THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this circular or as to the action you should take, you should consult your licensed securities dealer or registered institution in securities, bank manager, solicitor, professional accountant or other professional adviser.

If you have sold or transferred all your shares in the Company, you should at once hand this circular accompanying with the form of proxy to the purchaser(s) or transferee(s) or to the bank, licensed securities dealer, registered institution in securities, or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected for transmission to the purchaser(s) or transferee(s).

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(H Share Stock Code: 0874)

(1) PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION; (2) PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS AND THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

AND (3) NOTICE OF THE EGM

Capitalised terms used in this cover page shall have the same meanings as those defined in this circular.

A letter from the Board is set out on pages 3 to 7 of this circular. Notice convening the EGM to be held on Friday, 27 September 2024 at 10:00 a.m., at the Conference Room of the Company, 45 Sha Mian North Street, Liwan District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province, the PRC, is set out on pages 192 to 196 of this circular.

Whether or not you intend to attend the EGM, please complete the form of proxy accompanying the aforementioned notice in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and return the same to the office of the Company's H Share Registrar, Hong Kong Registrars Limited, at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong (for holders of H Shares) as soon as possible and in any event not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the EGM or any adjournment thereof. Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the EGM should you so wish.

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DEFINITIONS

In this circular, unless the context requires otherwise, the following expressions have the following meanings:

"A Shares" RMB-denominated domestic shares in the share capital

of the Company with a nominal value of RMB1.00

each and are listed on the SSE

"EGM" the second extraordinary general meeting of the

Company in year 2024 to be held on Friday, 27 September 2024 at 10:00 a.m., including any

adjournment thereof

"Articles of Association" the articles of association of the Company

"Board" the board of Directors of the Company

"Company" Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings

Company Limited (廣州白雲山醫藥集團股份有限公司), a joint stock company with limited liability established in the PRC, the H Shares and A Shares of which are listed

on HKEX and SSE respectively

"CSRC" China Securities Regulatory Commission

"controlling shareholder" as defined under the Listing Rules of HKEX

"Director(s)" directors of the Company

"Group" the Company and its subsidiaries

"H Shares" overseas listed foreign shares in the share capital of the

Company with a nominal value of RMB1.00 each,

which are listed on the HKEX

"HKEX" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

"Hong Kong" the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the

PRC

"Listing Rules of HKEX" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on HKEX

"PRC" the People's Republic of China and, for the purpose of

this circular only, excludes Hong Kong, Macao Special

Administrative Region and Taiwan

"RMB" Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC

	DEFINITIONS
"Proposed Amendments"	the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association, details of which are set out in the appendix I to this circular
"Shareholders"	a holder of the A Shares and/or H Shares of the Company
"SSE"	Shanghai Stock Exchange

"%" per cent

^{*} For ease of reference, the names of the PRC established companies or entities (if any) and the PRC laws and regulations (if any) have generally been included in this circular in both Chinese and English languages and the English names are for identification purposes only. In the event of inconsistency, the Chinese language shall prevail.

[^] Where the context so permits or requires, words importing the singular number include the plural and vice versa and words importing the masculine gender include the feminine and neuter genders and vice versa.

[#] All times stated in this circular refer to Hong Kong time.



廣州白雲山医药集团股份有限公司

GUANGZHOU BAIYUNSHAN PHARMACEUTICAL HOLDINGS CO., LTD.

(a joint stock company with limited liability established in the People's Republic of China)

(H Share Stock Code: 0874)

Executive Directors:

Mr. Yang Jun

Ms. Cheng Ning

Ms. Liu Juyan

Mr. Wu Changhai

Mr. Li Hong

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Chen Yajin

Mr. Huang Min

Mr. Wong Lung Tak Patrick

Ms. Sun Bao Qing

Registered office and principal place of business:

45 Sha Mian North Street

Liwan District

Guangzhou City,

Guangdong Province

The PRC

Principal place of business in Hong Kong:

Room 2005, 20th floor Tower Two Lippo Centre

89 Queensway Hong Kong

6 September 2024

To the Shareholders

Dear Sir or Madam

(1) PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION;

(2) PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS AND THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

AND

(3) NOTICE OF THE EGM

1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this circular is to provide you with information in relation to, among other things, (i) the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association; and (ii) the proposed amendments to The Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings and The Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors and to give you the notice of the EGM.

2. PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated 30 August 2024 (the "Announcement"), in relation to, among others, the Proposed Amendments.

As disclosed in the Announcement, the Company convened the annual general meeting of the Company for year 2023, the first class meeting for holders of A Shares of the Company for year 2024 and the first class meeting for holders of H Shares of the Company for year 2024 on 30 May 2024, to approve certain amendments to the Articles of Association (the "**Previous Proposed Amendments**"). As the Previous Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association was not passed by the first class meeting for holders of H Shares of the Company for year 2024, the then proposed amendments did not become effective, and the existing Articles of Association remains valid.

However, the existing Articles of Association does not reflect the following changes in rules and regulations:

- On 14 February 2023, the State Council (the "State Council") of the PRC issued the "Decision of the State Council to Repeal Certain Administrative Regulations and Documents*"(《國務院關於廢止部分行政法規和文件的決定》), and on February 2023, the CSRC issued the "Trial Administrative Measures of Overseas Securities Offering and Listing by Domestic Enterprises*"(《境內企業境外發行證券 和上市管理試行辦法》) and relevant guidance (collectively, the "New Regulations"), which came into effect on 31 March 2023. On the same day when the New Regulations became effective, the "Mandatory Provisions for Articles of Association of Companies Listed Overseas*"(《到境外上市公司章程必備條款》)and the "State Council's Special Regulations on Overseas Offering and Listing of Shares by Joint Stock Limited Companies*"(《國務院關於股份有限公司境外募集股份 及上市的特別規定》) were repealed. Pursuant to the New Regulations, PRC issuers shall formulate their articles of association with reference to the Guidelines for the Articles of Association of Listed Companies* (《上市公司章程指引》). In light of the above New Regulations, the HKEX has made consequential amendments to the Listing Rules of HKEX which have come into effect since 1 August 2023 to, amongst others, reflect the New Regulations.
- (b) In addition, on 1 August 2023 and 15 December 2023 respectively, the CSRC issued the Management Measures for Independent Directors of Listed Companies (《上市公司獨立董事管理辦法》), Guidance No. 3 on the Supervision of Listed Companies Cash Dividends of Listed Companies (Revision 2023) (《上市公司監管指引第3號—上市公司現金分紅(2023年修訂)》), the Guidelines on the Articles of Association of Listed Companies (Revision 2023) (《上市公司章程指引(2023年修訂)》) and other relevant laws, regulations, to strengthen the management of independent directors and cash dividends.

In view of the aforesaid changes in rules and regulations and having regard to its actual circumstances, the Board has resolved on 30 August 2024 to propose to the Shareholders to amend the existing Articles of Association (the "**Proposed Amendments**").

Shareholders should note that unlike the Previous Proposed Amendments, the Proposed Amendments does not include removal of class meetings requirements. The Proposed Amendments mainly include (a) deletion or addition of wordings to reflect recent relevant changes in PRC regulations and corresponding updates of the Listing Rules of HKEX; (b) amendments to certain provisions relating to the Company's dissemination of corporate communications for the purposes of clarifying existing practice to provide more detailed guidance in relation thereto and align with the paperless listing regime of the HKEX; (c) amendments to certain provisions relating to the independent directors in accordance with the Management Measures for Independent Directors of Listed Companies; (d) amendments to certain provisions relating to the Company's dividend policy; and (e) certain housekeeping amendments to update outdated references and correct clerical inconsistencies with certain PRC laws and regulations, etc. The full text of the Proposed Amendments is set out in the Appendix I to this Circular. The English version of the Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association is an unofficial translation of its Chinese version. In case of any discrepancies, the Chinese version shall prevail.

The Company has obtained a letter from each of its legal advisers as to Hong Kong laws and the PRC laws confirming respectively that the Proposed Amendments conform with the applicable requirements of the Listing Rules of HKEX and the laws of the PRC. The Company also confirms that there is nothing unusual in the Proposed Amendments from the perspective of a company listed on the HKEX. The Board is of the view that the Proposed Amendments will not compromise the rights and interests of and will not have a significant impact on the Company's Shareholders. The Board considers that the Proposed Amendments are in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole.

The Proposed Amendments shall be subject to, among others, the approval by the Shareholders at the Company's EGM by way of special resolution.

3. PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO RULES FOR PROCEDURE FOR SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS AND THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In light of the Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association, The Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings and The Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors are proposed to be amended to, among others, align with the Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association and bring them in line with the Company's latest situation. Details on the proposed amendments to The Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings and The Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors are set out in Appendix II and Appendix III, respectively. The English version of the proposed amendments to The Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings and The Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors are unofficial translation of their Chinese version and is for reference only. In case of any discrepancies, the Chinese version shall prevail.

The proposed amendments to The Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings and The Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors are subject to the approval of the shareholders by way of ordinary resolutions at EGM. Taking into account of the reasons for the Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association, the Board is of the view that the proposed amendments to The Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings and The Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors are in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

4. CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS FOR HOLDERS OF H SHARES

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 24 September 2024 to Friday, 27 September 2024 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of determining the Shareholders who will be entitled to attend and vote at the EGM, during which period no transfer of H Shares will be effected. In order to qualify to attend the EGM, all transfers documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's H Share Registrar, Hong Kong Registrars Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17/F, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 23 September 2024. Holders of domestic shares (A shares) and overseas listed foreign shares (H shares) whose names appear on the register of members of the Company after the end of the trading hours in the afternoon on Monday, 23 September 2024 (including those holders of H shares who have submitted verified application documents for the transfer of shares on or before Monday, 23 September 2024) are entitled to attend the EGM.

5. EGM

The EGM will be held at the Conference Room of the Company, 45 Sha Mian North Street, Liwan District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province, the PRC on Friday, 27 September 2024 at 10:00 a.m. The notice convening the EGM is set out on pages 192 to 196 of this circular. Resolutions on all the matters mentioned in this circular will be proposed at the EGM for the consideration of the Shareholders.

Whether or not you intend to attend the EGM, please complete the form of proxy accompanying the notice of the EGM in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and return the form of proxy to the office of the Company's H Share Registrar, Hong Kong Registrars Limited, at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong (for holders of H Shares) as soon as possible and in any event not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the EGM or any adjournment thereof. Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the EGM should you so wish.

All the votes of the Shareholders at the EGM will be taken by poll.

6. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Directors, including all the independent non-executive directors, believe that the resolutions proposed for consideration and approval by Shareholders at the EGM are in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. Accordingly, the Directors recommend that the Shareholders vote in favour of the resolutions to be proposed at the EGM.

7. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Your attention is also drawn to the additional information set out in the appendices to this Circular.

Yours faithfully
The Board of

Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited

6 September 2024

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
1	Article 1 The Company was established as a joint stock company with limited liability in accordance with the "Company Law" (the "Company Law") of the People's Republic of China", the "Special Regulations of the State Council on the Overseas Offering and Listing of Shares by Joint Stock Limited Companies" (the "Special Regulations"), Constitution of the Communist Party of China (the "Party Constitution") and other relevant laws and administrative regulations of the PRC. The legal interests of the Company and the shareholders are governed and protected by laws, regulations, and other relevant governmental rules of the PRC.	Article 1 The Company was established as a joint stock company with limited liability in accordance with the "Company Law (the "Company Law") of the People's Republic of China" and other relevant laws and administrative regulations of the PRC. The legal interests of the Company and the shareholders are governed and protected by laws, regulations, and other relevant governmental rules of the PRC.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
No. 2	Article 2 The Company was established by way of promotion in accordance with the approval document of Ti Gai Sheng [1997] No. 139 issued by the State Commission for Economic System Restructuring of the PRC. The Company was incorporated and registered with Guangzhou Administration for Industry and Commerce and established on 1 September 1997. Unified Social Credit Code: 914401063320680X7. The promoter of the Company was Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited As approved by the Securities Commission of the State Council by approval document No. [1997] 56 Hao in September 1997, the Company has issued to oversea investors 219,900,000 overseas listed foreign shares available for subscription in foreign currencies and such shares were listed on Hong Kong Stock Exchange in October	Article 2 The Company was established by way of promotion in accordance with the approval document of Ti Gai Sheng [1997] No. 139 issued by the State Commission for Economic System Restructuring of the PRC. The Company was incorporated and registered with Guangzhou Administration for Industry and Commerce and established on 1 September 1997. Unified Social Credit Code: 914401063320680X7. The promoter of the Company was Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited. As approved by the Securities Commission of the State Council by approval document No. [1997] 56 Hao in September 1997, the Company has issued to overseas investors 219,900,000 ordinary shares available for subscription in foreign currencies and such shares were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Ltd.
	in September 1997, the Company has issued to oversea investors 219,900,000 overseas listed foreign shares available for subscription in foreign currencies and such shares were listed on Hong	Hao in September 1997, the Company has issued to overseas investors 219,900,000 ordinary shares available for subscription in foreign currencies and such shares were listed on The

