and remove the director who holds	
	serious responsibilities depending on	
	the security of the case. In the case	
	that the controlling shareholder of the	
	Company misappropriates the assets of	
	the Company, including but not limited	
	to, the capital of the Company, the	
	Board has the power to immediately	
	apply to the People's Court in the name	
	of the Company to legally freeze the	
	assets of the Company so appropriated	
	and the shares of the Company held	
	by the controlling shareholder. In the	
	case that the controlling shareholder	
	is unable to make any restitution or	
	cash compensation for any assets of the	
	Company misappropriated by him, the	
	Company is entitled to a compensation	
	from the controlling shareholder for the	
	misappropriated assets of the Company	
	by realizing the shares of the Company	
	held by him in accordance with the	
	provisions and procedures of the	
	relevant laws, administrative rules and	
	regulations.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	The undertakings given by the controlling shareholders and/or the actual controlling party of the Company must be expressed, have sufficient details and can be implemented. No undertakings should be given if such undertakings are obviously not possible to perform based on the circumstances at the material time. The party giving the undertaking should declare that it will perform the undertaking and set out the consequences of its failure to perform the undertakings and perform its undertakings genuinely. The Board of Directors of the Company should proactively urge the parties giving the undertakings to observe those undertakings. If the parties giving the undertakings fail to observe those undertakings, the directors, supervisors and members of the senior management of the Company should, in an active and timely manner, take initiative to hold the parties giving the undertakings accountable.	
33		New Article 46 The controlling shareholders and actual controlling party of the Company shall exercise their rights and fulfill their obligations in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, and safeguard the interests of the listed company.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
34		New Article 47 The controlling
		shareholder and actual controlling
		party of the Company shall comply
		with the following provisions:
		(1) exercise shareholders' rights
		in accordance with the law, and not
		to abuse the control right or use
		connected relationships to jeopardize
		the legitimate rights and interests of
		the Company or other shareholders;
		(2) strictly perform the public
		statements and commitments made,
		and shall not arbitrarily change or
		exempt them;
		(3) strictly fulfill the information
		disclosure obligations in accordance
		with the relevant regulations, actively
		and proactively cooperate with
		the Company in the information
		disclosure, and inform the Company
		in a timely manner of material events
		that have occurred or are intended to
		occur;
		(4) not to occupy the Company's
		funds in any way;
		(5) not to force, instruct or
		require the Company and relevant
		personnel to provide guarantees in
		violation of laws and regulations;
		(6) not to use the Company's
		undisclosed material information for
		benefits, not to disclose undisclosed
		material information relating to the
		Company in any way, and not to
		engage in insider trading, short-term
		trading, market manipulation and
		other illegal and unlawful acts;
		(7) not to jeopardize the
		legitimate rights and interests of the
		Company and other shareholders
		through unfair related-party
		transactions, profit distribution, asset
		reorganization, external investment
		and any other means;

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
		(8) ensure the integrity of the Company's assets, staff independence, financial independence, organizational in dependence, and business independence, and not to affect the independence of the Company in any way;  (9) other provisions of the laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, and other provisions of the Articles of Association.  If the controlling shareholder or actual controlling party of the Company does not act as a director of the Company but actually executes the affairs of the Company, the provisions of the Articles of Association relating to the obligations of loyalty and diligence of directors shall apply.  If the controlling shareholder or actual controlling party of the Company instructs a director or a senior manager to engage in an act that is detrimental to the interests of the Company or the shareholders, he or she shall be jointly and severally liable with such director or senior manager.
35		New Article 48 If the controlling shareholder or actual controlling party of the Company pledge the Company's shares held by them or under their effective control, he/she shall maintain the Company's control right and production and operation stability.
36		New Article 49 If the controlling shareholder or actual controlling party transfer the Company's shares held by him/her, he/she shall comply with the restrictive provisions on share transfer in laws, administrative regulations and relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities of the place where the Company's shares are listed and stock exchanges, and the commitments made on restricting share transfer.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
37	Article 45 The general meeting is the source of authority of the Company and exercises its powers according to the laws.	Article 50 The shareholders' meeting is composed of all shareholders. The shareholders' meeting is the source of authority of the Company and exercises its powers according to the laws.
38	Article 46 The general meeting of shareholders shall exercise the following functions and powers:  (1) to decide on the Company's direction of operation and investment plans;  (2) to elect and replace directors who are not the employee's representatives and to decide matters relating to the remuneration of directors;  (3) to elect and replace supervisors who are not the employee's representatives and to decide matters relating to the remuneration of supervisors;  (4) to consider and approve reports of the Board;  (5) to consider and approve reports of the supervisory committee;  (6) to consider and approve the Company's annual financial budget and final accounts;  (7) to consider and approve the Company's profit distribution proposals and loss recovery proposals;  (8) to resolve on the increase or reduction of the Company's registered capital;  (9) to resolve on matters such as merger, division, dissolution, liquidation or change of the corporate form of the Company;  (10) to resolve on issuance of debenture by the Company;  (11) to resolve on the appointment, removal or non-renewal of the services of an accounting firm for the Company;  (12) to amend the Articles of Association;  (13) to consider any proposals made by shareholders representing more than 3% (inclusive) of the voting rights of the Company;	Article 51 The shareholders' meeting shall exercise the following functions and powers:  (1) to elect and replace directors who are not the employee's representatives and to decide matters relating to the remuneration of directors; (2) to consider and approve reports of the Board; (3) to consider and approve the Company's profit distribution proposals and loss recovery proposals; (4) to resolve on the increase or reduction of the Company's registered capital; (5) to resolve on matters such as merger, division, dissolution, liquidation or change of the corporate form of the Company; (6) to resolve on issuance of debenture by the Company; (7) to resolve on the appointment, removal of an accounting firm for the Company which undertakes the audit engagements of the Company; (8) to amend the Articles of Association; (9) to consider any provisional proposals of shareholders representing individually or collectively one percent or more of the Outstanding voting rights of the Company;

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	(14) to consider the material	( <u>10</u> ) to consider <u>transactions</u>
	acquisition, sale or replacement of	exceeding ten percent of the
	assets of the Company (in the standard	Company's latest audited and
	as confirmed by the rules of the stock	recognized net assets, including
	exchange located in the places where the	external investments (acquisitions,
	Company's shares are listed);	mergers, short-term investment
	$(\underline{15})$ to authorize the Board of	projects, investments on subsidiaries,
	Directors to decide to issue shares	etc.), acquisition or sales of assets,
	to finance a total of not more than	financial management by commission,
	RMB300 million and not more than	lease of assets, asset and business
	20% of the net assets as at the end of	management as consignor or
	the latest year to specific subscriber(s),	consignee, donating or taking of
	and such authorization shall lapse on the	assets, credit and debt reorganization,
	date of the next general meeting and is	conclusion of franchise agreements,
	subject to applicable laws, regulations	and transfer of research and
	of the place where the securities of the	development projects as transferor or
	Company are listed and relevant rules	transferee, waiver of rights (including
	regarding listing of securities; (16) matters that may be delegated	waiver of right of first refusal, right
	to the Board through authorization or	of first contribution, etc.), conclusion of important contracts (lending,
	entrustment granted by a general meeting	contracting, etc.), etc;
	of shareholders of the Company;	(11) to authorize the Board of
	The authorization or entrustment	Directors at the annual general
	granted to the Board for handling	meeting to decide to issue shares to
	matters as authorised or entrusted by a	finance a total of not more than RMB300
	general meeting of shareholders of the	million and not more than twenty
	Company shall be in compliance with	percent of the net assets as at the end of
	the requirements of maintaining the legal	the latest year to specific subscriber(s),
	interests of the Company's shareholders	and such authorization shall lapse on
	and in strict compliance with laws and	the date of the next general meeting
	administrative regulations to safeguard	and is subject to laws, administrative
	the Company's principles of efficient	regulations, relevant regulations of
	operation and scientific decision. The	the securities regulatory authorities or
	following matters may be delegated	stock exchanges in the places where
	by the Board through authorization or	the Company's shares are listed;
	entrustment:	$(\underline{12})$ matters that may be delegated
	1. amendment of wordings of the	to the Board through authorization or
	Articles of Association upon passing of a	entrustment granted by a general meeting
	resolution for amendment of the Articles	of shareholders of the Company;
	of Association by a general meeting of	
	shareholders;	
	2. distribution of interim dividends;	
	<u>3</u> . specific matters involving issuance of new shares or convertible	
	debenture;	
	4. disposal, mortgage and guarantee	
	on fixed assets as set forth in an	
	approved direction of operation and	
	investment plan; and	

No. Before amendments Ame	nded Articles
<u>5</u> . other matters may be delegated The authoriz	zation or entrustment
by the Board through authorization granted to the	Board for handling
or entrustment as stipulated by laws, matters as authori	ised or entrusted by a
administrative regulations and these general meeting of	of shareholders of the
Articles of Association. Company shall be	e in compliance with
	f maintaining the legal
	ompany's shareholders
exercisable by the general meetings as and in strict comp	pliance with laws and
prescribed by the applicable domestic or administrative re	egulations, relevant
foreign laws, administrative regulations   regulations of the	securities regulatory
	ock exchanges in the
	e Company's shares
	guard the Company's
	icient operation and
	ion. The following
	elegated by the Board
	ion or entrustment:
	ting a provisional
( <u>18</u> ) to consider matters relating <u>dividend plan;</u>	
	matters involving
	shares or convertible
latest audited total assets; debenture;	
	ters may be delegated
	rough authorization
	s stipulated by laws,
	egulations, <u>relevant</u>
	securities regulatory
	stock exchanges in
	re the Company's and the Articles of
exchanges located in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the Association.	and the Atticles of
	meetings must not
	owers which are only
	e general meetings as
	applicable domestic or
	inistrative regulations,
	ons of the securities
	thorities or stock
	e places where the
	res are listed to the
	or other organizations
	exercise on its behalf.
	der matters relating to
	lated under Article 52
hereof;	_
	der matters relating
	stance as stipulated
under Article 54	hereof;

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
		(15) to consider matters relating
		to the Company's purchase and sale of
		material assets exceeding thirty percent
		of the latest audited total assets;
		(16) the shareholders' meeting
		may authorize the Board to make a
		resolution on the issuance of corporate
		bonds. Subject to compliance with
		domestic and foreign laws and
		administrative regulations, relevant
		regulations of securities regulatory
		authorities or the stock exchanges
		in the places where the Company's
		shares are listed, the general meeting
		may authorize the Board to decide on
		the issuance of shares not exceeding
		fifty percent of the issued shares
		within three years, provided that a
		resolution of the general meeting shall
		be passed if the capital contribution
		is made by way of non-monetary
		property;
		$(\underline{17})$ to consider matters relating to
		change of purpose for fund raising;
		$(\underline{18})$ to consider share incentive
		scheme and employees stock scheme;
		$(\underline{19})$ other matters which are
		required by laws, administrative
		regulations, relevant regulations of the
		securities regulatory authorities or
		stock exchanges in the places where
		the Company's shares are listed
		and the Articles of Association to be
		approved by way of resolutions passed
		at the general meeting of shareholders.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
39		New Article 53 If the relevant personnel violates the approval authority and deliberation procedures for external guarantees stipulated in the Articles of Association by providing guarantees to outsiders in violation of the regulations, the Company shall demand accountability of the relevant personnel, and if losses incurred to the interests of the Company and its shareholders, the responsible personnel shall bear the corresponding compensation responsibility; if the circumstances are serious and constitute a criminal offense, the case will be handed over to the judicial organs for handling in accordance with the relevant legal provisions.
40		New Article 54 The following acts of financial assistance by the Company shall be considered and approved by the general meeting:  (1) a single financial assistance amount exceeds ten percent of the Company's latest audited net assets; (2) the latest financial statements of the recipient show that its assetliability ratio exceeds seventy percent; (3) the cumulative amount of financial aid within the last twelve months exceeds ten percent of the Company's latest audited net assets; (4) other circumstances as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listing, or the Articles of Association of the Company.  If the recipient of the financial assistance is a controlling subsidiary within the scope of the Company's consolidated financial statements, and the other shareholders of the controlling subsidiary do not include the Company's controlling shareholder, actual controlling party and its related parties, the provisions of the preceding two subparagraphs shall not apply.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
41	Article 49 The general meeting	Article 56 The shareholders'
	of shareholders are divided into annual	meeting are divided into annual
	general meetings or extraordinary	meetings or extraordinary general
	general meetings. The general meeting	meetings. The annual meetings shall
	of shareholders shall be convened once	be convened once a year and shall take
	a year and shall take place within 6	place within 6 months after the end of
	months after the end of the previous	the previous financial year.
	financial year.	The Company shall convene
	The Company shall convene an	an extraordinary general meeting
	extraordinary general meeting within	within 2 months from the date of actual
	2 months from the date of actual	occurrence of any one of the following
	occurrence of any one of the following	circumstances:
	circumstances:	(1) the <b><u>number</u></b> of directors fall
	(1) the <u>number</u> of directors fall	short of the number as stipulated by the
	short of the number as stipulated by the	Company Law or is less than two-thirds
	Company Law or is less than two-thirds	of the number of directors as stipulated
	of the number of directors as stipulated	under the Articles of Association;
	under the Articles of Association;	(2) the accrued losses of the
	(2) the accrued losses of the	Company amount to one-third of its
	Company amount to one-third of its	aggregate paid-up share capital;
	aggregate paid-up share capital;	(3) shareholders who individually
	(3) shareholders who individually	or collectively hold <b>ten percent</b> or more
	or collectively hold 10% (inclusive) or	shares of the Company's issued shares
	more shares of the Company's issued	make a written request to convene an
	shares make a written request to convene	extraordinary general meeting;
	an extraordinary general meeting;	(4) such meeting is considered
	(4) such meeting is considered	necessary by the Board or proposed to
	necessary by the Board or proposed to be	be convened by the audit committee;
	convened by the supervisory committee;	(5) other circumstances as
	(5) other circumstances as	stipulated by laws, administrative
	stipulated by laws, administrative	regulations, relevant regulations of the
	regulations, departmental rules or these	securities regulatory authorities or
	Articles of Association.	stock exchanges in the places where
		the Company's shares are listed or
		these Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
42	Article 50 The venue of the general meetings of the Company shall be the registered office of the Company or such other places as stipulated in the notice of general meeting. There shall be a physical venue for the general meeting to be held on-site and the Company shall also, for convenience purpose, provide network voting for the shareholders participating the meeting. Shareholders participating general meetings in the aforesaid manners shall be deemed present at the meeting.	Article 57 The venue of the shareholders' meeting of the Company shall be the registered office of the Company or such other place as stipulated in the notice of the shareholders' meeting. There shall be a physical venue for the shareholders' meeting to be held on-site, and the Company also provide online voting to facilitate shareholders. Where permitted by laws, administrative regulations, and the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchange of the place where the company is listed, and where conditions allow, the shareholders' meeting may be held not only at a physical venue but also simultaneously by electronic communication means. If the shareholders' meeting is held by electronic communication means, all shareholders shall have the right to speak and vote.
43	Article 51 In the event of holding a general meeting, the Company shall appoint legal counsels to provide legal opinion on the following issues and publish an announcement:  (1) whether the convening and holding of the meeting comply with the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association;  (2) the qualifications of those who are present at the meeting, and the legality and validity of the convener's qualifications;  (3) the legality and validity of the voting procedures and results of the meeting;  (4) the issue of legal opinion on any other relevant matters as the Company may request.	Article 58 In the event of holding a shareholders' meeting, the Company shall appoint legal counsels to provide legal opinion on the following issues and publish an announcement:  (1) whether the convening and holding of the meeting comply with the laws, administrative regulations relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association;  (2) the qualifications of those who are present at the meeting, and the legality and validity of the convener's qualifications;  (3) the legality and validity of the voting procedures and results of the meeting;  (4) the issue of legal opinion on any other relevant matters as the Company may request.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
44	Article 52 An independent director	Article 59 The Board shall
	has the right to propose the Board	convene the general meeting of
	to convene an extraordinary general	shareholders on time within the
	meeting, but shall obtain the consent of	specified period. An independent
	more than half of all the independent	director has the right to propose the
	directors. In respect to the proposal by	Board to convene an extraordinary
	the independent director for convening	general meeting, but shall obtain the
	an extraordinary general meeting, the	consent of more than half of all the
	Board shall, in accordance with the laws,	independent directors. In respect to the
	administrative regulations and these	proposal by the independent director for
	Articles of Association, give a written	convening an extraordinary general
	reply as to whether agree or disagree	meeting, the Board shall, in accordance
	with such proposal for convening an	with the laws, administrative regulations,
	extraordinary general meeting within 10	relevant regulations of the securities
	days upon receipt of such proposal.	regulatory authorities or stock
	In the event that the Board agrees	exchanges in the places where the
	to convene an extraordinary general	Company's shares are listed and the
	meeting, a notice for convening such	Articles of Association, give a written
	meeting shall be given within 5 days	reply as to whether agree or disagree
	after the resolutions of the Board is	with such proposal for convening an
	passed. In the event that the Board	extraordinary general meeting within
	disagrees to convene an extraordinary	ten days upon receipt of such proposal.
	general meeting, an explanation shall	In the event that the Board
	be given and an announcement shall be	disagrees to convene an extraordinary
	made.	general meeting, an explanation shall
		be given and an announcement shall
		be made in accordance with relevant
		regulations (if any) of the securities
		regulatory authorities or stock
		exchanges in the places where the
		Company's shares are listed.

• •		
No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
45	Article 53 The supervisory committee is entitled to propose in writing to the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting. The Board shall, in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, furnish a written reply to the supervisory committee stating its agreement or disagreement to the convening of the extraordinary general meeting within ten days after having received such proposal.  In the event that the Board agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting, it shall serve the notice of such meeting within five days after the relevant Board resolution is passed consent of the supervisory committee shall be obtained in the event of any changes made to the original proposal in the notice.  In the event that the Board does not agree to convene an extraordinary general meeting or does not furnish any written reply to the supervisory committee within ten days after having received such proposal, the Board is deemed to be unable or unwilling to perform the duty of convening a general meeting, in which case the supervisory committee may convene and preside over such meeting by itself.	is entitled to propose in writing to the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting. The Board shall, in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association, furnish a written reply to the supervisory committee stating its agreement or disagreement to the convening of the extraordinary general meeting within ten days after having received such proposal.  In the event that the Board agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting, it shall serve the notice of such meeting within five days after the relevant Board resolution is passed consent of the audit committee shall be obtained in the event of any changes made to the original proposal in the notice.  In the event that the Board does not agree to convene an extraordinary general meeting or does not furnish any written reply to the supervisory committee within ten days after having received such proposal, the Board is deemed to be unable or unwilling to perform the duty of convening a shareholders' meeting, in which case the audit committee may convene and preside over such meeting by itself.
46	Article 54 Any shareholder(s) who individually or jointly more than 10% of the shares of the Company is/are entitled to propose in writing to the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting.  The Board shall, in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, furnish a written reply to the relevant shareholders stating its agreement or disagreement to the convening of the extraordinary general meeting within ten days after having received such proposal.	Article 61 Any shareholder(s) who individually or jointly more than 10% of the shares of the Company is/are entitled to propose in writing to the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting.  The Board shall, in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association, furnish a written reply to the relevant shareholders stating its agreement or disagreement to the convening of the extraordinary general meeting within ten days after having received such proposal.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	In the event that the Board agrees	In the event that the Board agrees
	to convene an extraordinary general	to convene an extraordinary general
	meeting, it shall serve the notice of	meeting, it shall serve the notice of
	such meeting within five days after the	such meeting within five days after the
	relevant Board resolution is passed.	relevant Board resolution is passed.
	Consent of the relevant shareholders	Consent of the relevant shareholders
	shall be obtained in the event of any	shall be obtained in the event of any
	changes made to the original proposal in	changes made to the original proposal in
	the notice.	the notice.
	In the event that the Board does	In the event that the Board does
	not agree to convene an extraordinary	not agree to convene an extraordinary
	general meeting or does not furnish any	general meeting or does not furnish any
	written reply to the relevant shareholders	written reply to the relevant shareholders
	within ten days after having received	within ten days after having received
	such proposal, any shareholder(s) who	such proposal, any shareholder(s) who
	individually or jointly more than 10% of	individually or jointly more than 10% of
	the shares of the Company is/are entitled	the shares of the Company is/are entitled
	to propose to the supervisory committee	to propose to the audit committee to
	to convene an extraordinary general	convene an extraordinary general
	meeting.	meeting, the meeting agenda and
	In the event that the supervisory	proposals shall be fully consistent
	extraordinary general meeting, it	with those submitted to the Board of Directors.
	shall serve the notice of such meeting	In the event that the audit
	within five days after having received	committee agrees to convene an
	such proposal. Consent of the relevant	extraordinary general meeting, it
	shareholders shall be obtained in the	shall serve the notice of such meeting
	event of any changes made to the	within five days after having received
	original proposal in the notice.	such proposal. Consent of the relevant
	In the event that the supervisory	shareholders shall be obtained in the
	committee does not serve any notice of	event of any changes made to the
	an extraordinary general meeting within	original proposal in the notice.
	the prescribed period, the supervisory	In the event that the audit
	committee is deemed not to convene	committee does not serve any notice
	and preside over such meeting, in which	of an extraordinary general meeting
	case the shareholder(s) who individually	within the prescribed period, the audit
	or jointly more than 10% of the shares	<u>committee</u> is deemed not to convene
	of the Company for more than ninety	and preside over such meeting, in which
	consecutive days may convene and	case the shareholder(s) who individually
	preside over such a meeting by himself/	or jointly more than ten percent of the
	themselves.	shares of the Company for more than
		ninety consecutive days may convene
		and preside over such a meeting by