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
3	Article 4 The legal representative of the Company is the chairman of the Company.	Article 4 The legal representative of the Company shall be a director who performs the company affairs on behalf of the Company, and shall be elected or replaced by the board of directors by a majority of all directors. If the director serving as the legal representative resigns, he/she shall be deemed to have resigned as the legal representative at the same time. If the legal representative has resigned, the Company shall determine a new legal representative within 30 days from the date of the resignation of the legal representative. If the Company changes its legal representative, the application for registration of change shall be signed by the legal representative after the change.
4	Article 6 Pursuant to the requirements under the Company Law and the Party Constitution, the Company set up organizations of the Communist Party of China to perform core political functions and established related working organizations of the Party equipped with sufficient number of Party staff and to maintain sufficient funds for the work of the Party organizations.	Article 6 Pursuant to the requirements under the Constitution of the Communist Party of China, the Company set up organizations of the Communist Party of China to perform core political functions and established related working organizations of the Party equipped with sufficient number of Party staff and to maintain sufficient funds for the work of the Party organizations.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
5	Article 9 The Articles of Association has binding effect on the Company and its shareholders, directors, supervisors, managers and other senior officers. The aforesaid personnel may lodge claims in relation to the affairs of the Company in accordance with these Articles of Association. Shareholders may bring actions against the Company may bring actions against the Company may bring actions against the shareholders, directors, supervisors, managers and other members of the senior management in accordance with these Articles of Association; a shareholder may bring actions against other shareholder(s) or may bring actions against directors, supervisors, managers and other senior officers of the Company in accordance with these Articles of Association. The action mentioned above includes court proceedings.	Article 9 The Articles of Association has binding effect on the Company and its shareholders, directors, supervisors, general manager and other senior officers. The aforesaid personnel may lodge claims in relation to the affairs of the Company in accordance with these Articles of Association. Shareholders may bring actions against the Company may bring actions against the Company, and the Company may bring actions against the shareholders, directors, supervisors, general manager and other members of the senior management in accordance with these Articles of Association; a shareholder may bring actions against other shareholder(s) or may bring actions against directors, supervisors, general manager and other senior officers of the Company in accordance with these Articles of Association. The action mentioned above includes court proceedings.
6	Article 10 Other senior management referred to in the Articles of Association means the deputy manager of the Company, secretary to the Board and the financial controller of the Company.	Article 10 Other senior management referred to in the Articles of Association means the deputy general manager of the Company, secretary to the Board, the financial controller of the Company and other senior managers determined by the Board.
7	Article 12 The articles contained in these Articles of Association in accordance with the "Mandatory Provisions for the Articles of Association of Companies to be Listed Overseas" shall not be amended or deleted unless otherwise stated under the provisions of the "Company Law" or any other relevant administrative regulations, or specifically approved by relevant authorities.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
8	Article 19 Domestic shares issued by the Company are deposited and under the custody of China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited.	Article 18 Domestic shares issued by the Company are deposited and under the custody of China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited. H Shares of the Company are mainly in custody of central depository under Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited and may also be held by shareholders in their personal names.
9	Article 20 The Company may issue shares to domestic investors and overseas investors upon the approval of the competent securities authorities of the State Council. Overseas investors as mentioned in the foregoing paragraph refer to those investors from foreign countries and the regions of Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan who subscribe for the shares issued by the Company. Domestic investors refer to the investors from the PRC, other than those investors from the aforesaid regions, who subscribe for the shares issued by the Company.	Article 19 The Company may issue shares to domestic investors and overseas investors after such issuance has been registered or filed with the China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC") or other competent securities regulators. Overseas investors as mentioned in the foregoing paragraph refer to those investors from foreign countries and the regions of Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan who subscribe for the shares issued by the Company. Domestic investors refer to the investors from the PRC, other than those investors from the aforesaid regions, who subscribe for the shares issued by the Company.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
10	Article 22 As approved by the	Article 21 As approved by
	companies supervisory department	the companies approval department
	authorized by the State Council, upon	authorized by the State Council, upon
	the establishment of the Company,	the establishment of the Company,
	513,000,000 shares, representing 100%	513,000,000 shares, representing 100%
	of the then issued ordinary shares	of the then issued ordinary shares
	of the Company, were issued to its	of the Company, were issued to its
	promoter and such shares were held by	promoter and such shares were held by
	Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings	Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings
	Limited. The contribution of such shares	Limited. The contribution of such shares
	by Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings	by Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings
	Limited was made by converting its	Limited was made by converting its
	state-owned assets into consideration.	state-owned assets into consideration.
	As approved by the competent	As approved by the competent
	securities authorities of the State	securities authorities of the State
	Council, the Company issued	Council, the Company issued
	219,900,000 overseas listed foreign	219,900,000 overseas listed foreign
	capital shares after its establishment.	capital shares after its establishment.
	As approved by the securities	As approved by the competent
	competent authorities of the State	securities authorities of the State
	Council, the Company issued 78,000,000	Council, the Company issued 78,000,000
	additional Renminbi-denominated	additional Renminbi-denominated
	ordinary shares to domestic investors.	ordinary shares to domestic investors.
	After the completion of the additional	After the completion of the additional
	issue, the total number of shares of	issue, the total number of shares of
	the Company is 810,900,000. The	the Company is 810,900,000. The
	shareholding structure of the Company is	shareholding structure of the Company is
	as follows:	as follows:
	(1) 390,833,391 shares (State	(1) 390,833,391 shares (State
	shares), representing 48.20% of the	shares), representing 48.20% of the
	total number of shares of the Company,	total number of shares of the Company,
	are held by Guangzhou Pharmaceutical	are held by Guangzhou Pharmaceutical
	Holdings Limited, the promoter;	Holdings Limited, the promoter;
	(2) 219,900,000 shares (foreign	(2) 219,900,000 shares (foreign
	shares), representing 27.12% of the total	shares), representing 27.12% of the total
	number of shares of the Company, are	number of shares of the Company, are
	held by overseas investors;	held by overseas investors;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(3) 200,166,609 shares (domestic	(3) 200,166,609 shares (domestic
	shares), representing 24.68% of the total	shares), representing 24.68% of the total
	number of shares of the Company, are	number of shares of the Company, are
	held by domestic investors.	held by domestic investors.
	As approved by China Securities	As approved by the CSRC, the
	Regulatory Commission, the Company	Company issued 34,839,645 new shares
	issued 34,839,645 new shares to	to Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings
	Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings	Limited as the consideration for assets
	Limited as the consideration for assets	acquisition and issued 445,601,005 new
	acquisition and issued 445,601,005 new	shares for absorption and merger of
	shares for absorption and merger of	Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical
	Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical	Co., Ltd.
	Co., Ltd.	After the completion of the major
	After the completion of the major	assets reorganization, the total number of
	assets reorganization, the total number of	shares of the Company is 1,291,340,650.
	shares of the Company is 1,291,340,650.	The shareholding structure of the
	The shareholding structure of the	Company is as follows:
	Company is as follows:	(1) 584,228,036 shares (State
	(1) 584,228,036 shares (State	shares), representing 45.24% of the
	shares), representing 45.24% of the	total number of shares of the Company,
	total number of shares of the Company,	are held by Guangzhou Pharmaceutical
	are held by Guangzhou Pharmaceutical	Holdings Limited, the promoter;
	Holdings Limited, the promoter;	(2) 219,900,000 shares (foreign
	(2) 219,900,000 shares (foreign	shares), representing 17.03% of the total
	shares), representing 17.03% of the total	number of shares of the Company, are
	number of shares of the Company, are	held by overseas investors;
	held by overseas investors;	(3) 487,212,614 shares (domestic
	(3) 487,212,614 shares (domestic	shares), representing 37.73% of the total
	shares), representing 37.73% of the total	number of shares of the Company, are
	number of shares of the Company, are	held by domestic investors.
	held by domestic investors.	

No. Before amendments After amendments As a follow-up matter of the major As a follow-up matter of the major asset reorganization, the Company asset reorganization, the Company repurchased 261,400 A shares from repurchased 261,400 A shares from GPHL at the consideration of RMB1 GPHL at the consideration of RMB1 and cancelled them thereafter. After the and cancelled them thereafter. After the repurchase, the shareholding structure of repurchase, the shareholding structure of the Company is as follows: the Company is as follows: (1) 583,966,636 shares (State (1) 583,966,636 shares (State shares), representing 45.23% of the shares), representing 45.23% of the total number of shares of the Company, total number of shares of the Company, are held by Guangzhou Pharmaceutical are held by Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited, the promoter; Holdings Limited, the promoter; (2) 219,900,000 shares (foreign (2) 219,900,000 shares (foreign shares), representing 17.03% of the total shares), representing 17.03% of the total number of shares of the Company, are number of shares of the Company, are held by overseas investors; and held by overseas investors; and (3) 487,212,614 shares (domestic (3) 487,212,614 shares (domestic shares), representing 37.74% of the total shares), representing 37.74% of the total number of shares of the Company, are number of shares of the Company, are held by domestic investors. held by domestic investors. As approved by China Securities As approved by the CSRC, the Regulatory Commission, the Company Company issued 334,711,699 domestic issued 334,711,699 domestic shares shares pursuant to a non-public issue of pursuant to a non-public issue of domestic shares of the Company. After domestic shares of the Company. After the completion of such issuance, the the completion of such issuance, the total number of shares of the Company total number of shares of the Company is 1,625,790,949. The shareholding is 1,625,790,949. The shareholding structure of the Company is as follows: structure of the Company is as follows: (1) The promoter, (1) The promoter, Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Group Co., Ltd. holds 732,305,103 Group Co., Ltd. holds 732,305,103 shares (national stocks), accounting shares (national stocks), accounting for 45.04% of the total shares of the for 45.04% of the total shares of the company; (2) Overseas investors hold company; (2) Overseas investors hold 219,900,000 shares (foreign share 219,900,000 shares (foreign share shares), accounting for 13.53% of the shares), accounting for 13.53% of the total shares of the company; total shares of the company; (3) Domestic investors held (3) Domestic investors held 673,585,846 shares (domestic capital 673,585,846 shares (domestic capital shares), which accounted for 41.43% of

the total shares of the company.

shares), which accounted for 41.43% of

the total shares of the company.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
11	Article 23 Upon the approval by the competent securities authorities under the State Council for the issue of overseas listed foreign investment shares and domestic shares by the Company, the Board may make arrangement for the respective issue thereof. The issue of overseas listed foreign investment shares and domestic shares by the Company as mentioned in the foregoing paragraph may be implemented respectively within 15 months from the date of approval granted by the competent securities authorities under the State Council.	Delete
12	Article 24 Where the total number of shares to be issued by the Company as determined under the plan of share issue involving overseas listed foreign investment shares and domestic shares, such shares should be fully subscribed for at their respective offerings. In the event that the shares so issued are not fully subscribed under special circumstances, the shares may be issued in tranches, subject to the approval of the competent securities authorities under the State Council.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
No. 14	Article 32 If the repurchase is made under the circumstances specified in (1), (2) of Article 30 of the Articles of Association, approval must be obtained from the general meeting; if the repurchase is made under the proposed circumstances specified in (3), (5), (6) under Article 30 of the Articles of Association, it may be approved in accordance with the provisions under these Articles or the authority granted at general meetings by resolution passing by two thirds of the votes cast by the directors attending the board meeting. With respect to those contracts made pursuant to the prior approval of the general meeting or the board of directors, the Company may terminate or vary such contracts or give up any right thereunder pursuant to the same manner by which they were approved. The contract to repurchase shares referred to above includes but not limited to such agreement for the commitment to fulfil the obligations of share repurchase and acquisition of the rights to repurchase shares.	Article 29 If the repurchase is made under the circumstances specified in (1), (2) of Article 27 of the Articles of Association, approval must be obtained from the general meeting; if the repurchase is made under the proposed circumstances specified in (3), (5), (6) under Article 27 of the Articles of Association, it may be approved in accordance with the provisions under these Articles or the authority granted at general meetings by resolution passing by two thirds of the votes cast by the directors attending the board meeting. If the laws, regulations and other relevant provisions provide otherwise on matters involved in the aforementioned repurchase of shares, such provisions shall prevail.