himself/themselves.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
47	Article 61 The Board, the supervisory committee and shareholder(s) who individually or jointly hold more than 3% of the total number of the shares of the Company is entitled to propose resolutions to the Company to be decided at the general meeting of shareholders convened by the Company.  Shareholders(s) who individually or jointly hold 3% or more of the shares of the Company, and if any such shares carry voting rights of the Company, is/are entitled to proposed additional resolutions in writing to the convener ten days before the shareholders' meeting is held. The convener shall issue a supplemental notice of meeting with two days after receiving such proposal specifying the contents of such proposal, and, if such proposals are within the scope of the meeting, include such proposals in the agenda of the meeting.  Saving as prescribed in the preceding provisions, subsequent to the notice of the general meeting of shareholders, the proposals already listed in the notice of the general meeting or the newly added proposals shall not be amended.  The general meeting of shareholders shall not vote on or pass a resolution for any proposal which is not listed in the notice of the general meeting or inconsistent with Article 60 of these Articles of Association.	Article 68 The Board, the audit committee and shareholder(s) who individually or jointly hold more than one percent of the total number of the shares of the Company is entitled to propose resolutions to the Company to be decided at the shareholders' meeting convened by the Company.  Shareholders(s) who individually or jointly hold more than one percent of the shares of the Company, and if any such shares carry voting rights of the Company, is/are entitled to proposed additional resolutions in writing to the convener ten days before the shareholders' meeting is held. The convener shall issue a supplemental notice of shareholders' meeting with two days after receiving such proposal specifying the contents of such proposal, and submit such extraordinary proposal to the general meeting for consideration. However, this shall exclude extraordinary proposals that violate the laws, administrative regulations, relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, or the provisions of the Articles of Association, or do not fall within the scope of authority of the general meeting. If the general meeting must be postponed due to the publication of a supplemental notice of the general meeting according to the relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, the convening of the general meeting shall be postponed in accordance with the relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed; if the relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed have other special provisions regarding shareholders' submission of extraordinary proposals and the Board's issuance of supplemental notices of general meetings, such provisions shall also be complied with.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
		Saving as prescribed in the preceding provisions, subsequent to the notice of shareholders' meeting, the proposals already listed in the notice of the shareholders' meeting or the newly added proposals shall not be amended.  The shareholders' meeting shall not vote on or pass a resolution for any proposal which is not listed in the notice of the shareholders' meeting or inconsistent with the Articles of Association.
48	Article 69 Shareholder attending the general meeting in person shall present his or her identity card or other valid certificate or proof showing his or her identity, stock account certificate; proxy appointed by the shareholder shall present his or her identity card and power of attorney issued by the shareholder.	Article 76 Each shareholder is entitled to appoint one representative, but such a representative need not be a shareholder of the issuer.  Shareholder attending the general meeting in person shall present his or her identity card or other valid certificate or proof showing his or her identity; proxy appointed by the shareholder shall present his or her identity card and power of attorney issued by the shareholder.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	Corporate shareholder shall entrust the legal representative or its agent to attend the general meeting. Legal representative attending the general meeting shall present his or her identity card and valid proof showing the status of legal representative; the agent attending the general meeting shall present his or her identity card and a power of attorney in writing issued by the legal representative of the corporate shareholder in accordance with law.  A non-corporate shareholder shall entrust the person in charge of the organization or the agent entrusted by the person in charge to attend the general meetings. The person in charge of the organization attending the general meeting shall produce his/her identity card and valid proof showing his or her capacities as the person in charge; the agent attending the general meeting shall produce his or her identity card and a power of attorney in writing duly issued by the person in charge of the organization according to law.	Corporate shareholder shall entrust the legal representative or its agent to attend the general meeting. Legal representative attending the general meeting shall present his or her identity card and valid proof showing the status of legal representative; corporate shareholders may also appoint proxies to attend the meeting and vote at the meeting, and if the corporate shareholder has appointed a proxy to attend any meeting, it shall be deemed to attend in person. The corporate shareholder may execute a written power of attorney (proxy form) through its duly authorized personnel. The proxy attending the meeting shall produce his/her identity card and the written power of attorney duly issued by the legal representative of the corporate shareholder (unless such power of attorney has been deposited with the Company in advance in accordance with the relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, or the requirements of the general meeting notice, or the shareholder is a recognized clearing house or its proxy). Where the legal representative attends the meeting, it shall be deemed that the corporate shareholder attends the meeting in person.  A non-corporate shareholder shall entrust the person in charge of the organization or the agent entrusted by the person in charge to attend the general meetings. The person in charge of the organization attending the general meeting shall produce his/her identity card and valid proof showing his or her capacities as the person in charge; the agent attending the general meeting shall produce his or her identity card and a power of attorney in writing duly issued by the person in charge of the organization according to law.  For matters involving H-share shareholders, the relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges at the listing place shall be followed.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
49	Article 71 Shareholder shall authorize his or her proxy in writing, the power of attorney shall be signed by the proxy or the agent authorized in writing by the proxy. Where the proxy is a legal person, the chop of the legal person should be affixed, or the director or the agent officially entrusted shall sign such power of attorney.  The power of attorney issued by the shareholder authorizing his or her proxy to attend the general meeting should contain the following information:  (1) name of the proxy; (2) whether such proxy has voting right or not; (3) separate direction as to affirmation, objection and veto to each matter to be discussed in the agenda of the general meeting; (4) issue date and validity period of the power of attorney; (5) signature (or chop) of the principal.	Article 78 Shareholder shall authorize his or her proxy in writing, and the power of attorney should contain the following information:  (1) name of the principal, the class and number of shares held by him/her in the Company;  (2) name of the proxy;  (3) specific instructions from the shareholder, including direction as to affirmation, objection and veto to each matter to be discussed in the agenda of the general meeting;  (4) issue date and validity period of the power of attorney;  (5) signature (or chop) of the principal. Where the principal is a corporate shareholder, the corporate seal shall be affixed.  (6) other contents required by laws, administrative regulations, relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the
		Company's shares are listed.
50	Article 75 The register of attendees of the general meeting shall be prepared by the Company. Such register shall specify information such as the name of the persons (or units) attending the general meeting, identity card number, residential address, number of shares or voting shares held, name of the persons (or units) the proxy represents.	Article 82 The register of attendees of the shareholders' meeting shall be prepared by the Company. Such register shall specify information such as the name of the persons (or units) attending the shareholders' meeting, identity card number, number of shares or voting shares held, name of the persons (or units) the proxy represents.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
51	Article 77 To effectively safeguard the interests of public shareholders, the Company may, if conditions permit, provide a network voting system for domestic shareholders to vote at general meetings.  If a network voting platform is provided for domestic shareholders to vote at general meeting, all domestic shareholders whose names appeared in the register of the Company at the date of record of shareholders for the meeting are all entitled to vote via the network, provided that only one of the voting methods either in person, through the network or other ways shall be selected for the same shares.  Network voting for domestic shareholders at general meeting shall be implemented in accordance with relevant laws, regulations and provisions.	the interests of public shareholders, the Company may, if conditions permit, provide a network voting system for domestic shareholders to vote at shareholders' meetings.  If a network voting platform is provided for domestic shareholders to vote at shareholders' meeting, all domestic shareholders meeting, all domestic shareholders meeting, all domestic shareholders meeting (unless certain shareholders' meeting (unless certain shareholders meeting (unless certain shareholders are required to abstain from voting on individual matters under the relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed) are all entitled to vote via the network, provided that only one of the voting methods either in person, through the network or other ways shall be selected for the same shares. If duplicate votes are cast for the same voting right, the result of the first vote shall prevail.  Network voting for domestic shareholders at shareholders' meeting shall be implemented in accordance with relevant laws, regulations and relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed.  The shareholders' meeting shall adopt registered voting.  Before the shareholders' meeting votes on proposals, two shareholder representatives shall be elected to participate in vote counting and scrutinization. When matters under consideration involve a shareholder's related party interests, that shareholder and their proxies shall be excluded from vote counting and supervision.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
		When the general meeting votes on proposals, lawyers and shareholder representatives shall jointly be responsible for vote counting and scrutinization, and the voting results shall be announced on the spot, with the voting results of resolutions recorded in the meeting minutes.  Corporate shareholders or their proxies who vote through online or other means have the right to verify their voting results through the corresponding voting system.
52	Article 82 The following matters require the approval of an ordinary resolution at a general meeting:  (1) the working reports of the Board and the supervisory committee;  (2) the plan for distribution of profits and the plan for making up losses prepared by the Board;  (3) the removal of the members of the Board and the supervisory committee, their remuneration and method of payment;  (4) annual financial budgets and statements of final accounts, balance sheet, income statement and other financial statements of the Company;  (5) the annual reports of the Company;  (6) decisions on the guarantees provided for in Article 47 of the Articles of Association, with the exception of guarantees specified in item (4);  (7) the appointment, removal of an accounting firm or cessation to continue the engagement of an accounting firm and the remuneration of an accounting firm;  (8) any matters not otherwise required by the laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association to be passed by special resolutions.	Article 89 The following matters require the approval of an ordinary resolution at a shareholders' meeting:  (1) the working reports of the Board;  (2) the plan for distribution of profits and the plan for making up losses prepared by the Board;  (3) the appointment and removal of directors who are not employee representatives and the remuneration and payment methods of directors of the Board;  (4) decisions on the guarantees provided for in Article 52 of the Articles of Association, with the exception of guarantees specified in item (4);  (5) the appointment, removal of an accounting firm undertaking the Company's audit business and the remuneration of an accounting firm;  (6) any matters not otherwise required by the laws, administrative regulations, relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, or the Articles of Association to be passed by special resolutions.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
53	Article 83 The following matters	Article 90 The following matters
	shall be approved by passing of special	shall be approved by passing of special
	resolution at the general meeting of	resolution at the shareholders' meeting:
	shareholders:	(1) increase or reduction of the
	(1) increase or reduction of the	Company's <b>registered capital</b> and issue
	Company's <u>capital</u> , issue of any type of	of any class of shares, options and other
	shares, options and other similar types of	similar types of securities;
	securities;	(2) issue of the Company's bonds;
	(2) issue of the Company's bonds;	(3) separation spin-off, merger,
	(3) separation spin-off, merger,	dissolution and liquidation of the
	dissolution and liquidation of the	Company;
	Company;	(4) amendment to the Articles of
	(4) amendment to these Articles of	Association;
	Association;	(5) purchase or sale of material
	(5) purchase or sale of material	assets by the Company within one year
	assets by the Company within 1 year, or	or <b>provision of</b> guarantees <b>to others</b>
	a guarantee amount exceeding 30% of	exceeding thirty of the total assets in
	the total assets in the most recent audit	the most recent audit period of the
	period of the Company;	Company;
	(6) share incentive scheme;	(6) share incentive scheme;
	(7) other matters as stipulated by	(7) other matters as stipulated
	laws, administrative regulations or these	by laws, administrative regulations,
	Articles of Association, and/or matters	relevant provisions of securities
	deemed by the general meeting by	regulatory authorities or stock
	ordinary resolution to impose material	exchanges in the places where the
	effect on the Company and necessary for	Company's shares are listed, or the
	passing by special resolution.	Articles of Association, and/or matters
		deemed by the shareholders' meeting
		by ordinary resolution to impose material
		effect on the Company and necessary for
		passing by special resolution.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
54	Article 84 In the event that	Delete
	the shareholders or the supervisory	
	committee request to convene an	
	extraordinary general meeting or class	
	meeting of shareholders, they shall	
	observe the procedures as follows:	
	(1) Two or more shareholders or the	
	supervisory committee holding a total	
	of more than 10% (comprising 10%)	
	voting shares in the meeting proposed	
	to be convened may request the Board	
	to convene an extraordinary general	
	meeting or class meeting of shareholders	
	by signing one or a number of copies of	
	written request with specified agenda	
	of the proposed meeting and lodging	
	them with the Board. Upon receipt of	
	the aforesaid written request, the Board	
	shall convene an extraordinary general	
	meeting or class meeting of shareholders	
	as soon as possible. The foresaid	
	number of voting shares is calculated in	
	accordance with the date on which the	
	shareholders make the written request.	
	(2) If the Board does not serve any	
	notice convening such meeting within	
	30 days upon receipt of the aforesaid	
	written request, the shareholders or	
	supervisory committee lodging the	
	request may convene the meeting within 4 months following the date of receipt of	
	the request by the Board. The convening	
	procedure shall be as similar as possible	
	to that of the general meetings convened	
	by the Board.	
	The reasonable cost incurred in	
	convening and holding such meeting	
	by the shareholders or the supervisory	
	committee on their own by reason	
	of not holding it by the Board upon	
	the aforesaid request shall be borne	
	by the Company and deducted from	
	the payables of the Company to the	
	negligent director(s) so involved.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
55	Article <u>85</u> Where matters relating to connected transactions are deliberated at the general meeting of shareholders, the connected shareholders should not participate in the voting, and the shares carrying the voting rights they represent shall not be counted in the total number of valid votes. The announcement of resolutions of the general meeting should fully disclose the voting status of the nonconnected shareholders.	Article 91 Where matters relating to connected transactions are deliberated at the shareholders' meeting, the connected shareholders should not participate in the voting, and the shares carrying the voting rights they represent shall not be counted in the total number of valid votes. The announcement of resolutions of the shareholders' meeting should fully disclose the voting status of the nonconnected shareholders.  When the general meeting considers guarantee matters stipulated in Article 52 of the Articles of Association, shareholders with interests in such guarantee matters shall abstain from voting.
56	Article <u>90</u> Where a proposal on election of relevant directors <u>or supervisors</u> is passed at <u>the general meeting of shareholders</u> , and the date the newly appointed directors <u>or supervisors</u> enter on their offices shall be the date on which <u>the general meeting</u> concluded.	Article <u>96</u> The date the newly appointed directors enter on their offices shall be the date on which the <u>shareholders' meeting considers and approves</u> their appointment.
57	Article 92 If the general meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the chairman of the Board of Directors shall chair and preside at the meeting. Where the chairman of the Board is unable to attend the meeting for any reason, the deputy chairman shall serve as the presider and preside over the meeting. Failing them, a director elected more than half of the directors shall chair and preside at the meeting. Where no chairman has been designated, the shareholders present may elect one of their members to act as the chairman. If for any reason no chairman is elected by the shareholders, the shareholder (or proxy present) holding the majority of shares carrying the right to vote shall preside the meeting.	Article 98 If the shareholders' meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the chairman of the Board of Directors shall chair and preside at the meeting; where the chairman is unable to perform his/her duties or fails to perform his duties, it shall be chaired and presided over by the deputy chairman (where the Company has two vice chairmen, by the deputy chairman elected by more than half of the directors); where the deputy chairman is unable to perform his/her duties or fails to perform his/her duties, a director elected by more than half of the directors shall chair and preside at the meeting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	The general meeting convened by the supervisory committee shall be presided over by the chairman of the supervisory committee. In the event that the chairman of the supervisory committee is unable or fails to perform his/her duties, a supervisor elected by more than half of the supervisors shall preside over the meeting.  Shareholders may convene the general meeting themselves and a representative nominated by the convener shall preside over the meeting.  If the chairman of the meeting breaches the Rules of Procedures of General Meetings during the meeting and the meeting cannot be continued as a result, the shareholders present at the meeting physically may elect a person to act as chairman by more than one-half of the votes cast in favour of the relevant resolution and the meeting may continue.	Shareholders' meetings convened by the audit committee shall be presided over by the convener of the audit committee. In the event that the convener of the audit committee is unable or fails to perform his/her duties, a member of the audit committee elected by more than half of the audit committee members shall preside over the meeting.  Shareholders may convene the shareholders' meeting themselves and a representative nominated by the convener shall preside over the meeting.  If the chairman of the meeting breaches the Rules of Procedures of General Meetings during the meeting and the meeting cannot be continued as a result, the shareholders present at the meeting physically may elect a person to act as chairman by more than one-half of the votes cast in favour of the relevant resolution and the meeting may continue.
58	Mrticle 93 During the general meeting of shareholders, all directors and the secretary of the board of directors should attend the meeting, the general manager and other senior management personnel shall also be present at the meeting.  The directors, supervisors, senior management personnel shall provide explanation and clarification to the inquiries and suggestions raised by the shareholders at the general meeting, except for those involving the company's trade secrets and undisclosed sensitive information that cannot be disclosed at the meeting.	Mrticle 99 Where the general meeting requires directors and senior management to attend the meeting, directors and senior management shall attend and accept inquiries from shareholders.  The directors, senior management personnel shall provide explanation and clarification to the inquiries and suggestions raised by the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting, except for those involving the company's trade secrets and undisclosed sensitive information that cannot be disclosed at the meeting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
59	Article 96 The chairman of the	Article 102 The chairman of
	general meeting shall, before voting,	the shareholders' meeting shall,
	announce the number of shareholders	before voting, announce the number of
	and their proxies attending the meeting	shareholders and their proxies attending
	as well as the total number of their	the meeting as well as the total number
	voting shares carrying the voting shares,	of their voting shares carrying the voting
	and the number of shareholders and	shares, and the number of shareholders
	their proxies attending the meeting and	and their proxies attending the meeting
	the total number of their shares shall be	and the total number of their shares
	subject to the registration of the general meeting.	shall be subject to the registration of the
	The chairman shall decide whether	general meeting.  The on site shareholders' meeting.
	a resolution of the general meeting	The on-site shareholders' meeting shall not conclude before the end of
	should be passed, and such decision	voting conducted online or by other
	shall be final and be announced at the	means. The meeting chairperson shall
	meeting and recorded in the minutes of	announce the voting status and results
	the meeting.	for each proposal and declare whether
	Prior to the official announcement	the proposal is approved based on the
	of the voting results, the companies	voting outcome.
	involved in voting by shareholders on-	Prior to the official announcement
	site, voting by way of network or voting	of the voting results, the companies
	in other manners, persons responsible	involved in voting by shareholders on-
	for vote counting, scrutineer, substantial	site, voting by way of network or voting
	shareholders, network service providers	in other manners, persons responsible
	and other related parties are obliged	for vote counting, scrutineer, substantial
	to keep confidentiality the information	shareholders, network service providers
	relating to voting.	and other related parties are obliged
	The shareholders attending the	to keep confidentiality the information
	general meeting should make one of	relating to voting.
	the following opinion on the proposal submitted for voting: for, against	The shareholders attending the shareholders' meeting should make
	or abstain, except that securities	one of the following opinion on the
	registration and settlement organizations	proposal submitted for voting: for,
	which hold shares as nominee under the	against or abstain, except that securities
	stock connect between Mainland China	registration and settlement organizations
	and Hong Kong may vote in accordance	which hold shares as nominee under the
	with the instructions of the beneficial	stock connect between Mainland China
	holders.	and Hong Kong may vote in accordance
	Ballot papers which has not been	with the instructions of the beneficial
	filled, ballot papers which have been	holders.
	filled erroneously, the handwriting on	Ballot papers which has not been
	the ballot papers cannot be recognized or	filled, ballot papers which have been
	ballot papers which have not been cast	filled erroneously, the handwriting on
	will be considered as the relevant voters	the ballot papers cannot be recognized or
	having abandoned his voting rights and	ballot papers which have not been cast
	the voting results in respect of his voting	will be considered as the relevant voters
	shares will be considered as "abstained".	having abandoned his voting rights and
		the voting results in respect of his voting

shares will be considered as "abstained".

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
60	Article 97 If the chairman of the general meeting has any doubt as to the result of a resolution put to the vote at the meeting, he may have the votes counted. If the chairman of the meeting fails to have the votes counted, any shareholder who is present in person or by proxy and objects to the result declared by the chairman of the meeting may demand a vote count immediately after the declaration of the result, and the chairman shall have the votes counted forthwith.	Article 103 If the chairman of the shareholders' meeting has any doubt as to the result of a resolution put to the vote at the meeting, he may have the votes counted. If the chairman of the shareholders' meeting fails to have the votes counted, any shareholder who is present in person or by proxy and objects to the result declared by the chairman of the shareholders' meeting may demand a vote count immediately after the declaration of the result, and the chairman shall have the votes counted immediately.
61	Article 99 The chairman shall guarantee the truth, accuracy and completeness of the minutes of the meeting. The directors, supervisors, secretary to the Board, convener or their representative, chairman of the meeting shall sign on the minutes of the meeting. The minutes shall contain the following:  (1) the time, venue, agenda of the meeting, and the name of the convener;  (2) the name of the chairman of the meeting, the directors, supervisors, the secretary to the Board, general manager and other senior management personnel attending or being present at the general meeting;  (3) the numbers of domestic shareholders (including their proxies), overseas listed foreign investment shares shareholders (including their proxies), holders of tradable shares (including their proxies), the total number of their shares carrying the voting rights and the proportion in the total number of shares of the Company;	Article 105 The chairman shall guarantee the truth, accuracy and completeness of the minutes of the meeting. The directors, supervisors, secretary to the Board, convener or their representative, chairperson who attend or are present at the meeting shall sign on the minutes of the meeting. The minutes shall contain the following:  (1) the time, venue, agenda of the meeting, and the name of the convener;  (2) the name of the chairman of the meeting, the directors and senior management personnel attending or being present at the general meeting;  (3) the numbers of domestic shareholders (including their proxies), overseas listed foreign investment shares shareholders (including their proxies), holders of tradable shares (including their proxies), the total number of their shares carrying the voting rights and the proportion in the total number of shares of the Company;

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	(4) the process of deliberation of each proposal, the main points of speeches and the voting results (including the votes on each resolution by domestic shareholders, foreign shareholders, holders of tradable shares and holders of non-tradable shares); (5) the inquiries or suggestions of the shareholders as well as the corresponding replies or explanations; (6) the name of legal counsel, vote counters, and supervisors; and (7) other contents which shall be contained in the records of the meeting as prescribed by these Articles of Association.	(4) the process of deliberation of each proposal, the main points of speeches and the voting results (including the votes on each resolution by domestic shareholders, foreign shareholders, holders of tradable shares and holders of non-tradable shares); (5) the inquiries or suggestions of the shareholders as well as the corresponding replies or explanations; (6) the name of legal counsel, vote counters, and supervisors; and (7) other contents which shall be contained in the records of the meeting as prescribed by these Articles of Association.
62	Article 100 A shareholder is entitled to inspect the copies of minutes free of charge during office hours of the Company. If a shareholder demands from the Company a copy of such minutes, the Company shall send to him/her the copy within 7 days after having received a reasonable charge.	Delete
63	Article 111 The Company set up the Board (the "Board"). The Board of Directors consists of 11 directors, including one chairman and one vice chairman.	Article 116 The Company set up the Board (the "Board"). The Board shall consist of ten shareholder representative directors and one employee representative director. The Board shall have one chairman and one to two deputy chairmen.

No. Before amer	ndments	Amended Articles
Article 112 Dire elected at the general shareholders, with a terr years. Upon expiration of directors may be re-elected consecutive terms.  The written notice of the nominees of the directors and of the acceptant and the acceptant of the convening of the general shareholders.  Directors are not reshares of the Company must have the necessary skill and quality to perform directors. The directors their duties of loyal diligently as stipulated to of Corporate Governations.	ctors shall be al meeting of n of office of 3 of the term, the octed and serve of the intention candidates for ceptance by the nated shall be a 7 days before neral meeting of the directors ry knowledge, rm the duties of shall discharge ty and to act of the control of the cont	Article 117 Non-employee representative directors shall be elected at the general meeting, and employee representative directors shall be democratically elected by the employees of the Company, with a term of office of 3 years. Upon expiration of the term, the directors may be re-elected and serve consecutive terms. Directors appointed by the Board to fill casual vacancies or increase the number of directors shall hold office until the Company's first annual general meeting after their appointment, and shall be eligible for re-election at that time.   The directors must have the necessary knowledge, skill and quality to perform the duties of directors. The directors shall discharge their duties of loyalty and to act diligently as
years. Upon expiration	of the term, the	employee representative directors
consecutive terms.  The written notice of the nominees of the directors and of the accandidates to be nomineer on the Company the convening of the geres shareholders.  Directors are not respectively and quality to perform directors. The directors their duties of loyal diligently as stipulated to	of the intention candidates for eptance by the nated shall be 7 days before heral meeting of equired to hold. The directors ry knowledge, rm the duties of shall discharge ty and to act ander the "Code ince of Listed listing Rules of hange and other the applicable gulations and/or stock exchanges ere the shares of hed members of of the Company es in accordance	employees of the Company, with a term of office of 3 years. Upon expiration of the term, the directors may be re-elected and serve consecutive terms. Directors appointed by the Board to fill casual vacancies or increase the number of directors shall hold office until the Company's first annual general meeting after their appointment, and shall be eligible for re-election at that time.   The directors must have the necessary knowledge, skill and quality to perform the duties of directors. The directors shall discharge their duties

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
66	Article 115 Upon the resignation of a director takes effect or the expiry of the term of office, such director shall duly complete all handover. The fiduciary duties owed by the director to the Company and shareholders will not be released for certain before or within a reasonable period of time after the resignation takes effect. The obligation of confidentiality of such director in relation to the commercial secrets of the Company remains effective after the term of such director ends until such commercial secrets become public information. The continuity of other obligations shall be determined on the principle of fairness, and dependent on the length of time between the incident occurs and the resignation, as well as the conditions and circumstances under which the director terminates his or her relationship with the Company.	Article 120 The Company shall establish a director resignation management system that clearly defines accountability and compensation measures for any unfulfilled public commitments and other outstanding matters. Upon the resignation of a director takes effect or the expiry of the term of office, such director shall duly complete all handover. The fiduciary duties owed by the director to the Company and shareholders will not be released for certain before or within a reasonable period of time after the resignation takes effect. The obligation of confidentiality of such director in relation to the commercial secrets of the Company remains effective after the term of such director ends until such commercial secrets become public information. The continuity of other obligations shall be determined on the principle of fairness, and dependent on the length of time between the incident occurs and the resignation, as well as the conditions and circumstances under which the director terminates his or her relationship with the Company. The obligations that directors should bear during their term of office for performing their duties shall not be exempted or terminated due to their departure.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
67		New Article 121 The general meeting may resolve to remove directors (excluding employee directors), and the removal shall take effect on the date the resolution is made. Company employees may remove employee directors through employee representative assemblies, employee meetings or other democratic forms, and the removal shall take effect on the date the resolution is made. Where directors are removed without reasonable causes before the expiry of their term, directors may request compensation from the Company.
68		New Article 123 Where directors cause damage to others in performing the Company's duties, the Company shall bear compensation liability; where directors have intent or gross negligence, they shall also bear the liability for compensation.  Where directors violate laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, or provisions of the Articles of Association when performing the Company's duties, causing losses to the Company, they shall bear liability for compensation.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
69	Article 118 The Board is	Article 125 The Board is
	accountable for the general meeting of	accountable for the shareholders'
	the shareholders and shall exercise the	meeting of the shareholders and shall
	following powers:	exercise the following powers:
	(1) convention of general meetings	(1) convention of $\underline{\mathbf{the}}$
	of shareholders, and report to the general	shareholders' meeting, and report to
	meetings;	the shareholders' meeting;
	(2) implementation of the	(2) implementation of the
	resolutions of the general meeting;	resolutions of the shareholders'
	(3) formulation of the business plan	meeting;
	and investment scheme of the Company;	(3) formulation of the business plan
	(4) formulation of the annual	and investment scheme of the Company;
	financial budget and financial accounting	$(\underline{4})$ <b>formulation</b> of the profit
	policy of the Company;	distribution policy and loss recovery
	$(\underline{5})$ formulation of the profit	policy of the Company;
	distribution policy and loss recovery	( <u>5</u> ) <u>formulation</u> of the policy
	policy of the Company;	of increase or reduction of registered
	( <u>6</u> ) <u>formulation</u> of the policy of	capital and the policy of issue of
	increase or reduction of registered	corporate bonds of the Company or other
	capital and the policy of issue of	securities of the Company and proposals
	corporate bonds of the Company or other	for listing;
	securities of the Company and proposals	$(\underline{6})$ <u>drafting</u> of the policies
	for listing;	of material corporate acquisition,
		acquisition of the Company's shares,
		or the merger, separation, dissolution,
		liquidation and change of corporate form
		of the Company;

material corporate acquisition, if the repurchase is made under the circumstances specified in (1), (2) of Article 27 of the Article of Association, or the merger, separation, dissolution, establishme system in the (8) m employment of the merger separation, dissolution, company's	aking decisions on the ent or dismissal of the senior management and their remuneration and
the repurchase is made under the circumstances specified in (1), (2) of Article 27 of the Article of Association, or the merger, separation, dissolution, System in the (8) m employment of the merger, separation, dissolution, Company's	e Company; aking decisions on the ent or dismissal of the senior management and their remuneration and
circumstances specified in (1), (2) of Article 27 of the Article of Association, or the merger, separation, dissolution,  Company's	aking decisions on the ent or dismissal of the senior management and their remuneration and
Article 27 of the Article of Association, or the merger, separation, dissolution, Company's	ent or dismissal of the s senior management and n their remuneration and
or the merger, separation, dissolution, Company's	s senior management and n their remuneration and
	n their remuneration and
liquidation and change of corporate form   decision or	
	punishment:
of the Company; <u>reward and</u>	
	ormulation of the basic
	t system of the Company;
	ormulation of the proposal
	ment of the Articles of
employment or dismissal of the general Association;	•
	making decisions on
	ch as external investment,
	and sale of assets, mortgaged
	ernal guarantee, financial
	t by commission, connected
	external donations, within
	of authorization by <u>the</u>
the deputy general managers, person shareholder	
	anagement of disclosure of
	of the Company; proposal to the general
	shareholders on employment
	ment of accounting firm
	le for auditing for the
(11) formulation of the proposal Company;	ie for additing for the
on amendment of these Articles of	
Association;	
(12) making decision on a single	
external guarantee where the items	
guaranteed satisfying the conditions of	
the Company involves an amount of	
more than 10% (or 10%) of the latest	
audited net assets;	
(13) making decisions on	
matters such as external investment,	
acquisition and sale of assets, mortgaged	
assets, external guarantee, financial	
management by commission, connected	
transaction, external donations, within	
the scope of authorization by the general	
meeting of shareholders;	
$(\underline{14})$ management of disclosure of	
information of the Company;	
$(\underline{15})$ proposal to the general	
meeting of shareholders on employment	
or replacement of accounting firm	
responsible for auditing for the	
Company;	

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	(16) receiving the work report of the general manager of the Company and checking the work of the general manager;  (17) pass resolutions regarding the repurchase of the shares of the Company by the Company under the circumstances prescribed in (3), (5) and (6) of Article 27 of the Articles of Association;  (18) other powers granted by the Articles of Association and the general meeting of shareholders.	(14) receiving the work report of the general manager of the Company and checking the work of the general manager;  (15) pass resolutions regarding the repurchase of the shares of the Company by the Company under the circumstances prescribed in (3), (5) and (6) of Article 31 of the Articles of Association;  (16) other functions and duties as conferred by laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, the Articles of Association, or the shareholders' meeting.
70	Article 120 The Board shall formulate the rules of proceedings of the Board, for the purpose of ensuring the implementation by the Board of the resolutions of the general meeting of shareholders, enhancing work efficiency, and guaranteeing scientific decision making.  The rules of proceedings of the Board shall provide for the convincing of the meetings of Board and voting procedures.	Article 127 The Board shall formulate the rules of proceedings of the Board, for the purpose of ensuring the implementation by the Board of the resolutions of the general meeting of shareholders, enhancing work efficiency, and guaranteeing scientific decision making.  The rules of procedures of the Board shall provide for the convincing of the meetings of Board, rules of procedure and voting procedures.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
		(3) to decide on single risk
		investment matters accounting for
		three percent to ten percent of the
		Company's audited net assets for
		the latest period (activities outside
		the Company's regular business
		scope, industries the Company has
		not been involved in, or business
		activities that the Board considers to
		have greater risks and are difficult
		to grasp, including but not limited to
		investments in stocks, futures, foreign
		exchange trading, etc.);
		(4) to decide on write-off of assets
		accounting for three percent to ten
		percent of the Company's audited net
		profit for the latest period;
		(5) other matters requiring the
		Board to consider as stipulated by
		laws, administrative regulations,
		relevant regulations of the securities
		regulatory authorities or stock
		exchanges in the places where the
		Company's shares are listed, the
		Articles of Association, or authorized
		by the shareholders' meeting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
No. 72	Before amendments	New Article 129 Subject to compliance with laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, guarantee matters that do not meet the requirements of Article 52 of the Articles of Association and therefore do not require shareholders' approval shall be reviewed and approved by the company's board of directors. For guarantee matters provided by the company, approval must be obtained not only by a majority of all directors but also by at least two-thirds of the directors present at the board meeting, and such matters must be disclosed in a timely manner. The board of directors' approval of guarantees provided by the company must not violate the following provisions:  (1) the Company shall not provide guarantees for controlling shareholders, affiliates of shareholders or other connected parties in which the Company holds less than 50% equity, any non-legal person entities or individuals;  (2) when the Company
		provides guarantees for subordinate subsidiaries, it may require such subsidiaries to provide legal and effective counter-guarantees to the Company.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
73		New Article 130 Subject to compliance with laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, financial assistance matters that do not meet the requirements of Article 54 of these Articles of Association and therefore do not require shareholders' approval shall be reviewed and approved by the company's board of directors. For any financial assistance provided by the company, approval must be obtained not only by a majority of all directors but also by at least two-thirds of the directors present at the board meeting, and such matters must be disclosed in a timely manner.
74	Article 122 Chairman of the Board shall exercise the following powers:  (1) to preside the general meeting of shareholders, and to convene, preside the meetings of the board of directors;  (2) to supervise and check the actual status of the board resolutions;  (3) to sign the securities issued by the Company;  (4) other duties assigned by the Board.  The vice chairman of the Board shall assist the Chairman. The chairman must exercise or perform his or her powers and duties, and may appoint one vice chairman to exercise powers on his or her behalf. Where a vice chairman is unable to or does not perform his or her duties, a majority of the directors may jointly elect one director to perform the duties.	Article 131 Chairman of the Board shall exercise the following powers:  (1) to preside the shareholders' meeting, and to convene, preside the meetings of the board of directors;  (2) to supervise and check the actual status of the board resolutions;  (3) other duties assigned by the Board.  The vice chairman of the Board shall assist the Chairman The chairman must exercise or perform his or her powers and duties, and the vice chairman shall perform the duties (where the Company has two vice chairmen, the deputy chairman elected by more than half of the directors shall perform the duties). Where a vice chairman is unable to or does not perform his or her duties, a majority of the directors may jointly elect one director to perform the duties.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
75	Article 123 Regular meetings of the Board are required to be held at least four times a year, to be convened and presided by the chairman (or any director authorized by the chairman). Written notices of such meeting shall be issued to the directors by mail or facsimile 10 days before the date of such meeting. In the event of urgent matters, an extraordinary meeting of the Board may be convened at the proposal of one-third (inclusive) or more of the directors or the general manager of the Company.  Board meetings, in principle, are held at the Company's legal address. However, they may also be held at any other places in or outside of China as resolved by the Board.	Article 132 Regular meetings of the Board are required to be held at least four times a year, to be convened by the chairman. Written notices of such meeting shall be issued to the directors by mail or facsimile 10 days before the date of such meeting.  Board meetings, in principle, are held at the Company's legal address. However, they may also be held at any other places in or outside of China as resolved by the Board.
76	Article 124 Where it is necessary to convene a provisional meeting of the board of directors, written notice shall be given to all the directors by mail or facsimile at least 5 days in advance. In case of emergency situations, where a provisional meeting of board of directors is required to be convened as soon as possible, notice to convene the meeting may be given by telephone or by other verbal means. The convener of the meeting is required to give an explanation at the meeting.  Shareholders representing more than one-tenth of voting rights or more than one-third of directors, more than half of independent directors, members of the supervisory committee or managers of the Company may propose to convene a provisional meeting of Board. The chairman of the Board shall convene and preside a board meeting within ten days after receiving such proposal.	Article 133 Where it is necessary to convene a provisional meeting of the board of directors, written notice shall be given to all the directors by mail or facsimile at least three days in advance. In case of emergency situations, where a provisional meeting of board of directors is required to be convened as soon as possible, notice to convene the meeting may be given by telephone or by other verbal means, without being subject to the aforementioned time limits, while the convener of the meeting is required to give an explanation at the meeting.  Shareholders representing more than one-tenth of voting rights or more than one-tenth of directors, more than half of independent directors, members of the audit committee or managers of the Company may propose to convene a provisional meeting of Board. The chairman of the Board shall convene and preside a board meeting within ten days after receiving such proposal.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
77	Article 125 The meeting of Board shall be convened in the attendance of more than half of directors.  Each director shall have one vote. Resolutions made by the Board must be passed by a majority of the general body of directors.  Where number of opposing votes and that of affirmative votes are the same, the chairman of the Board shall be entitled to have one vote.  No directors shall vote on any transaction in which he or she or his or her associates ("associate" is defined in accordance with the general statutory interpretation in the jurisdiction where the shares of the Company are listed) has or have material interest, and such directors nor exercise voting rights on behalf of other directors. Such directors shall not be counted in the number of attendees of the relevant meeting of the Board. Such Board meeting shall be convened in the attendance of a majority of non-connected directors. Resolutions made by the board meetings shall be approved by a majority of non-connected directors. Where there are less than three non-connected directors in a board meeting, any matters to be deliberated shall be submitted to the general meeting of shareholders.	Article 134 The meeting of Board shall be convened in the attendance of more than half of directors.  Each director shall have one vote. Resolutions made by the Board must be passed by a majority of the general body of directors, unless otherwise stipulated by relevant provisions of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed or the Articles of Association.  On any transaction to be resolved by the Board of Directors in which the director or his or her associates ("associate" is defined in accordance with the general statutory interpretation in the jurisdiction where the shares of the Company are listed) has or have material interest, such director shall report in writing to the Board of Directors on a timely basis and shall not exercise his or her voting rights on behalf of other directors. Such directors shall not be counted in the number of attendees of the relevant meeting of the Board. Where a resolution of the Board involves the provision of a guarantee, any Director who has a material interest in such guarantee shall abstain from voting. Such Board meeting shall be convened in the attendance of a majority of directors with no connected relationship. Resolutions made by the board meetings shall be approved by a majority of directors with no connected relationship. Where there are less than three directors with no connected relationship in a board meeting, any matters to be deliberated shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
<b>No.</b> 78	Article 128 The Board may consider and approve resolutions in written form instead of convening a Board meeting. Draft of such resolutions must be delivered to each director through email, mail, fax or in person. The resolution so proposed will be passed as a resolution of the Board only after it is signed and approved by two-third or more of the Directors and delivered to the Secretary to the Board by one of the aforesaid means.  For any resolutions required to be passed by voting at an extraordinary board meetings, if the resolution to be passed is sent to all directors in writing (including email or fax) and the number of directors who sign and approve such resolution meets the number of directors as required to make such decision in accordance with Article 125 of the Articles of Association, such	Article 137 Subject to the compliance with laws, administrative regulations, relevant provisions of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, the Board may convene a Board meeting by way of on-site convening, communication voting or voting in writing. Draft of such resolutions must be delivered to each director through email, mail, fax or in person.  For any resolutions required to be passed by voting at an extraordinary board meetings, if the resolution to be passed is sent to all directors in writing (including email or fax) and the number of directors who sign and approve such resolution meets the number of directors as required to make such decision in accordance with Article 134 of the Articles of Association, such
	resolution is deemed effectively passed and no Board meeting is required to be convened.	resolution is deemed effectively passed and no Board meeting is required to be convened.
79	Article 130 Proceedings and voting procedures of meetings of the Board shall be in accordance with the Rules of Procedures for the Board of directors of the Company.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
80	Article 131 The Board shall cause the decisions on the matters discussed at the meeting to be recorded in the minutes with the signatures of the attending directors and the minutestaker. The directors shall assume the liability of the resolutions of the Board. The directors who attend the meeting in which the resolution is passed shall assume liability of indemnification for any material loss caused to the Company arising from the breach of any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Associations by such resolutions of the Board. However, a director's liability may be waived if it is proved that such director has raised an objection to such resolution and such objection is recorded in the minutes of the meeting.	Article 139 The Board shall cause the decisions on the matters discussed at the meeting to be recorded in the minutes with the signatures of the attending directors and the minutestaker. All resolutions of the Board meeting shall be recorded and kept in Chinese language.  The minutes and resolutions of the Board of Directors shall be kept as records of the Company for a period of not less than 10 years.  The directors shall assume the liability of the resolutions of the Board. The directors who attend the meeting in which the resolution is passed shall assume liability of indemnification for any material loss caused to the Company arising from the breach of any laws, administrative regulations, relevant provisions of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed or the Articles of Associations, general meeting resolutions by such resolutions of the Board. However, a director's liability may be waived if it is proved that such director has raised an objection to such resolution and such objection is recorded in the minutes of the meeting.
81	Article 132 The minutes of the board of directors shall be kept as records of the Company for a period of ten years. Such minutes shall include the following:  (1) date and venue of the meeting, and the name of the convener;  (2) names of attending directors and the directors (or proxies) attending the board meeting on behalf of others;  (3) agenda of the meeting;  (4) main points of the speeches of the directors;  (5) methods and results of voting of each resolution (voting results shall specify the number of affirmative, opposing or veto votes).	Article 140 The minutes shall include the following:  (1) date and venue of the meeting, and the name of the convener;  (2) names of attending directors and the directors (or proxies) attending the board meeting on behalf of others;  (3) agenda of the meeting;  (4) main points of the speeches of the directors;  (5) methods and results of voting of each resolution (voting results shall specify the number of affirmative, opposing or veto votes).

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
82	Article 133 All resolutions of the board meeting shall be recorded and kept in Chinese language for a period of not less than 10 years. The minutes of the meeting shall be given to all directors for review after each board meeting. Any director intending to make any amendment to the minutes shall propose his/her opinion in writing to the chairman within six working days upon his/her receipt of such minutes of meeting.	Delete
83	Article 137 The Board of the Company sets up certain special committees. All special committees are comprised of Directors and convened by independent directors that have the largest proportion except the Strategic Development and Investment Committee. All members of Audit Committee shall be independent non-executive directors, of whom at least one independent director shall be a professional accountant and act as the convener.	Article 144 The Board of the Company set up certain special committees, including the audit committee, nomination and remuneration committee, strategic development and investment committee, and budget committee. Each special committee shall perform its duties in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations, relevant provisions of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, the Articles of Association and the authorization of the Board of Directors, and the proposals of the special committees shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for consideration and approval. The working regulations of the special committees shall be formulated by the Board of Directors, and the procedures for the discussion and voting of the special committees shall be implemented in accordance with the relevant provisions of the implementing rules of each special committee of the Company.  All special committees are comprised of Directors and convened by independent directors that have the largest proportion except the Strategic Development and Investment Committee, while the audit committee shall be composed of more than three directors and a majority of the members shall be independent non-executive directors, of whom at least one independent director shall be a professional accountant and act as the convener.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
84	Article 140 The main duties of the Committees of the Board shall be performed in accordance with the relevant regulations stipulated in the Governance Rules for Listed Companies and the Measures for the Administration of Independent Directors of Listed Companies.	Delete
85		New Article 146 The audit committee shall exercise the powers of the Supervisory Board as stipulated in the Company Law and the powers of the audit committee as stipulated by the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, and be responsible for reviewing the Company's financial information and its disclosure, supervising and evaluating internal and external audits and internal control. The following matters shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for consideration after being approved by a majority of all members of the audit committee:  (1) disclosure of financial information in financial and accounting reports and regular reports, as well as internal control evaluation reports;  (2) appointment or removal of the accounting firm undertaking audit services of the Company;  (3) appointment or removal of the financial controller of the Company;  (4) changes in accounting policies, accounting estimates or corrections of major accounting errors for reasons other than changes in accounting standards;  (5) other matters as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, the provisions of securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the provisions of Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
86		New Article 147 The audit
		committee shall convene at least
		one meeting every quarter. An
		extraordinary meeting may be
		convened upon the proposal of two or
		more members of the audit committee
		or when the convener of the audit
		committee considers it necessary.
		The quorum of a meeting of the audit
		committee shall be not less than two-
		thirds of the members.
		A resolution of the audit
		committee shall be passed by a
		majority of the members. Each
		member of the audit committee shall
		have one vote for a resolution to be
		voted.
		Resolutions of the audit
		committee shall be recorded in
		the minutes in accordance with
		regulations. The minutes shall be
		signed by the members of the audit
		committee present at the meeting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
No. 87	Before amendments	New Article 148 The nomination and remuneration committee is responsible for formulating the selection criteria and procedures for selection of directors and senior management of the Company, screening and reviewing candidates and their qualifications; formulating the appraisal director skills matrix and standards for directors and senior management and conducting appraisal regularly, formulating and reviewing the remuneration policies and plans for directors and senior management including the mechanism for determining remuneration, decision-making process, payment and stop-payment recourse arrangements, etc.;, and making recommendations to the Board of Directors on the following matters:  (1) nominating or appointing or removing directors; (2) appointing or dismissing senior management; (3) the remuneration of directors and senior management; (4) formulating or amending stock incentive plan and employee stock ownership plan, and the grant of incentives to the participants and fulfilment of conditions for exercising the rights by the participants; (5) arranging stock ownership plans by directors and senior management in the proposed spin-off subsidiary;
		plans by directors and senior management in the proposed spin-off
		by laws, administrative regulations, the provisions of securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's
		shares are listed and the provisions of Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
		If the Board of Directors does not adopt or fully adopt the recommendations of the nomination and remuneration committee, the Board should record the nomination committee's opinions and the specific reasons for non-adoption in the Board resolution, and make a disclosure thereof.
88		New Article 149 The strategic development and investment committee is mainly responsible for:  (1) conducting research and making recommendations on the long-term strategic development and significant investment decisions of the Company;  (2) reviewing or approving investment projects intended to be implemented by the Company with authorization of the Board;  (3) reviewing, approving and managing the other investment projects authorized by the Board.
89		New Article 150 The budget committee is responsible for directing the formulation of the annual operation plans and targets, annual budget plans of the Company, and supervising and examining the implementation.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
90	Article 145 The general manager	Article 155 The general manager
	shall be responsible to the Board and	shall be responsible to the Board and
	shall have the following functions and	shall have the following functions and
	duties:	duties according to the Articles of
	(1) to be responsible for the	Association or the authorization of the
	production and management of	Board:
	the Company and to arrange the	(1) to be responsible for the
	implementation of the resolutions of the	production and management of
	Board and report his work to the Board	the Company and to arrange the
	of Directors;	implementation of the resolutions of the
	(2) to arrange the implementation of	Board and report his work to the Board
	the annual business plans and investment	of Directors;
	proposals of the Company;	(2) to arrange the implementation of
	(3) to prepare proposals for the	the annual business plans and investment
	establishment of internal management	proposals of the Company;
	structure of the Company;	(3) to prepare proposals for the
	(4) to prepare the fundamental	establishment of internal management
	management systems of the Company;	structure of the Company;
	(5) to formulate the <u>fundamental</u>	(4) to prepare the fundamental
	regulations of the Company;	management systems of the Company;
	(6) to propose the employment	(5) formulating the specific
	and dismissal of deputy managers and	regulations of the Company;
	persons in charge of financial matters of	(6) proposing the employment and
	the Company by the Board;	dismissal of other senior management;
	(7) to employ and dismiss	(7) determining to employ and
	management staff members except those	dismiss management staff members
	who will be employed and dismissed by	except those who will be employed
	the Board as may be determined by the	and dismissed by the Board as may be
	Board;	determined by the Board;
	(8) other functions and duties as	(8) other functions and duties as
	conferred by the Articles of Association	conferred by the Articles of Association
	and the Board.	and the Board.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
No. 91	Article 147 When the General Manager of the Company exercising his or her powers, he or she shall perform the fiduciary obligation and due diligence, in accordance with the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and these Articles of Association as well as the bye-laws relating to the general manager of the Company. Where the general manager violates any laws, regulations or the provisions of these Articles of Association and causes loss to the Company, the Board of the Company shall take legal action for compensation.  The bye-laws relating to the general manager are as follows:  (1) conditions and procedures of the convening of general manager meeting and the personnel attending;  (2) specific duties and allocation of work of the general manager and other senior management personnel;  (3) usage of the capital or assets of the Company, licence for entering into material contract, and reporting system to the Board and supervisory committee;  (4) other matters deemed necessary by the Board.	Article 157 When the General Manager of the Company exercising his or her powers, he or she shall perform the honesty obligation and due diligence, in accordance with the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations, securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association as well as the bye-laws relating to the general manager of the Company. Where the general manager violates any laws, regulations securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed or the provisions of the Articles of Association and causes loss to the Company, the Board of the Company shall take legal action for compensation.  The bye-laws relating to the general manager are as follows:  (1) conditions and procedures of the convening of general manager meeting and the personnel attending;  (2) specific duties and allocation of work of the general manager and other senior management personnel;  (3) usage of the capital or assets of the Company, licence for entering into
		material contract, and reporting system to the Board and supervisory committee;  (4) other matters deemed necessary by the Board.
92	Chapter 12 Supervisory Committee	Delete

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
93	Article 160 A person will be	Article 158 A person will be
	disqualified from being a director, a	disqualified from being a director or
	supervisor, the general manager or other	senior management of the Company if
	senior officer of the Company if one of	one of the followings occurs:
	the followings occurs:	(1) he has no civil capacity or
	(1) he has no civil capacity or	restricted civil capacity;
	restricted civil capacity;	(2) he was convicted and
	(2) he was convicted and	sentenced for an offence of corruption,
	sentenced for an offence of corruption,	bribery, unauthorized appropriation
	bribery, unauthorized appropriation	or embezzlement of properties or
	or embezzlement of properties or	disturbance of the socialist market
	disturbance of social and economic order	economic order and has served out the
	and has served out the sentence for less	sentence for less than five years; or (s)
	than 5 years; or (s) he has been deprived	he has been deprived of political rights
	of political rights for committing an	for committing an offence and the term
	offence and the term of deprivation has	of deprivation has expired for less than
	expired for less than 5 years;	five years; where such person has been
	(3) he was a director, factory	granted probation, less than two years
	manager, or general manager of a company or an enterprise which was	have elapsed since the expiration of
	insolvent due to poor business operation	(3) he was a director, factory
	and management and for which he	manager, or general manager of a
	was personally liable and a period of	company or an enterprise which
	less than 3 years has elapsed since the	was insolvent and for which he was
	completion of the liquidation of such	personally liable and a period of less
	company or enterprise;	than three years has elapsed since the
	(4) he was a legal representative of	completion of the liquidation of such
	a company or an enterprise the business	company or enterprise;
	licence of which was revoked due to	(4) he was a legal representative of
	illegal business operation and for which	a company, a company being ordered
	he was personally liable and the period	to close or an enterprise the business
	of not less than 3 years has elapsed since	license of which was revoked due to
	such revocation;	illegal business operation and for which
	(5) he is personally liable for a	he was personally liable and the period
	substantial loan which was due for	of not less than three years has elapsed
	payment but remains unpaid;	since such revocation or the date of
	(6) he has been denied access to the	being ordered to close;
	securities market facilities imposed by	(5) he has been listed by the
	the CSRC and the restriction period has	People's Court as a dishonest debtor
	not yet expired; (7) he has been involved in criminal	for failing to repay significant amounts of debt that have become due and
	(7) he has been involved in criminal offences subject to investigation by	payable;
	judicial authorities and the case has yet	(6) he has been denied access to the
	to be settled;	securities market facilities imposed by
	(8) he is not eligible for acting as	the CSRC and the restriction period has
	a leader of a company or an enterprise	not yet expired;
	according to the laws or administrative	,
	regulations;	
	(9) the person is not a natural	

person;

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	(10) he was adjudged by the	(7) he is publicly identified by the
	competent regulatory authorities to be	stock exchange as unsuitable to serve
	guilty of contravention of the provisions	as a director and senior management
	of securities regulations involving fraud	of listed companies, and such period
	or dishonesty and a period of less than 5	has not elapsed;
	years has elapsed since the adjudgement.	(8) other contents as required
	(11) other contents as required by	by laws, administrative regulations,
	laws, administrative regulations, the	securities regulatory authorities or the
	listing rules of stock exchanges located	stock exchanges in the places where
	in the places where the Company's	the Company's shares are listed.
	shares are listed or departmental rules.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
No. 94	Before amendments	New Article 159 Directors shall comply with laws, administrative regulations, securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the provisions of the Articles of Association, shall have a duty of loyalty to the Company, shall take measures to avoid conflicts between their own interests and those of the Company, and shall not use their powers to obtain improper benefits.  Directors shall have the following duties of loyalty to the Company:  (1) they shall not embezzle the Company's property or misappropriate the Company's funds;  (2) they shall not deposit Company funds in accounts opened in their own name or in the name of other individuals;  (3) they shall not use their authority to bribe or receive other illegal income;  (4) they shall not directly or indirectly enter into contracts or conduct transactions with the Company without reporting to the Board of Directors or the general meeting and obtaining the approval by
		Company without reporting to the Board of Directors or the general
		Association; (5) they shall not use their position to seek business opportunities belonging to the Company for themselves or others, except those which have been reported to the Board of Directors or the general
		meeting and approved by a resolution of the general meeting, or where the Company cannot use such business opportunities in accordance with the provisions of laws, administrative regulations, securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed or the Articles of Association;

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
No.	Before amendments	(6) they shall not engage in or operate businesses similar to those of the Company for themselves or others without reporting to the Board of Directors or the general meeting and obtaining approval by resolution of the general meeting;  (7) they shall not accept commissions from others for transactions with the Company for their own benefit;  (8) they shall not disclose Company secrets without authorization;  (9) they shall not use their connected relationships to harm the interests of the Company;  (10) other duties of loyalty stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association.  Any income obtained by a director in violation of the provisions of this Article shall belong to the
		director in violation of the provisions
		Item (4) in second paragraph of this Article shall apply to contracts or transactions entered into by close relatives of
		directors and senior management, enterprises directly or indirectly controlled by directors, senior management or their close relatives, and other related parties with other connected relationships with directors
		and senior management.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
95		New Article 160 The directors
		shall comply with the laws,
		administrative regulations, relevant
		regulations of the securities regulatory
		authorities or stock exchanges in
		the places where the Company's
		shares are listed and the Articles of
		Association, shall diligently perform
		their obligations to the Company,
		and shall fulfill their obligations with
		reasonable care generally due to managers in the best interests of the
		Company.
		The directors shall diligently
		perform their following obligations to
		the Company:
		(1) to exercise prudently,
		conscientiously and diligently the
		rights granted by the Company
		to ensure that the Company's
		commercial activities are in
		compliance with the laws,
		administrative regulations and the
		requirements of economic policies
		of China and that its commercial
		activities are within the scope
		stipulated in the business license;
		(2) to treat all shareholders fairly;
		(3) to understand the operation
		and management of the Company in a
		timely manner;
		(4) to approve regular reports
		of the Company in written form and
		to ensure the integrity, accuracy
		and completeness of the information
		disclosed by the Company;
		(5) to provide the relevant
		information and materials required
		by the audit committee and shall not
		intervene the performance of duties by
		the audit committee; (6) to perform other obligations
		of diligence stipulated by the laws,
		administrative regulations, relevant
		regulations of the securities regulatory
		authorities or stock exchanges in
		the places where the Company's
		shares are listed and the Articles of
		Association.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
96	Article 163 Directors, supervisors, general manager and other senior management personnel violating the duties of a particular specific obligation shall be dismissed by the general meeting of shareholders with the knowledge, saving the circumstance stipulated in Article 37 hereof.	Delete
97	Article 164 A director, a supervisor, the general manager or any other senior officer of the Company who to his/her knowledge is in any way, directly or indirectly, materially interested in a contract, transaction or arrangement or proposed contract, transaction or arrangement with the Company, (other than his/her contract of service with the Company) shall declare the nature and extent of his/her interests to the Board at the earliest opportunity, whether or not the contract, transaction or arrangement or proposal therefor is otherwise subject to the approval of the Board.  Unless the interested director, supervisor, general manager or other senior officer of the Company discloses his/her interests to the Board in accordance with this Article and the contract, transaction or arrangement is approved by the Board at a meeting in which the interested director, supervisor, general manager or other senior officer is not counted in the quorum and has abstained from voting, the Company has the right to rescind such contract, transaction or arrangement in which such director, such supervisor, the general manager or other senior officer is interested except as against a bona fide party thereto acting without notice of the breach of duty by the interested Director, supervisor, general manager or other senior officer.  For the purposes of this Article, a director, a supervisor, the general manager or other senior officer of the Company is deemed to be interested in the contract, transaction or agreement in which an associate of him/her is interested.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
98	Article 165 Where a director, a supervisor, the general manager or other senior officers of the Company gives to the Board a general notice in writing stating that, by reason of the facts specified in the notice, (s)he is interested in the contracts, transactions or arrangements of any description which may subsequently be made by the Company, that notice shall be deemed for the purposes of the preceding Article to be a sufficient declaration of his/her interests, so far as the content stated in such notice is concerned, provided that such general notice shall have been given before the date on which the question of entering into the relevant contract, transaction or arrangement is first considered by the Company.	Delete
99	Article 167 Requirements in respect of the Company's guarantees are as follows:  (I) Guarantees to other parties i. The Company is prohibited from providing a guarantee for a loan to a controlling shareholder, a subsidiary of a shareholder, a fellow subsidiary of a shareholder and other related parties in which the Company holds less than 50% equity interests, or any non-legal persons or individuals; ii. For any guarantee to be provided by the Company for a guaranteed person which is a subsidiary of the Company, the guarantor may require the guaranteed person to provide legal and effective counter guarantee.  (II) Review and approval procedures of guarantee to other parties	Delete

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	i. The provision of external	
	guarantees by the Company must be	
	made in accordance with the laws and	
	administrative regulations of the PRC	
	and the rules of the stock exchanges	
	on which the Company's shares are	
	listed. In addition to obtaining approval	
	from more than half of all directors,	
	provision of external guarantees shall	
	also be passed by more than two thirds	
	of directors attending the meeting of	
	the Board of Directors, or be approved	
	at a general meeting. The scope of	
	authority of the Board of Directors in	
	relation thereto are stipulated in Rules of	
	Procedures for the Board of directors.	
	ii. Before the Board of directors	
	decides to provide external guarantee	
	(or submits it to general meeting for	
	approval), adequate information in	
	respect of the credit standing of debtors	
	shall be obtained and sufficient analysis	
	with respect to the benefits and risks	
	of guarantee to be provided shall be	
	conducted. Detailed disclosure should be	
	made in relevant announcements.	
	iii. In case of a shareholder or	
	director interested in the guarantee to	
	be considered by general meetings or	
	Board meetings, the said shareholder or	
	director shall abstain from voting.	
	(III) Accountability	
	If the Company or any of its	
	subsidiaries provide guarantees	
	in violation of the relevant laws,	
	regulations and the Articles of	
	Association hereof, which have resulted	
	in the loss of the Company's property, or	
	there has been any evidence to prove that	
	it may have resulted in the Company's	
	loss, the relevant person(s) shall be	
	held accountable in accordance with the	
	relevant provisions, and will even be	
	referred to disciplinary and supervisory	
	authorities for further action in case of	
	any violation of laws or disciplines or to	
	judicial authorities in case of suspected	
	criminal offence.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
100	Article 170 Senior management personnel shall dutifully fulfill their duties and uphold the best interest of the Company and all of its shareholders. If any senior manager fails to faithfully fulfill their duties or violates their fiduciary obligations, causing damage to the interests of the Company and its general public shareholders, he or she shall be responsible for compensation according to law. Senior management personnel who violates the provisions of laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or the Articles of Association in his/her performance of duties and powers and causing the Company to suffer damages shall bear compensation liability.	Article 166 The provisions of the Articles of Association regarding the fiduciary and diligent obligations of directors shall be also applicable to the senior management personnel. Senior management personnel shall dutifully fulfill their duties and uphold the best interest of the Company and all of its shareholders. If any senior manager fails to faithfully fulfill their duties or violates their fiduciary obligations, causing damage to the interests of the Company and its general public shareholders, he or she shall be responsible for compensation according to law.  Where directors or senior management personnel, in the performance of their duties for the Company, cause damage to others, the Company will be liable for compensation; if the director or senior management personnel acts with intent or gross negligence, he/she shall also bear the liability for compensation. A director, senior management personnel who violates the provisions of laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed or the Articles of Association in his/her performance of duties and powers and causing the Company to suffer damages shall bear compensation liability.
101	Article 171 The Company shall establish its financial and accounting system in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and PRC Accounting Standards formulated by the finance regulatory department of the State Council.	Article 167 The Company shall establish its financial and accounting system in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and provisions of the relevant State departments.
102	Article 172 The Board of the Company shall prepare and submit the financial statements to the shareholders at annual general meeting as required by relevant laws, administrative regulations or regulatory documents issued by regional governments and competent authorities.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
103	Article 173 Every shareholder of the Company is entitled to receive the financial statements as mentioned in these Articles of Associations.  The Company shall send to each shareholder of overseas listed foreign investment shares the aforesaid statements, or a summary thereof if so permitted in The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, at least 21 days before the annual general meeting through prepaid envelope mail to the address appearing on the register of members of the Company. To the extent as permitted under The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, such statements may be sent to the shareholders of H Shares through electronic means or some other means specified by Article 216 of the Articles of Association.	Delete
104	Article 176 The Company shall submit its annual report to the CSRC and the stock exchange within 4 months from the end of each accounting year, and submit its interim report to the local office of the CSRC and the stock exchange within months from the end of the first half of each accounting year.  The annual report and interim report shall be prepared and disclosed in accordance with the relevant laws, administrative regulations and the rules of CSRC and the stock exchanges located in the places where the Company's shares are listed.	Article 170 The Company shall submit and disclose its annual report to the local office of the CSRC and the stock exchange within 4 months from the end of each accounting year, and submit and disclose its interim report to the local office of the CSRC and the stock exchange within months from the end of the first half of each accounting year.  The annual report and interim report shall be prepared and disclosed in accordance with the relevant laws, administrative regulations and relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed.
105	Article 177 No books of accounts other than those provided in accordance with laws may be established by the Company. Assets of the Company shall not be deposited in accounts opened and maintained in the name of any individual.	Article 171 No books of accounts other than those provided in accordance with laws may be established by the Company. Capital of the Company shall not be deposited in accounts opened and maintained in the name of any individual.