No. Before amendments	After amendments
No. Before amendments Article 34 Unless the Company is in the process of liquidation, the repurchase of issued shares by the Company is subject to the following provisions: (1) if the shares are repurchased at nominal value, payment shall be made out of the balance of the distributable profits in the books of the Company and from the proceeds of a new issue of shares for the purpose of the repurchase of issued shares; (2) if the shares are repurchased at a premium, part of the consideration equivalent to the nominal value of the shares may be paid out of the balance of the distributable profits in the books of the Company and from the proceeds of a new issue of shares for the purpose of repurchase of issued shares. The remaining part of consideration in excess of the nominal value shall be paid in the following manners: 1. if the repurchased shares were issued at nominal value, payment shall be made out of the balance of distributable profits in the books of the Company; 2. if the repurchased shares were issued at a premium, payment shall be made out of the balance of distributable profits in the books of the Company and from the proceeds of a new issue of shares for the purpose of repurchase of issued shares provided that, the amount paid out of the proceeds of a new issue of shares shall not exceed the aggregate of premium received on the issue of the shares repurchased, nor shall not exceed the amount of share premium account (or capital surplus reserve fund account) of the Company at the time of such repurchase (including the amount of the premium received on a new issue of shares);	Delete Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(3) the payment for the following shall be made out of the distributable profits of the Company: 1. to acquire rights to repurchase its shares; 2. to amend the agreement; for the repurchase of its shares; 3. to release any of its obligations under the repurchase agreement. (4) after the registered capital of the Company has been reduced by the total nominal amount of the shares so cancelled in accordance with relevant provisions, the amount which has been deducted from the distributable profits and used for the payment of part of consideration equivalent to the nominal value of the shares shall be credited to the capital surplus reserve account of the Company.	
16	Chapter 5 Financial Assistance for the Repurchase of the Shares of the Company	Delete
17	Article 39 Share certificates shall be signed by the chairman of the Board. If the stock exchange on which the Company's shares are listed registers the signature of other senior officers of the Company, the share certificates shall also be signed by other relevant senior officers. The share certificates come into effect upon the seal of the Company having been affixed or printed thereon. The affixation of the Company seal on the share certificates has to be made under the authority of the Board. The signatures of the chairman or any other senior officers of the Company may be affixed to the share certificates by mechanical means.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
18	Article 41 The Company may, in accordance with the understanding or agreement reached between the competent securities authorities under the State Council and overseas securities regulatory authorities, keep the register of shareholders for the overseas listed foreign investment shares outside the PRC and shall appoint overseas agencies to maintain such register. The original register of shareholders for overseas listed foreign investment shares which are listed in Hong Kong is maintained in Hong Kong. Copies of the register of shareholders for overseas listed foreign investment shares shall be kept at the Company's legal address. Appointed overseas agencies shall from time to time maintain the consistency of the original register of shareholders for overseas listed foreign investment shares and the copies thereof. Where there is any inconsistency between the original register of shareholders of overseas listed foreign investment shares and the copies thereof, the original register shall prevail.	Delete
19	Article 42 The Company shall maintain a complete register of shareholders. The register of shareholders shall contain the followings: (1) register of shareholders other than those provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) below shall be kept at the Company's legal address; (2) register of shareholders for overseas listed foreign investment shares kept at the place where the overseas stock exchange in which those shares are listed is located; (3) register of shareholders maintained in other place(s) as the Board thinks fit for the purpose of listing the shares of the Company.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
20	Article 43 Different parts of the register of shareholders shall not overlap. No transfer of any shares registered in any part of the register of shareholders is allowed to be registered in any other part of the register of shareholders during the continuance of that registration. Changes or rectifications to any part of the register of shareholders shall be made in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction in which the register is kept. All the fully paid up overseas listed foreign investment shares listed in Hong Kong are freely transferable pursuant to these Articles of Association. However, the Board may refuse to recognize any instrument of transfer without giving any reason thereof, unless: (1) a fee of HKD2.5 or a higher fee as determined by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited has been paid to the Company for the registration of the instrument of transfer or any other documents relating to or affecting the ownership of any share; (2) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only overseas listed foreign investment shares listed in Hong Kong; (3) the instrument of transfer is duly and properly stamped; (4) relevant share certificates and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer have been presented; (5) the number of joint holders shall not exceed four if the shares are transferred to joint holders; (6) the shares are transferred free from any lien to the Company.	Delete Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
21	Article 46 In the event that a person disagrees to the register of shareholders and demands to have his/her name registered on or deleted from the same may apply to the court of competent jurisdiction for the rectification of the register of shareholders.	Delete
22	Article 47 If the individual who have his/her names registered or requests to have his/her names registered on the register of shareholders lose his/her share certificate (i.e the "original share certificate"), (s) he may apply to the Company for issuing a replacement share certificate representing the same shares (i.e "related shares"). In the event that a shareholder of domestic shares loses his/her share certificate(s) and applies for issuing replacement share certificate(s), (s) he should follow the relevant procedures as stipulated in the "Company Law". In the event that a shareholder of overseas listed foreign investment shares loses his/her share certificate(s) and applies for issuing replacement share certificate(s), (s) he should follow the procedures as required by the laws, regulations of the stock exchange or any other related rules in the place where the register of shareholders for such overseas listed foreign investment shares is kept. In the event that a shareholder of the Company's overseas listed foreign investment shares is kept. In the event that a shareholder of the Company's overseas listed in Hong Kong (H shares) loses his/her share certificate(s) and applies for issuing replacement share certificate(s), such issue shall be subject to the following conditions:	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(1) An applicant is required to	
	lodge his/her application in standard	
	form as specified by the Company with	
	a notarisation or a statutory declaration.	
	A notarisation or a statutory declaration	
	shall include the reasons of the	
	application, the details and evidences	
	for the loss of the share certificates, and	
	the declaration to state that no other	
	persons are entitled to be registered as	
	shareholders of the same shares.	
	(2) The Company has not received,	
	prior to the Company's decision for the	
	issue of replacement share certificates,	
	any declaration from any person(s)	
	other than the applicant to request to be	
	registered as the shareholder of the same	
	shares.	
	(3) Once the Company decides to	
	issue replacement share certificates to	
	the applicant, a press announcement on	
	the issue of the same will be published	
	on a newspaper specified by the Board.	
	The announcement should be published	
	at least once every 30 days during a	
	period of 90 days.	
	(4) The Company is required, prior	
	to the publication of the announcement	
	on the issue of replacement share	
	certificates, to deliver to the stock	
	exchange on which its shares are listed	
	a copy of the same announcement. The	
	announcement is allowed to be published	
	once the Company has received the	
	confirmation of the stock exchange that	
	the same has been shown on the stock	
	exchange. The announcement required	
	should be posted on the stock exchange	
	for 90 days. If the application for the	
	issue of replacement share certificates	
	has not been approved by the registered	
	shareholder of same shares, the	
	Company shall send to such shareholder	
	a copy of the announcement to be	
	published.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(5) If the Company has not received any objection from any person in respect of the issue of replacement share certificates upon the expiration of the 90 days period for the posting of the announcement as required in paragraphs (3) and (4) of this Article, the Company may issue replacement share certificates according to the application of the applicant. (6) The Company is required to cancel the original share certificates immediately once the replacement share certificates are issued, and enter the cancellation and the issue into the register of shareholders as required by this Article. (7) The applicant shall bear all the cost incurred to the Company relating to and in connection with the cancellation of the original share certificates and the issue of replacement share certificates. The Company has the right to refuse to take any action until reasonable guarantees being provided by the applicant.	
23	Article 48 Upon the issue of replacement share certificates by the Company according to the provisions of this Articles of Association, the names of the bona fide purchasers who have acquired such new share certificates and the shareholders (if they are bona fide purchasers) who have been subsequently registered as holders of the same shares are not allowed to be deleted from the register of shareholders.	Delete
24	Article 49 The Company is not liable to compensate for any losses incurred by any person as a result of the cancellation of the original share certificates or the issue of the replacement share certificates, unless such person is able to prove that there is fraud on the part of the Company.	Delete

Article 36 Holders of ordinary shares of the Company shall enjoy the following rights: (1) to request, convene, chair, attend or appoint proxies to attend general meeting of shareholders and to exercise the right to speak and voting rights in accordance with laws; (2) to receive dividends and other forms of distribution of interest in proportion to their respective shareholdings; (3) to supervise the management of the business operations of the Company and to make recommendations and interrogations; (4) to transfer, give or pledge shares held by them in accordance with laws, administrative regulations of the State and these Articles of Association; (5) to enjoy the rights of access, participation and decision on material matters as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations and these Articles of Association; (6) to obtain relevant information in accordance with the provisions of these Articles of Association including: 1	shares of the Company shall enjoy the following rights: (1) to request, convene, chair, attend or appoint proxies to attend general meeting of shareholders and to exercise the right to speak and voting rights in accordance with laws; (2) to receive dividends and other forms of distribution of interest in proportion to their respective shareholdings; (3) to supervise the management of the business operations of the Company and to make recommendations and interrogations; (4) to transfer, give or pledge shares held by them in accordance with laws, administrative regulations of the State and these Articles of Association; (5) to enjoy the rights of access, participation and decision on material matters as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations and these Articles of Association; (6) to obtain relevant information in accordance with the provisions of these
Association upon payment of a fee covering the cost; 2. the rights to inspect and obtain photocopy(ies) of the following information upon payment of a reasonable charge: (i) all parts of the register of the covering the cost; (ii) all parts of the register of the covering the cost; (iii) all parts of the register of the covering the cost; (iiii) all parts of the register of the company, the right to participate	(ii) personal particulars of directors, remaining assets in proportion to their

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(b) principal address (residence);	(8) request from shareholders who
	(c) nationality;	object to a resolution of a general meeting
	(d) full-time and all other part-time	of shareholders on merger or division of
	occupations and duties; and	the Company for the Company to acquire
	(e) identity document(s) and the	their shares; and
	<u>number(s) thereof.</u>	(9) other rights conferred by laws,
	(iii) details of the Company's share	administrative regulations and <u>the</u>
	capital and stub(s) of the Company's	Articles of Association.
	debenture(s);	
	(iv) reports showing the nominal	
	value, the number, the maximum and	
	minimum price paid in respect of each	
	class of shares repurchase since the	
	end of the last financial year, and the	
	aggregate amount paid by the Company	
	for such shares; and	
	(v) minutes of general meeting of	
	shareholders, resolutions of meetings of	
	the Board, resolutions of meetings of the supervisors and financial statements.	
	3. any shareholder requesting for	
	inspection of the relevant information as	
	set forth in the preceding paragraph or	
	for obtaining information shall furnish	
	with the Company written document	
	evidencing the class and quantity of	
	shares it holds in the Company and	
	the Company shall comply with such	
	shareholder's request upon verification	
	of its shareholder capacity.	
	(7) upon termination of liquidation	
	of the Company, the right to participate	
	in the distribution of the Company's	
	remaining assets in proportion to their	
	shareholdings;	
	(8) request from shareholders	
	who object to a resolution of a general	
	meeting of shareholders on merger	
	or division of the Company for the	
	Company to acquire their shares; and	
	(9) other rights conferred by laws,	
	administrative regulations and these Articles of Association.	
	Afficies of Association.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
26	Article 61 The general meeting of	Article 46 The general meeting of
	shareholders shall exercise the following	shareholders shall exercise the following
	functions and powers:	functions and powers:
	(1) to decide on the Company's	(1) to decide on the Company's
	direction of operation and investment	direction of operation and investment
	plans;	plans;
	(2) to elect and replace	(2) to elect and replace
	directors who are not the employee's	directors who are not the employee's
	representatives and to decide matters	representatives and to decide matters
	relating to the remuneration of directors;	relating to the remuneration of directors;
	(3) to elect and replace	(3) to elect and replace
	supervisors who are not the employee's	supervisors who are not the employee's
	representatives and to decide matters	representatives and to decide matters
	relating to the remuneration of	relating to the remuneration of
	supervisors;	supervisors;
	(4) to consider and approve reports	(4) to consider and approve reports
	of the Board;	of the Board;
	(5) to consider and approve reports	(5) to consider and approve reports
	of the supervisory committee;	of the supervisory committee;
	(6) to consider and approve the	(6) to consider and approve the
	Company's annual financial budget and	Company's annual financial budget and
	final accounts;	final accounts;
	(7) to consider and approve the	(7) to consider and approve the
	Company's profit distribution proposals	Company's profit distribution proposals
	and loss recovery proposals; (8) to resolve on the increase or	and loss recovery proposals; (8) to resolve on the increase or
	reduction of the Company's registered	reduction of the Company's registered
	capital;	capital;
	(9) to resolve on matters such as	(9) to resolve on matters such as
	merger, division, dissolution, liquidation	merger, division, dissolution, liquidation
	or change of the corporate form of the	or change of the corporate form of the
	Company;	Company;
	(10) to resolve on issuance of	(10) to resolve on issuance of
	debenture by the Company;	debenture by the Company;
	(11) to resolve on the appointment,	(11) to resolve on the appointment,
	removal or non-renewal of the services	removal or non-renewal of the services
	of an accounting firm for the Company;	of an accounting firm for the Company;
	(12) to amend these Articles of	(12) to amend the Articles of
	Association;	Association;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(13) to consider any proposals made	(13) to consider any proposals made
	by shareholders representing more than	by shareholders representing more than
	3% (inclusive) of the voting rights of the	3% (inclusive) of the voting rights of the
	Company;	Company;
	(14) to consider the material	(14) to consider the material
	acquisition, sale or replacement of	acquisition, sale or replacement of
	assets of the Company (in the standard	assets of the Company (in the standard
	as confirmed by the rules of the stock	as confirmed by the rules of the stock
	exchange located in the places where the	exchange located in the places where the
	Company's shares are listed);	Company's shares are listed);
	(15) matters that may be delegated	(15) to authorize the Board of
	to the Board through authorization or	Directors to decide to issue shares
	entrustment granted by a general meeting	to finance a total of not more than
	of shareholders of the Company;	RMB300 million and not more than
	The authorization or entrustment	20% of the net assets as at the end of
	granted to the Board for handling	the latest year to specific subscriber(s),
	matters as authorised or entrusted by a	and such authorization shall lapse on
	general meeting of shareholders of the	the date of the next general meeting
	Company shall be in compliance with	and is subject to applicable laws,
	the requirements of maintaining the legal	regulations of the place where the
	interests of the Company's shareholders	securities of the Company are listed
	and in strict compliance with laws and	and relevant rules regarding listing of
	administrative regulations to safeguard	securities;
	the Company's principles of efficient	(16) matters that may be delegated
	operation and scientific decision. The	to the Board through authorization or
	following matters may be delegated by the Board through authorization or	entrustment granted by a general meeting of shareholders of the Company;
	entrustment:	The authorization or entrustment
	1. amendment of wordings of these	granted to the Board for handling
	Articles of Association upon passing	matters as authorised or entrusted by a
	of a resolution for amendment of these	general meeting of shareholders of the
	Articles of Association by a general	Company shall be in compliance with
	meeting of shareholders;	the requirements of maintaining the legal
	meeting of shareholders,	interests of the Company's shareholders
		and in strict compliance with laws and
		administrative regulations to safeguard
		the Company's principles of efficient
		operation and scientific decision. The
		following matters may be delegated
		by the Board through authorization or
		entrustment:
		1. amendment of wordings of the
		Articles of Association upon passing
		of a resolution for amendment of the
		Articles of Association by a general
		meeting of shareholders;
		,