No. Before amendments	Amended Articles
No. Before amendments  106  Article 178 The profits of the Company after tax shall be distributed to uses in the following order:  (1) the after-tax profit of the current year shall first be used to make up for losses if the Company's statutory reserves are insufficient to make up for the losses of previous years;  (2) 10% of such profit shall be allocated to the Company's statutory reserves until the Company's accumulated statutory reserves are 50% or more of the Company's registered capital and no further allocation is required;  (3) after contribution to the statutory reserves fund has been made from its after tax profits, discretionary reserves may be contributed from after-tax profit, upon a resolution approved at the general meeting;  (4) after the losses have made up for and contributions to the reserve fund have been made, any remaining after-tax profit shall be distributed in proportion to percentage of shares held by shareholders.  No dividends shall be distributed prior to the Company making up for the losses and contributions to the statutory and discretionary reserves.  The Board of the Company shall determine the specific proportion of profit distribution to uses as set out in sections (3), (4) above in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and the business and development needs of the Company, and such proportion shall be submitted to the general meeting of shareholders for approval.  Where the general meeting of shareholders is in breach of the first paragraph of this Article to make profit distribution to the shareholders before offsetting the losses and contributing to the statutory surplus reserve, the shareholders shall return the profits so distributed to the Company.	Article 172 The profits of the Company after tax shall be distributed to uses in the following order:  (1) the after-tax profit of the current year shall first be used to make up for losses if the Company's statutory reserves are insufficient to make up for the losses of previous years;  (2) ten percent of such profit shall be allocated to the Company's statutory reserves until the Company's accumulated statutory reserves are fifty percent or more of the Company's registered capital and no further allocation is required;  (3) after contribution to the statutory reserves fund has been made from its after tax profits, discretionary reserves may be contributed from after-tax profit, upon a resolution approved at the shareholders' meeting;  (4) after the losses have made up for and contributions to the reserve fund have been made, any remaining after-tax profit shall be distributed in proportion to percentage of shares held by shareholders.  No dividends shall be distributed prior to the Company making up for the losses and contributions to the statutory and discretionary reserves.  The Board of the Company shall determine the specific proportion of profit distribution to uses as set out in sections (3), (4) above in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and the business and development needs of the Company, and such proportion shall be submitted to the general meeting of shareholders for approval.  Where the general meeting of shareholders for approval.  Where the general meeting of shareholders for approval.  Where the general meeting of shareholders shall return the profits so distributed to the Company, the shareholders and responsible directors and senior management personnel shall be liable for compensation.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
	The shares of the Company held by the Company shall not be entitled to the distribution of profits.	The shares of the Company held by the Company shall not be entitled to the distribution of profits.
107	Article 180 The surplus reserve of the Company is only allowed to be used for making up losses of the Company, expansion of production facilities of the Company and conversion into capital of the Company. However, the capital reserve cannot be used for off-setting the loss of the Company.  When converting its surplus reserve fund into share capital under the resolution of shareholders at general meeting, the Company shall issue new shares to existing shareholders in proportion to their original shareholdings. When converting the statutory surplus reserve into share capital, the remaining amount of the fund unconverted must not be less than 25% of the registered capital prior to its transfer and increase.	Article 174 The surplus reserve of the Company is only allowed to be used for making up losses of the Company, expansion of production facilities of the Company and conversion into registered capital of the Company.  To cover the Company's losses using the reserve funds, the discretionary reserve and statutory reserve shall be used first; if the losses cannot be fully covered, the capital reserve may be used in accordance with the relevant regulations.  When converting the statutory surplus reserve into registered capital, the remaining amount of the unconverted fund must not be less than twenty-five percent of the registered capital prior to its transfer and increase.
108	Article 181 The Company shall distribute dividends on an annual basis. The distribution of dividends (or shares) shall be completed within two months after the Company's general meeting of shareholders has passed a resolution on profit distribution proposal, or the Board of Directors has formulated a specific plan to distribute next year's midterm dividend in accordance with the conditions and cap of such distribution as considered and approved the annual general meeting of shareholders.	Article 175 The distribution of dividends (or shares) shall be completed within two months after the shareholders' meeting of the Company has passed a resolution on profit distribution proposal, or the Board of Directors has formulated a specific plan to distribute next year's midterm dividend in accordance with the conditions and cap of such distribution as considered and approved the annual shareholders' meeting.
109	Article 185 The Company shall implement an internal audit system and hire professional audit personnel to carry out internal audit and supervision on the Company's financial income and expenses and economic activities.	Article 179 The Company shall implement an internal audit system that specifies the leadership system, duties and responsibilities, staffing, financial security, utilization of audit results and accountability for internal audit work.  The Company's internal audit system should be implemented after approval by the Board of Directors and should be disclosed to the public.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
110		New Article 180 The Company's internal audit organization shall conduct supervision and inspection of the Company's business activities, risk management, internal control, financial information and other matters.
111	Article 186 The Company's internal audit system and the duties of the audit personnel thereof shall be implemented after approval by the Board. The audit responsible senior management personnel shall be accountable and report to the board of directors.	Article 181 The internal audit organization shall be responsible to the Board of Directors.  The internal audit organization shall be subject to the supervision and guidance of the audit committee in the course of supervision and inspection of the Company's business activities, risk management, internal control and financial information. The internal audit organization shall report immediately and directly to the audit committee if it discovers any relevant major issues or clues.
112		New Article 182 The Company's internal audit organization shall be responsible for the specific organization and implementation of the Company's internal control evaluation. The Company shall issue an annual internal control evaluation report based on the evaluation report and relevant information issued by the internal audit organization and reviewed by the audit committee.
113		New Article 183 When the audit committee communicates with external audit units such as accounting firms and State audit institutions, the internal audit organization shall actively cooperate and provide necessary support and collaboration.
114		New Article 184 The audit committee shall participate in the evaluation of the responsible person for internal audit.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
115	Article 187 The Company shall appoint an independent accounting firm which complies with the relevant requirements of the State to conduct audit on the annual financial statement and to review other financial reports (including accounting reports and verification on net assets etc.) and to provide other related services.  The first accounting firm of the Company may be appointed at the inaugural meeting of the Company before the first annual general meeting and the appointed accounting firm shall hold office until the conclusion of the first annual general meeting.  If the inaugural meeting fails to exercise its aforesaid power, this power shall be exercised by the Board.	Article 185 The Company shall appoint an independent accounting firm which complies with the relevant requirements of the State to conduct audit on the annual financial statement and to review other financial reports (including accounting reports and verification on net assets etc.) and to provide other related services.
116	Article 189 The accounting firm appointed by the Company has the following rights:  (1) to inspect at any times the books, records and vouchers of the Company, and to request the Directors, general managers or other senior officers of the Company to provide any relevant information and explanation.  (2) to request the Company to take all reasonable steps to obtain necessary information from its subsidiaries and explain to them to perform their duties.  (3) to attend shareholders' general meetings and to receive all notices of, and other communications relating to, such meetings which a shareholder of the Company is entitled to receive, and to speak at any shareholders' general meeting on any matter concerning its role as the accountant of the Company.	Delete
117	Article 191 The remuneration for the accounting firm or the manner in such firm is to be remunerated and shall be determined at the shareholders' general meeting. The remuneration of the accounting' firm appointed by the Board shall be determined by the Board.	Article 188 The audit fees of the accounting firm shall be determined at the shareholders' meeting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
118	Article 192 The Company's	Article 189 The Company's
	appointment, removal or <u>non-</u>	appointment <u>or</u> removal of an
	reappointment of an accounting' firm	accounting' firm undertaking
	shall be decided by shareholders at a	audit work shall be decided at
	shareholders' general meeting. The	a shareholders' meeting. If the
	accounting firm should be allowed to	Company removes or does not
	make representations on the voting of its	reappoint an accounting firm, it shall
	removed.	notify the accounting firm in a timely
		manner. The accounting firm should
		be allowed to make representations on
		the voting for its dismissal. The Board
		of Directors shall not appoint an
		accounting firm prior to the decision
		of the shareholders' meeting.
		If the accounting firm offers to
		resign, it shall make a statement to
		the general meeting as to whether
		the Company is involved in any
		inappropriate situations.
119		New Article 199 If the
		consideration to be paid by the
		Company for the merger does not
		exceed ten percent of the Company's
		net assets, it may not be subject to
		resolution of the general meeting,
		unless otherwise stipulated by the
		laws, administrative regulations,
		relevant regulations of the securities
		regulatory authorities or stock
		exchanges in the places where the
		Company's shares are listed and the
		Articles of Association.
		If a merger of the Company
		pursuant to the preceding paragraph
		is not resolved by the general meeting,
		it shall be subject to a resolution of
		the Board of Directors.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
120	Article 202 The merger of the Company may take the form of either merger by absorption or merger by new establishment. When the Company is merged, the parties to the merger shall execute a merger agreement and prepare their respective balance sheets and inventory of assets. The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of passing of the resolution of merger and shall publish the announcement in newspapers within 30 days thereof.  The merged entity or the newly established company shall assume the liability for the debts and obligations of parties to the merger after the merger of the Company.	Article 200 The merger of the Company may take the form of either a merger by absorption or merger by new establishment. When the Company is merged, the parties to the merger shall execute a merger agreement and prepare their respective balance sheets and inventory of assets. The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of passing of the resolution of the merger and shall publish the announcement in newspapers or the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System within thirty days thereof.  A creditor can, within thirty days of receiving the notice from the Company or, in the absence of such notice, within forty-five days of the date of the public announcement, require the Company to repay its debts or provide a corresponding guarantee for such debt.  The merged entity or the newly established company shall assume the liability for the debts and obligations of parties to the merger after the merger of the Company.
121	Article 203 When the Company is divided, its assets must be divided accordingly. When the Company is divided, the parties to the division shall execute a division agreement and prepare their respective balance sheets and inventory of assets. The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of passing of the resolution of division and shall publish the announcement in newspapers within 30 days thereof. The divided entities shall assume the liability for the obligations of the Company before the division.	Article 201 When the Company is divided, its assets must be divided accordingly. When the Company is divided, the parties to the division shall execute a division agreement and prepare their respective balance sheets and inventory of assets. The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of passing of the resolution of division and shall publish the announcement in newspapers or the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System within thirty days thereof. The companies resulting from the division shall assume joint liability for the debts of the Company before the division, except where the Company has reached a written agreement on debt settlement with the relevant creditors before the division.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
122	Article 205 The Company shall	Article 203 The Company shall
	be dissolved and liquidated pursuant to	be dissolved and liquidated pursuant to
	laws upon occurrence of any one of the	laws upon occurrence of any one of the
	following circumstances:	following circumstances:
	(1) dissolution due to expiry of	(1) dissolution due to expiry of
	business operation validity;	business operation validity;
	(2) dissolution by resolution of the	(2) dissolution by resolution of the
	general meeting of shareholders;	general meeting of shareholders;
	(3) dissolution due to merger or	(3) dissolution due to merger or
	separation of the Company;	separation of the Company;
	(4) the Company is declared to be	(4) the Company is revoked of its
	bankrupt in accordance with the laws	business license, ordered to be closed
	due to inability to repay debts due;	down or deregistered in accordance
	(5) the Company is held to be close	with laws;
	by sanction in accordance with the laws	$(\underline{5})$ in the event that the Company
	due to violation of laws or administrative	encounters serious difficulties in its
	regulations;	business and its continuous operation
	( <u>6</u> ) in the event that the Company	will cause substantial losses to
	encounters serious difficulties in its	shareholders and such problem may
	business and its continuous operation	not be solved by any other alternative,
	will cause substantial losses to	shareholder(s) holding 10% or more of
	shareholders and such problem may	the shares of the Company may request
	not be solved by any other alternative,	a people's court to proceed a mandatory
	shareholder(s) holding 10% or more of	dissolution of the Company.
	the shares of the Company may request	If the Company encounters any of
	a people's court to proceed a mandatory	the dissolution causes specified in the
	dissolution of the Company.	preceding paragraph, it shall publicly
		announce the dissolution causes
		via the National Enterprise Credit
		Information Publicity System within
		ten days.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
123	Article 206 If dissolved by	Article 204 In the circumstances
	reason of paragraphs (1) and (2) of the	of paragraphs (1) and (2) of the
	foregoing Article, the Company shall	foregoing Article, if no asset has
	establish a liquidation committee within	been distributed to shareholders, the
	15 days and the committee members	Company may continue to survive by
	shall be determined by an ordinary	amending the Articles of Association
	resolution at general meeting.	or by a resolution at the general
	If dissolved by reason of	meeting.
	paragraph (3) of the foregoing Article,	Any amendment to the Articles
	the Company shall be liquidated by	of Association or resolution at the
	a liquidation committee comprising	general meeting under the preceding
	shareholders, the relevant authorities and	paragraph shall be subject to the
	professionals, to be established by the	approval of shareholders with two-
	People's Court in accordance with the	thirds or more of the voting rights
	relevant laws and regulations.	present at the general meeting.
	If dissolved by reason of	If dissolved by reasons of
	paragraph (4) of the foregoing Article,	paragraph (1), (2), (4) and (5) of the
	the Company shall be liquidated by	foregoing Article, the Company shall
	a liquidation committee comprising	be liquidated. The directors, who
	shareholders, the relevant authorities	are the liquidation obligors of the
	and professionals, to be established by	Company, shall form a liquidation
	the relevant competent authorities. If	committee to carry out the liquidation
	dissolved by reason of paragraph (6) of	within fifteen days from the date when
	the foregoing Article, the liquidation	the event of dissolution occurs. The
	proceedings of the company shall	members of the liquidation task force
	commence by establishing a liquidation	shall be composed of directors, unless
	committee within 15 days from the date	it is otherwise provided in the Articles
	on which the circumstances leading to	of Association or otherwise elected by
	dissolution of the Company occurred.	the general meeting.
	The liquidation committee shall be	The liquidation obligors shall be
	comprised of the personnel determined	liable for compensation if they fail to
	by the directors or general meeting.	fulfill their obligations of liquidation
	If a liquidation committee is failed	in a timely manner, and thus any
	to be established within the aforesaid	loss is caused to the Company or the
	period for conducting the proceedings	creditors.
	of liquidation, the creditor(s) may	
	apply to court for forming a liquidation	
	committee, comprising the relevant	
	personnel designated by the court, to	
	conduct the proceedings of liquidation.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
124	Article 207 The liquidation task force shall notify the creditors within ten days from the date of its establishment and publish the announcement in newspapers within 60 days. The creditors may, within 30 days from receipt of the notice (or within 45 days for those creditors who did not receive the notice), declare their creditors' rights to the liquidation task force.  Creditors declaring their creditors' rights shall provide details of the creditors' rights and the relevant proof. The liquidation task force shall register the creditors' rights.  During the declaration period, the liquidation task force shall not settle any creditors' rights.	Article 205 The liquidation task force shall notify the creditors within ten days from the date of its establishment and publish the announcement in newspapers or the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System within 60 days. The creditors may, within 30 days from receipt of the notice (or within 45 days for those creditors who did not receive the notice), declare their creditors' rights to the liquidation task force.  Creditors declaring their creditors' rights shall provide details of the creditors' rights and the relevant proof. The liquidation task force shall register the creditors' rights.  During the declaration period, the liquidation task force shall not settle any creditors' rights.
125	Article 208 During the liquidation period, the liquidation committee exercises the following functions and powers:  (1) to sort out the Company's assets and prepare a balance sheet and an inventory of assets respectively;  (2) to notify the creditors by notice or public announcement;  (3) to dispose of and liquidate any business of the Company that has not been wound up;  (4) to pay all outstanding taxes;  (5) to settle claims and debts;  (6) to distribute any remaining assets after the full settlement of the debts by the Company;  (7) to represent the Company in any civil proceedings.	Article 206 During the liquidation period, the liquidation committee exercises the following functions and powers:  (1) to sort out the Company's assets and prepare a balance sheet and an inventory of assets respectively; (2) to notify the creditors by notice or public announcement; (3) to dispose of and liquidate any business of the Company that has not been wound up; (4) to pay all outstanding taxes and tax liabilities arising from the liquidation process; (5) to settle claims and debts; (6) to distribute the Company's remaining properties after satisfaction of the Company's (7) to represent the Company in any civil proceedings.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
126	Article 209 Members of the liquidation task force shall perform liquidation obligations in accordance with laws.  Members of the liquidation task force shall not abuse their duties and rights to accept bribes or other illegal income and shall not convert the Company assets.  Members of the liquidation task force shall bear compensation liability towards the Company or its creditors for damages suffered by the Company or its creditors due to an intentional or serious mistake of the member(s) of the liquidation task force.  Article 210 After the liquidation	Article 207 The members of the liquidation task force shall perform their duties of liquidation and shall be obliged to loyalty and diligence. Any member of the liquidation committee who neglects to fulfill his/her liquidation duties, thus causing any loss to the Company, shall be liable for compensation. Any member of the liquidation task force who has caused any loss to the Company or the creditors of the Company by reason of any intentional or gross negligence of such a member shall be liable for the compensation to the Company or the relevant credit.  Article 208 After the liquidation
127	committee has sorted out the assets of the Company, and prepared a balance sheet and an inventory of assets, it shall prepare and submit a liquidation proposal to the shareholders' general meeting or relevant competent authorities for approval. The assets of the Company shall be distributed in the following order:  (1) liquidation fees; (2) wages due to the employees of the Company and social security contribution during three years immediately before the date of liquidation; (3) taxes overdue and surtaxes payable in accordance with relevant administrative regulations of the PRC; (4) bank loans, bonds and other debts of the Company.  The Company's remaining assets after repayment of its debts in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph shall be distributed to its shareholders according to the class and proportion of their shareholdings.  The Company is not allowed to commence any new business activities during liquidation.	task force has sorted out the assets of the Company and prepared a balance sheet and an inventory of assets, it shall prepare and submit a liquidation proposal to the general meeting or the People's Court for confirmation.  The assets of the Company remaining after the payment of liquidation expenses, employee salaries, social insurance premiums and statutory compensatory amounts, outstanding taxes and the debts of the Company shall be distributed to shareholders in proportion to their respective shareholdings.  The Company shall remain in existence but shall not engage in any business activities which are not related to the liquidation during the liquidation. The assets of the Company shall not be distributed to shareholders before payments have been made in accordance with the preceding paragraph.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
128	Article 211 If the Company is liquidated by reason of dissolution and the liquidation committee, having sorted out the Company's assets and prepared a balance sheet and inventory of assets, discovers that the value of the Company's assets are insufficient to settle its debt in full, it shall immediately apply to the People's Court for a declaration of insolvency.  After the People's Court has declared the Company insolvent, the company's liquidation committee shall turn over any matters regarding the liquidation to the People's Court.	Article 209 In the event that the liquidation task force, having sorted the Company's assets and prepared a balance sheet and inventory of assets, discovers that the value of the Company's assets are insufficient to settle its debt in full, it shall apply to the People's Court for bankruptcy and liquidation of the Company in accordance with laws.  After the People's Court accepts the application for bankruptcy, the liquidation task force shall hand over matters regarding the liquidation to the bankruptcy administrator designated by the People's Court.
129	Article 212 Upon the completion of liquidation of the Company, the liquidation committee shall prepare a liquidation report, a statement of income and expense and accounts and books for the period of liquidation which shall be audited by the PRC certified public accountants and submitted to the shareholders' general meeting or relevant competent authorities for confirmation.  The liquidation committee shall also within 30 days after such confirmation by shareholders' general meeting or relevant competent authorities, submit the aforesaid documents to the company registration authority and apply for the deregistration of the Company, and publish an announcement relating to the dissolution of the Company.	Article 210 Upon the completion of liquidation of the Company, the liquidation task force shall prepare a liquidation report, a statement of income and expense and accounts and books for the period of liquidation which shall be audited by the PRC certified public accountants and submitted to the shareholders' meeting or the People's Court for confirmation, and be submitted to the company registration authority to apply for deregistration of the Company.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
130		New Article 211 Where the Company does not incur any debt or has repaid all debts during its existence, the Company may be deregistered through summary procedures with the commitment of all shareholders. Deregistration of the Company through the summary procedure shall be announced through the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System for a period of not less than twenty days. If there is no objection after the expiration of the announcement period, the Company may apply to the company registration authority for deregistration within twenty days.  Where the Company is deregistered through the summary procedures, and the shareholders make false undertakings as to the contents stipulated in the first paragraph of this article, they shall be jointly and severally liable for the debts incurred before the deregistration.
131		New Article 214 Under any of the following circumstances, the Company shall amend the Articles:  (1) where after an amendment to the Company Law or the relevant laws or administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, there is a conflict between the provisions of the Articles and those of the amended laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed;  (2) where there are changes in circumstances from the time when the provisions herein are formulated that cause discrepancies to what is stated herein;  (3) the shareholders' meeting has decided to amend the Articles.

No.	Before amendments	Amended Articles
132		New Article 221 Definition:  (1) a controlling shareholder refers to a shareholder who holds shares representing more than fifty percent of the company's total share capital; or a shareholder who, although holding shares representing less than fifty percent of the Company' total share capital, has voting rights sufficient to substantially influence the resolutions of the general meeting.  (2) an actual controlling party shall mean a natural person, legal person or other organizational entity that is actually able to control a company through an investment relationship, agreement or other arrangements.  (3) connect relationship shall mean the relationship between the controlling shareholders, actual controlling shareholders, actual controlling party, directors or senior management personnel of the Company and the enterprises directly or indirectly controlled by such persons, and other relationship that may result in a transfer of the interests of the Company, provided that there shall be no connected relationships between enterprises controlled by the State solely by reason of them being under the common control of the State.
133		New Article 225 The terms of "above", "within" shall include the figures mentioned herein whilst the terms of "more than", "than", "beyond", "below" and "over" shall not include the figures mentioned.

## PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

#### Revision notes:

- 1. In accordance with the Company Law and the Guidelines for the Articles of Association of Listed Companies (2025)\* (《上市公司章程指引 (2025)》), these Rules is renamed as the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings, and the descriptions of "general meeting of shareholders" in these Rules are uniformly changed to "shareholders' meeting".
- 2. In accordance with the Company Law and the Guidelines for the Articles of Association of Listed Companies (2025)\* (《上市公司章程指引 (2025)》), the descriptions regarding "supervisory committee" and "supervisor" in these Rules are removed. The powers and functions of the supervisory committee are exercised by the audit committee.
- 3. In accordance with the Company Law and Article 12 of the Guidelines for the Articles of Association of Listed Companies (2025)\* (《上市公司章程指引 (2025)》), the descriptions of "general manager and (or) other senior management personnel" in these Rules are uniformly changed to "senior management personnel".
- 4. Except for dates, telephone numbers, addresses, number of shares and registered capital, all numeric expressions shall be uniformly written in Chinese characters in these Rules.
- 5. The Chinese expression of "會議主席" in these Rules is uniformly changed to "會議主持人" and the respective English expression remain unchanged.
- 6. The descriptions of "annual general meeting of shareholders" in these Rules are uniformly changed to "annual shareholders' meeting".
- 7. The descriptions of "laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules" in these Rules are uniformly changed to "laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed".
- 8. The above amendments shall not be listed separately without substantive amendments, and the specific amendments to these Rules are as follows:

# PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
1		New Article 2 The convening, proposal, notice and holding of the shareholders' meeting of Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") apply to the Rules.
2	Article 4 The general meeting of shareholders shall exercise the following functions and powers:  (1) to decide on the Company's direction of operation and investment plans;  (2) to elect and replace directors and to decide matters relating to the remuneration of directors;  (3) to elect and replace supervisors who are not the employee's representatives and to decide matters relating to the remuneration of supervisors;  (4) to consider and approve reports of the Board;  (5) to consider and approve reports of the supervisory committee;  (6) to consider and approve the Company's annual financial budget and final accounts;  (7) to consider and approve the Company's profit distribution proposals and loss recovery proposals;  (8) to resolve on the increase or reduction of the Company's registered capital;  (9) to resolve on matters such as merger, division, dissolution, liquidation or change of the corporate form of the Company;  (10) to resolve on issuance of debenture by the Company;  (11) to resolve on the appointment, removal or non-renewal of the services of an accounting firm for the Company;  (12) to amend the Articles of Association;	meeting shall exercise the following functions and powers:  (1) to elect and replace directors who are not the employee's representatives and to decide matters relating to the remuneration of directors; (2) to consider and approve reports of the Board; (3) to consider and approve the Company's profit distribution proposals and loss recovery proposals; (4) to resolve on the increase or reduction of the Company's registered capital; (5) to resolve on matters such as merger, division, dissolution, liquidation or change of the corporate form of the Company; (6) to resolve on issuance of debenture by the Company; (7) to resolve on the appointment, removal of an accounting firm for the Company which undertakes the audit engagements of the Company; (8) to amend the Articles of Association; (9) to consider any provisional proposals of shareholders representing individually or collectively one percent or more of the Outstanding voting rights of the Company;

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	$(\underline{13})$ to consider any proposals made	( <u>10</u> ) to consider <u>transactions</u>
	by shareholders representing more than	exceeding ten percent of the
	3% (inclusive) of the voting rights of the	Company's latest audited and
	Company;	recognized net assets, including
	( <u>14</u> ) to consider the material	external investments (acquisitions,
	acquisition, sale or replacement of	mergers, short-term investment
	assets of the Company (in the standard	projects, investments on subsidiaries,
	as confirmed by the rules of the stock	etc.), acquisition or sales of assets,
	exchange located in the places where the	financial management by commission,
	Company's shares are listed);	lease of assets, asset and business
	$(\underline{15})$ to authorize the Board of	management as consignor or
	Directors to decide to issue shares	consignee, donating or taking of
	to finance a total of not more than	assets, credit and debt reorganization,
	RMB300 million and not more than	conclusion of franchise agreements,
	20% of the net assets as at the end of	and transfer of research and
	the latest year to specific subscriber(s),	development projects as transferor or
	and such authorization shall lapse on the	transferee, waiver of rights (including
	date of the next general meeting and is	waiver of right of first refusal, right
	subject to applicable laws, regulations	of first contribution, etc.), conclusion
	of the place where the securities of the	of important contracts (lending,
	Company are listed and relevant rules	contracting, etc.), etc;
	regarding listing of securities;	$(\underline{11})$ to authorize the Board of
	$(\underline{16})$ matters that may be delegated	Directors at the annual shareholders'
	to the Board through authorization or	meeting to decide to issue shares to
	entrustment granted by a general meeting	finance a total of not more than RMB300
	of shareholders of the Company;	million and not more than twenty
	( <u>17</u> ) to consider matters relating to	percent of the net assets as at the end of
	guarantee as stipulated under Article <u>5</u> hereof;	the latest year to specific subscriber(s), and such authorization shall lapse on the
		date of the next <b>shareholders' meeting</b>
	(18) to consider matters relating to the Company's purchase and sale of	and is subject to laws, administrative
	material assets exceeding 30% of the	regulations, relevant regulations of
	latest audited total assets;	the securities regulatory authorities or
	(19) to consider matters relating to	stock exchanges in the places where
	change of purpose for fund raising;	the Company's shares are listed;
	(20) to consider share incentive	(12) matters that may be delegated
	scheme and employees stock scheme;	to the Board through authorization or
	(21) other matters which are	entrustment granted by a general meeting
	required by laws, administrative	of shareholders of the Company;
	regulations, the rules of the stock	
	exchanges located in the places where	
	the Company's shares are listed and the	
	Articles of Association to be approved	
	by way of resolutions passed at the	
	general meeting of shareholders.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
		The authorization or entrustment
		granted to the Board for handling
		matters as authorised or entrusted by
		a general meeting of shareholders of
		the Company shall be in compliance
		with the requirements of maintaining
		the legal interests of the Company's
		shareholders and in strict compliance
		with laws and administrative
		regulations to safeguard the
		Company's principles of efficient
		operation and scientific decision. The
		following matters may be delegated by
		the Board through authorization or
		entrustment:
		1. formulating a provisional
		dividend plan;
		2. specific matters involving
		issuance of new shares or convertible
		debenture;
		3. other matters may be delegated
		by the Board through authorization
		or entrustment as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, relevant
		regulations of the securities regulatory
		authorities or stock exchanges in
		the places where the Company's
		shares are listed and the Articles of
		Association.
		The general meetings must not
		delegate those powers which are only
		exercisable by the general meetings as
		prescribed by the applicable domestic
		or foreign laws, administrative
		regulations and/or the listing rules
		of the stock exchanges located in the
		places where the Company's shares
		are listed to the Board of Directors, or
		other organizations and individuals to
		exercise on its behalf.
		$(\underline{13})$ to consider matters relating to
		guarantee as stipulated under Article 6
		hereof;
		(14) to consider matters relating
		to financial assistance as stipulated
		under Article 7 hereof;  (15) to consider matters relating
		( <u>15</u> ) to consider matters relating to the Company's purchase and sale of
		material assets exceeding thirty percent
		of the latest audited total assets;
		of the fatest addited total assets,

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
		(16) the shareholders' meeting
		may authorize the Board to make a
		resolution on the issuance of corporate
		bonds. Subject to compliance with
		domestic and foreign laws and
		administrative regulations, relevant
		regulations of securities regulatory
		authorities or the stock exchanges
		in the places where the Company's
		shares are listed, the general meeting
		may authorize the Board to decide on
		the issuance of shares not exceeding
		fifty percent of the issued shares
		within three years, provided that a
		resolution of the general meeting shall
		be passed if the capital contribution
		is made by way of non-monetary
		property;
		$(\underline{17})$ to consider matters relating to
		change of purpose for fund raising;
		$(\underline{18})$ to consider share incentive
		scheme and employees stock scheme;
		$(\underline{19})$ other matters which are
		required by laws, administrative
		regulations, relevant regulations of the
		securities regulatory authorities or
		stock exchanges in the places where
		the Company's shares are listed
		and the Articles of Association to be
		approved by way of resolutions passed
		at the general meeting of shareholders.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
3		New Article 7 The following
		acts of financial assistance for the
		Company shall be considered and
		approved by the general meeting:
		(1) a single financial aid amount
		exceeds ten percent of the Company's
		latest audited net assets;
		(2) the latest financial statements
		of the recipient show that its asset-
		liability ratio exceeds seventy percent;
		(3) the cumulative amount of
		financial aid within the last twelve
		months exceeds ten percent of the
		Company's latest audited net assets;
		(4) other circumstances as
		stipulated by laws, administrative
		regulations, relevant regulations of
		the securities regulatory authorities or
		stock exchanges in the places where
		the Company's shares are listing,
		or the Articles of Association of the
		Company.
		If the recipient of the financial
		assistance is a controlling subsidiary
		within the scope of the Company's
		consolidated financial statements,
		and the other shareholders of
		the controlling subsidiary do not
		include the Company's controlling
		shareholder, actual controlling party
		and its related parties, the provisions
		of the preceding paragraph shall not
		apply.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
4	Article 6 The venue of the general	Article 8 The venue of the
	meetings of the Company shall be the	shareholders' meetings of the
	registered office of the Company or such	Company shall be the registered office
	other places as stipulated in the notice	of the Company or such other places
	of general meeting. There shall be a	as stipulated in the notice of the
	physical venue for the general meeting	shareholders' meetings. There shall be
	to be held on-site and the Company shall	a physical venue for the shareholders'
	provide the means of network voting	meetings to be held on-site and the
	to facilitate shareholders' participation	Company shall provide the means of
	in the general meeting of shareholders.	network voting to facilitate shareholders'
	Shareholders participating general	participation in the shareholders'
	meetings in the aforesaid manners shall	meetings. If permitted by laws,
	be deemed present at the meeting.	administrative regulations, relevant
		regulations of the securities regulatory
		authorities or stock exchanges in the
		places where the Company's shares
		are listed and the conditions are
		available, the shareholders' meeting
		g may be convened by means of
		electronic communication in addition
		to setting up a venue and convening in
		the form of an on-site meeting. If the
		shareholders' meetings is convened by
		means of electronic communication,
		all shareholders shall be entitled to
		speak and vote.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
5	Article 7 The Company shall	Article 9 The Company
	engage lawyers to attend the general	shall engage lawyers to attend the
	meeting of shareholders to give opinion	shareholders' meeting to give opinion
	on the following issues and issue an	on the following issues and issue an
	announcement afterwards:	announcement afterwards:
	(1) whether the procedures for	(1) whether the procedures for
	convening and holding a general meeting	convening and holding a shareholders'
	of shareholders are in compliance with	meeting are in compliance with the
	the <u>laws</u> , regulations, these Articles of	laws, regulations, relevant regulations
	Association and these Rules;	of the securities regulatory authorities
	(2) to verify the qualifications	or stock exchanges in the places where
	of the personnel attending the general	the Company's shares are listed, the
	meeting of shareholders and the egality	Articles of Association and these Rules;
	and validity of the qualifications of the	(2) the qualifications of those who
	persons convening the meeting;	are present at the meeting, and the
	(3) to verify the qualifications	legality and validity of the convener's
	of any shareholders submitting new	qualifications;
	proposals in the annual general meeting;	(3) whether the voting procedures
	$(\underline{4})$ whether or not the voting	and voting results of the shareholders'
	procedures, voting results of the general	meeting are legally valid;
	meeting of shareholders are legally	$(\underline{4})$ legal opinion issued in
	valid;	accordance with the request of the
	$(\underline{5})$ legal opinion issued in	Company in respect of other relevant
	accordance with the request of the	matters.
	Company in respect of other relevant	The Board of Directors of the
	matters.	Company can at the same time engage
	The Board of Directors of the	notaries to attend the shareholders'
	Company may also engage notaries	meeting.
	to attend the general meeting of	
	shareholders.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
6	Article 11 The Company shall	Article 13 The Company shall
	convene an extraordinary general	convene an extraordinary shareholders'
	meeting within 2 months from the date	meeting within two months from the
	of actual occurrence of any one of the	date of actual occurrence of any one of
	following circumstances:	the following circumstances:
	(1) the number of directors fall	(1) the number of directors fall
	short of the number as stipulated by	short of the number as stipulated by
	the Company Law or two-thirds of the	the Company Law or two-thirds of the
	number as stipulated under the Articles	number as stipulated under the Articles
	of Association;	of Association;
	(2) the accrued losses of the	(2) the accrued losses of the
	Company amount to one-third of its total	Company amount to one-third of its total
	paid-up share capital;	paid-up share capital;
	(3) shareholders who hold 10%	(3) shareholders who hold
	(inclusive) or more shares of the	individually or collectively ten percent
	Company's issued shares carrying the	or more shares of the Company's
	voting rights make a written request	issued shares carrying the voting rights
	to convene an extraordinary general	make a written request to convene an
	meeting;	extraordinary shareholders' meeting;
	(4) such meeting is considered	(4) such meeting is considered
	necessary by the Board or proposed to be	necessary by the Board of Directors or
	convened by the supervisory committee;	proposed to be convened by the audit
	(5) other circumstances as	committee;
	stipulated by laws, administrative	(5) other circumstances as
	regulations, these Articles of Association	stipulated by laws, administrative
	or these Rules.	regulations, relevant listing regulations
		of the securities regulatory authorities
		or stock exchanges in the places where
		the Company's shares are listed, the
		Articles of Association or these Rules.
		In accordance with the
		circumstances under items (3) and
		(4) of this Article for convening an
		extraordinary general meeting, the
		date of actual occurrence shall be the
		date on which the Board of Directors
		of the Company receives the written
		proposal from the requisitioning
		shareholders and the audit committee
		which satisfies the conditions set out
1		

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
No.	(7) to specify in clear wordings that all shareholders are entitled to attend the general meeting, and that each of the shareholders entitled to attend and vote is also entitled to appoint in writing one or more than one proxy to attend and vote on his or her behalf; and such proxy may not be a shareholder;  (8) to specify expressly the date and place for serving the power of attorney authorizing the proxy to vote;  (9) to specify the date of equity registration of the shareholders who are entitled to attend the general meeting;  (10) to contain the name and telephone number of the permanent contact person;  (11) the voting time and the voting procedures for such online or other forms of voting.  After the notice of general meeting is dispatched, such general meeting shall not be postponed or cancelled and the resolutions set out in the notice of general meeting shall not be cancelled without justifiable causes. Once such general meeting is postponed or cancelled and the resolutions are	(7) to specify in clear wordings that all shareholders are entitled to attend the general meeting, and that each of the shareholders entitled to attend and vote is also entitled to appoint in writing one or more than one proxy to attend and vote on his or her behalf; and such proxy may not be a shareholder;  (8) to specify expressly the date and place for serving the power of attorney authorizing the proxy to vote;  (9) to specify the date of equity registration of the shareholders who are entitled to attend the shareholders' meeting;  (10) to contain the name and telephone number of the permanent contact person;  (11) the voting time and the voting procedures for such online or other forms of voting.  After the notice of shareholders' meeting is dispatched, such shareholders' meeting shall not be postponed or cancelled and the resolutions set out in the notice of general meeting shall not be cancelled without justifiable causes. Once such
	Once such general meeting is postponed	general meeting shall not be cancelled
	or cancelled and the resolutions are cancelled, the convener shall announce and disclose the reasons thereof within	shareholders' meeting is postponed or cancelled and the resolutions are
	at least two business days before the original date of such general meeting.	cancelled, the convener shall announce and disclose the reasons thereof within at least two business days before the original date of such general meeting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
8	Article 18 Shareholders shall	Article 20 Shareholders shall
	authorize his or her proxy in writing, the	authorize his or her proxy in writing,
	power of attorney shall be signed by the	and the power of attorney should
	proxy or the agent authorized in writing	contain the following information:
	by the proxy. Where the proxy is a legal	(1) name of the principal, the
	person, the chop of the legal person	class and number of shares held by
	should be affixed, or the director or the	him/her in the Company;
	agent officially entrusted shall sign such	(2) name of the proxy;
	power of attorney.	(3) specific instructions from the
		shareholder, including direction as to
		affirmation, objection and veto to each
		matter to be discussed in the agenda
		of the general meeting;
		(4) issue date and validity period
		of the power of attorney;
		(5) signature (or chop) of the
		principal. Where the principal is a
		corporate shareholder, the corporate
		seal shall be affixed.
		(6) other contents required by
		laws, administrative regulations,
		relevant provisions of securities
		regulatory authorities or stock
		exchanges in the places where the
		Company's shares are listed.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
9	Article 30 Shareholder attending	Article 23 Each shareholder is
	the general meeting shall present his or	entitled to appoint one representative,
	her stock account certificate, identity	but such a representative need not be
	card or other valid certificate or proof	a shareholder of the issuer.
	showing his or her identity. A proxy	Shareholder attending <u>the</u>
	shall present the power of attorney	shareholders' meeting in person shall
	issued by the shareholder and his or her	present his or her identity card or other
	valid identity card.	valid certificate or proof showing his
		or her identity. A proxy shall present
		the power of attorney issued by the
		shareholder and his or her valid identity
		card.
		Corporate shareholder shall
		entrust the legal representative or its
		agent to attend the general meeting.
		Legal representative attending
		the general meeting shall present
		his or her identity card and valid
		proof showing the status of legal
		representative; corporate shareholders
		may also appoint proxies to attend
		the meeting and vote at the meeting, and if the corporate shareholder
		has appointed a proxy to attend any
		meeting, it shall be deemed to attend
		in person. The corporate shareholder
		may execute a written power of
		attorney (proxy form) through its
		duly authorized personnel. The proxy
		attending the meeting shall produce
		his/her identity card and the written
		power of attorney duly issued by the
		legal representative of the corporate
		shareholder (unless such power of
		attorney has been deposited with the
		Company in advance in accordance
		with the relevant provisions of
		securities regulatory authorities or
		stock exchanges in the places where
		the Company's shares are listed,
		or the requirements of the general
		meeting notice, or the shareholder
		is a recognized clearing house or its
		proxy). Where the legal representative
		attends the meeting, it shall be deemed
		that the corporate shareholder attends
		the meeting in person.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
		A non-corporate shareholder shall entrust the person in charge of the organization or the agent entrusted by the person in charge to attend the general meetings. The person in charge of the organization attending the general meeting shall produce his/her identity card and valid proof showing his or her capacities as the person in charge; the agent attending the general meeting shall produce his or her identity card and a power of attorney in writing duly issued by the person in charge of the organization according to law.  For matters involving H-share shareholders, the relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges at the listing place shall be followed.
10	Article 29 All shareholders or their agents already registered as at the date of equity registration shall be entitled to attend the general meetings of shareholders, and the Company and the convener shall not refuse for any reason.	Article 27 All shareholders or their agents already registered as at the date of equity registration shall be entitled to attend the shareholders' meetings, and the Company and the convener shall not refuse for any reason. The interval between the record date and the date of the meeting shall not be more than seven working days. Once the record date is confirmed, no change may be made thereto.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
11	Article 32 During the general meeting of shareholders, all directors,	Article 29 Where the general meeting requires directors and senior
	supervisors and the secretary of the	management to attend the meeting,
	board of directors should attend the	directors and senior management
	meeting, the general managers and other	shall attend and accept inquiries from
	senior management personnel shall also	shareholders.
	be present at the meeting.	The directors and senior
	The directors, supervisors, senior	management personnel shall provide
	management personnel shall provide	explanation and clarification to the
	explanation and clarification to the	inquiries and suggestions raised by
	inquiries and suggestions raised by the	the shareholders at the shareholders'
	shareholders at the general meeting,	<b>meeting</b> , except for those involving the
	except for those involving the company's	company's trade secrets and undisclosed
	trade secrets and undisclosed sensitive	sensitive information that cannot be
	information that cannot be disclosed at	disclosed at the <b>shareholders' meeting.</b>
	the <u>meeting</u> .	In case of any of the following,
	The Company may invite the annual	directors and senior management
	auditor to be present at the annual	personnel may refuse to answer
	general meeting to provide explanations	but shall explain the reasons to the
	and clarifications covering annual	questioner:
	reports and audits of the Company	(1) <u>inquiries are irrelevant to the</u>
		subject topic;
		(2) the matters inquired are
		under investigation;
		(3) answering inquiries will
		reveal the Company's trade secrets
		or significantly damage the common
		interests of shareholders;
		(4) other important reasons.
		The Company may invite the
		annual auditor to be present at the
		annual shareholders' meeting to
		provide explanations and clarifications
		covering annual reports and audits of the Company.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
12	Article 22 Proposals for the general	Article 30 Proposals for the
	meeting of shareholders are specific	shareholders' meeting are specific
	resolutions focusing on the matters to	resolutions focusing on the matters to be
	be discussed in the general meeting of	discussed in the shareholders' meeting,
	shareholders, and have definite agenda	and have definite agenda and specific
	and specific matters for resolution, and	matters for resolution, and shall comply
	shall comply with the relevant provisions	with the relevant provisions of the laws,
	of the laws, administrative regulations	administrative regulations, relevant
	and the Articles of Association. Specific	regulations of the securities regulatory
	proposals shall be decided in the general	authorities or stock exchanges in
	meeting of shareholders.	the places where the Company's
	The Board of Directors,	shares are listed and the Articles of
	the supervisory committee and	Association. Specific proposals shall be
	shareholder(s) who individually or	decided in the shareholders' meeting.
	jointly hold more than 3% of the total	The Board of Directors, the
	number of the shares carrying voting	audit committee and shareholder(s)
	rights of the Company are entitled to	who individually or jointly hold more
	propose resolutions to the Company to	than one percent of the total number
	be decided at the general meeting of	of shares carrying voting rights of
	shareholders convened by the Company.	the Company are entitled to propose
	Shareholders(s) who individually	resolutions to the Company to be
	or jointly hold 3% or more of the	decided at the shareholders' meeting
	shares of the Company, is/are entitled	convened by the Company.
	to propose additional resolutions in	Shareholders(s) who individually or
	writing to the convener ten days before	jointly hold <b>one percent or more</b> of the
	the shareholders' meeting is held. The	shares of the Company, is/are entitled
	convener shall issue a supplemental	to propose additional resolutions in
	notice of meeting within two days after	writing to the convener ten days before
	receiving such proposal specifying the	the shareholders' meeting is held. The
	contents of such proposal.	convener shall issue a supplemental
	Save for those as prescribed in	notice of the shareholders' meeting
	the preceding provisions, subsequent	within two days after receiving such
	to the notice of the general meeting of	proposal specifying the contents
	shareholders, the proposals already listed	of such proposal and submit such
	in the notice of the general meeting or	proposal to the shareholders'
	the newly added proposals shall not be	meeting for consideration. However,
	amended.	temporary proposals that violate laws,
	The general meeting of	administrative regulations or relevant
	shareholders shall not vote on or pass	regulations of the securities regulatory
	a resolution for any proposal which is	authorities or stock exchanges in the
	not listed in the notice of the general	places where the Company's shares
	meeting or inconsistent with paragraph 1	are listed or the provisions of the
	of this Article.	Articles of Association, or that do not
		fall within the scope of authority of
		the general meeting, are excluded.
		If the shareholders' meeting must
		ha manda anad dan da dha tan isisis C

be postponed due to the issuance of

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
		a supplementary notice to shareholders as required by relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, the convening of the shareholders' meeting shall be postponed in accordance with relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed; if there are other special provisions regarding shareholders' proposals or the Board of Directors issuing supplementary notices to shareholders under relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, such provisions must also be complied with.  Save for those as prescribed in the preceding provisions, subsequent to the notice of the shareholders' meeting, the proposals already listed in the notice of the shareholders' meeting or the newly added proposals shall not be amended.  The shareholders' meeting or the newly added proposals shall not be amended.  The shareholders' meeting shall not vote on or pass a resolution for any proposal which is not listed in the notice of the shareholders' meeting or inconsistent with paragraph 1 of this Article.
13	Article 23 Any notice and supplementary notice of the general meeting of shareholders shall sufficiently and completely disclose the details of all proposals, and all information or interpretations necessary for shareholders to make a reasonable judgment on the matters to be discussed. If any matter to be discussed requires the opinions of the independent directors, the opinions and reasons of the independent directors shall be disclosed together with the issuance of such notice or supplementary notice.	Article 31 Any notice and supplementary notice of the shareholders' meeting shall sufficiently and completely disclose the details of all proposals, and all information or interpretations necessary for shareholders to make a reasonable judgment on the matters to be discussed.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
14	Article 25 The Board of Directors shall not put forward further proposals on matters that are not listed in the notice of meeting after it is issued.	Delete
15	Article 26 The convener shall conduct a formal review of the interim proposals put forward at the general meeting of shareholders in accordance with the following principles:  (1) Relevance. The Board of Directors shall review the proposals put forward by shareholders. Any such proposals involving matters which are directly related to the Company and do not exceed the terms of reference of the general meeting of shareholders as conferred by the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association shall be submitted for discussion at the general meeting of shareholders. Those failing to satisfy the aforesaid requirements shall not be presented for discussion at the general meeting of shareholders.  (2) Procedure. The Board of Directors may make decisions in respect of procedural issues involved in the proposals put forward by shareholders.  (3) Legality. Whether the content of such a proposal put forward by shareholders violates the relevant provisions of laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association.  (4) Certainty. Whether such proposal put forward by shareholders violates the relevant provisions of laws, administrative regulations and specific matters for resolution.  If the convener decides not to include a shareholder's proposal on the agenda of the meeting, an explanation and clarification shall be given at the general meeting. If proposing shareholders disagree with the exclusion by the convener of their proposals from the agenda of the general meeting, they may request to convene an extraordinary general meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association and these Rules.	Article 33 The convener shall conduct a formal review of the interim proposals put forward at the shareholders' meeting in accordance with the following principles:  (1) Relevance. The Board of Directors shall review the proposals put forward by shareholders. Any such proposals involving matters which are directly related to the Company and do not exceed the terms of reference of the shareholders' meeting as conferred by the laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association shall be submitted for discussion at the shareholders' meeting.  (2) Procedure. The Board of Directors may make decisions in respect of procedural issues involved in the proposals put forward by shareholders.  (3) Legality. Whether the content of such a proposal put forward by shareholders violates the relevant provisions of laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association.  (4) Certainty. Whether such proposal put forward by shareholders has a definite agenda and specific matters for resolution.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
		If the convener decides not to include a shareholder's proposal on the agenda of the meeting, an explanation and clarification shall be given at the shareholders' meeting. If proposing shareholders disagree with the exclusion by the convener of their proposals from the agenda of the shareholders' meeting, they may request to convene an extraordinary shareholders' meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association and these Rules.
16	is convened by the Board of Directors, the chairman of the Board of Directors shall chair and preside at the meeting. Where the chairman of the Board_is unable to attend the meeting for any reason, the deputy chairman shall serve as the presider and preside over the meeting. Failing them, a director elected more than half of the directors shall chair and preside at the meeting. Where no chairman has been designated, the shareholders present may elect one of their members to act as the chairman. If for any reason no chairman is elected by the shareholders, the shareholder (or proxy present) holding the majority of shares carrying the right to vote shall preside the meeting.  The general meeting convened by the supervisory committee shall be presided over by the chairman of the supervisory committee. In the event that the chairman of the supervisory committee is unable or fails to perform his/her duties, a supervisor elected by more than half of the supervisors shall preside over the meeting.	Meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the chairman of the Board of Directors shall chair and preside at the meeting. Where the chairman of the Board is unable to or does not perform his or her duties, the deputy chairman (in case of two deputy chairman jointly elected by a majority of the directors) shall chair and preside over the meeting. Where the deputy chairman is unable to or does not perform his or her duties, a director elected more than half of the directors shall chair and preside at the meeting.  The shareholders' meeting convened by the audit committee shall be presided over by the convener of the audit committee is unable or fails to perform his/her duties, a member of the audit committee jointly elected by more than half of the members of the audit committee shall preside over the meeting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	Shareholders may convene the general meeting themselves and a representative nominated by the convener shall preside over the meeting.  If the chairman of the meeting breaches these Rules during the meeting and the meeting cannot be continued as a result, the shareholders present at the meeting physically may elect a person to act as chairman by more than one-half of the votes cast in favour of the relevant resolution and the meeting may continue.	Shareholders may convene the shareholders' meeting themselves and a representative nominated by the convener shall preside over the meeting.  If the chairman of the meeting breaches these Rules during the shareholders' meeting and the shareholders' meeting cannot be continued as a result, the shareholders present at the shareholders' meeting physically may elect a person to act as chairman by more than one-half of the votes cast in favour of the relevant resolution and the meeting may continue.
17	Article 34 At an annual general meeting, the Board of Directors and supervisory committee shall report their work during the past year to the general meeting. The independent directors shall submit an annual work report at the annual general meeting of the Company to explain the performance of their duties.	Article 35 At an annual shareholders' meeting the Board of Directors shall report their work during the past year to the shareholders' meeting.  Each independent director shall submit an annual work report at the annual shareholders' meeting of the Company to explain the performance of their duties.
18		New Article 39 Before the general meeting votes on proposals, two shareholder representatives shall be elected to participate in vote counting and scrutinization. Where the matter under consideration has a connected relationship with shareholders, the relevant shareholders and their proxies shall not participate in vote counting and scrutinization.  When the general meeting votes on proposals, lawyers and shareholder representatives shall jointly be responsible for vote counting and scrutinization, and the voting results shall be announced on the spot.
19	Article 39 The following matters require the approval of an ordinary resolution at a general meeting:  (1) the working reports of the Board and the supervisory committee;  (2) the plan for distribution of profits and the plan for making up losses prepared by the Board;  (3) the removal of the members of the Board and the supervisory committee, their remuneration and method of payment;  (4) annual financial budgets and statements of final accounts, balance sheet, income statement and other financial statements of the Company;	Article 41 The following matters require the approval of an ordinary resolution at a shareholders' meeting:  (1) the working reports of the Board;  (2) the plan for distribution of profits and the plan for making up losses prepared by the Board;  (3) the appointment and removal of directors who are not employee representatives and the remuneration and payment methods of Directors of the Board;  (4) decisions on the guarantees provided for in Article 6 of these Rules, with the exception of guarantees specified in item (3);

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	(5) the annual reports of the Company;  (6) decisions on the guarantees provided for in Article 5 of the Articles of Association, with the exception of guarantees specified in item (3);  (7) the appointment, removal of an accounting firm or cessation to continue the engagement of an accounting firm and the remuneration of an accounting firm;  (8) any matters not otherwise required by the laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association to be passed by special resolutions.	(5) the appointment, removal of an accounting firm undertaking the Company's audit business and the remuneration of an accounting firm;  (6) any matters not otherwise required by the laws, administrative regulations, relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, or the Articles of Association to be passed by special resolutions.
20	Article 40 The elections of directors and supervisors shall be conducted by way of cumulative voting to ensure transparency, fairness, impartiality and independence in the elections of directors and supervisors.  The cumulative voting system refers to the voting system adopted when two or more directors or supervisors are to be elected, whereas each share held by a shareholder shall have voting rights equal to the number of directors or supervisors attending the meeting and proposed for election, and such shareholder may cast all his/her votes on one single candidate or several candidates separately.  If the number of candidates for directors or supervisors at the general meeting of shareholders is more than the number of directors or supervisors to be elected, the one with the highest number of votes shall be elected. Otherwise, another voting shall be conducted in relation to the vacancies until all the directors or supervisors are elected.	Article 42 The elections of directors shall be conducted by way of cumulative voting to ensure transparency, fairness, impartiality and independence in the elections of directors.  The cumulative voting system refers to the voting system adopted when directors are to be elected, whereas each share held by a shareholder shall have voting rights equal to the number of directors or supervisors attending the meeting and proposed for election, and such shareholder may cast all his/her votes on one single candidate or several candidates separately.  If the number of candidates for directors at the shareholders' meeting is more than the number of directors to be elected, the final successful candidates shall be determined based on the number of votes received, provided that each successful candidate must receive more than half of the votes cast by shareholders present at the general meeting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
21	Article 41 The following matters shall be approved by passing of special resolution at the general meeting of shareholders:  (1) increase or reduction of the Company's capital, issue of any type of shares, options and other similar types of securities;  (2) issue of the Company's bonds;  (3) separation spin-off, merger, dissolution and liquidation of the Company;  (4) amendment to the Articles of Association;  (5) purchase or sale of material assets by the Company within 1 year, or a guarantee amount exceeding 30% of the total assets in the most recent audit period of the Company;  (6) share incentive scheme;  (7) other matters as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations or these Articles of Association, and/or matters deemed by the general meeting by ordinary resolution to impose material effect on the Company and necessary for passing by special resolution.	Article 43 The following matters shall be approved by passing of special resolution at the shareholders' meeting:  (1) increase or reduction of the Company's registered capital and issue of any class of shares, options and other similar types of securities;  (2) issue of the Company's bonds;  (3) separation spin-off, merger, dissolution and liquidation of the Company;  (4) amendment to the Articles of Association;  (5) purchase or sale of material assets by the Company within one year or provision of guarantees to others exceeding thirty of the total assets in the most recent audit period of the Company;  (6) share incentive scheme;  (7) other matters as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, or the Articles of Association, and/or matters deemed by the shareholders' meeting by ordinary resolution to impose material effect on the Company and necessary for
		passing by special resolution.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
No. 22	Article 42 When the general meeting of shareholders considers the content of the proposals set forth in the notice, no changes may be made to the content of the proposals on the matters set forth in the notice; any changes shall be considered as another new proposal and shall not be voted on at this general meeting of shareholders.  The same voting right can only be exercised by one of the on-site, online or other voting methods. In the event of a	Article 44 When the shareholders' meeting considers a proposal, no changes may be made to the proposal; if changed, it shall be considered as another new proposal and shall not be voted on at this shareholders' meeting.  The same voting right can only be exercised by one of the on-site, online or other voting methods. In the event of a duplicate vote on the same voting right, the result of the first vote shall prevail.
	duplicate vote on the same voting right, the result of the first vote shall prevail.  Except for proposals involving cumulative voting system, the shareholders attending the general meeting should make one of the following opinion on the proposal submitted for voting: for, against or abstain, except that securities registration and settlement organizations which hold shares as nominee under the stock connect between Mainland China and Hong Kong may vote in accordance with the instructions of the beneficial holders.  Ballot papers which has not been filled, ballot papers which have been filled erroneously, the handwriting on the ballot papers cannot be recognized or ballot papers which have not been cast will be considered as the relevant voters having abandoned his voting rights and the voting results in respect of his voting shares will be considered as "abstained".	Except for proposals involving cumulative voting system, the shareholders attending the shareholders' meeting should make one of the following opinion on the proposal submitted for voting: for, against or abstain, except that securities registration and settlement organizations which hold shares as nominee under the stock connect between Mainland China and Hong Kong may vote in accordance with the instructions of the beneficial holders.  Ballot papers which has not been filled, ballot papers which have been filled erroneously, the handwriting on the ballot papers cannot be recognized or ballot papers which have not been cast will be considered as the relevant voters having abandoned his voting rights and the voting results in respect of his voting shares will be considered as "abstained".

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
23	Article 43 In the course of considering matters relating to the connected transactions at a general meeting, the shareholders involving connected transactions will abstain from voting. The number of voting shares represented by such shareholders shall be excluded from the total number of voting shares attending the meeting.	Article 45 In the course of considering matters relating to connected transactions at a shareholders' meeting, the shareholders involving connected transactions will abstain from voting. In the course of considering matters relating to a guarantee at a shareholders' meeting, shareholders with interests in such guarantee matters shall abstain from voting.  The number of voting shares represented by such shareholders shall be excluded from the total number of voting shares attending the meeting.
24	Article 46 When making a vote in the election of directors and supervisors in general meeting, a cumulative voting system shall be implemented according to the requirements of the Articles of Association or a resolution passed by the general meeting. If the single largest shareholder together with its parties acting in concert are interested in 30% or more of the shares, it shall be conducted by way of cumulative voting, and the votes of minority shareholders involved in the election of directors shall be counted and disclosed separately. If the general meeting of the Company elects two or more independent directors, it shall also comply with the foregoing provisions.  The "cumulative voting system" as in the foregoing means that each share has the number of voting right identical to the number of directors or supervisors to be elected, and the voting right owned by the shareholders may be cumulatively used when the general meeting elects the directors or supervisors.	Article 48 When making a vote in the election of directors in a shareholders' meeting, a cumulative voting system shall be implemented. If the single largest shareholder together with its parties acting in concert are interested in thirty percent or more of the shares, it shall be conducted by way of cumulative voting, and the votes of minority shareholders involved in the election of directors shall be counted and disclosed separately. If the general meeting of the Company elects two or more independent directors, it shall also comply with the foregoing provisions.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
25	Article 48 The Board of Directors of the Company shall ensure that the general meeting of shareholders shall be continuously held during reasonable working hours until the final resolution is formed. Where the general meeting of shareholders cannot be normally convened or no resolution can be made due to force majeure or other abnormal reasons, necessary measures shall be taken to resume or directly terminate the general meeting, and an announcement shall be made in a timely manner. Meanwhile, the convener shall report this to the branch CSRC at the place where the Company is located and the stock exchange.  If the effectiveness of the resolution is disputed, the Board of Directors of the Company shall make an announcement and disclose such matters, the claims of the disputing parties, the current status of the Company and other information that can help investors know about the actual situation of the Company, as well as the special legal opinion issued by the lawyers.	Article 50 The convener shall ensure that the shareholders' meeting shall be continuously held until the final resolution is formed. Where the general meeting cannot be normally convened or no resolution can be made due to force majeure or other abnormal reasons, necessary measures shall be taken to resume or directly terminate the general meeting, and an announcement shall be made in a timely manner. Meanwhile, the convener shall report this to the branch CSRC at the place where the Company is located and the stock exchanges.  If the effectiveness of the resolution is disputed, the Board of Directors of the Company shall, in a timely manner, make an announcement and disclose such matters, the claims of the disputing parties, the current status of the Company and other information that can help investors know about the actual situation of the Company, as well as the special legal opinion issued by the lawyers.
26	Article 49 Shareholders of listed companies or their proxies voting through the internet or other ways shall have the right to check their own votes cast through the relevant voting system.  Prior to the official announcement of the voting results, the companies involved in voting by shareholders onsite, voting by way of network or voting in other manners, persons responsible for vote counting, scrutineer, substantial shareholders, network service providers and other related parties are obliged to keep confidentiality the information relating to voting.	Article 51 Shareholders of listed companies or their proxies voting through the internet or other ways shall have the right to check their own votes cast through the relevant voting system.  The end time of the general meeting on-site shall not be earlier than that by way of network or other manners. The chairman of the meeting shall announce the voting on and results of each proposal on-site and declare whether the proposal has been passed based on the voting results.  Prior to the official announcement of the voting results, the companies involved in voting by shareholders' meeting on-site, voting by way of network or voting in other manners, persons responsible for vote counting, scrutineer, substantial shareholders, network service providers and other related parties are obliged to keep confidentiality the information relating to voting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
27	Article 50 If the chairman of the general meeting has any doubt as to the result of a resolution put to the vote at the meeting, he/she may have the votes counted. If the chairman of the meeting fails to have the votes counted, any shareholder who is present in person or by proxy and objects to the result declared by the chairman of the meeting may demand a vote count immediately after the declaration of the result, and the chairman shall have the votes counted forthwith.  The method of vote counting by the general meeting and the vote counting results shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.	Article 52 If the chairman of the shareholders' meeting has any doubt as to the result of a resolution put to the vote at the meeting, he/she may have the votes counted. If the chairman of the shareholders' meeting fails to have the votes counted, any shareholder who is present in person or by proxy and objects to the result declared by the chairman of the shareholders' meeting may demand a vote count immediately after the declaration of the result, and the chairman shall have the votes counted forthwith.  The method of vote counting by the the shareholders' meeting and the vote counting results shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.
28	Article 51 The contents of the resolutions of the general meeting shall be in compliance with laws and the requirements of the Articles of Association. The directors attending the meeting shall perform their duties faithfully to guarantee the truth, accuracy and completeness of the contents of the resolutions, and shall not use expressions that likely cause ambiguity.  Where the resolutions of the general meeting violate laws or administrative regulations and infringe on the legal rights and interests of shareholders, the shareholders are entitled to initiate civil proceedings with the people's court pursuant to laws.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
29	Article 54 An independent director	Article 55 An independent director
	has the right to propose the Board	has the right to propose the Board of
	to convene an extraordinary general	Directors to convene an extraordinary
	meeting, but shall obtain the consent of	shareholders' meeting, but shall obtain
	more than half of all the independent	the consent of more than half of all
	directors. In respect to the proposal by	the independent directors. In respect
	the independent director for convening	to the proposal by the independent
	an extraordinary general meeting, the	director for convening an extraordinary
	Board shall, in accordance with the laws,	shareholders' meeting, the Board of
	administrative regulations and these	Directors shall, in accordance with
	Articles of Association, give a written	the laws, administrative regulations,
	reply as to whether agree or disagree	relevant regulations of the securities
	with such proposal for convening an	regulatory authorities or stock
	extraordinary general meeting within 10	exchanges in the places where the
	days upon receipt of such proposal.	Company's shares are listed and the
	In the event that the Board agrees	Articles of Association, give a written
	to convene an extraordinary general	reply as to whether agree or disagree
	meeting, a notice for convening such	with such proposal for convening an
	meeting shall be given within 5 days	extraordinary shareholders' meeting
	after the resolutions of the Board are	within ten days upon receipt of such
	passed. In the event that the Board	proposal.
	disagrees to convene an extraordinary	In the event that the Board
	general meeting, an explanation shall	agrees to convene an extraordinary
	be given and an announcement shall be	shareholders' meeting, a notice for
	made.	convening such meeting shall be given
	The supervisory committee is	within five days after the resolutions
	entitled to propose in writing to the	of the Board are passed. In the event
	Board to convene an extraordinary	that the Board of Directors disagrees to
	general meeting. The Board shall, in	convene an extraordinary shareholders'
	accordance with the laws, administrative	meeting, an explanation shall be given
	regulations and the Articles of Association, furnish a written reply	and an announcement shall be made <u>in</u> accordance with relevant regulations
	to the Supervisory Committee stating	of the securities regulatory authorities
	its agreement or disagreement to the convening of the extraordinary general	or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed (if
	meeting within ten days after having	
	received such proposal.	<u>any)</u> .
	In the event that the Board agrees	
	to convene an extraordinary general	
	meeting, it shall serve the notice of	
	such meeting within five days after the	
	relevant Board resolution is passed,	
	consent of the supervisory committee	
	shall be obtained in the event of any	
	changes made to the original proposal in	
	the notice.	
	the notice.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	In the event that the Board does	The audit committee is entitled
	not agree to convene an extraordinary	to propose in writing to the Board of
	general meeting or does not furnish	Directors to convene an extraordinary
	any written reply to the Supervisory	shareholders' meeting. The Board
	Committee within ten days after having	of Directors shall, in accordance with
	received such proposal, the Board is	the laws, administrative regulations,
	deemed to be unable or unwilling to	relevant regulations of the securities
	perform the duty of convening a general	regulatory authorities or stock
	meeting, in which case the supervisory	exchanges in the places where the
	committee may convene and preside	Company's shares are listed and
	over such meeting by itself.	the Articles of Association, furnish a
	Any holder(s) of ordinary shares	written reply to the audit committee
	(including holder(s) of preference	stating its agreement or disagreement
	shares with voting rights restored)	to the convening of the extraordinary
	who individually or jointly hold(s)	shareholders' meeting within ten days
	more than 10% of the shares of the	after having received such proposal.
	Company is/are entitled to propose	In the event that the Board
	in writing to the Board to convene an	of Directors agrees to convene an
	extraordinary general meeting. The	extraordinary <b>shareholders' meeting</b> , it
	Board shall, in accordance with the	shall serve the notice of such meeting
	laws, administrative regulations and the	within five days after the relevant Board
	Articles of Association, furnish a written	resolution is passed, consent of the <b>audit</b>
	reply to the relevant shareholders stating	<b>committee</b> shall be obtained in the event
	its agreement or disagreement to the	of any changes made to the original
	convening of the extraordinary general	proposal in the notice.
	meeting within ten days after having	In the event that the Board of
	received such proposal.	Directors does not agree to convene an
	In the event that the Board agrees	extraordinary shareholders' meeting
	to convene an extraordinary general	or does not furnish any written reply to
	meeting, it shall serve the notice of	the <b>audit committee</b> within ten days
	such meeting within five days after the	after having received such proposal,
	relevant Board resolution is passed.	the Board of Directors is deemed to be
	Consent of the relevant shareholders	unable or unwilling to perform the duty
	shall be obtained in the event of any	of convening a shareholders' meeting,
	changes made to the original proposal in	in which case the <b>audit committee</b> may
	the notice.	convene and preside over such meeting
	In the event that the Board does	by itself.
	not agree to convene an extraordinary	by itself.
	general meeting or does not furnish any	
	written reply to the relevant shareholders	
	within ten days after having received	
	such proposal, any holder(s) of ordinary	
	shares (including holder(s) of preference	
	shares with voting rights restored) who	
	individually or jointly hold(s) more than	
	10% of the shares of the Company is/	
	are entitled to propose in writing to the	
	supervisory committee to convene an	
	L AVITO OPCINOPY GANAPAL MAAting	I .