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	2. distribution of interim dividends;	2. distribution of interim dividends;
	3. specific matters involving	3. specific matters involving
	issuance of new shares or convertible	issuance of new shares or convertible
	debenture;	debenture;
	4. disposal, mortgage and guarantee	4. disposal, mortgage and guarantee
	on fixed assets as set forth in an approved	on fixed assets as set forth in an approved
	direction of operation and investment	direction of operation and investment
	plan; and	plan; and
	5. other matters may be delegated	5. other matters may be delegated
	by the Board through authorization	by the Board through authorization
	or entrustment as stipulated by laws,	or entrustment as stipulated by laws,
	Articles of Association.	administrative regulations and these Articles of Association.
		The general meetings must not
	The general meetings must not delegate those powers which are only	delegate those powers which are only
	exercisable by the general meetings as	exercisable by the general meetings as
	prescribed by the applicable domestic or	prescribed by the applicable domestic or
	foreign laws, administrative regulations	foreign laws, administrative regulations
	and/or the listing rules of the stock	and/or the listing rules of the stock
	exchanges located in the places where	exchanges located in the places where
	the Company's shares are listed to the	the Company's shares are listed to the
	board of directors, or other organizations	board of directors, or other organizations
	and individuals to exercise on its behalf.	and individuals to exercise on its behalf.
	(16) to consider matters relating to	(17) to consider matters relating to
	guarantee as stipulated under Article <u>62</u>	guarantee as stipulated under Article 47
	hereof;	hereof;
	(17) to consider matters relating	(18) to consider matters relating
	to the Company's purchase and sale of	to the Company's purchase and sale of
	material assets exceeding 30% of the	material assets exceeding 30% of the
	latest audited total assets;	latest audited total assets;
	(18) to consider matters relating to	(19) to consider matters relating to change of purpose for fund raising;
	change of purpose for fund raising; (19) to consider share incentive	(20) to consider share incentive
	scheme and employees stock scheme;	scheme and employees stock scheme;
	(20) other matters which are	(21) other matters which are
	required by laws, administrative	required by laws, administrative
	regulations, the rules of the stock	regulations, the rules of the stock
	exchanges located in the places where	exchanges located in the places where
	the Company's shares are listed and	the Company's shares are listed and <u>the</u>
	these Articles of Association to be	Articles of Association to be approved
	approved by way of resolutions passed	by way of resolutions passed at the
	at the general meeting of shareholders.	general meeting of shareholders.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
27	Article 63 Unless the Company is under special circumstances such as a crisis, and with prior approval of the general meeting of shareholders, without approval by a special resolution by the general meeting of shareholders, the Company shall not enter into any contract with any person other than a director, supervisor, manager or other senior management personnel of the Company whereby the management of the whole of substantial part of the business of the Company is delegated to such person.	Article 48 Unless the Company is under special circumstances such as a crisis, without approval by a special resolution by the general meeting of shareholders, the Company shall not enter into any contract with any person other than a director, supervisor, general manager or other senior management personnel of the Company whereby the management of the whole of substantial part of the business of the Company is delegated to such person.
28	Article 67 An independent director has the right to propose the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting, but shall obtain the consent of more than half of all the independent directors. In respect to the proposal by the independent director for convening an extraordinary general meeting, the Board shall, in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and these Articles of Association, give a written reply as to whether agree or disagree with such proposal for convening an extraordinary general meeting within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal. In the event that the Board agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting, a notice for convening such meeting shall be given within 5 days after the resolutions of the Board is passed. In the event that the Board disagrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting, an explanation shall be given and an announcement shall be made.	Article 52 An independent director has the right to propose the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting, but shall obtain the consent of more than half of all the independent directors. In respect to the proposal by the independent director for convening an extraordinary general meeting, the Board shall, in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, give a written reply as to whether agree or disagree with such proposal for convening an extraordinary general meeting within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal. In the event that the Board agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting, a notice for convening such meeting shall be given within 5 days after the resolutions of the Board is passed. In the event that the Board disagrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting, an explanation shall be given and an announcement shall be made.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
29	Article 70 Where the supervisory	Article 55 Where the supervisory
	committee or shareholders decides	committee or shareholders decides
	to convene the general meeting of	to convene the general meeting of
	shareholders on its own initiative, it	shareholders on its own initiative, it
	shall send out a written notice to the	shall send out a written notice to the
	Board, and shall submit the records to	Board, and shall submit the records to
	the stock exchange.	the stock exchange.
	Prior to the announcement of the	Prior to the announcement of the
	resolution of the general meeting of	resolution of the general meeting of
	shareholders, the shareholdings of the	shareholders, the shareholdings of the
	shareholders convening the general	shareholders convening the general
	meeting shall not be less than 10%.	meeting shall not be less than 10%. The
	Upon the notice and the	shareholders convening the meeting
	announcement of resolution of the	shall disclose an announcement no
	general meeting of shareholders,	later than the time when the notice
	the supervisory committee or the	of the general meeting is sent, and
	shareholders convening the general	shall undertake that the percentage of
	meeting shall submit the relevant	shares they hold will be not less than
	documentary information to the stock	10% of the total share capital of the
	exchange.	Company from the date which the
		general meeting is proposed and the
		date on which the general meeting is
		convened.
		Upon the notice and the
		announcement of resolution of the
		general meeting of shareholders,
		the supervisory committee or the
		shareholders convening the general
		meeting shall submit the relevant
		documentary information to the stock
		exchange.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
30	dispatch written notices of the annual general meeting to all registered shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the date of the meeting informing them the matters to be considered at the meeting and the date and venue of such meeting. If the Company convenes an extraordinary general meeting, written notice of the meeting shall be given at least 10 clear business days or 15 days (whichever is longer) before the date of the meeting. Those shareholders who wish to attend the general meeting is required to return the written replies to the Company within the time limits specified in the notice. The aforementioned business days mean the days on which The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited is open for the business of dealing in securities. If laws, administrative regulations, securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed stipulate a longer notice period for convening the annual general meeting or extraordinary general meeting of the Company, such provisions shall be observed.	Article 58 The Company shall dispatch written notices of the annual general meeting to all registered shareholders at least 21 days before the date of the meeting informing them the matters to be considered at the meeting and the date and venue of such meeting. If the Company convenes an extraordinary general meeting, written notice of the meeting shall be given at least 15 clear days before the date of the meeting. If laws, administrative regulations, securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed stipulate a longer notice period for convening the annual general meeting or extraordinary general meeting of the Company, such provisions shall be observed.
31	Article 78 The notice of the shareholders' meeting shall satisfy the following requirements: (1) to be given in such manners in compliance with the laws and administrative regulations as well as the requirements of the stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed; (2) to specify the venue, date and time of the meeting; (3) to include any matter and proposal to be tabled at the meeting;	Article 63 The notice of the shareholders' meeting shall satisfy the following requirements: (1) to be given in such manners in compliance with the laws and administrative regulations as well as the requirements of the stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed; (2) to specify the venue, date and time of the meeting; (3) to include any matter and proposal to be tabled at the meeting;

No. **Before amendments** (4) to provide to the shareholders the necessary information and explanation for the purpose of facilitating the shareholders to make sound decisions on the matters to be discussed; this principle shall include (but not limited to) the circumstances in which the Company shall provide the specific conditions and contract (if any) of a proposed transaction and a thorough explanation of the causes and consequences of such transaction when the Company proposes merger, share repurchase, capital restructuring or other reorganization; (5) to disclose the nature and extent of interest if any director, supervisor, manager and other senior management personnel has material interest in the matters to be discussed; and to explain the difference (if any) between the impact of the matters on such director, supervisor, manager and other senior management personnel as shareholder and the impact on the shareholders of the same class; (6) to contain the full text of any special resolution proposed to be passed at the meeting; (7) to specify in clear wordings that all shareholders are entitled to attend

- all shareholders are entitled to attend the general meeting, and that each of the shareholders entitled to attend and vote is also entitled to appoint in writing one or more than one proxy to attend and vote on his or her behalf; and such proxy
- (8) to specify expressly the date and place for serving the power of attorney authorizing the proxy to vote;

may not be a shareholder;

(9) to specify the date of equity registration of the shareholders who are entitled to attend the general meeting;

After amendments

- (4) to provide to the shareholders the necessary information and explanation for the purpose of facilitating the shareholders to make sound decisions on the matters to be discussed; this principle shall include (but not limited to) the circumstances in which the Company shall provide the specific conditions and contract (if any) of a proposed transaction and a thorough explanation of the causes and consequences of such transaction when the Company proposes merger, share repurchase, capital restructuring or other reorganization;
- (5) to disclose the nature and extent of interest if any director, supervisor, **general** manager and other senior management personnel has material interest in the matters to be discussed; and to explain the difference (if any) between the impact of the matters on such director, supervisor, **general** manager and other senior management personnel as shareholder and the impact on other shareholders;
- (6) to contain the full text of any special resolution proposed to be passed at the meeting;
- (7) to specify in clear wordings that all shareholders are entitled to attend the general meeting, and that each of the shareholders entitled to attend and vote is also entitled to appoint in writing one or more than one proxy to attend and vote on his or her behalf; and such proxy may not be a shareholder;
- (8) to specify expressly the date and place for serving the power of attorney authorizing the proxy to vote;
- (9) to specify the date of equity registration of the shareholders who are entitled to attend the general meeting;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(10) to contain the name and telephone number of the permanent contact person. (11) the voting time and the voting procedures for such online or other form of voting. Where the Company convenes the general meeting and provides domestic shareholders the ways of voting such as internet or other means, the time of voting through internet or other means shall be no earlier than 3:00 p.m. on the day before the live general meeting and no later than 9:30 a.m. on the day of the live general meeting, and shall be concluded no earlier than 3:00 p.m. on the day the live general meeting ends.	(10) to contain the name and telephone number of the permanent contact person. (11) the voting time and the voting procedures for such online or other form of voting. Where the Company convenes the general meeting and provides domestic shareholders the ways of voting such as internet or other means, the time of voting through internet or other means shall be no earlier than 3:00 p.m. on the day before the live general meeting and no later than 9:30 a.m. on the day of the live general meeting, and shall be concluded no earlier than 3:00 p.m. on the day the live general meeting ends.
32	Article 80 Notices of a general meeting shall be dispatched to the shareholders (whether or not entitled to vote at the meeting), by hand or prepaid mail at their respective addresses as shown in the register of shareholders. For the holders of domestic shares, notices of a general meeting may also be given by way of public announcement. The public announcement referred to in the above paragraph shall be published at the websites of the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and within the scope of media which satisfied the conditions stipulated by CSRC. Upon publication of such announcements, all holders of domestic shares are deemed to have received the notice of the relevant general meeting.	Article 65 Subject to the applicable laws, regulations and relevant rules of the place where the securities of the Company are listed and relevant rules regarding listing of securities, the notice of general meeting may be served on shareholders (whether they have the right to vote at the general meeting or not) by public announcement or other means specified by Article 216 of the Articles of Association. The public announcement referred to in the above paragraph shall be published at the websites of the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and within the scope of media which satisfied the conditions stipulated by securities regulatory commission. Upon publication of such announcements, all shareholders are deemed to have received the notice of the relevant general meeting.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
33	Article 84 Shareholder attending the general meeting in person shall present his or her identity card or other valid certificate or proof showing his or her identity, stock account certificate; proxy appointed by the shareholder shall present his or her identity card and power of attorney issued by the shareholder. Corporate shareholder shall entrust the legal representative or its agent to attend the general meeting. Legal representative attending the general meeting shall present his or her identity card and valid proof showing the status of legal representative; the agent attending the general meeting shall present his or her identity card and a power of attorney in writing issued by the legal representative of the corporate shareholder in accordance with law.	Article 69 Shareholder attending the general meeting in person shall present his or her identity card or other valid certificate or proof showing his or her identity, stock account certificate; proxy appointed by the shareholder shall present his or her identity card and power of attorney issued by the shareholder. Corporate shareholder shall entrust the legal representative or its agent to attend the general meeting. Legal representative attending the general meeting shall present his or her identity card and valid proof showing the status of legal representative; the agent attending the general meeting shall present his or her identity card and a power of attorney in writing issued by the legal representative of the corporate shareholder in accordance with law. A non-corporate shareholder shall entrust the person in charge of the organization or the agent entrusted by the person in charge to attend the general meetings. The person in charge of the organization attending the general meeting shall produce his/her identity card and valid proof showing his or her
		capacities as the person in charge; the agent attending the general meeting
		shall produce his or her identity card
		and a power of attorney in writing
		duly issued by the person in charge of
		the organization according to law.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
34	Article 87 The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the Company's legal address or such other place as specified in the notice of meeting 24 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the instrument proposes to vote, or 24 hours before the time appointed for taking of poll. Where such instrument is signed by a person under a power of attorney or other authority on behalf of the appointer, that power of attorney or other authority is required to be notarised. A notarised copy of that power of attorney or other authority together with the instrument appointing a proxy is required to be deposited at the Company's legal address or such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting. If the appointer is a corporation, the legal representative or such person who is authorized by the resolution of its Board or other governing body to act as its representative may attend the general meeting of the Company.	Article 72 The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the Company's legal address or such other place as specified in the notice of meeting 24 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the instrument proposes to vote, or 24 hours before the time appointed for taking of poll. Where such instrument is signed by a person under a power of attorney or other authority on behalf of the appointer, that power of attorney or other authority is required to be notarised. A notarised copy of that power of attorney or other authority together with the instrument appointing a proxy is required to be deposited at the Company's legal address or such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting. If the appointer is a corporation, the legal representative or such person who is authorized by the resolution of its Board or other governing body to act as its representative may attend the general meeting of the Company. If the appointer is a non-corporate organization, the person in charge or the person authorized by its decision-making body shall attend the general meeting of the Company as a representative.
35	Article 97 A poll demanded on the election of a chairman, or on a question of adjournment, shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the chairman directs and the meeting may continue to transact other matters. The result of such poll are deemed as a resolution passed at such meeting.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
36	Article 98 On a poll, a shareholder (including proxy) entitled to two or more votes need not use all his votes or cast all the votes in the same way.	Delete
37	Article 99 In the case of an equality of votes, whether a show of hands or a poll, the chairman of the meeting is entitled to a second vote.	Delete
38	Article 100 The following matters require the approval of an ordinary resolution at a general meeting: (1) the working reports of the Board and the supervisory committee; (2) the plan for distribution of profits and the plan for making up losses prepared by the Board; (3) the removal of the members of the Board and the supervisory committee, their remuneration and method of payment; (4) annual financial budgets and statements of final accounts, balance sheet, income statement and other financial statements of the Company; (5) the annual reports of the Company of a single security with an amount of over 10% of the latest audited net asset in respect of the secured object which satisfies the Company's standards; (7) the appointment, removal of an accounting firm or cessation to continue the engagement of an accounting firm and the remuneration of an accounting firm; (8) any matters not otherwise required by the laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association to be passed by special resolutions.	Article 82 The following matters require the approval of an ordinary resolution at a general meeting: (1) the working reports of the Board and the supervisory committee; (2) the plan for distribution of profits and the plan for making up losses prepared by the Board; (3) the removal of the members of the Board and the supervisory committee, their remuneration and method of payment; (4) annual financial budgets and statements of final accounts, balance sheet, income statement and other financial statements of the Company; (5) the annual reports of the Company; (6) decisions on the guarantees provided for in Article 47 of the Articles of Association, with the exception of guarantees specified in item (4); (7) the appointment, removal of an accounting firm or cessation to continue the engagement of an accounting firm and the remuneration of an accounting firm; (8) any matters not otherwise required by the laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association to be passed by special resolutions.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
39	Article 102 Unless otherwise	Delete
	provided in the Articles of Association,	
	the implementation or proposal of the	
	following matters are subject to and	
	conditional upon approval at general	
	meeting of more than half of the voting	
	rights casted by public shareholders:	
	(i) issue of additional new shares	
	to the public, issue of convertible	
	debentures, share placement to existing	
	shareholders (save for shares to be	
	fully subscribed in cash by the ultimate	
	controlling shareholder pursuant to	
	undertaking made prior to the meeting);	
	(ii) material asset restructuring	
	of the Company, acquisition, total	
	consideration of which is 20% or more	
	of the audited net book value of the	
	assets acquired;	
	(iii) repayment of debts due to the	
	Company by a shareholder by way of its	
	equity interest in the Company;	
	(iv) proposed overseas listing of a	
	subsidiary of material significance to the	
	Company; and	
	(v) matter with significant impact on the interests of public shareholders in	
	the course of the Company's operation.	
	In the announcement of the	
	resolutions passed in respect of any of	
	the above mentioned matters at general	
	meeting, the Company shall set out	
	the number of public shareholders that	
	vote at the meeting, the total number of	
	shares held by them, the percentage in	
	the Company's shares held by the public	
	and the voting result. The shareholdings	
	and the votes casted by the top 10 public	
	shareholders should also be disclosed.	
	In convening a general meeting to	
	consider any of the above-mentioned	
	matters, the Company shall provide	
	domestic shareholders with voting by	
	network voting platform.	
	network voting platform.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
40	Article 103 Where any of the circumstances provided in Article 101 occurs, subsequent to the notice of the general meeting of shareholders, the Company shall give another notice of general meeting within three days after the date of equity registration.	Delete
41	Article 106 The name list of candidates for directors and supervisors shall be submitted by way of proposal to the general meeting for voting. If the listed company whose single largest shareholder together with its parties acting in concert are interested in 30% or more of the shares of the listed company, the elections of directors and supervisors at the general meetings shall be conducted by way of cumulative voting. The "cumulative voting system" as in the foregoing means that each share has the number of voting right identical to the number of directors or supervisors to be elected, and the voting right owned by the shareholders may be cumulatively used when the general meeting elects the directors or supervisors. The Board shall announce to the shareholders the resume and basic information of the candidates for directors or supervisors.	Article 86 The name list of candidates for directors and supervisors shall be submitted by way of proposal to the general meeting for voting. If the listed company whose single largest shareholder together with its parties acting in concert are interested in 30% or more of the shares of the listed company, the elections of directors and supervisors at the general meetings shall be conducted by way of cumulative voting. The votes of minority shareholders on the election of independent directors shall be counted separately and disclosed. Where two or more independent directors are to be elected at the general meeting, the aforementioned provisions shall also be abided by. The "cumulative voting system" as in the foregoing means that each share has the number of voting right identical to the number of directors or supervisors to be elected, and the voting right owned by the shareholders may be cumulatively used when the general meeting elects the directors or supervisors. The Board shall announce to the shareholders the resume and basic information of the candidates for directors or supervisors.

Before amendments

Set out below are the details of the cumulative voting at the general meetings:

- (a) For the purposes of the election of directors or supervisors, each share held by a shareholder of the Company has the same number of votes as the number of directors or supervisors to be elected. That means the total number of votes that a shareholder is entitled to in the election of directors or supervisors equal to the number of shares that he/she held times the number of candidates for directors or supervisors. The number of candidates for directors and supervisors can be more than the number of directors or supervisors to be elected. However, the number of candidates to which the votes are cast by each shareholder cannot exceed the number of directors or supervisors to be elected and the total number of votes cast cannot be more than the number of votes that a shareholder is entitled, otherwise the votes shall be invalid.
- (b) the voting on independent directors and non-independent directors should be separated. In relation to the election of independent directors, the number of votes that each shareholder is entitled to equal to the number of shares that he/she held times the number of independent directors to be elected. Those votes can only cast on the candidates for independent directors. In relation to the election of non-independent directors, the number of votes that each shareholder is entitled to equal to the number of shares that he/she held times the number of non-independent directors to be elected. Those votes can only cast on the candidates for non-independent directors.

After amendments

Set out below are the details of the cumulative voting at the general meetings:

- (a) For the purposes of the election of directors or supervisors, each share held by a shareholder of the Company has the same number of votes as the number of directors or supervisors to be elected. That means the total number of votes that a shareholder is entitled to in the election of directors or supervisors equal to the number of shares that he/she held times the number of candidates for directors or supervisors. The number of candidates for directors and supervisors can be more than the number of directors or supervisors to be elected. However, the number of candidates to which the votes are cast by each shareholder cannot exceed the number of directors or supervisors to be elected and the total number of votes cast cannot be more than the number of votes that a shareholder is entitled, otherwise the votes shall be invalid.
- (b) the voting on independent directors and non-independent directors should be separated. In relation to the election of independent directors, the number of votes that each shareholder is entitled to equal to the number of shares that he/she held times the number of independent directors to be elected. Those votes can only cast on the candidates for independent directors. In relation to the election of non-independent directors, the number of votes that each shareholder is entitled to equal to the number of shares that he/she held times the number of non-independent directors to be elected. Those votes can only cast on the candidates for non-independent directors.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(c) after the end of the voting, the	(c) after the end of the voting, the
	vote counting should be undertaken by	vote counting should be undertaken by
	the scrutineer of the general meeting.	the scrutineer of the general meeting.
	The number of votes obtained by the	The number of votes obtained by the
	candidates for directors or supervisors	candidates for directors or supervisors
	shall be announced for determining which candidates are elected and which	shall be announced for determining which candidates are elected and which
	candidates for directors or supervisors	candidates for directors or supervisors
	are elected shall be determined in the	are elected shall be determined in the
	order of the number of votes that they	order of the number of votes that they
	obtained.	obtained. However, for a candidate to be
	However, for a candidate to be	elected, the minimum number of votes
	elected, the minimum number of votes	that he/she obtained must be more than
	that he/she obtained must be more	half of the number of votes held by those
	than half of the number of votes held	shareholders (including their proxies)
	by those shareholders (including their	attending the general meetings.
	proxies) attending the general meetings.	
	If the number of directors or supervisors	
	elected are lower than the number	
	proposed to be elected at the general	
	meeting, another voting should be	
	conducted in relation to the vacancies	
	for those candidates for directors or	
	supervisors who have not obtained the	
	requisite number of votes. If there are	
	two or more candidates for directors or	
	supervisors who have obtained the same	
	number of votes and only some of which can be elected due to the restriction on	
	the number of vacancies, a by-election	
	should be held in respect of those	
	candidates for directors or supervisors	
	who obtained the same number of votes.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
42	Article 113 During the general meeting of shareholders, all directors and the secretary of the board of directors should attend the meeting, the managers and other senior management personnel shall also be present at the meeting. The directors, supervisors, senior management personnel shall provide explanation and clarification to the inquiries and suggestions raised by the shareholders at the general meeting.	Article 93 During the general meeting of shareholders, all directors and the secretary of the board of directors should attend the meeting, general managers and other senior management personnel shall also be present at the meeting. The directors, supervisors, senior management personnel shall provide explanation and clarification to the inquiries and suggestions raised by the shareholders at the general meeting, except for those involving the company's trade secrets and undisclosed sensitive information that cannot be disclosed at the meeting.
43	Article 119 The chairman shall guarantee the truth, accuracy and completeness of the minutes of the meeting. The directors, supervisors, secretary to the Board, convener or their representative, chairman of the meeting shall sign on the minutes of the meeting. The minutes shall contain the following: (1) the time, venue, agenda of the meeting, and the name of the convener; (2) the name of the chairman of the meeting, the directors, supervisors, the secretary to the Board, managers and other senior management personnel attending or being present at the general meeting;	Article 99 The chairman shall guarantee the truth, accuracy and completeness of the minutes of the meeting. The directors, supervisors, secretary to the Board, convener or their representative, chairman of the meeting shall sign on the minutes of the meeting. The minutes shall contain the following: (1) the time, venue, agenda of the meeting, and the name of the convener; (2) the name of the chairman of the meeting, the directors, supervisors, the secretary to the Board, general manager and other senior management personnel attending or being present at the general meeting;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(3) the numbers of domestic	(3) the numbers of domestic
	shareholders (including their proxies),	shareholders (including their proxies),
	overseas listed foreign investment shares	overseas listed foreign investment shares
	shareholders (including their proxies),	shareholders (including their proxies),
	holders of tradable shares (including	holders of tradable shares (including
	their proxies) and holders of non-	their proxies) and holders of non-
	tradable shares (including their proxies),	tradable shares (including their proxies),
	the total number of their shares carrying	the total number of their shares carrying
	the voting rights and the proportion	the voting rights and the proportion
	in the total number of shares of the	in the total number of shares of the
	Company;	Company;
	(4) the process of deliberation	(4) the process of deliberation
	of each proposal, the main points	of each proposal, the main points
	of speeches and the voting results	of speeches and the voting results
	(including the votes on each resolution	(including the votes on each resolution
	by domestic shareholders, foreign	by domestic shareholders, foreign
	shareholders, holders of tradable shares	shareholders, holders of tradable shares
	and holders of non-tradable shares);	and holders of non-tradable shares);
	(5) the inquiries or suggestions	(5) the inquiries or suggestions
	of the shareholders as well as the	of the shareholders as well as the
	corresponding replies or explanations;	corresponding replies or explanations;
	(6) the name of legal counsel, vote	(6) the name of legal counsel, vote
	counters, and supervisors; and	counters, and supervisors; and
	(7) other contents which shall be	(7) other contents which shall be
	contained in the records of the meeting as	contained in the records of the meeting as
	prescribed by the Articles of Association.	prescribed by the Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
44	Article 132 Directors shall be elected at the general meeting of shareholders, with a term of office of 3 years. Upon expiration of the term, the directors may be re-elected and serve consecutive terms. The written notice of the intention of the nominees of the candidates for directors and of the acceptance by the candidates to be nominated shall be served on the Company 7 days before the convening of the general meeting of shareholders. Directors and deputy directors shall be elected or dismissed by a majority of the general body of directors. The term of office of directors and deputy directors shall be 3 years and they may be re-elected and serve consecutive terms. Subject to the compliance of the provisions of the relevant laws and administrative regulations, the general meeting of the shareholders may dismiss by ordinary resolution any directors of whom the term of office has not expired (the claim for compensation under any contracts shall however be not affected). The term of directors shall commence on the date of entering on the office, and shall end on the date the term of the board of directors expires. Prior to the expiry of the term of a director, the general meeting of shareholders shall not dismiss the duties of such director without any reasons.	Article 112 Directors shall be elected at the general meeting of shareholders, with a term of office of 3 years. Upon expiration of the term, the directors may be re-elected and serve consecutive terms. The written notice of the intention of the nominees of the candidates for directors and of the acceptance by the candidates to be nominated shall be served on the Company 7 days before the convening of the general meeting of shareholders. Directors and deputy directors shall be elected or dismissed by a majority of the general body of directors. The term of office of directors and deputy directors shall be 3 years and they may be re-elected and serve consecutive terms. Subject to the compliance of the provisions of the relevant laws and administrative regulations, the general meeting of the shareholders may dismiss by ordinary resolution any directors of whom the term of office has not expired (the claim for compensation under any contracts shall however be not affected).