extraordinary general meeting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
No.	In the event that the supervisory committee agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting, it shall serve the notice of such meeting within five days after having received such proposal. Consent of the relevant shareholders shall be obtained in the event of any changes made to the original proposal in the notice.  In the event that the supervisory committee does not serve any notice of an extraordinary general meeting within the prescribed period, the supervisory committee is deemed not to convene and preside over such meeting, in which case the holder(s) of ordinary shares (including holder(s) of preference shares with voting rights restored) who individually or jointly hold(s) more than 10% of the shares of the Company for more than ninety consecutive days may convene and preside over such a meeting by himself/themselves.	Any holder(s) of ordinary shares who individually or jointly hold(s) more than ten percent of the shares of the Company is/are entitled to propose in writing to the Board of Directors to convene an extraordinary shareholders' meeting. The Board of Directors shall, in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association, furnish a written reply to the relevant shareholders stating its agreement or disagreement to the convening of the extraordinary shareholders' meeting within ten days after having received such proposal.  In the event that the Board of Directors agrees to convene an extraordinary shareholders' meeting, it shall serve the notice of such meeting within five days after the relevant Board resolution is passed. Consent of the relevant shareholders shall be obtained in the event of any changes made to the original proposal in the notice.  In the event that the Board of Directors does not agree to convene an extraordinary shareholders' meeting or does not furnish any written reply to the relevant shareholders within ten days after having received such proposal, any holder(s) of ordinary shares who
		in the event of any changes made to the original proposal in the notice.  In the event that the Board of Directors does not agree to convene an
		or does not furnish any written reply to the relevant shareholders within ten days after having received such proposal,
		than ten percent of the shares of the Company is/are entitled to propose in writing to the <u>audit committee</u> to convene an extraordinary <u>shareholders</u> '
		meeting. The matters to be proposed at the meeting and proposals shall be consistent with those submitted to the Board of Directors as described above.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
		In the event that the audit
		committee agrees to convene an
		extraordinary shareholders' meeting, it
		shall serve the notice of such meeting
		within five days after having received
		such proposal. Consent of the relevant
		shareholders shall be obtained in the
		event of any changes made to the
		original proposal in the notice.
		In the event that the audit
		committee does not serve any notice
		of a shareholders' meeting within the
		prescribed period, the audit committee
		is deemed not to convene and preside
		over such meeting, in which case
		the holder(s) of ordinary shares who
		individually or jointly hold(s) more than
		ten percent of the shares of the Company
		for more than ninety consecutive days
		may convene and preside over such a
		meeting by himself/themselves.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
30	Article 55 Where the supervisory committee or shareholders decides to convene the general meeting of shareholders on its own initiative, it shall send out a written notice to the Board, and shall submit the records to the stock exchange in the places where the Company's shares are listed.  Prior to the announcement of the resolution of the general meeting of shareholders, the shareholdings of the shareholders convening the general meeting shall not be less than 10%. The shareholders convening the meeting shall disclose an announcement no later than the time when the notice of the general meeting is sent, and shall undertake that the percentage of shares they hold will be not less than 10% of the total share capital of the Company from the date which the general meeting is proposed to the date on which the general meeting is convened.  Upon the notice and the announcement of resolution of the general meeting of shareholders, the supervisory committee or the shareholders convening the general meeting shall submit the relevant documentary information to the stock exchange in the places where the Company's shares are listed.	Article 56 Where the audit committee or shareholders decides to convene the shareholders' meeting on its own initiative, it shall send out a written notice to the Board, and shall submit the records to the stock exchange in the places where the Company's shares are listed, and promptly give a notice of an extraordinary general meeting. The proposal in the notice shall not include any new contents. Otherwise, the relevant shareholders shall re-submit a request to the Board of Directors to convene a general meeting in accordance with the above procedures. The meeting venue specified in the notice shall comply with the provisions of the Articles of Association and these Rules of Procedure.  Prior to the announcement of the resolution of the shareholders' meeting, the shareholdings of the shareholders convening the general meeting shall not be less than ten percent. The shareholders convening the meeting shall disclose an announcement no later than the time when the notice of the shareholders' meeting is sent, and shall undertake that the percentage of shares they hold will be not less than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company from the date which the shareholders' meeting is proposed to the date on which the shareholders' meeting is proposed to the date on which the shareholders' meeting is convened.  Upon the notice and the announcement of resolution of the shareholders' meeting, the audit committee or the shareholders' meeting shall submit the relevant documentary information to the stock exchange in the places where the Company's shares are listed.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
31	Article 67 The chairman shall guarantee the truth, accuracy and completeness of the minutes of the meeting. The directors, supervisors, secretary to the Board, convener or their representative, chairman of the meeting shall sign on the minutes of the meeting. The minutes together with the valid information such as the attendance register of the attending shareholders and the power of attorney of their proxies, the votes cast by way of internet and by other means shall be kept at the legal address of the Company for a period of at least 10 years.	Article 68 The directors, supervisors, secretary to the Board, convener or their representative, chairman of the meeting shall sign on the minutes of the meeting and guarantee the truth, accuracy and completeness of the minutes of the meeting. The minutes together with the valid information such as the attendance register of the attending shareholders and the power of attorney of their proxies, the votes cast by way of internet and by other means shall be kept at the registered office of the Company for a period of at least ten years.
32	Article 70 The minutes together with the attendance register of the attending shareholders and the power of attorney of their proxies shall be kept at the legal address of the Company.	Delete
33	Article 72 If a resolution of the general meeting of the Company contravenes the laws and administrative regulations, it shall be void.  The controlling shareholders or de facto controllers of the Company shall not restrict or impede minority investors from legally exercising their voting rights, and shall not damage the legitimate interests of the Company and minority investors.  If the convening procedure or voting method of the general meeting violates the laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association, or the content of a resolution violates the Articles of Association, shareholders may, within 60 days upon the date of the resolution, request the people's court to rescind the resolution.	Article 72 If a resolution of the shareholders' meeting of the Company contravenes the laws and administrative regulations, it shall be void.  The controlling shareholders or de facto controllers of the Company shall not restrict or impede minority investors from legally exercising their voting rights, and shall not damage the legitimate interests of the Company and minority investors.  If the convening procedure or voting method of the shareholders' meeting violates the laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed or the Articles of Association, or the content of a resolution violates the Articles of Association, shareholders may, within sixty days upon the date of the resolution, request the people's court to rescind the resolution. However, this does not apply if such procedures for convening the shareholders' meeting or the voting thereat have only minor flaws that have no substantial impact on the resolution.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
34	Article 75 In case of any contradiction between these Rules and the Company Law, the Securities Law, the Listing Rules of the Shanghai Stock Exchange, the Listing Rules of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and	Where the Board, shareholders and other stakeholders dispute matters such as qualifications of the convener, the convening procedures, the legality of the proposal content the validity of a resolution of a shareholders' meeting, they shall promptly file a litigation with the People's Court. Before the People's Court makes a judgement or ruling, such as cancellation of a resolution, the stakeholders shall execute the resolution of the shareholders' meeting. The Company, its directors and senior management shall perform their duties diligently and implement resolutions of the general meeting in a timely manner to ensure the normal operation of the Company.  Article 75 In case of any contradiction between these Rules and the Company Law, the Securities Law, the Listing Rules of the Shanghai Stock Exchange, the Listing Rules of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and other laws,
	other laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, the abovementioned laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association shall prevail.	administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association or any matters not covered herein, the abovementioned laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association shall prevail.
35		New Article 76 The terms of "above" shall include the figures mentioned herein whilst the terms of "more than", "than", "beyond" and "below" shall not include the figures mentioned.

#### Revision notes:

- 1. In accordance with the Company Law and the Guidelines for the Articles of Association of Listed Companies (2025)\* (《上市公司章程指引 (2025)》), the descriptions of "general meeting of shareholders" in these Rules are uniformly changed to "shareholders' meeting".
- 2. In accordance with the Company Law and the Guidelines for the Articles of Association of Listed Companies (2025)\* (《上市公司章程指引 (2025)》), the descriptions regarding "supervisory committee" and "supervisor" in these Rules are removed. The powers and functions of the supervisory committee are exercised by the audit committee.
- 3. In accordance with the Company Law and Article 12 of the Guidelines for the Articles of Association of Listed Companies (2025)\* (《上市公司章程指引 (2025)》), the descriptions of "general manager and (or) other senior management personnel" in these Rules are uniformly changed to "senior management personnel".
- 4. Except for dates, telephone numbers, addresses, number of shares and registered capital, all numeric expressions shall be uniformly written in Chinese characters in these Rules.
- 5. The descriptions of "laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules" in these Rules are uniformly changed to "laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed".
- 6. The above amendments shall not be listed separately without substantive amendments, and the specific amendments to these Rules are as follows:

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
No. 1	Article 3 A person will be disqualified from being a director, if one of the followings occurs:  (1) he has no civil capacity or restricted civil capacity;  (2) he was convicted and sentenced for an offence of corruption, bribery, unauthorized appropriation or embezzlement of properties or disturbance of social and economic order and has served out the sentence for less than 5 years; or (s)he has been deprived of political rights for committing an offence and the term of deprivation has expired for less than 5 years;  (3) he was a director, factory manager, or general manager of a company or an enterprise which was insolvent due to poor business operation and management and for which he was personally liable and a period of less than 3 years has elapsed since the completion of the liquidation of such company or enterprise;  (4) he was a legal representative of a company or an enterprise the business licence of which was revoked due to illegal business operation and for which he was personally liable and the period of not less than 3 years has elapsed since such revocation;  (5) he is personally liable for a substantial loan which was due for payment but remains unpaid;	Article 3 A person will be disqualified from being a director, if one of the followings occurs:  (1) he has no civil capacity or restricted civil capacity;  (2) he was convicted and sentenced for an offence of corruption, bribery, unauthorized appropriation or embezzlement of properties or disturbance of the socialist market economic order and has served out the sentence for less than five years; or (s) he has been deprived of political rights for committing an offence and the term of deprivation has expired for less than five years; where such person has been granted probation, less than two years have elapsed since the expiration of the probationary period;  (3) he was a director, factory manager, or general manager of a company or an enterprise which was insolvent and for which he was personally liable and a period of less than three years has elapsed since the completion of the liquidation of such company or enterprise;  (4) he was a legal representative of a company, a company being ordered to close or an enterprise the business license of which was revoked due to illegal business operation and for which he was personally liable and the period of not less than three years has elapsed
	a company or an enterprise the business licence of which was revoked due to illegal business operation and for which he was personally liable and the period of not less than 3 years has elapsed since such revocation;	completion of the liquidation of such company or enterprise;  (4) he was a legal representative of a company, a company being ordered to close or an enterprise the business license of which was revoked due to
		1 1
	the laws, administrative regulations, the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed;	of debt that have become due and payable;  (6) he has been denied access to the securities market facilities imposed by the China Securities Regulatory Commission ("the CSRC") and the restriction period has not yet expired;

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	(8) a person who has been ruled	(7) he is publicly identified by the
	by competent regulatory authorities to	stock exchange as unsuitable to serve
	have violated provisions of securities	as a director and senior management
	regulations and such ruling involves a	of listed companies, and such period
	finding that he or she acted fraudulently	has not elapsed;
	or dishonestly, where less than 5 years	(8) other contents as required
	has elapsed since the ruling; or a person	by laws, administrative regulations,
	who is being prohibited from serving	securities regulatory authorities or the
	as a market participant by the China	stock exchanges in the places where
	Securities Regulatory Commission	the Company's shares are listed.
	("the CSRC") and such prohibition	Any election, appointment, or
	has not been lifted; or a person who	hiring of directors in violation of
	he was publicly identified by the stock	this Article shall be void. If a serving
	exchanges as not suitable for the post for	director falls under the circumstances
	a certain period and such barring period	described in this Article during their
	has not expired.	tenure, the Company shall dismiss
	The election of a director by the	them from office and terminate their
	Company in violation of the preceding	duties.
	paragraph shall be void.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
2	Article 4 Directors shall be elected	Article 4 Non-employee
	at the general meeting of shareholders	representative directors shall
	and shall hold the office for a term of 3	be elected or replaced at the
	years. Upon expiration of the term, the	shareholders' meeting, and employee
	directors may be re-elected and serve	representative directors shall be
	consecutive terms. Subject to relevant	democratically elected or replaced by
	laws and administrative regulations, the	the employees of the Company, with
	general meeting of the shareholders may	a term of of 3 years. Upon expiration of
	dismiss by ordinary resolution(s) any	the term, the directors may be re-elected
	directors of whom the term of office has	and serve consecutive terms. Directors
	not expired (the claim for compensation	appointed by the Board to fill casual
	under any contracts shall however be not	vacancies or increase the number
	affected).	of directors shall hold office until
	The term of office of directors who	the Company's first annual general
	were elected at the general meeting of	meeting after their appointment, and
	shareholders shall commence on the	shall be eligible for re-election at that
	date of their assumption of office until the expiration of the term of office of	subject to relevant laws,
	the then session of board of directors	administrative regulations, and relevant
	("Board").	regulations of the securities regulatory
	Unless a director is appointed	authorities or stock exchanges in the
	by the Board to fill a casual vacancy,	places where the Company's shares
	the term of office of a director who is	are listed, the shareholders' meeting
	elected during the course of each term	may dismiss by ordinary resolution(s)
	of the Board shall hold the office for	any directors of whom the term of
	the remaining term of the Board, i.e.,	office has not expired (the claim for
	from the date on which the nomination	compensation under any contracts shall
	of his/her directorship is approved by	however be not affected).
	the shareholders' meeting to the date	The term of office of directors
	of the shareholders' meeting at which	who were elected at the shareholders'
	the directors are reelected following	meeting shall commence on the date
	the expiration of the term of the current	of their assumption of office until the
	Board.	expiration of the term of office of the
		then session of <b>Board</b> .
		Unless a director is appointed
		by the Board to fill a casual vacancy,
		the term of office of a director who is
		elected during the course of each term
		of the Board shall hold the office for
		the remaining term of the Board, i.e.,
		from the date on which the nomination
		of his/her directorship is approved by
		the shareholders' meeting to the date
		of the shareholders' meeting at which
		the directors are reelected following
		the expiration of the term of the current
		Board.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
		The senior management personnel shall serve the office of director concurrently. However, the total number of directors serving the office of senior management personnel concurrently and labour union representative holding the office of director shall not exceed half of the total number of directors of the Company.
3	Article 5 The Board, the supervisory committee or shareholders of the Company individually or jointly holding 1% or above of issued shares of the Company are entitled to nominate candidates for independent directors to be elected at a general meeting of shareholders.	Delete
4	Article 6 The candidates of directors shall make a written commitment before the convening of the general meeting of shareholders, that he/she agrees to accept the nomination and that the publicly disclosed information of the candidates of directors is correct and complete, and guarantees that he/she will duly perform his/her duties if so elected.  The Company shall disclose the detailed information of the candidates of directors before the convening of the general meeting of shareholders to ensure the shareholders have sufficient understanding of the candidates at the time of voting.	Article 5 The candidates of directors shall make a written commitment before the notice of the shareholders' meeting, that he/she agrees to accept the nomination and that the publicly disclosed information of the candidates of directors is correct, accurate and complete, and guarantees that he/she will duly perform his/her duties if so elected.  The Company shall disclose the detailed information of the candidates of directors before the convening of the shareholders' meeting to facilitate the shareholders to have sufficient understanding of the candidates.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
5	Article 9 In addition to the	Article 8 In addition to the
	obligations imposed by the laws and	obligations imposed by the laws and
	administrative regulations or required by	administrative regulations, relevant
	the listing rules of the stock exchange	regulations of the securities regulatory
	on which the shares of the Company	authorities or stock exchanges in the
	are listed, the directors of the Company	places where the Company's shares
	shall, in exercising the powers and duties	<b>are listed</b> , the directors of the Company
	conferred on them by the Company,	shall, in exercising the powers and duties
	have the following obligations to each	conferred on them by the Company,
	shareholder:	have the following obligations of loyalty
	(1) not to cause the Company to	to the Company:
	exceed the scope of business stipulated	(1) they shall not embezzle
	in its business licence;	the Company's property or
	(2) to act honestly in the best	misappropriate the Company's funds;
	interests of the Company;	(2) they shall not deposit
	(3) not to expropriate in any	Company funds in accounts opened
	guise the properties of the Company,	in their own name or in the name of
	including but not limited to taking over	other individuals;
	any opportunities advantageous to the	(3) they shall not use their
	Company;	authority to bribe or receive other
	(4) not to expropriate the individual	illegal income;
	rights of shareholders including but not	(4) they shall not directly
	limited to the rights to distribution and	or indirectly enter into contracts
	voting save and except pursuant to a	or conduct transactions with the
	restructuring of the Company submitted	Company without reporting to the
	for approval at a general meeting of	<b>Board of Directors or the general</b>
	shareholders in accordance with these	meeting and obtaining the approval by
	Articles.	resolution of the Board of Directors
	(5) directors shall exercise the	or the general meeting in accordance
	rights entrusted to them by the Company	with the provisions of the Articles of
	in a cautious, serious and diligent	Association;
	manner to ensure that:	(5) they shall not use their
	1. the business activities of the	position to seek business opportunities
	Company conform to the national laws,	belonging to the Company for
	administrative regulations and various	themselves or others, except those
	requirements of the national economic	which have been reported to the
	policies, and not exceed the scope of	<b>Board of Directors or the general</b>
	business stipulated in the business	meeting and approved by a resolution
	licence;	of the general meeting, or where the
	2. to treat all shareholders fairly;	Company cannot use such business
	3. to carefully study various	opportunities in accordance with the
	business and financial reports of the	provisions of laws, administrative
	Company, and to keep abreast of the	regulations, securities regulatory
	business operation and management	authorities or the stock exchanges
	situation of the Company;	in the places where the Company's
		shares are listed or the Articles of

Association;

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	4. to personally exercise	(6) they shall not engage in or
	prerogative power lawfully vested	operate businesses similar to those of
	to them in managing the Company	the Company for themselves or others
	and shall not manipulated by others	without reporting to the Board of
	and shall not delegate those rights to	Directors or the general meeting and
	others without the permission of laws	obtaining approval by resolution of
	and administrative regulations or the	the general meeting;
	informed consent of the shareholders at	(7) they shall not accept
	general meetings.	commissions from others for
	5. to issue written confirmation	transactions with the Company for
	on the Company's periodic reports to	their own benefit;
	guarantee that the information disclosed	(8) they shall not disclose
	by the Company is true, accurate and	Company secrets without
	complete;	authorization;
	6. to accept the legitimate	(9) they shall not use their
	supervision and reasonable suggestions	connected relationships to harm the
	from the supervisory committee on their	interests of the Company;
	performance of duties, not to obstruct the	(10) other duties of loyalty
	supervisory committee or the directors	stipulated by laws, administrative
	from exercising their powers;	regulations, securities regulatory
	7. other duties of diligence	authorities or the stock exchanges
	stipulated by laws, administrative	in the places where the Company's
	regulations, departmental rules and the	shares are listed and the Articles of Association.
	Articles of Association.	
		Any income obtained by a director in violation of the provisions
		of this Article shall belong to the
		Company; if it causes losses to the
		Company, he or she shall bear the
		liability for compensation.
		The provisions of Item (4) in
		second paragraph of this Article shall
		apply to contracts or transactions
		entered into by close relatives of
		directors and senior management,
		enterprises directly or indirectly
		controlled by directors, senior
		management or their close relatives,
		and other related parties with other
		connected relationships with directors
		and senior management.
		una semoi management.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
6		New Article 9 The directors shall
		comply with the laws, administrative
		regulations, relevant regulations of
		the securities regulatory authorities or
		stock exchanges in the places where
		the Company's shares are listed and
		the Articles of Association, shall
		diligently perform their obligations
		to the Company, and shall fulfill
		their obligations with reasonable care
		generally due to managers in the best
		interests of the Company.
		The directors shall diligently
		perform their following obligations to
		the Company:
		(1) to exercise prudently,
		conscientiously and diligently the
		rights granted by the Company
		to ensure that the Company's
		commercial activities are in
		compliance with the laws,
		administrative regulations and the
		requirements of economic policies
		of China and that its commercial
		activities are within the scope
		stipulated in the business license;
		(2) to treat all shareholders
		fairly; (3) to understand the energtion
		(3) to understand the operation and management of the Company in a
		timely manner;
		(4) to approve regular reports
		of the Company in written form and
		to ensure the integrity, accuracy
		and completeness of the information
		disclosed by the Company;
		(5) to provide the relevant
		information and materials required
		by the audit committee and shall not
		intervene the performance of duties
		by the audit committee;
		(6) to perform other obligations
		of diligence stipulated by the laws,
		administrative regulations, relevant
		regulations of the securities regulatory
		authorities or stock exchanges in
		the places where the Company's
		shares are listed and the Articles of
		Association.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
7	Article 10 A director of the Company, owes a duty, in the exercise of his/her powers and discharge of his/her duties, to exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonable and prudent person would be expected to exercise in comparable circumstances.  The directors, including independent directors, of the Company shall take an active part in relevant training to understand the rights, obligations and responsibilities as directors, including independent directors, get familiar with relevant laws and administrative regulations and master relevant knowledge required as a director, including independent directors.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	(2) Without stipulation by the	(2) Without stipulation by the
	Articles of Association or legal	Articles of Association or legal
	authorization by the Board, no director	authorization by the Board, no director
	shall in his or her own name act for the	shall in his or her own name act for the
	Company or the Board. Where a director	Company or the Board. Where a director
	acts in his or her own name but a third	acts in his or her own name but a third
	party reasonably believes that such	party reasonably believes that sucl
	director is acting for the Company or the	director is acting for the Company or the
	Board, such director shall declare that he	Board, such director shall declare that he
	or she is not acting for the Company in	or she is not acting for the Company in
	advance.	advance.
	(3) If a director or other enterprise	(3) If a director or other enterprise
	where such director holds a position is	where such director holds a position
	directly or indirectly connected with an	is directly or indirectly connected
	existing or proposed contract, transaction	with an existing or proposed contract
	or arrangement of the Company (except	transaction or arrangement of th
	for an employment contract), the	Company (except for an employmen
	director shall declare the nature and	contract), the director shall declare th
	extent of such relationship to the Board	nature and extent of such relationshi
	at the earliest opportunity, regardless of	to the Board at the earliest opportunity
	whether or not the contract, transaction	regardless of whether or not the contract
	or arrangement or proposal is otherwise	transaction or arrangement or proposal i
	subject to the approval of the Board.	otherwise subject to the approval of th
	Unless the related director has	Board.
	made the disclosure to the Board as	Unless the related director ha
	required in the preceding paragraph and	made the disclosure to the Board a
	the contract, transaction or arrangement	required in the preceding paragraph and
	is approved by the Board at a meeting	the contract, transaction or arrangemen
	in which the related director is not	is approved by the Board at a meeting
	counted in the quorum and has abstained	in which the related director is no
	from voting, the Company has the right	counted in the quorum and has abstaine
	to rescind such contract, transaction	from voting, the Company has the right
	or arrangement, except where the	to rescind such contract, transactio
	counterparty is a bona fide third party.	or arrangement, except where th
	A director of the Company is	counterparty is a bona fide third party.
	deemed to be interested in the contract,	A director of the Company i
	transaction or agreement in which an	deemed to be interested in the contrac
	associate of him/her is interested.	transaction or agreement in which a
	While voting on the matters	associate of him/her is interested.
	stipulated in this Article at the meetings	While voting on the matter
	of the Board, the related directors shall	stipulated in this Article at the meeting
	abstain from voting, but can provide the	of the Board, the related directors shall
		abstain from voting, but can provide the
	Board with necessary explanations on the above matters.	
	the above matters.	Board with necessary explanations of