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	Where no new appointment is made	The term of directors elected
	upon expiry of the term of a director, the	pursuant to Paragraph 1 of this article
	original director shall, prior to the new	shall commence on the date of entering
	director entering on the office, continue	on the office, and shall end on the
	to perform his or her duties as a director	date the term of the board of directors
	in accordance with the pro visions of	expires. Prior to the expiry of the term
	laws and administrative regulations	of a director, the general meeting of
	and the Articles of Association of the	shareholders shall not dismiss the duties
	Company.	of such director without any reasons.
	Managers or other senior	Where no new appointment is made
	management personnel shall serve the	upon expiry of the term of a director, the
	office of director concurrently. However,	original director shall, prior to the new
	the total number of directors serving	director entering on the office, continue
	the office of manager or other senior	to perform his or her duties as a director
	management personnel concurrently and	in accordance with the pro visions of
	labour union representative holding the	laws and administrative regulations
	office of director shall not exceed half	and the Articles of Association of the
	of the total number of directors of the	Company.
	Company.	The general manager or other
	Directors are not required to hold	senior management personnel shall
	shares of the Company. The directors	serve the office of director concurrently.
	must have the necessary knowledge,	However, the total number of directors
	skill and quality to perform the duties	serving the office of general manager
	of directors. The directors shall	or other senior management personnel
	discharge their duties of loyalty and to	concurrently and labour union
	act diligently as stipulated under the	representative holding the office of
	"Guidance on the Articles of Association	director shall not exceed half of the total
	to Listed Companies" and the Listing	number of directors of the Company.
	Rules of the Shanghai Stock Exchange	Directors are not required to hold
	and other duties stipulated under	shares of the Company. The directors
	the applicable laws, administrative	must have the necessary knowledge,
	regulations and/or the listing rules of the	skill and quality to perform the duties of
	stock exchanges located in the places	directors. The directors shall discharge
	where the shares of the Company are	their duties of loyalty and to act
	listed.	diligently as stipulated under the "Code
	The supervisors and members of	of Corporate Governance of Listed
	the senior management of the Company	Companies" and the Listing Rules of
	shall discharge their duties in accordance	the Shanghai Stock Exchange and other
	with the stipulated requirements.	duties stipulated under the applicable
		laws, administrative regulations and/or
		the listing rules of the stock exchanges
		located in the places where the shares of
		the Company are listed.
		_
		The supervisors and members the senior management of the Conshall discharge their duties in accordance.

with the stipulated requirements.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
45	Article 134 Directors may resign before his or her term of office expires. Directors resigning shall submit notice of resignation in writing to the Board. If the resignation of a director causes the number of directors constituting the Board to fall below the quorum, the original director shall, prior to the new director entering on the office, continue to perform his or her duties as a director in accordance with the provisions of laws and administrative regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company. Save for the circumstances listed in the foregoing, the resignation of a director takes effect upon the notice of resignation is served.	Article 114 Directors may resign before his or her term of office expires. Directors resigning shall submit notice of resignation in writing to the Board. Where the resignation of a director causes the number of directors constituting the Board to fall below the quorum, or the resignation of an independent direction causes the percentage of independent directors in the Board of Directors or the special committees to fail to meet the requirements of laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association, or causes the lack of accounting professionals who are independent directors, the original director shall, prior to the new director entering on the office, continue to perform his or her duties as a director in accordance with the provisions of laws and administrative regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company. Save for the circumstances listed in the foregoing, the resignation of a director takes effect upon the notice of resignation is served.
46	Article 138 The Board is accountable for the general meeting of the shareholders and shall exercise the following powers: (1) convention of general meetings of shareholders, and report to the general meetings; (2) implementation of the resolutions of the general meeting; (3) formulation of the business plan and investment scheme of the Company;	Article 118 The Board is accountable for the general meeting of the shareholders and shall exercise the following powers: (1) convention of general meetings of shareholders, and report to the general meetings; (2) implementation of the resolutions of the general meeting; (3) formulation of the business plan and investment scheme of the Company;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(4) formulation of the annual financial budget and financial accounting	(4) formulation of the annual financial budget and financial accounting
	policy of the Company;	policy of the Company;
	(5) formulation of the profit	(5) formulation of the profit
	distribution policy and loss recovery policy of the Company;	distribution policy and loss recovery policy of the Company;
	(6) formulation of the policy of	(6) formulation of the policy of
	increase or reduction of registered	increase or reduction of registered
	capital and the policy of issue of	capital and the policy of issue of
	corporate bonds of the Company or other	corporate bonds of the Company or other
	securities of the Company and proposals	securities of the Company and proposals
	for listing;	for listing;
	(7) drafting of the policies of	(7) drafting of the policies of
	material corporate acquisition, if	material corporate acquisition, if
	the repurchase is made under the	the repurchase is made under the
	circumstances specified in (1), (2) of	circumstances specified in (1), (2) of
	Article <u>30</u> of the Article of Association, or the merger, separation, dissolution,	Article <u>27</u> of the Article of Association, or the merger, separation, dissolution,
	liquidation and change of corporate form	liquidation and change of corporate form
	of the Company;	of the Company;
	(8) making decision on the	(8) making decision on the
	establishment of internal management	establishment of internal management
	system in the Company;	system in the Company;
	(9) making decisions on the	(9) making decisions on the
	employment or dismissal of the	employment or dismissal of general
	managers, secretary of the Board and	manager, secretary of the Board and
	other senior management personnel of	other senior management personnel of
	the Company, and making decisions	the Company, and making decisions
	on their remuneration, rewards and	on their remuneration, rewards and
	punishments; on the basis of nomination,	punishments; on the basis of nomination
	making decisions on the employment	by general manager, making decisions
	or dismissal of the assistant managers,	on the employment or dismissal of
	person in charge of finance and other senior management personnel of the	the deputy general managers, person in charge of finance and other senior
	Company; making decision on their	management personnel of the Company;
	remuneration, rewards and punishments;	making decision on their remuneration,
	pamominents,	_
		rewards and punishments;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(10) formulation of the basic	(10) formulation of the basic
	management system of the Company;	management system of the Company;
	(11) formulation of the proposal	(11) formulation of the proposal
	on amendment of the Articles of	on amendment of the Articles of
	Association;	Association;
	(12) making decision on a single	(12) making decision on a single
	external guarantee where the items	external guarantee where the items
	guaranteed satisfying the conditions of	guaranteed satisfying the conditions of
	the Company involves an amount of	the Company involves an amount of
	more than 10% (or 10%) of the latest	more than 10% (or 10%) of the latest
	audited net assets;	audited net assets;
	(13) making decisions on	(13) making decisions on
	matters such as external investment,	matters such as external investment,
	acquisition and sale of assets, mortgaged	acquisition and sale of assets, mortgaged
	assets, external guarantee, financial	assets, external guarantee, financial
	management by commission, connected	management by commission, connected
	transaction, external donations, within	transaction, external donations, within
	the scope of authorization by the general	the scope of authorization by the general
	meeting of shareholders;	meeting of shareholders;
	(14) management of disclosure of	(14) management of disclosure of
	information of the Company;	information of the Company;
	(15) proposal to the general	(15) proposal to the general
	meeting of shareholders on employment	meeting of shareholders on employment
	or replacement of accounting firm	or replacement of accounting firm
	responsible for auditing for the	responsible for auditing for the
	Company;	Company;
	(16) receiving the work report	(16) receiving the work report of
	of the managers of the Company and	general manager of the Company and
	checking the work of the managers;	checking the work of general manager;
	(17) pass resolutions regarding the	(17) pass resolutions regarding the
	repurchase of the shares of the Company	repurchase of the shares of the Company
	by the Company under the circumstances	by the Company under the circumstances
	prescribed in (3), (5) and (6) of Article	prescribed in (3), (5) and (6) of Article
	<u>30</u> of the Articles of Association;	<u>27</u> of the Articles of Association;
	(18) other powers granted by these	(18) other powers granted by <u>the</u>
	Articles of Association and the general	Articles of Association and the general
	meeting of shareholders.	meeting of shareholders.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
No. 47	of fixed assets by the Board, in the event that the aggregate amount of the expected value of the proposed disposal of fixed assets and the value of the disposed fixed assets during the 4 months prior to this proposed disposal exceeds 33% of the value of fixed assets shown in the latest balance sheet as considered at the general meeting, the Board shall not dispose or agree to dispose of such fixed asset without obtaining approval at the general meeting. The disposal of fixed assets as referred to in this Article includes the transfer of certain interests of assets but excludes the provision of fixed assets as security. The validity of the transactions for the disposal of fixed assets conducted by the Company shall not be affected by the breach of section 1 of this Article. The Board shall determine the authorities and establish a strict review and decision-making process for foreign investments, acquisitions and sales of assets, asset pledges, external guarantees, entrusted wealth management, related transactions and	Article 121 The Board of Directors shall determine the authorities and establish a strict review and decision-making process for foreign investments, acquisitions and sales of assets, asset pledges, external guarantees, entrusted wealth management, related transactions and external donations. Major investment projects must be reviewed by relevant experts and professionals, and submitted to shareholders for approval. In accordance with the relevant laws, regulations and the actual situation of the Company, the Board of the company shall determine the scope of the authorities that meet the specific requirements of the Company and the specific proportion of relevant funds in the Company's assets in the Articles of Association.
	The disposal of fixed assets as	company shall determine the scope of
	referred to in this Article includes the	the authorities that meet the specific
	excludes the provision of fixed assets as	specific proportion of relevant funds in the Company's assets in the Articles of
	the disposal of fixed assets conducted by	Association.
	breach of section 1 of this Article.	
	authorities and establish a strict	
	and sales of assets, asset pledges,	
	management, related transactions and external donations. Major investment projects must be reviewed by relevant	
	experts and professionals, and submitted to shareholders for approval.	
	In accordance with the relevant laws, regulations and the actual situation of the Company, the Board of the	
	company shall determine the scope of the authorities that meet the specific	
	requirements of the Company and the specific proportion of relevant funds in the Company's assets in the Articles of	
	Association.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
48	Article 143 Regular meetings of the Board are required to be held at least four times a year, to be convened and presided by the chairman (or any director authorized by the chairman). Written notices of such meeting shall be issued to the directors by mail or facsimile 10 days before the date of such meeting. In the event of urgent matters, an extraordinary meeting of the Board may be convened at the proposal of one-third (inclusive) or more of the directors or the manager(s) of the Company. Board meetings, in principle, are held at the Company's legal address. However, they may also be held at any other places in or outside of China as resolved by the Board.	Article 123 Regular meetings of the Board are required to be held at least four times a year, to be convened and presided by the chairman (or any director authorized by the chairman). Written notices of such meeting shall be issued to the directors by mail or facsimile 10 days before the date of such meeting. In the event of urgent matters, an extraordinary meeting of the Board may be convened at the proposal of one-third (inclusive) or more of the directors or general manager of the Company. Board meetings, in principle, are held at the Company's legal address. However, they may also be held at any other places in or outside of China as resolved by the Board.