the above matters.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
9	Article 13 If a director of the Company notifies the Board in writing and declares that based on the contents of the notice, he/she will be interested in the contract, transaction or arrangement to be entered into by the Company before the Company first considers the relevant contract, transaction or arrangement, the relevant director shall be deemed to have made a disclosure as required in the preceding article of this chapter.	Delete
10		New Article 12 Where a director is unable to attend in person the general meeting of directors twice or has not entrusted other directors to attend, he or she shall be deemed as not performing his or her duties, and the Board shall recommend the general meeting to dismiss and replace such director.
11	Article 14 A director may tender his/her resignation prior to the expiry of his/her term. The director shall submit a written report of resignation to the Board.	Article 13 Directors may resign before his or her term of office expires. Directors resigning shall submit notice of resignation in writing to the Company, and the resignation shall take effect on the date the Company receives the resignation report. The Company shall timely disclose relevant information in accordance with relevant provisions of securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
12	Article 15 Where the resignation	Article 14 Where the resignation
	of a director causes the number of	of a director causes the number of
	directors constituting the Board to fall	directors constituting the Board to fall
	below the quorum, or the resignation	below the quorum, the resignation
	of an independent director causes the	of audit committee members results
	percentage of independent directors in	in the number of audit committee
	the Board or the special committees	members falling below the statutory
	to fail to meet the requirements of	minimum, or there is a lack of
	laws, administrative regulations or the	accounting professionals to serve
	Articles of Association, or causes the	as convener, or the resignation of
	lack of accounting professionals who are	an independent director causes the
	independent directors, the resignation	percentage of independent directors in
	letter of such director shall become	the Board or the special committees to
	effective only after the vacancy arising	fail to meet the requirements of laws,
	from the resignation of such director is	administrative regulations, relevant
	filled by a successor. The chairman of	regulations of the securities regulatory
	the Board shall call upon the remaining	authorities or stock exchanges in the
	directors to hold an extraordinary	places where the Company's shares
	general meeting as soon as possible to	<u>are listed</u> or the Articles of Association,
	elect a new director. The powers of the	or causes the lack of accounting
	resigning director and the remaining	professionals who are independent
	members of the Board shall be subject to	directors, the original director shall,
	reasonable restrictions until a resolution	prior to the new director entering on
	on the election of director is passed at	the office, continue to perform his or
	the general meeting of shareholders.	her duties as a director in accordance
		with the provisions of laws and
		administrative regulations, relevant
		regulations of the securities regulatory
		authorities or stock exchanges in
		the places where the Company's
		shares are listed, and the Articles of
		Association.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
13	Article 16 Upon the resignation of a director takes effect or the expiry of the term of office, the duties owed by the director to the Company and shareholders will not be released for certain before or within the contractual period after the resignation takes effect and with a reasonable period of time upon the expiry of the term of office. The obligation of confidentiality of such director in relation to the commercial secrets of the Company remains effective after the term of such director ends until such commercial secrets become public information. The continuity of other obligations shall be determined on the principle of fairness, and dependent on the length of time between the occurrence of the incident and the resignation, as well as the circumstances and conditions under which the director terminates his/her relationship with the Company. A director whose term of office has not expired shall be accountable to indemnify the Company against any losses incurred from his/her leave of office without permission.	Article 15 The Company shall establish a system for managing the resignation of directors, clarifying safeguard measures for accountability and recovery regarding unfulfilled public commitments and other unfinished matters. Upon the resignation of a director takes effect or the expiry of the term of office, he/she shall complete all transfer procedures to the Board, the duties owed by the director to the Company and shareholders will not be released for certain before or within the reasonable period after the resignation takes effect and with a reasonable period of time upon the expiry of the term of office. The obligation of confidentiality of such director in relation to the commercial secrets of the Company remains effective after the term of such director ends until such commercial secrets become public information. The continuity of other obligations shall be determined on the principle of fairness, and dependent on the length of time between the occurrence of the incident and the resignation, as well as the circumstances and conditions under which the director terminates his/her relationship with the Company. A director whose term of office has not expired shall be accountable to indemnify the Company against any losses incurred from his/her leave of office without permission. The obligations that directors should bear during their term of office for performing their duties shall not be exempted or terminated due to their departure.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
14	Article 17 Directors shall bear the following responsibilities:  (1) The directors who are at fault for any loss of the Company's assets shall bear the responsibilities for such loss;  (2) The directors shall bear the responsibilities for any loss suffered by the Company due to their major investment decision-making errors;  (3) Directors who violate laws, administrative regulations or the company's articles of association when performing their duties and cause damage to the Company's interests shall bear financial or legal responsibilities;  (4) The directors shall be held accountable for the resolutions of the Board. The directors who voted on the resolutions shall assume liability of indemnification for any material loss caused to the Company arising from the breach of any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Associations by such resolutions of the Board. However, a director's liability may be waived if it is proven that such director has dissent during the voting and such dissent is recorded in the minutes of the meeting.	Article 16 Directors shall bear the following responsibilities:  (1) The directors who are at fault for any loss of the Company's assets shall bear the responsibilities for such loss;  (2) The directors shall bear the responsibilities for any loss suffered by the Company due to their major investment decision-making errors;  (3) Where directors cause damage to others in performing the Company's duties, the Company shall bear compensation liability;  (4) Where directors have intent or gross negligence, they shall also bear the liability for compensation;  (5) Directors who violate laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, or the company's articles of association when performing the Company's duties, causing losses to the Company shall bear liability for compensation;  (6) The directors shall be held accountable for the resolutions of the Board. The directors who voted on the resolutions shall assume liability of indemnification for any material loss caused to the Company arising from the breach of any laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, or the Articles of Associations by such resolutions of the Board. However, a director's liability may be waived if it is proven that such director has dissent during the voting and such dissent is recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
15	Article 18 The Company's directors violating the duties of a particular specific obligation may be knowingly dismissed by the general meeting of shareholders, except in cases stipulated in Article 42 of the Articles of Association.	Article 17 The general meeting may resolve to remove directors (excluding employee representative directors), and the removal shall take effect on the date the resolution is made. Company employees may remove employee representative directors through employee representative assemblies, employee meetings or other democratic forms, and the removal shall take effect on the date the resolution is made. Where directors are removed without reasonable causes before the expiry of their term, directors may request compensation from the Company.
16	Article 19 The Company shall not in any manner pay taxes for directors	Delete
17	Article 20 The performance of directors' duties shall be supervised by the Supervisory Committee and recommendations on rewards and punishments for directors shall be made to the general meeting of shareholders by the Supervisory Committee based on the directors' performance.	Delete
18		New Article 18 Without stipulation by the Articles of Association or legal authorization by the Board, no director shall in his or her own name act for the Company or the Board of Directors. Where a director acts in his or her own name but a third party reasonably believes that such director is acting for the Company or the Board, such director shall declare in advance his or her position and status.
19	Article 25 Independent directors shall attend the meetings of the Board as scheduled, understand the production and operation of the Company, conduct active investigations to obtain the background and information required for decision-making. Independent directors shall submit an annual report to the annual general meeting of shareholders of the Company, stating performance of duties of all independent directors.	Article 23 Independent directors shall attend the meetings of the Board as scheduled, understand the production and operation of the Company, conduct active investigations to obtain the background and information required for decision-making. Independent directors shall submit a duty report to the annual shareholders' meeting of the Company, stating performance of duties of all independent directors.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
20	Article 26 An independent director shall satisfy the following basic requirements:  (1) being qualified to serve as a director of a listed company in accordance with laws, administrative regulations, and other relevant requirements;  (2) possesses the independence as required by the Rules for the Independent Directors of Listed Companies (《上市公司獨立董事規則》) issued by the CSRC, and the meet the requirements on "independent non-executive director" of The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited;  (3) has a basic understanding of the operation of a listed company, and being familiar with relevant laws, administrative regulations, provisions and rules;  (4) possesses five or more years of experience in law, economics, accounting, finance, management, or other experience necessary for the performance of duties as an independent director;  (5) excels in virtue and has no bad records such as major breach of trust;  (6) other conditions stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, provisions of the CSRC, business rules of the stock exchange where the	Article 24 An independent director shall satisfy the following basic requirements:  (1) being qualified to serve as a director of a listed company in accordance with laws, administrative regulations, and other relevant requirements;  (2) possesses the independence as required by the Rules for the Independent Directors of Listed Companies (《上市公司獨立董事規則》) issued by the CSRC, and the meet the requirements on "independent non-executive director" of The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited;  (3) has a basic understanding of the operation of a listed company, and being familiar with relevant laws, regulations and rules;  (4) possesses five or more years of experience in law, accounting, economics, or other experience necessary for the performance of duties as an independent director;  (5) excels in virtue and has no bad records such as major breach of trust;  (6) other conditions stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the
	Company's shares are listed, and the Articles of Association.	Company's shares are listed, and the Articles of Association.
21	Article 32 Independent directors have a duty of good faith and due diligence to the Company and all shareholders. Independent directors shall conscientiously perform his/her duties, and safeguard the overall interests of the Company in accordance with the requirements of relevant laws, administrative regulations, these rules and the company's Articles of Association and, particular attention should be paid to ensuring that the legal rights of the minority shareholders are not harmed.	Article 30 Independent directors have a duty of loyalty and due diligence to the Company and all shareholders. Independent directors shall conscientiously perform his/her duties, and safeguard the overall interests of the Company in accordance with the requirements of relevant laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, the Articles of Association and these Rules and, particular attention should be paid to ensuring that the legal rights of the minority shareholders are not harmed.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
22	Article 33 Procedures for the	Article 31 Procedures for th
	election of independent directors:	election of independent directors:
	(1) Independent directors shall	(1) Independent directors shall b
	be nominated by the Company's	nominated by the Company's Board an
	Board, supervisory committee, and	shareholders who individually or joint
	shareholders who individually or jointly	more than one percent of the issue
	more than 1% of the issued shares of	shares of the Company, and shall be
	the Company, and shall be elected at	elected at shareholders' meetings. The
	general meetings. The nominator shall	nominator shall not nominate a perso
	not nominate a person who is interested	who is interested in the nominator, of
	in the nominator, or a person who is	a person who is closely related to the
	closely related to the nominator and	nominator and has other circumstance
	1	
	has other circumstances that may affect	that may affect the independen
	the independent performance of his/her	performance of his/her duties as
	duties as a candidate for independent	candidate for independent director;
	director;	(2) The nominator of a
	(2) The nominator of an	independent director shall have obtained
	independent director shall have obtained	the consent of the nominee before
	the consent of the nominee before	nomination. The nominator shall full
	nomination. The nominator shall fully	understand the nominee's professio
	understand the nominee's profession,	educational background, profession
	educational background, professional	title, detailed working experienc
	title, detailed working experience, details	details on any part-time posts, an
	on any part-time posts, and whether	whether there is any major breach
	there is any major breach of good faith	good faith and other adverse record
	and other adverse records, and shall	and shall comment on meeting th
	give an opinion regarding the nominee's	independence and other condition
	qualifications and independence in	for being an independent directo
	acting as an independent director. The	The nominee(s) shall make a publi
	nominee shall declare that there is no	statement on their fulfilment of th
	relationship between the Company and	independence and other conditions for
	himself/herself which may affect him/	being an independent director. The
	her in making independent and objective	nomination and remuneration committee
	judgements. The nomination and	of the Company shall examine th
	remuneration committee of the Company	qualifications of the nominee for th
	shall examine the qualifications of the	position and form a clear opinion on the
	nominee for the position and form a	examination.
	clear opinion on the examination.	Before the shareholders' meeting
	Before the general meeting at	at which election of independen
	which election of independent directors	directors is to be considered, the Boar
	is to be considered, the Board of the	of the Company shall complete th
	Company shall complete the relevant	relevant procedures for the nomination
	procedures for the nomination of	of independent directors in accordance
	independent directors in accordance	with the regulations and comply with the
	with the regulations and comply with the	corresponding information disclosur
	with the regulations and comply with the	

obligations;

corresponding information disclosure

obligations;

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	(3) The term of office of the	(3) The term of office of the
	independent directors shall be the	independent directors shall be the
	same as that of other directors of the	same as that of other directors of the
	Company, and upon expiration of the	Company, and upon expiration of the
	term, the independent directors may be	term, the independent directors may be
	re-elected and serve consecutive terms.	re-elected and serve consecutive terms.
	However, they shall not serve a position	However, they shall not serve a position
	for more than 6 years consecutively;	for more than six years consecutively;
	(4) Proposition of the general	(4) Proposition of <u>the</u>
	meetings of shareholders to nominate	shareholders' meetings to nominate
	independent directors should be included	independent directors should be included
	in the agenda of the general meetings of	in the agenda of the shareholders'
	shareholders and notify all shareholders	meetings and notify all shareholders
	before the general meetings of	before the shareholders' meetings,
	shareholders, together with the details of	together with the details of the
	the nominated independent shareholders	nominated independent shareholders
	including their occupations, education	including their occupations, education
	backgrounds, business titles and detailed	backgrounds, business titles and detailed
	work experiences, pursuant to the	work experiences, pursuant to the
	requirements of the stock exchanges	requirements of the stock exchanges
	where the Company's shares are listed.	where the Company's shares are listed.
	Any person who has already served as an	Any person who has already served as an
	independent director in 3 domestic listed	independent director in three domestic
	companies, shall not be nominated as a	listed companies, shall not be nominated
	candidate for independent director of the	as a candidate for independent director
	Company in principle; any person who	of the Company in principle; any person
	has served as an independent director	who has served as an independent
	of the Company for 6 consecutive years	director of the Company for six
	shall not be nominated as a candidate	consecutive years shall not be nominated
	for independent director of the Company	as a candidate for independent director
	until and unless a period of 36 months	of the Company until and unless a period
	has lapsed since the conclusion of such	of thirty-six months has lapsed since the
	fact;	conclusion of such fact;

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	(5) If, the stock exchanges	(5) If, the stock exchanges
	where the shares of the Company are	where the shares of the Company are
	listed, object to the qualifications and	listed, object to the qualifications and
	independence of the nominee after	independence of the nominee after
	review, the Company shall disclose	review, the Company shall disclose
	the fact in a timely manner, and the	the fact in a timely manner, and the
	Company shall not propose him/her	Company shall not propose him/
	as independent director to the general	her as independent director to the
	meeting and should postpone or	shareholders' meeting and should
	cancel the general meeting or revoke	postpone or cancel the shareholders'
	the relevant resolution at the general	meeting or revoke the relevant
	meeting. When electing independent	resolution at the shareholders' meeting.
	directors at a general meeting, the	When electing independent directors at a
	Board of the Company should give	<b>shareholders' meeting</b> , the Board of the
	an explanation on whether the stock	Company should give an explanation on
	exchanges where the shares of the	whether the stock exchanges where the
	Company are listed have expressed	shares of the Company are listed have
	objection to the candidate for	expressed objection to the candidate for
	independent director;	independent director;
	(6) Where two or more independent	(6) Where two or more independent
	directors are to be elected at the general	directors are to be elected at the
	meeting of the Company, a cumulative	<b>shareholders' meeting</b> of the Company,
	voting system shall be implemented. The	a cumulative voting system shall be
	votes of minority shareholders shall be	implemented. The votes of minority
	counted separately and disclosed.	shareholders shall be counted separately
		and disclosed.
	voting system shall be implemented. The votes of minority shareholders shall be	a cumulative voting system sha implemented. The votes of min- shareholders shall be counted separ

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
23	Article 36 The Company shall hold special meetings of independent directors on a regular or irregular basis. Matters listed in items (1) to (3) of paragraph 1 of Article 18 and Article 23 of the Measures for the Administration of Independent Directors of Listed Companies shall be considered at a special meeting of independent directors. The special meeting of independent directors may study and discuss other matters of the Company as needed.  A special meeting of independent directors shall be convened and presided over by an independent director elected by a majority of the independent directors. In the event that the convener fails to or is unable to perform his/her duties, two or more independent directors may convene and elect a representative to preside over the meeting on their own.  The minutes of the special meetings of independent directors shall be prepared according to relevant requirements and shall record the opinions of independent directors. Independent directors shall sign and confirm the meeting minutes.  The Company shall facilitate and support the convening of special meetings of independent directors.	Article 34 The Company shall establish a special meeting mechanism attended by all independent directors. Where the Board considers the related transactions and other matters, prior approval from special meeting of independent directors shall be obtained. The Company shall hold special meetings of independent directors on a regular or irregular basis. Matters listed in Article 28 and items (1) to (3) of Article 29 of these Rules shall be considered at a special meeting of independent directors. The special meeting of independent directors may study and discuss other matters of the Company as needed.  A special meeting of independent directors shall be convened and presided over by an independent director elected by a majority of the independent directors. In the event that the convener fails to or is unable to perform his/her duties, two or more independent directors may convene and elect a representative to preside over the meeting on their own.  The minutes of the special meetings of independent directors shall be prepared according to relevant requirements and shall record the opinions of independent directors. Independent directors shall sign and confirm the meeting minutes.  The Company shall facilitate and support the convening of special meetings of independent directors.
24	Article 39 The Company set up the Board. The Board consists of 11 directors, including 4 independent directors. The Board has one chairman and one or two vice chairmen. The Board is the decision-making body of the Company, and is entrusted by the general meeting of shareholders to operate and manage the legal assets of the Company and is accountable to the general meeting of shareholders.	Article 37 The Company set up the Board. The Board consists of ten non-employee representative directors and one employee representative director, including four independent directors. The Board has one chairman and one or two vice chairmen. The Board is the decision-making body of the Company, and is entrusted by the shareholders' meeting to operate and manage the legal assets of the Company and is accountable to the shareholders' meeting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
25	Article 40 The Board is	Article 38 The Board is
23	accountable for the general meeting of	accountable for the shareholders'
	the shareholders and shall exercise the	meeting of the shareholders and shall
	following powers:	exercise the following powers:
	(1) convention of general meetings	(1) convention of <b>the</b>
	of shareholders, and report to the general	shareholders' meeting, and report to
	meetings;	the shareholders' meeting;
	(2) implementation of the	(2) implementation of the
	resolutions of the general meeting;	resolutions of the shareholders'
	(3) formulation of the business plan	meeting;
	and investment scheme of the Company;	(3) formulation of the business plan
	(4) formulation of the annual	and investment scheme of the Company;
	financial budget and financial accounting	$(\underline{4})$ <b>formulation</b> of the profit
	policy of the Company;	distribution policy and loss recovery
	$(\underline{5})$ formulation of the profit	policy of the Company;
	distribution policy and loss recovery	(5) formulation of the policy
	policy of the Company;	of increase or reduction of registered
	(6) formulation of the policy of	capital and the policy of issue of
	increase or reduction of registered	corporate bonds of the Company or other
	capital and the policy of issue of	securities of the Company and proposals
	corporate bonds of the Company or other	for listing;
	securities of the Company and proposals for listing;	(6) <u>drafting</u> of the policies
	(7) drafting of the policies of	of material corporate acquisition, acquisition of the Company's shares,
	material corporate acquisition, if	or the merger, separation, dissolution,
	the repurchase is made under the	liquidation and change of corporate form
	circumstances specified in (1), (2) of	of the Company;
	Article 27 of the Article of Association,	(7) making decision on the
	or the merger, separation, dissolution,	establishment of internal management
	liquidation and change of corporate form	system in the Company;
	of the Company;	(8) making decisions on the
	(8) making decision on the	employment or dismissal of the
	establishment of internal management	Company's senior management and
	system in the Company;	decision on their remuneration and
	(9) making decisions on the	reward and punishment;
	employment or dismissal of the general	( <u>9</u> ) formulation of the basic
	manager, secretary of the Board and	management system of the Company;
	other senior management personnel of	$(\underline{10})$ <b>formulation</b> of the proposal
	the Company, and making decisions	on amendment of the Articles of
	on their remuneration, rewards and	Association;
	punishments; on the basis of nomination	( <u>11</u> ) making decisions on
	by general manager, making decisions	matters such as external investment,
	on the employment or dismissal of	acquisition and sale of assets, mortgaged
	the deputy general managers, person	assets, external guarantee, financial
	in charge of finance and other senior	management by commission, connected
	management personnel of the Company;	transaction, external donations, within
	making decision on their remuneration,	the scope of authorization by the

shareholders' meeting;

rewards and punishments;

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	(10) formulation of the basic management system of the Company;  (11) formulation of the proposal on amendment of these Articles of Association;  (12) making decision on a single external guarantee where the items guaranteed satisfying the conditions of the Company involves an amount of more than 10% (or 10%) of the latest audited net assets;  (13) making decisions on matters such as external investment, acquisition and sale of assets, mortgaged assets, external guarantee, financial management by commission, connected transaction, external donations, within the scope of authorization by the general meeting of shareholders;  (14) management of disclosure of information of the Company;  (15) proposal to the general meeting of shareholders on employment or replacement of accounting firm responsible for auditing for the Company;  (16) receiving the work report of the general manager of the Company and checking the work of the general manager;  (17) pass resolutions regarding the repurchase of the shares of the Company by the Company under the circumstances prescribed in (3), (5) and (6) of Article 27 of the Articles of Association;  (18) other powers granted by the Articles of Association and the general meeting of shareholders.  The Board shall exercise the above powers by holding meetings of the Board to consider the relevant matters and can implement only after the passing of the Board resolutions.	(12) management of disclosure of information of the Company;  (13) proposal to the general meeting of shareholders on employment or replacement of accounting firm responsible for auditing for the Company;  (14) receiving the work report of the general manager of the Company and checking the work of the general manager;  (15) pass resolutions regarding the repurchase of the shares of the Company by the Company under the circumstances prescribed in (3), (5) and (6) of Article 31 of the Articles of Association;  (16) other functions and duties as conferred by laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, the Articles of Association, or the shareholders' meeting.
26		New Article 39 The Board shall explain to the general meeting of shareholders regarding the advice issued by the chartered accountant in relation to the financial report of the Company.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
27	Article 42 The decision-making authority of the Board on the Company's major investment, acquisition and sale of assets, assets pledges, external guarantee, entrusted wealth management, related transactions, external donations and other transactions are as follows:  1. Transactions accounting for less than 3% of the latest audited net asset of the Company, including the conclusion of important contracts (guarantees, mortgages, loans, entrusted operations, entrustment, gifts, contracting, leasing, etc.), foreign investment (acquisitions, mergers, short-term investment projects, etc.), acquisition and sale of assets, asset pledges, entrusted wealth management, etc., shall be approved by the Strategic Development and Investment Committee and reported to the Board for the record (except for matters otherwise agreed in these Rules of Procedure);  2. Transactions accounting for 3%-10% of the latest audited net asset of the Company, including the conclusion of important contracts (guarantees, mortgages, loans, entrusted operations, entrustment, gifts, contracting, leasing, etc.), foreign investment (acquisitions, mergers, short-term investment projects, etc.), acquisition and sale of assets, asset pledges, entrusted wealth management, etc., shall be approved by the Board;	Article 41 Subject to laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, the decision-making authority of the Board on the Company's external investment, acquisition and sale of assets, assets pledges, external guarantee, entrusted wealth management, related transactions, external donations and other transactions are as follows:  1. Transactions accounting for less than 3% of the latest audited net asset of the Company, including external investments (acquisitions, mergers, short-term investment projects, investments on subsidiaries, etc.), acquisition or sales of assets, financial management by commission, entering into leasing arrangements for assets, whether as lessee or lessor, asset and business management as consignor or consignee, donating or taking of assets, credit and debt reorganization, conclusion of franchise agreements, and transfer of research and development projects as transferor or transferee, waiver of rights (including waiver of right of first refusal, right of first contribution, etc.), conclusion of important contracts (lending, contracting, etc.), etc., shall be approved by the strategic development and investment committee and reported to the Board for the record (except for matters otherwise agreed in these Rules of Procedure);

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
No.	3. The Board shall decide on the Company's provision of guarantee in favor of its wholly-owned subsidiaries or majority-owned subsidiaries to obtain loans. The amount of loan the Company may guarantee in favor of wholly-owned subsidiaries has no limits, while the amount of loans of subsidiaries in which the Company holds more than 51% equity interests shall be less than RMB100 million, and the chairman of the Board is authorized to sign on behalf of the Board;  4. The Board shall have the authority over any single guarantee with amount not exceeding 10% of the latest audited net assets provided in favor of qualified guarantors; none of the external guarantees of the Company approved by the Board shall violate the following provisions:  (1) The Company is prohibited from providing guarantees in favor of a controlling shareholder, a subsidiary of a shareholder and other related parties in which the Company holds less than 50% equity interests, or in favor of any non-legal persons or individuals; (2) the Company may require its subsidiaries to provide legal and valid counter guarantees to the Company for the guarantees provided by the Company.  5. The decision-making authority for related-party transactions shall be implemented in accordance with the Provisions on Strengthening the Monitoring and Management of Disclosable Transactions and Related	Amended articles  2. Transactions accounting for 3%-10% of the latest audited net asset of the Company, including external investments (acquisitions, mergers, short-term investment projects, investments on subsidiaries, etc.), acquisition or sales of assets, financial management by commission, entering into leasing arrangements for assets, whether as lessee or lessor, asset and business management as consignor or consignee, donating or taking of assets, credit and debt reorganization, conclusion of franchise agreements, and transfer of research and development projects as transferor or transferee, waiver of rights (including waiver of right of first refusal, right of first contribution, etc.), conclusion of important contracts (lending, contracting, etc.), etc., shall be approved by the Board;  3. The decision-making authority for related-party transactions shall be implemented in accordance with the Provisions on Strengthening the Monitoring and Management of Disclosable Transactions and Related party (Connected) Transactions by Listed Companies (《關於加強上市公司對須予披露交易及關聯(建)交易的監控與管理的規定》) of the Company;  4. The above-mentioned transactions shall be executed in accordance with the provisions of the listing rules of the stock exchange where the Company's shares are listed.
	50% equity interests, or in favor of any non-legal persons or individuals; (2) the Company may require its subsidiaries to provide legal and valid counter guarantees to the Company for the guarantees provided by the Company.  5. The decision-making authority for related-party transactions shall be implemented in accordance with the Provisions on Strengthening the Monitoring and Management of	Disclosable Transactions and Related party (Connected) Transactions by Listed Companies (《關於加強上市公司對須予披露交易及關聯(連)交易的監控與管理的規定》) of the Company;  4. The above-mentioned transactions shall be executed in accordance with the provisions of the listing rules of the stock exchange where

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
No. 28	Before amendments	New Article 44 Subject to compliance with laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, guarantees that do not meet the requirements of Article 52 of the Articles of Association which are subject to consideration and approval by the general meeting shall be considered and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The guarantees to be provided by the Company shall be subject to the consideration and approval by a majority of all the directors as well as two-thirds or more of the directors present at the Board meeting and disclosed promptly. The Board of Directors of the Company shall not approve the guarantees provided by the Company in violation of the following provisions:  (1) The Company is prohibited from providing a guarantee for a loan to a controlling shareholder, a subsidiary of a shareholder, a fellow subsidiary of a shareholder and other related parties in which the Company holds less than 50% equity interests, or any non-legal persons or individuals;  (2) When the Company provides a guarantee to its subsidiary, it may require the subsidiary to provide legal and effective counter-guarantee to the Company.  Before deciding to provide external guarantees for others (or submitting the matter to a general meeting for voting), the Board
		submitting the matter to a general meeting for voting), the Board of Directors shall ascertain the
		creditworthiness of the debtor, conduct a thorough analysis of the benefits and risks of the guarantee, and make detailed disclosures in
		<u>relevant announcement.</u> <u>When a Board resolution involves</u> the provision of a guarantee, directors
		who have an interest in the guarantee shall abstain from voting.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
29		New Article 45 Subject to compliance with laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, financial assistance that do not meet the requirements of Article 54 of the Articles of Association which are subject to consideration and approval by the general meeting shall be considered and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The financial assistance to be provided by the Company shall be subject to the consideration and approval by a majority of all the directors as well as two-thirds or more of the directors present at the Board meeting and disclosed promptly.
30	Article 45 The Board shall comply with the relevant national laws, administrative regulations, the Articles of Association and resolutions of the general meeting of shareholders in performing their duties, and willingly accept the supervision of the supervisory committee of the Company. Matters which require the approval from relevant national authorities shall be implemented subject to such approval.	Article 46 The Board shall comply with the relevant national laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, the Articles of Association and resolutions of the shareholders' meeting in performing their duties. Matters which require the approval from relevant national authorities shall be implemented subject to such approval.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
31	Article <u>46</u> Pursuant to the Code of Corporate Governance for Listed	Article <u>47</u> Pursuant to the Code of Corporate Governance for Listed
	Companies and the Detailed Rules	Companies and the Detailed Rules
	of the Shanghai Stock Exchange for	of the Shanghai Stock Exchange for
	Self-Regulatory Guidelines of Listed	Self-Regulatory Guidelines of Listed
	Companies No. 1 – Standardized	Companies No. 1 - Standardized
	Operation, the Board shall establish	Operation, the Board shall establish
	certain special committees such as the	certain special committees such as the
	Strategic Development and Investment	Strategic Development and Investment
	Committee, Audit Committee,	Committee, <u>audit</u> committee,
	Nomination and Remuneration	Nomination and Remuneration
	Committee and Budget Committee as	Committee and Budget Committee as
	needed. All members of the special	needed. Each special committee shall
	committees are directors, and the	perform its duties in accordance
	majority of the members of the	with the laws, administrative
	Audit Committee, Nomination and	regulations, relevant provisions of
	Remuneration Committee and Budget	the securities regulatory authorities
	Committee shall be independent non- executive Directors and convenors of	or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are
	those committee shall be independent	listed, the Articles of Association
	non-executive Directors. The members	and the authorization of the Board
	of the Audit Committee shall be	of Directors, and the proposals
	directors who do not hold senior	of the special committees shall be
	management positions in the Company,	submitted to the Board of Directors
	and a majority of members shall be	for consideration and approval. The
	independent directors and the role	working regulations of the special
	of convener shall be taken by an	committees shall be formulated
	independent director with accounting	by the Board of Directors, and the
	professional qualifications. The main	procedures for the discussion and
	duties of each special committee are set	voting of the special committees
	out below. Please refer to the Rules of	shall be implemented in accordance
	Implementation of each committee for details.	with the relevant provisions of the implementing rules of each special
	(1) Duties of the Strategic	committee of the Company.
	Development and Investment Committee	committee of the Company.
	mainly include:	
	1. to study the long-term	
	development strategy and major	
	investment of the Company and give	
	advice thereon;	
	2. to review or approve the	
	proposed investment projects of the	
	Company, and to review and supervise	
	the implementation of the Company's	
	investment projects subject to the	
	authorization of the Board;	
	3. to review, approve and manage	
	the other investment projects authorized by the Board.	
	by the board.	

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	(2) Duties of the Audit Committee mainly include reviewing the financial information of the Company and the disclosure thereof and supervising and assessing the internal and external audits and internal control. The following matters shall be submitted to the Board for deliberation after obtaining the approval of a majority of all members of the Audit Committee:  1. disclosure of financial information in financial and accounting reports and periodic reports, and evaluation reports on internal control;  2. appointment or dismissal of accounting firms engaged in audit business for companies;  3. changes in accounting policies and accounting estimates made for reasons other than changes in accounting standards, or corrections of material accounting errors;  4. other matters as stipulated in laws, administrative regulations, rules of the CSRC and the Articles of Association.  (3) Duties of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee mainly include formulating the criteria and procedures for selecting directors and senior management personnel, selecting and examining candidates for directors and senior management personnel and conducting such assessments, formulating the criteria for assessing directors and senior management personnel, and making recommendations to the Board on the following matters:  1. the nomination, appointment and removal of directors;  2. the engagement or dismissal of senior management;  3. the remunerations of directors and senior management;  3. the remunerations of directors and senior management;	All members of the special committees are directors, and the majority of the members of the audit committee, nomination and remuneration committee and budget committee shall be independent non-executive Directors and convenors of those committee shall be independent non-executive Directors. The members of the audit committee shall be directors who do not hold senior management positions in the Company, and a majority of members shall be independent directors and the role of convener shall be taken by an independent director with accounting professional qualifications.  The main duties of each special committee are set out below. Please refer to the Rules of Implementation of each committee for details.  (1) Duties of the strategic development and investment committee mainly include:  1. to study the long-term development strategy and major investment of the Company and give advice thereon;  2. to review or approve the proposed investment projects of the Company subject to the authorization of the Board;  3. to review, approve and manage the other investment projects authorized by the Board.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	4. formulation or modification of	(2) Duties of the <b>audit committee</b>
	the share option incentive schemes and	mainly include exercising the powers
	the employee share ownership plans, the	of the Supervisory Committee as
	grant of interests to the participants and	stipulated in the Company Law and
	the fulfilment of the conditions for the	the powers of the audit committee as
	exercise of interests;	stipulated by the securities regulatory
	5. arrangement of the shareholding	authorities or the stock exchanges
	plans for directors and senior	in the places where the Company's
	management in the proposed spin-off	shares are listed, and being
	subsidiaries;	responsible for reviewing the financial
	6. other matters required by	information of the Company and the
	applicable laws, administrative	disclosure thereof and supervising and
	regulations, the Articles of Association	assessing the internal and external audits
	and the listing rules of the stock	and internal control. The following
	exchange where the Company's	matters shall be submitted to the Board
	securities are listed.	for deliberation after obtaining the
	(4) Duties of the Budget Committee	approval of a majority of all members of
	mainly include:	the audit committee:
	To direct the formulation of the	1. disclosure of financial
	annual operation plans and targets,	information in financial and accounting
	annual budget plans of the Company,	reports and periodic reports, and
	and supervise and examine the	evaluation reports on internal control;
	implementation.	2. appointment or dismissal of
		accounting firms engaged in audit
		business for companies;
		3. appointment or dismissal of the
		financial controller of the Company;
		4. changes in accounting policies and accounting estimates made for
		reasons other than changes in accounting
		standards, or corrections of material accounting errors;
		5. other matters as stipulated
		in laws, administrative regulations,
		relevant regulations of the securities
		regulatory authorities or the stock
		exchanges in the places where the
		Company's shares are listed and the
		Articles of Association.
		Titletes of Association.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
		(3) Duties of the nomination and remuneration committee mainly include formulating the criteria and
		procedures for selecting directors and senior management personnel, selecting
		and examining candidates for directors and senior management personnel and their qualifications, formulating
		director skills matrix and the criteria for assessing directors and senior
		management personnel and conducting such assessments <b>regularly</b> , formulating
		and examining the policies and plans for remunerations of directors and senior
		management personnel, and making recommendations to the Board on the following matters:
		1. the nomination, appointment and removal of directors;
		2. the engagement or dismissal of senior management;
		3. the remunerations of directors and senior management; 4. formulation or modification of
		the share option incentive schemes and the employee share ownership plans, the
		grant of interests to the participants and the fulfilment of the conditions for the
		exercise of interests; 5. arrangement of the shareholding plans for directors and senior
		management in the proposed spin-off subsidiaries;
		6. other matters required by applicable laws, administrative
		regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the
		stock exchanges in the places where
		the Company's shares are listed and
		the Articles of Association.
		(4) Duties of the budget committee mainly include:
		To direct the formulation of the
		annual operation plans and targets,
		annual budget plans of the Company,
		and supervise and examine the implementation.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
32	Article 48 The committees are accountable to the Board, and their respective proposals shall be submitted to the Board for consideration and approval.	Delete
33		Add the term "vice chairman" to Articles 49 to 51.
34	shall exercise the following powers:  (1) to preside over the general meeting of shareholders, to convene, preside over the meetings of the Board, and to lead the daily work of the Board;  (2) to supervise and examine the implementation of the Board resolutions;  (3) to ensure the establishment of sound governance mechanisms;  (4) to ensure that issues raised by directors or senior management are included in the Board's agenda in a timely manner;  (5) to ensure that directors obtain sufficient and complete background materials on the Company's operations and various issues of the Board in a timely manner;  (6) to ensure that shareholders' opinions are conveyed at Board meetings;  (7) to exercise certain powers of the Board in accordance with authorization of the Board during recess of the Board, for example, to decide on the disclosure of interim reports, etc.;  (8) to sign the securities issued by the Company;  (9) to sign the significant documents of the Board, including but not limited to the following documents:  1. documents approving the use of funds of the Board of the Company;  2. documents on the appointment and dismissal of the general manager, deputy general manager, chief engineer, person in charge of finance and other members of the senior management of the Company in accordance with the decisions of the Board;	Article 54 Chairman of the Board shall exercise the following powers:  (1) to preside over the shareholders' meeting, to convene, preside over the meetings of the Board, and to lead the daily work of the Board;  (2) to supervise and examine the implementation of the Board resolutions;  (3) to ensure the establishment of sound governance mechanisms;  (4) to ensure that issues raised by directors or senior management are included in the Board's agenda in a timely manner;  (5) to ensure that directors obtain sufficient and complete background materials on the Company's operations and various issues of the Board in a timely manner;  (6) to ensure that shareholders' opinions are conveyed at Board meetings;  (7) to exercise certain powers of the Board in accordance with authorization of the Board during recess of the Board, for example, to decide on the disclosure of interim reports, etc.;  (8) to sign the significant documents of the Board of the Company;  2. documents approving the use of funds of the Board of the Company;  2. documents on the appointment and dismissal of the general manager, deputy general manager, chief engineer, person in charge of finance and other members of the senior management of the Company in accordance with the decisions of the Board;

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	3. documents on the appointment and dismissal of legal representatives of wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company in accordance with the decisions of the Board.  (10) to approve and issue a single	3. documents on the appointment and dismissal of legal representatives of wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company in accordance with the decisions of the Board.  (9) to approve and issue a single
	financial expenditure of less than RMB3 million beyond the Company's financial budget plan;	financial expenditure of less than RMB3 million beyond the Company's financial budget plan;
	$(\underline{11})$ to approve a single mortgage financing and loan document involving the purchase of fixed assets with an	$(\underline{10})$ to approve a single mortgage financing and loan document involving the purchase of fixed assets with an
	amount less than 3% of the audited net assets of the previous period, and to approve the purchase of fixed assets with an amount less than RMB10 million;	amount less than 3% of the audited net assets of the previous period, and to approve the purchase of fixed assets with an amount less than RMB10 million;
	(12) to exercise special disposition of the affairs of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the	( <u>11</u> ) to exercise special disposition of the affairs of the Company in accordance with the <b>laws</b> ,
	laws and the interest of the Company in the event of a force majeure emergency	administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory
	such as a catastrophic natural disaster, and to report to the Board and the	authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's
	general meeting of shareholders afterwards;  (13) to propose candidates for	shares are listed and the interest of the Company in the event of a force majeure emergency such as a catastrophic natural
	general manager and secretary of the Board of the Company;  (14) to hold meetings with	disaster, and to report to the Board and the shareholders' meeting afterwards;  (12) to propose candidates for
	independent non-executive directors at least annually without the presence of other directors;	general manager and secretary of the Board of the Company;  (13) to hold meetings with
	(15) other duties assigned by the Board and prescribed by the Articles of Association.	independent non-executive directors at least annually without the presence of other directors;
		(14) other duties assigned by the Board and prescribed by the Articles of Association.
35	Article 55 If the chairman of the Board is unable to perform duties for some reason, he/she may delegate such functions and powers to a vice chairman to exercise on his/her behalf.	Article 55 The vice chairman of the Company shall assist the chairman. Where a chairman is unable to or does not perform his or her duties, a vice chairman shall perform his or her duties (in case of 2 vice chairmen of the Company, the
		vice chairman jointly elected by a majority of the directors shall perform the duties). Where a vice chairman is unable to or does not perform his or her duties, a majority of the directors may jointly elect one director to perform the duties.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
36	Article 57 The following qualifications are required of the secretary to the Board:  (i) The secretary shall have a degree from a tertiary school or above, more than three years' experience in secretary, management and stock-related matters;  (ii) The secretary shall have reliable knowledge in accounting, tax, law, finance, corporate management, and computer application, good character and professional ethics, strictly abide by laws, administrative regulations and rules, perform duties faithfully and have good communication skills and the ability to affairs flexibly;  (iii) A director and a member of the senior management of the Company may hold the office of the secretary to the Board concurrently, whereas a supervisor shall not do so;  (iv) The circumstances stipulated in Article 3 of these rules of procedures with respect to disqualified directors of the Company shall be applicable to the secretary to the Board;  (v) The accountants of the accounting firm and the lawyers of the law firm appointed by the Company shall not act as the secretary to the Board concurrently.  Where the secretary to the Board is also a director and an act is required to be done by a director and the secretary to the Board separately, such person who is acting both as director and the secretary to the Board separately, such person who is acting both as director and the secretary to the Board shall not perform the act in both capacities.	Article 57 The following qualifications are required of the secretary to the Board:  (i) The secretary shall have a degree from a tertiary school or above, more than three years' experience in secretary, management and stock-related matters;  (ii) The secretary shall have reliable knowledge in accounting, tax, law, finance, corporate management, and computer application, good character and professional ethics, strictly abide by laws, administrative regulations and rules, perform duties faithfully and have good communication skills and the ability to affairs flexibly;  (iii) A director and a member of the senior management of the Company may hold the office of the secretary to the Board concurrently, where the secretary to the Board separately, such person who is acting both as director and the secretary to the Board separately, such person who is acting both as director and the secretary to the Board shall not perform the act in both capacities;  (iv) The circumstances stipulated in Article 3 of these rules of procedures with respect to disqualified directors of the Company shall be applicable to the secretary to the Board;  (v) The accountants of the accounting firm and the lawyers of the law firm appointed by the Company shall not act as the secretary to the Board concurrently.  A person may not serve as a secretary of the Board if any of the following circumstances applies:  (1) a person who has been subject to the administrative punishment of the China Securities Regulatory Commission during the past three years;  (3) a person who has been criticised for more than three times;  (4) other circumstances under which a person is considered by a stock exchange or who has been criticised for more than three times;  (4) other circumstances under which a person is considered by a stock exchange in the place where the Company's shares are listed unfit to act as the secretary of the Board.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
37	Article 60 The secretary to the Board shall receive professional training, pass examination and obtain a qualification certificate from the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed and shall be appointed by the Board and his appointment shall be also reported to the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed for record and announced publicly; the secretary to the Board without such qualification certificate shall be appointed by the Board upon approval of the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed.	Delete
38	Article 62 The Company shall officially appoint a secretary to the Board within three months upon the listing of the Company's shares or within three months upon the resignation of the former secretary to the Board. During the period of vacancy in the position, the Board shall promptly appoint a director or senior management to perform the duties of the secretary to the Board and report the same to the relevant stock exchange, and identify a new secretary to the Board as soon as practicable. Prior to the designation of a person to act as secretary to the Board, the chairman of the Company shall perform the duties of the secretary to the Board.  Where the position of the secretary to the Board of the Company has been vacant for more than three months, the chairman shall perform the duties of the secretary to the Board and the appointment of the secretary to the Board shall be completed within six months.	Article 61 The Company shall officially appoint a secretary to the Board within three months upon the resignation of the former secretary to the Board. During the period of vacancy in the position, the Board shall promptly appoint a director or senior management to perform the duties of the secretary to the Board and make an announcement, and identify a new secretary to the Board as soon as practicable. Prior to the designation of a person to act as secretary to the Board, the chairman of the Company shall perform the duties of the secretary to the Board.  Where the position of the secretary to the Board of the Company has been vacant for more than three months, the chairman shall perform the duties of the secretary to the Board and the appointment of the secretary to the Board and the appointment of the secretary to the Board shall be completed within six months after performing the duties of the secretary to the Board.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
39	Article 63 The Company shall file the contact information of the secretary to the Board with the Shanghai Stock Exchange and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, including office phone number, home phone number, mobile phone number, fax, postal address and designated email address.  The secretary to the Board shall ensure the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed can reach him or her at any time.	Article 62 After the Company appoints a secretary of the Board, it shall publish an announcement and submit the following materials to the stock exchanges in the places where the shares of the Company are listed in a timely manner:  (1) recommendation letter of the Board of Directors, including the description of the qualifications of the secretary of the Board as stipulated by the stock exchanges in the places where the shares of the Company are listed, his/her current position, work performance and personal morality etc.;  (2) curriculum vitae and a photocopy of the academic certificate of the secretary of the Board;  (3) appointment letters for the secretary of the Board or relevant resolutions of the Board of Directors;  (4) contact details of the secretary of the Board, including office phone number, mobile phone number, facsimile number, correspondence address and e-mail etc  In case of any change in the aforesaid contact details, the Company shall submit the updated information to the stock exchanges in the places where the shares of the Company are listed in a timely manner.  The secretary to the Board shall ensure the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed can reach
40	Article 64 The Board of the Company may dismiss the secretary to the Board with justifiable reasons. The Board of the Company shall report to the Shanghai Stock Exchange and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange detailing the reasons and make an announcement when the secretary to the Board is dismissed or resigns.	him or her at any time.  Article 63 The Board of the Company may dismiss the secretary to the Board with justifiable reasons. The Company shall report to the Shanghai Stock Exchange and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange detailing the reasons and make an announcement when the secretary to the Board is dismissed or resigns.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
41	Article 65 Before the resignation, the secretary to the Board shall be subject to exit review by the Board and the supervisory committee, handing over relevant files and items being handled or to be handled under the supervision of the supervisory committee of the Company.	Delete
42	Article 67 The deliberations of the directors shall be conducted in the form of a Board meeting. A Board meeting shall be convened and presided over by the chairman of the Board (or by a director authorized by the chairman of the Board). If the chairman of the Board is unable to or does not perform his or her duties for any special reason, he/she may appoint a vice chairman to convene and preside over the Board meeting on his or her behalf; if the chairman of the Board does not perform his/her duty for no reason and fails to appoint a specific person to perform his/her duty on his/her behalf, a majority of the directors may jointly elect one director to convene the meeting.	Article 65 The deliberations of the directors shall be conducted in the form of a Board meeting. A Board meeting shall be convened and presided over by the chairman of the Board.
43	Article 71 The Board may consider and approve a resolution in written form instead of convening a physical meeting. Draft of such resolution must be delivered to each director through mail, telegraph, facsimile or in person. The resolution so proposed will be passed as a Board resolution only after it is signed and approved by two-thirds or more of the directors and delivered to the secretary to the Board by one of the aforesaid means.	with laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, the Board may convene a Board meeting by way of on-site convening, communication voting or voting in writing. Draft of such resolution must be delivered to each director through mail, telegraph, facsimile or in person.  For any resolutions required to be passed by voting at an extraordinary board meetings, if the resolution to be passed is sent to all directors in writing (including email or fax) and the number of directors who sign and approve such resolution meets the number of directors as required to make such decision in accordance with Article 134 of the Articles of Association, such resolution is deemed effectively passed and no Board meeting is required to be convened.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
44	Article 73 Notice to convene a meeting of the Board shall be given as follows:	Article 71 Notice to convene a meeting of the Board shall be given as follows:
		the email or facsimile shall prevail as shown in the email or facsimile report.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
45	Article 76 Directors shall attend any meeting of the Board in person. Where a director is unable to attend for some reason, he or she may authorize in writing another director to attend the Board meeting on his or her behalf.  The instrument of proxy shall specify the scope of authorization, name of the proxy, the matters to be authorized, authority and validity, and the appointor shall sign on or affix a chop to such instrument. The director attending the meeting on behalf of another director shall exercise the rights of the latter director within the scope of authorization. An independent director shall not appoint a non-independent director to vote on his or her behalf.  Where the appointer appoints another director to attend the board meeting on his/her behalf, the appointer shall independently bear legal responsibilities for the decisions made by the proxy within the scope of its authorization. A director who fails to attend a particular Board meeting and fails to appoint a proxy to attend shall be deemed to have waived his or her right to vote at that meeting.  For any resolutions required to be voted and passed at an extraordinary Board meeting, if the resolution to be passed is sent to all directors in writing (by email or fax, etc.) and the number of directors who have signed and approved such resolution meets the number of directors as required to make such decision in accordance with Article125 of the Articles of Association, such resolution is deemed effectively passed and no Board meeting is required to be convened.	Article 74 Directors shall attend any meeting of the Board in person. Where a director is unable to attend for some reason, he or she may authorize in writing another director to attend the Board meeting on his or her behalf.  The instrument of proxy shall specify the scope of authorization, name of the proxy, the matters to be authorized, authority and validity, and the appointor shall sign on or affix a chop to such instrument. The director attending the meeting on behalf of another director shall exercise the rights of the latter director within the scope of authorization. A director who fails to attend a particular Board meeting and fails to appoint a proxy to attend shall be deemed to have waived his or her right to vote at that meeting. An independent director shall not appoint a non-independent director to vote on his or her behalf.
46	Article 77 Where a director is unable to attend the Board meetings twice in a row or has not entrusted other directors to attend such meetings, the Board shall be entitled to recommend the general meeting of shareholders to dismiss and replace such director.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
47	Article 82 The Board resolutions shall be voted by the attending directors by an open and written ballot. The Board meetings implement a one-matter one-vote, and one-person one-vote system. The voting contains affirmative votes and opposing votes, and generally no abstention is allowed. Those who vote for abstention shall state reasons and record on file.  Where the Board makes a resolution, except for the matters that must be agreed by more than two-thirds of the directors as required by these Rules and relevant laws and administrative regulations, all other matters must be passed by a majority of the general body of directors.  Where the number of opposing votes and that of affirmative votes are the same, the chairman of the Board shall be entitled to a second vote.	Article 79 The Board resolutions shall be voted by the attending directors by an open and written ballot. The Board meetings implement a one-matter one-vote, and one-person one-vote system. The voting contains affirmative votes and opposing votes, and generally no abstention is allowed. Those who vote for abstention shall state reasons and record on file.  Where the Board makes a resolution, except for the matters that must be agreed by more than two-thirds of the directors as required by these Rules and relevant laws and administrative regulations and relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed, all other matters must be passed by a majority of the general body of directors.
48	Article 92 The directors who attend the meeting shall sign on the Board resolutions and assume liabilities for the same. The directors who attend the meeting in which the resolution is passed shall assume liability of indemnification for any material loss caused to the Company arising from the breach of any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Associations by such resolutions of the Board. However, a director's liability may be waived if it is proved that such director has raised an objection to such resolution and such objection is recorded in the minutes of the meeting.	Article 89 The directors who attend the meeting shall sign on the Board resolutions and assume liabilities for the same.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
49		New Article 91 A resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be invalid under any of the following circumstances:  (1) The resolution was made without a Board meeting;  (2) The Board meeting did not vote on the resolution;  (3) The number of persons attending the meeting did not reach the number specified in the Company Law or the Articles of Association;  (4) The number of persons agreeing to the resolution did not reach the number specified in the Company Law or the Articles of Association.
50	Article 95 The Board shall keep the minutes, summary, resolutions of all previous general meetings, Board meetings and meetings of the supervisory committee, financial audit reports, register of shareholders and other materials at the Company for inspection for a period of 10 years.	Article 93 The Board shall keep the minutes, summary, resolutions of all previous shareholders' meetings, Board meetings, financial audit reports, register of shareholders and other materials, which shall be kept in Chinese by the Board, at the Company for inspection for a period of not less than ten years.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
51	Article <u>97</u> Decision-making	Article <u>95</u> Decision-making
	procedures of the Board	procedures of the Board
	(1) Investment decision-making	(1) Investment decision-making
	procedures: the Board entrusts the	procedures: the Board entrusts the
	general manager to organize relevant	general manager to organize relevant
	personnel to prepare medium and long	personnel to prepare medium and long
	term development plans, the annual	term development plans, the annual
	investment plans and investment	investment plans and investment
	proposals for major projects of the	proposals for major projects of the
	Company, submit them to the Board for	Company, submit them to the Board for
	deliberation and form resolutions of the	deliberation and form resolutions of the
	Board; major business matters that need	Board; major business matters that need
	to be submitted to the general meeting	to be submitted to the shareholders'
	of shareholders shall be submitted to	meeting shall be submitted to the
	the general meeting of shareholders for	shareholders' meeting for deliberation
	deliberation according to procedures,	according to procedures, and shall be
	and shall be organized and implemented	organized and implemented by the
	by the general manager after approval.  (2) Financial budget and final	general manager after approval.
	accounts procedures: the Board entrusts	(2) Work procedures for profit distribution: the Board entrusts the
	the general manager to organize relevant	general manager to organize relevant
	personnel to prepare plans for the	personnel to prepare plans for the
	Company's annual financial budget and	Company's distribution of profits and
	final accounts, distribution of profits	making up losses, submit them to the
	and making up losses, submit them to	Board; the Board shall <b>formulate</b> plans,
	the Board; the Board shall formulate	and submit them to the shareholders'
	plans, and submit them to the general	meeting for deliberation and approval,
	meeting of shareholders for deliberation	which shall be organized and
	and approval, which shall be organized	implemented by the general manager
	and implemented by the general manager	after approval.
	after approval.	(3) Personnel appointment and
	(3) Personnel appointment and	dismissal procedures: according
	dismissal procedures: according	to the appointment and dismissal
	to the appointment and dismissal	nominations proposed by the Board,
	nominations proposed by the Board,	the chairman of the Board and the
	the chairman of the Board and the	general manager within their respective
	general manager within their respective	terms of reference, the Nomination and
	terms of reference, the Nomination and	Remuneration Committee of the Board
	Remuneration Committee of the Board	shall review by law or the Company
	shall review by law or the Company	shall organize the personnel department
	shall organize the personnel department	to assess the appointment and dismissal,
	to assess the appointment and dismissal,	and submit the appointment and
	and submit the appointment and	dismissal opinions to the Board for
	dismissal opinions to the Board for	approval.
	approval.	
	-	αρριοναι.

No.	Before amendments	Amended articles
	(4) Work Procedures for Material Matters: before reviewing and signing the documents of material matters determined by the Board, the chairman of the Board shall study the relevant matters, judge their feasibility, and sign the opinions after the Board has approved and formed a resolution, to minimize the decision-making errors.	(4) Work procedures for material matters: before reviewing and signing the documents of material matters determined by the Board, the chairman of the Board shall study the relevant matters, judge their feasibility, and sign the opinions after the Board has approved and formed a resolution, to minimize the decision-making errors.
52	Article 99 The phrase "more than" as mentioned in this Measures is inclusive while "less than", "lower than", "below" and "exceeding" are exclusive.	Article 97 The phrase "more than" as mentioned in these Rules is inclusive while "less than", "lower than", "below", "exceeding" and "more than" are exclusive.
53	Article 103 Where there is any discrepancy between there Rules and the Company Law of the People's Republic of China, the Securities Law of the People's Republic of China, the Rules Governing the Listing of Stocks on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, the Rules for Shareholders' General Meetings of Listed Companies and other laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, the latter shall prevail, and these Rules shall be amended forthwith.	Article 101 Where there is any discrepancy between these Rules and the Company Law of the People's Republic of China, the Securities Law of the People's Republic of China, the Rules Governing the Listing of Stocks on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, and other laws, administrative regulations, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association, the latter shall prevail, and these Rules shall be amended forthwith.

#### 1. BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS

Mr. Chen Jiehui ("Mr. Chen"), aged 50, is a member of the Communist Party of China, holds a doctoral degree, a master's degree of laws. Mr. Chen started his career in July 1995 and has successively served as the deputy chief clerk, chief clerk and deputy director of the Office of Guangzhou Taxation Bureau, the deputy director of the Office of Guangzhou Taxation Bureau and Guangzhou Local Taxation Bureau, director of the office of Guangzhou Taxation Bureau and Guangzhou Local Taxation Bureau & State Taxation Administration Guangzhou Municipal Office, the deputy general manager and chief legal counsel of Guangzhou Consumer Goods and Services Group Ltd. (廣州輕工工貿集團有限公司), and has served as the chairperson of Guangzhou Daxin Creative Cultural Development Limited Company (廣州市大新文化創意發展有限公司), etc. Currently, He is the deputy secretary of the party committee, vice chairperson, general manager and chairperson of the trade union of GPHL, and the deputy secretary of the party committee and chairperson of the trade union of the Company. Mr. Chen has extensive experience in the fields of Strategic Management, business management, corporate governance, compliance management, and Party affairs.

#### 2. TERM OF OFFICE

Subject to the approval of Mr. Chen's appointment by the Shareholders at the EGM, the Company will enter into a service contract with him for a term commencing from the date of such approval and ending upon the expiry of the term of the 9th session of the Board. Pursuant to the Articles of Association, Mr. Chen is eligible for re-election upon the expiry of his term of office.

#### 3. REMUNERATION

Since Mr. Chen receives his remuneration from GPHL, the controlling shareholder of the Company, in his capacity as a member of its senior management, he will receive director's remuneration of RMB0 from the Company for the year 2025 if elected.

#### 4. NO OTHER INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED

To the best knowledge of the Board, save as disclosed above and as at the LPD, Mr. Chen:

- (a) has not held any directorships in any listed public companies in the last three years, the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas;
- (b) has no other major appointments or professional qualifications;
- (c) does not have, and is not deemed to have, any interest in the shares or underlying shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO;
- (d) does not have any relationship with any other Directors, Supervisors, senior management members, substantial shareholder or controlling shareholder of the Company; and

(e) there is no other matter in relation to the proposed appointment of Mr. Chen that needs to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders or HKEX, nor is there any information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules of HKEX.

#### NOTICE OF THE EGM

(H Share Stock Code: 00874)

#### NOTICE OF THE SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING IN 2025

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE

- Date and time of the second extraordinary general meeting in 2025 (the "EGM"): 26 September 2025 (Friday) at 10:00 a.m.
- Venue of the EGM to be held: Conference Room of Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited (the "Company"), 45 Sha Mian North Street, Liwan District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC")
- Manner of voting: Both on-site voting and online voting methods (applicable to A shares) will be adopted at the EGM.

#### I. INFORMATION REGARDING THE CONVENING OF THE EGM

#### 1. Resolution to Convene the EGM

The resolution to convene the EGM was considered and approved at the 28th meeting of the ninth session of the board of directors (the "Board") of the Company.

#### 2. Date and Time of the EGM

The EGM will be held on 26 September 2025 (Friday) at 10:00 a.m.

#### 3. Venue of the EGM

The EGM will be held at the Conference Room of the Company, located at 45 Sha Mian North Street, Liwan District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province, the PRC.

#### 4. Convener of the Meeting

The convener of the EGM is the Board.

#### 5. Manner of Voting

Voting at the EGM will be conducted both on-site and online (applicable to A shares).

#### NOTICE OF THE EGM

#### II. MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED AT THE EGM

- (1) To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following as a special resolution:
  - 1. Resolution on the amendments to the relevant provisions of the Articles of Association of Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited and the dissolution of the Supervisory Committee;
- (2) To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following as ordinary resolutions:
  - 2. Resolution on the amendments to the relevant provisions of the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings of Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited;
  - 3. Resolution on the amendments to the relevant provisions of the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors of Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited;
  - 4. Resolution on the election of Mr. Chen Jiehui as an executive director of the ninth session of the Board of the Company and the emoluments to be paid to him for year 2025.

The above resolutions No.1 to No.3 shall be voted on by way of non-cumulative voting, while resolution No.4 shall be voted on by way of cumulative voting.

#### III. ATTENDEES TO THE EGM, BOOK CLOSURE PERIOD FOR HOLDERS OF H SHARES AND DELIVERY OF THE PROXY FORM

For the purpose of determining the identity of the shareholders of H shares entitled to attend and vote at the EGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 23 September 2025 to Friday, 26 September 2025 (both dates inclusive), during which period no transfer of H shares will be effected. To qualify for attendance and voting at the EGM, all share transfer documents of H shares, along with the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong, for share transfer registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 22 September 2025. Shareholders of H shares whose names appear in the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 23 September 2025, will be entitled to attend and vote the EGM.

Any shareholder entitled to attend and vote at the EGM is entitled to appoint one or more proxies (whether or not they are shareholders) as his/her proxy to attend and vote at the EGM on his/her behalf. To be valid, the proxy form, along with any notarially certified power of attorney and/or other documents of authorization (if any), must be delivered to the office of the Company's H share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong, no less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the EGM or any adjournment thereof.

#### NOTICE OF THE EGM

The directors, supervisors, and senior management of the Company, as well as the lawyers of the Company, will be in attendance.

#### IV. OTHERS

1. Address: Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings

Company Limited, 2nd Floor, 45 Sha Mian North

Street, Liwan District, Guangzhou City,

Guangdong Province, the PRC

Postal code: 510130

Contact: Board Secretary Office
Tel: (8620) 6628 1216
Fax: (8620) 6628 1229
Email: sec@gybys.com.cn

2. Address of Computershare

Hong Kong Investor Services Limited: 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong (for submitting

proxy forms)

Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong (for submitting share transfer documents)

- 3. The EGM is expected to last for half a day. Shareholders attending the EGM shall be responsible for their own travelling and accommodation expenses.
- 4. Reporters attending the EGM should register in advance during the registration time for shareholders.

#### The Board of

#### Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited

Guangzhou, the PRC, 5 September 2025

As at the date of this notice, the Board of the Company comprises Mr. Li Xiaojun, Ms. Cheng Ning, Mr. Cheng Hongjin, Mr. Tang Heping and Mr. Li Hong as executive directors, and Mr. Chen Yajin, Mr. Huang Min, Mr. Wong Lung Tak Patrick and Ms. Sun Baoqing as independent non-executive directors.