49	Article 144 Where it is necessary to convene a provisional meeting of the board of directors, written notice shall be given to all the directors by mail or facsimile at least 5 days in advance. In case of emergency situations, where a provisional meeting of board of directors is required to be convened as soon as possible, notice to convene the meeting may be given by telephone or by other verbal means. The convener of the meeting is required to give an explanation at the meeting. Shareholders representing more than one-tenth of voting rights or more than one-third of directors, supervisors or managers of the Company may propose to convene a provisional meeting of Board. The chairman of the Board shall convene and preside a board meeting within ten days after receiving such proposal.	Article 124 Where it is necessary to convene a provisional meeting of the board of directors, written notice shall be given to all the directors by mail or facsimile at least 5 days in advance. In case of emergency situations, where a provisional meeting of board of directors is required to be convened as soon as possible, notice to convene the meeting may be given by telephone or by other verbal means. The convener of the meeting is required to give an explanation at the meeting. Shareholders representing more than one-tenth of voting rights, more than one-third of directors, more than half of independent directors, members of the supervisory committee or managers of the Company may propose to convene a provisional meeting of Board. The chairman of the Board shall convene and preside a board meeting within ten days after receiving such proposal.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
50	Article 145 The meeting of Board	Article 125 The meeting of Board
	shall be convened in the attendance of	shall be convened in the attendance of
	more than one half of directors.	more than half of directors.
	Each director shall have one vote.	Each director shall have one vote.
	Resolutions made by the Board must be	Resolutions made by the Board must be
	passed by a majority of the general body	passed by a majority of the general body
	of directors.	of directors.
	Where number of opposing votes	Where number of opposing votes
	and that of affirmative votes are the	and that of affirmative votes are the
	same, the chairman of the Board shall be	same, the chairman of the Board shall be
	entitled to have one vote.	entitled to have one vote.
	No directors shall vote on any	No directors shall vote on any
	transaction in which he or she or his or	transaction in which he or she or his or
	her associates ("associate" is defined in	her associates ("associate" is defined in
	accordance with the general statutory	accordance with the general statutory
	interpretation in the jurisdiction where	interpretation in the jurisdiction where
	the shares of the Company are listed)	the shares of the Company are listed)
	has or have material interest, and such	has or have material interest, and such
	directors nor exercise voting rights on	directors nor exercise voting rights on
	behalf of other directors. Such directors	behalf of other directors. Such directors
	shall not be counted in the number of	shall not be counted in the number of
	attendees of the relevant meeting of the	attendees of the relevant meeting of the
	Board. Such Board meeting shall be	Board. Such Board meeting shall be
	convened in the attendance of a majority	convened in the attendance of a majority
	of non-connected directors. Resolutions	of non-connected directors. Resolutions
	made by the board meetings shall be	made by the board meetings shall be
	approved by a majority of non-connected	approved by a majority of non-connected
	directors. Where there are less than	directors. Where there are less than
	three non-connected directors in a board	three non-connected directors in a board
	meeting, any matters to be deliberated	meeting, any matters to be deliberated
	shall be submitted to the general meeting	shall be submitted to the general meeting
	of shareholders.	of shareholders.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
51	Article 148 The Board may consider and approve resolutions in written form instead of convening a Board meeting. Draft of such resolutions must be delivered to each director through email, mail, telegraph, fax or in person. The resolution so proposed will be passed as a resolution of the Board only after it is signed and approved by two-third or more of the Directors and delivered to the Secretary to the Board by one of the aforesaid means. For any resolutions required to be passed by voting at an extraordinary board meetings, if the resolution to be passed is sent to all directors in writing (including email, telegraph or fax) and the number of directors who sign and approve such resolution meets the number of directors as required to make such decision in accordance with Article 131 of the Articles of Association of the Company, such resolution is deemed effectively passed and no Board meeting is required to be convened.	Article 128 The Board may consider and approve resolutions in written form instead of convening a Board meeting. Draft of such resolutions must be delivered to each director through email, mail, fax or in person. The resolution so proposed will be passed as a resolution of the Board only after it is signed and approved by two-third or more of the Directors and delivered to the Secretary to the Board by one of the aforesaid means. For any resolutions required to be passed by voting at an extraordinary board meetings, if the resolution to be passed is sent to all directors in writing (by email or fax) and the number of directors who sign and approve such resolution meets the number of directors as required to make such decision in accordance with Article 125 of the Articles of Association, such resolution is deemed effectively passed and no Board meeting is required to be convened.
52	Article 154 An independent director refers to a director who does not act in other capacities in the Company other than a director, and who does not have any relationship with the Company or its substantial shareholders who may affect the Director in making independent and objective judgement.	Article 134 An independent director refers to a director who does not act in other capacities in the Company other than a director, and who does not have any direct or indirect interest in the Company or its substantial shareholders or de facto controller(s), or who does not have any relationship that may affect the Company or its substantial shareholders or actual controller(s) in making independent and objective judgement. Independent directors shall perform their duties independently and shall not be influenced by the Company, its substantial shareholders, de facto controllers or other units or individuals.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
53		New Article 135 Independent directors bear fiduciary duties to the company and all shareholders and shall earnestly perform their duties in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations, provisions of the CSRC, the rules of the stock exchanges of the places where the company's shares are listed and the provisions of the Articles of Association, and shall discharge their duties including participating in decision-making, supervising and balancing, providing professional consultation on the Board of Directors, and safeguard the overall interest of the Company, and protect the legitimate rights and interests of minority shareholders. The Company has formulated the System for Independent Directors, specifying the qualification, appointment and dismissal of independent directors and detailing the duties and performance, performance guarantee provided for independent directors, etc.
54	Article 155 The Company shall appoint independent directors. The ratio of independent directors to the total number of directors in the Board of directors shall be no less than one-third. Under no circumstances shall there be less than three independent non-executive directors (independent directors shall satisfy the requirements of an independent non-executive director under the respective listing rules of stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed), and at least one of the independent directors shall have appropriate professional qualifications or have appropriate accounting or related financial management expertise.	Article 136 The Company shall appoint independent directors. The ratio of independent directors to the total number of directors in the Board of directors shall be no less than one-third. Under no circumstances shall there be less than three independent non-executive directors (independent directors shall satisfy the requirements of an independent non-executive director under the respective listing rules of stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed). At least one of the independent directors shall have appropriate professional qualifications in accounting as required by the securities, regulatory rules of the place where the company is listed.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
55	Article 156 Independent directors shall attend meetings of the Board, understand the production and operation of the Company, conduct active investigation to obtain the background and information required for decision-making. Independent directors shall submit an annual report of all independent directors to the annual general meeting of the Company, stating their performance of duties.	Delete
56	Article 157 An independent director is required to meet the following basic requirements: (1) having the qualifications as a Director of a listed company as required by the laws, administrative regulations, listing rules of the stock exchanges located in the places where the Company's shares are listed and any other relevant rules; (2) satisfying the criteria of independence as stipulated in "Rules on the Independent Directors of Listed Companies" issued by China Securities Regulatory Commission. Independent Directors is also required to satisfy the criteria for independent non-executive directors as stipulated in The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited;	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(3) having basic knowledge on	
	the operations of a listed company,	
	and being familiar with relevant laws,	
	administrative regulations and rules;	
	(4) having more than 5 years'	
	working experience in the field of	
	law, finance, accounting, finance,	
	management or any other working	
	experiences necessary for discharging	
	the duties as an independent director.	
	Independent directors should ensure	
	that they have sufficient time and	
	energy which allow them to discharge	
	their duties as independent directors	
	effectively.	
	(5) satisfy the Company Law,	
	the Civil Servant Law of the People's	
	Republic of China, the Rules	
	Governing Independent Director of	
	Listed Companies, the Notice on	
	Regulating State Official's Service as	
	Independent Directors and Independent	
	Supervisors of Listed Companies	
	and Fund Management Companies	
	after Resignation or Retirement,	
	the Opinions on Further Regulation	
	on Party and Political Leaders and	
	Cadres Working Part-time (Holding	
	Office) in Enterprises, the Opinions	
	on Enhancing the Anti-Corruption and	
	Encouraging Honesty Work of Colleges	
	and Universities and other laws,	
	administrative regulations and other	
	requirements as specified in the stock	
	exchanges located in the places where	
	the shares of the Company are listed,	
	and the Articles.	
	Independent directors and those	
	persons proposed to be independent	
	directors must participate in the	
	trainings organized by the CSRC and the	
	organizations authorised by the CSRC as	
	may be required.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
57	Article 158 Candidates for	Delete
	independent directors of the Company	
	must be independent. The following	
	persons shall not act as an independent	
	director:	
	(1) any employees of the Company	
	or its subsidiaries and his/her direct	
	relatives and main social relations;	
	(2) any person holding, directly or	
	indirectly, 1% or above of the shares of	
	the Company in issue or being a top 10	
	shareholder of the Company and his/her	
	direct relatives;	
	(3) an employee of an entity	
	shareholder which directly or indirectly	
	holds 5% or above of the shares of the	
	Company in issue or an employee of	
	a top 5 entity shareholder and his/her	
	direct relatives;	
	(4) those persons who hold	
	positions in the de facto controllers of	
	the Company or their subsidiaries;	
	(5) those persons who provide,	
	among other things, financial service,	
	legal service, consultancy service to the	
	Company, its controlling shareholders,	
	the subsidiaries of the Company or	
	the subsidiaries of the Company's	
	controlling shareholders, including	
	all the members of the team of the	
	intermediaries for the project which	
	provided services, review personnel at	
	all levels, the signatories on the reports,	
	partners and the principal responsible	
	officers;	
	(6) those persons who are the	
	directors, supervisors and members of	
	the senior management of the entitles	
	which have material transactions	
	with the Company and its controlling	
	shareholders or their respective	
	subsidiaries, or those persons who are	
	the directors, supervisors and members	
	of the senior management of the	
	controlling shareholders of the aforesaid	
	entities;	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(7) any person who falls within one	
	of six circumstances above in the last 12	
	months;	
	(8) the lack of independence under	
	other circumstances as may be stipulated	
	by the stock exchanges located in the	
	places where the shares of the Company are listed;	
	(9) any other person specified in	
	the Articles of Association;	
	(10) any other person as defined by	
	the stock exchanges located in the places	
	where the Company's shares are listed.	
	The subsidiaries of the controlling	
	shareholders of the Company and the	
	subsidiaries of the de facto controlling	
	shareholders referred to in items (4), (5)	
	and (6) do not include those subsidiaries	
	which do not have connected	
	relationship with the Company as may	
	be stipulated by the stock exchanges	
	located in the places where the shares of	
	the Company are listed.	
	"Direct relatives" referred in the	
	above provisions means spouse, parents	
	and children, "Main social relations"	
	referred in the above provisions	
	means brothers, sisters, parents-in-	
	law, sons/daughters-in-law, spouses of brothers and sisters, brothers and	
	sisters of spouse. "Material transaction"	
	means matters which are required to	
	be submitted for the consideration of	
	shareholders pursuant to the listing rules	
	of the stock exchanges located in the	
	places where the shares of the Company	
	are listed or the Articles of Association	
	of the Company or other material matters	
	stipulated under the listing rules of the	
	stock exchanges located in the places	
	where the shares of the Company are	
	listed. "Hold positions" means acting as	
	directors, supervisors, members of senior	
	management and other staff members.	

Sa Article 159 The candidates for independent directors must not have the following undesirable record: (1) subject to the administrative punishment imposed by the securities regulatory authorities located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed in the last 36 months; (2) fall within the prescribed period stipulated by the stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed as not being appropriate to act as the independent directors of listed companies; (3) has been reprimanded publicly in the last 36 months by the stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed or been notified more than twice that he was criticized by the stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed in the last 36 months; (4) has failed to attend meeting of the board of directors twice consecutively during his tenure of office as independent directors, or has failed
to attend in person more than one-third of the number of meetings of board of directors in a year; (5) has, during his tenure of office as an independent directors, given independent opinion which was obviously contrary to facts (6) such other circumstances as may

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	In the event that an independent	
	director fails to comply with the	
	requirement of independence or in	
	situations that an independent director	
	fails to perform his duty in the capacity	
	of an independent director and results in	
	the inadequate number of independent	
	directors as stipulated under the Articles	
	of Association, the Company shall	
	appoint the number of independent	
	directors as required.	
	Other than the statutory	
	circumstances that occurred after an	
	independent director of the Company	
	has assumed office and under which	
	he must cease to act an independent	
	director immediately, where there are	
	other circumstances under which it is	
	not appropriate for a person to discharge	
	the duties as an independent director, he	
	should resign as an independent director	
	within one month of the occurrence of	
	the circumstances. If an independent	
	director has not resigned as stipulated,	
	the board of directors of the Company	
	should commence the decision making	
	procedures to remove him as an	
	independent director within 2 days after	
	the deadline.	
	If the resignation of an independent	
	director will result in the number of	
	independent directors being less than	
	one-third of the members of the board of	
	directors, the independent director who	
	submits the resignation should continue	
	to act as an independent director until	
	the new independent director has	
	been appointed. The nominee of the	
	original independent director or the	
	Board of Directors of the Company	
	should nominate a new candidate for	
	independent director within 3 months	
	of the resignation of the independent	
	director.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
60	Article 161 Procedure for the election of independent directors. (i) Independent directors shall be nominated by the Company's Board, supervisory committee, and shareholders who individually or jointly hold more than 1% of the issued shares of the Company, the election of which shall be determined at general meetings; (ii) The nominator of an independent director shall have obtained the consent of the nominee before nomination. The nominator shall fully understand the nominee's profession, educational background, professional title, detailed working experience, and details on any part-time posts, and shall give an opinion regarding the nominee's qualifications and independence in acting as independent director. The nominee shall declare that there is no relationship between the Company and himself/herself which may affect him/her in making independent and objective judgements. Before the general meeting at which election of independent directors is to be considered, the Board of the Company shall complete the relevant procedures for the nomination of independent directors in accordance with the regulations and comply with the corresponding information disclosure obligations; (iii) Independent directors shall be elected for a term of 3 years and may be re-elected for a further term of not more than 6 years;	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(iv) Proposition of the general	
	meetings of shareholders to nominate	
	independent directors should be	
	included in the agenda of the general	
	meetings of shareholders and notify	
	all shareholders before the general	
	meetings of shareholders, together with	
	the details of the nominated independent	
	shareholders including their occupations,	
	education backgrounds, business	
	titles and detailed work experiences,	
	pursuant to the requirements of the	
	stock exchanges located in the places	
	where the Company's shares are listed.	
	Any person who has already served as	
	an independent director in 5 domestic	
	or overseas listed companies shall	
	not be nominated as a candidate for	
	independent director of the Company;	
	(v) The Company shall submit the	
	information regarding the candidate for	
	the independent director to the stock	
	exchanges located in the places where	
	the shares of the Company are listed not	
	later than the time of the publication of	
	the notice of the general meeting of the	
	Company in relation to the election of	
	independent director (or in accordance	
	with the requirements stipulated by the	
	stock exchanges located in the places	
	where the shares of the Company are	
	listed, if any);	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(vi) If after the review by the stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed, there is objection to the qualifications and independence of a candidate, the Company shall not propose that candidate as independent director to the general meeting and should postpone or cancel the general meeting or revoke the relevant resolution at the general meeting. When electing independent directors at a general meeting, the board of directors of the Company should give explanation on whether the stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed has expressed objection to the qualifications and independence of the candidate.	
61	Article 162 Power and duties of independent directors In order to exercise the function of an independent director, save for the power vested by the company law and other relevant laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, independent directors of the Company shall be vested with the following special power and duties: (i) major connected transaction (refer to connected transactions entered into between the Company and any connected parties, the aggregate consideration of which is more than RMB3 million or more than 5% of the latest audited net asset value of the Company), shall first be approved by independent directors before being submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion. Before making a judgement, independent directors can appoint intermediaries to prepare independent financial adviser's report as the basis for their judgement.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(ii) propose to the Board for the	
	appointment or removal of auditors.	
	(iii) propose to the Board for	
	convening an extraordinary general	
	meeting.	
	(iv) propose to convene Board	
	meetings.	
	(v) appoint an independent external	
	auditing firm or consultant firm.	
	(vi) collection of the views of the	
	medium and small shareholders, propose	
	dividends distribution proposal and submit	
	to the board of directors directly for its	
	consideration.	
	(vii) solicit proxies from shareholders	
	before convening general meeting;	
	Independent director shall obtain	
	the consent of all independent directors	
	to exercises the above power as set	
	out in item (v) and at least half of all	
	independent directors to exercises the	
	above powers as set out in items (i) to	
	(iv) and item (vi).	
	Items (i) and (ii) shall be submitted	
	to the Board for discussion only with	
	the consent of at least half of the	
	independent directors.	
	8. Review the contents of the	
	announcement of the Company on the	
	resolutions of the board of directors	
	and take initiative in paying attention to	
	relevant media reports and information.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	9. If it is found that there may	
	be material matters which have	
	not been submitted to the board of	
	directors or the general meeting for	
	consideration, the Company has not	
	discharged its disclosure obligations	
	timely or appropriately; the information	
	disclosed by the Company may be	
	untrue, misleading or has material	
	omission; production and operation	
	may contravene laws, administrative	
	regulations or these articles, and	
	circumstances involving suspected	
	contravention of law or regulation	
	or damaging the interest of public	
	shareholders, the independent directors	
	should question the Company in writing	
	and urge the Company to correct or to	
	clarify.	
62	Article 163	Delete
	(1) In addition to the performance	
	of aforesaid duties, independent directors	
	shall provide independent views to the	
	Board or the general meetings in respect	
	of the following matters:	
	1. nomination, appointment and	
	removal of Directors;	
	2. employment or dismissal of senior	
	management personnel;	
	3. remuneration of Directors and	
	senior management personnel of the	
	Company;	
	4. appointment or dismissal of	
	accountants' firms;	
	5. correction of accounting policies,	
	changes in accounting estimation or	
	material accounting mistakes other than	
	by reasons of the changes in accounting	
	principles;	
	6. non-standard no qualification	
	audit opinion issued by accounting firm	
	in respect of the financial and accounting	
	report of the Company and internal	
	control;	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	7. internal control evaluation report;	
	8. proposals on changes in the	
	undertakings given by related parties;	
	9. impact of the issue of preference	
	shares on the rights of different classes of	
	the shareholders of the Company;	
	10. formulate profit distribution	
	policy, profit distribution plan and cash	
	distribution plan;	
	11. material events which are	
	subject to disclosure such as connected	
	transactions, provision of guarantee	
	(excluding guarantee provided	
	to subsidiaries of the Company	
	consolidated in the financial statements),	
	entrusted wealth management, provision	
	of financial assistance, use of proceeds	
	from fund raising, investment in shares	
	and their derivatives;	
	12. material assets reorganization,	
	management takeovers, share incentive	
	scheme, employee stock scheme, shares	
	repurchase proposal, proposal on setting	
	off the debts of a connected person by	
	assets;	
	13. the Company's proposal to	
	delist its shares from the stock exchanges	
	on which the shares of the Company are	
	listed;	
	14. such matters that the	
	independent directors consider to be	
	detrimental to the interest of the medium	
	and small shareholders;	
	15. such other matters as may be	
	stipulated by the laws or administrative	
	regulations of the places where the	
	shares of the Company are listed or the	
	articles of association of the Company;	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	The independent directors shall	
	provide the following types of opinion:	
	agree; reserve opinion and the reasons	
	thereof; object and the reasons thereof;	
	cannot express opinion and the obstacles	
	thereof. If the relevant matters are	
	required to be disclosed, the Company	
	should announce the opinion of the	
	independent directors. If the opinion	
	of the independent directors differ and	
	cannot reach a consensus, the board of	
	directors should disclose the opinion of	
	each independent directors separately.	
	(2) Independent directors shall give	
	one of the following opinions in respect	
	of the aforesaid matters:	
	1. consent;	
	2. qualified opinion and its reason;	
	3. objection and its reason;	
	4. no comment and the restriction	
	on making comments.	
	(3) If the matters are disclosable,	
	the Company shall also make public	
	announcement on the independent	
	directors' opinion. Where there are dissenting opinions among the	
	independent directors, the Board shall disclose all independent directors'	
	opinion separately.	
	-r	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
63	Article 164 Other rights and	Delete
	obligations of independent directors	
	(i) In order to ensure that the	
	independent directors can effectively	
	exercise their authority, the Company	
	should provide for the working	
	conditions which are necessary to	
	allow the independent directors to	
	exercise their authority effectively. The	
	secretariat to the board of directors	
	of the Company should proactively	
	provide the assistance for the exercise	
	of the authority by the independent	
	directors such as, among other things,	
	introduction of the situations and	
	provision of materials, provide report on	
	the operation of the Company regularly	
	and, where necessary, organize physical	
	visit for the independent directors. In	
	the event that the independent opinion,	
	proposals and written explanation of the	
	independent directors are required to be	
	announced publicly, the Company should	
	provide timely assistance in this regard.	
	(ii) The independent directors	
	are entitled to the right of information	
	equivalent to other directors. Where	
	there is a matter that is required to be	
	decided by the board of directors, the	
	Company must give prior notice to the	
	independent directors and concurrently	
	provide sufficient information. If the	
	independent directors are of the view	
	that the information is insufficient,	
	they may request for supplemental	
	information.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(iii) Where two or more than two	
	independent directors are of the view	
	that the information is insufficient or	
	the arguments are unclear, they may	
	jointly request the board of directors to	
	postpone the meeting of the board of	
	directors or postpone the consideration	
	of the relevant matters. Both the	
	Company and the independent directors	
	should keep the information provided	
	by the Company for a minimum of five	
	years.	
	(iv) If the independent directors	
	need to know more about the relevant	
	situations and general understanding of	
	the Company, the relevant staff of the	
	Company must cooperate proactively	
	and must not refuse, hinder or conceal	
	and must not interfere the independence	
	of the independent directors. The	
	secretariat to the board of directors shall	
	coordinate the specific work in this	
	connection.	
	(v) In the event that the independent	
	opinion, proposals and written	
	explanation of the independent directors	
	are required to be announced publicly,	
	the secretariat to the board of directors	
	should transact the announcement at the	
	stock exchanges located in the places	
	where the shares of the Company are	
	listed in a timely manner.	
	(vi) The independent directors	
	should attend the meetings of the board	
	of directors as scheduled, but may	
	entrust other independent directors to	
	participate in the meetings.	
	(vii) The independent directors	
	should submit their annual debriefing	
	to the general meetings of the Company	
	and explain the information regarding	
	the exercise of their authority.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
64	Article 165 Subsidy of the independent directors (i) The independent directors may receive appropriate subsidy from the Company. The standard of the subsidy should be decided by the board of directors, considered and approved at the general meeting and disclosed in the Company's annual reports. (ii) Other than the subsidy referred to above, the independent directors are not allowed to receive other benefits from the Company, shareholders of the Company or connected parties which have not been disclosed. (iii) The expenses incurred by the independent directors in retaining intermediaries and other necessary expenses in respect of the exercise of the authority of the independent directors shall be borne by the Company. (iv) Subject to the approval of the general meeting, the Company may establish the necessary insurance regime regarding the duties of the independent directors in order to reduce the risks that may arise in the normal exercise of the authority of the independent directors.	Delete
65	Article 166 The Board of the Company sets up certain special committees pursuant to resolutions passed at general meetings. All special committees are comprised of Directors and convened by independent directors that have the largest proportion except the Strategic Development and Investment Committee. All members of Audit Committee shall be independent non-executive directors, of whom at least one independent director shall be a professional accountant and act as the convener.	Article 137 The Board of the Company sets up certain special committees. All special committees are comprised of Directors and convened by independent directors that have the largest proportion except the Strategic Development and Investment Committee. All members of Audit Committee shall be independent non-executive directors, of whom at least one independent director shall be a professional accountant and act as the convener.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
66	Article 169 The main duties of the Committees of the Board shall be performed in accordance with the relevant regulations stipulated in the Governance Rules for Listed Companies.	Article 140 The main duties of the Committees of the Board shall be performed in accordance with the relevant regulations stipulated in the Governance Rules for Listed Companies and the Measures for the Administration of Independent Directors of Listed Companies.
67	Article 171 The secretary shall be a natural person with required professional knowledge and experience and appointed by the Board. The main duties of the secretary are to ensure: (1) the complete constitution documents and records of the Company; (2) the preparation and submission of required reports and documents to relevant authorities in accordance with the laws; (3) the proper maintenance of the register of shareholders of the Company and timely receipt of the records and documents of the Company by those who are entitled to receive the same; (4) the disclosure of the Company's information, including establishing information disclosure system, receiving visits, answering enquiries, contacting shareholders and providing investors with the Company's publicly disclosed information.	Article 142 The secretary shall be a natural person with required professional knowledge and experience and appointed by the Board. The main duties of the secretary are: (1) responsible for disclosing information of the Company, coordinating the information disclosure related affairs of the Company, organizing the formulation of the information disclosure management system of the Company, and urging the Company and the relevant persons who have the obligation to disclose information to comply with the provisions on information disclosure; (2) responsible for managing the investor relations, coordinating information communication between the Company and securities regulators, investors and actual controllers, intermediaries, media, etc.; (3) preparing and organizing meetings of the Board of Directors and general meetings, attending general meetings, meetings of the supervisory committee and relevant meetings of senior management, preparing minutes of meetings of the Board of Directors and having the same signed;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		(4) responsible for the
		confidentiality of the undisclosed
		information and immediately reporting
		to the stock exchanges on which the
		company's shares are listed once the
		confidentiality of undisclosed material
		information has been comprised;
		(5) paying attention to media
		reports and proactively verifying the
		authenticity thereof, and urging the
		Company and other relevant entities
		to respond promptly to enquiries from
		the stock exchanges on which the
		shares of the Company are listed;
		(6) organizing trainings for
		directors, supervisors and senior
		management of the Company in
		accordance with relevant laws,
		administrative regulations and
		relevant provisions of the stock
		exchanges on which the Company's
		shares are listed and assisting them in
		understanding their respective duties
		in respect of information disclosure;
		(7) urging directors, supervisors
		and senior management to comply
		with laws, administrative regulations,
		provisions of the stock exchanges on
		which the Company's shares are listed
		and the Articles of Association and to
		earnestly fulfill their commitments;
		when the secretary is aware that the
		Company or its directors, supervisors
		and senior management have made
		or may have made any resolution in
		violation of the relevant provisions, he
		or she shall warn the Company or any
		of its director, supervisor and senior
		management and immediately report
		such violation to the stock exchanges
		on which the Company's shares are
		listed;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		(8) responsible for management of movements in the Company's stocks and their derivatives; and (9) fulfilling other duties as required by laws, administrative regulations and the stock exchanges on which the Company's shares are listed.
68	Article 173 The Company shall have one general manager, who shall be hired or dismissed by the board of directors. The term of office shall be three years, and such General Manager may be re-hired and serve consecutive terms. Managers may resign before his or her term expires. The specific procedures and methods for resignation of manager shall be specified in the employment contract between the manager and the Company.	Article 144 The Company shall have one general manager, who shall be hired or dismissed by the board of directors. The term of office shall be three years, and such General Manager may be re-hired and serve consecutive terms. The general manager may resign before his or her term expires. The specific procedures and methods for resignation of general manager shall be specified in the employment contract between general manager and the Company.
69	Article 174 The general manager shall be responsible to the Board and shall have the following functions and duties: (1) to be responsible for the production and management of the Company and to arrange the implementation of the resolutions of the Board; (2) to arrange the implementation of the annual business plans and investment proposals of the Company; (3) to prepare proposals for the establishment of internal management structure of the Company; (4) to prepare the fundamental management systems of the Company; (5) to formulate the fundamental regulations of the Company;	Article 145 The general manager shall be responsible to the Board and shall have the following functions and duties: (1) to be responsible for the production and management of the Company, arrange the implementation of the resolutions of the Board and report his work to the Board of Directors; (2) to arrange the implementation of the annual business plans and investment proposals of the Company; (3) to prepare proposals for the establishment of internal management structure of the Company; (4) to prepare the fundamental management systems of the Company; (5) to formulate the fundamental regulations of the Company;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(6) to propose the employment and dismissal of deputy managers and persons in charge of financial matters of the Company by the Board; (7) to employ and dismiss management staff members except those who will be employed and dismissed by the Board as may be determined by the Board; (8) other functions and duties as conferred by the Articles of Association and the Board.	(6) to propose the employment and dismissal of deputy managers and persons in charge of financial matters of the Company by the Board; (7) to employ and dismiss management staff members except those who will be employed and dismissed by the Board as may be determined by the Board; (8) other functions and duties as conferred by the Articles of Association and the Board.
70	Article 178 The supervisory committee shall comprise 3 persons, one of whom shall act as chairman of the supervisory committee. The term of office of supervisor shall be 3 years and the supervisor may be reelected and serve consecutive terms. The appointment and dismissal of the Chairman of the supervisory committee shall be passed by more than two thirds of the members of the supervisory committee through voting. Where no new appointment is made upon expiry of the term of a supervisor, or the resignation of a supervisor causes the number of supervisors constituting the supervisory committee to fall below the quorum, the original supervisor shall, prior to the new supervisor entering on the office, continue to perform his or her duties as a supervisor in accordance with the provisions of laws and administrative regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company.	Article 149 The supervisory committee shall comprise 3 persons, one of whom shall act as chairman of the supervisory committee. The term of office of supervisor shall be 3 years and the supervisor may be reelected and serve consecutive terms. The appointment and dismissal of the Chairman of the supervisory committee shall depend on the votes casted by more than half of the all members of the supervisory committee. Where no new appointment is made upon expiry of the term of a supervisor, or the resignation of a supervisor causes the number of supervisors constituting the supervisory committee to fall below the quorum, the original supervisor shall, prior to the new supervisor entering on the office, continue to perform his or her duties as a supervisor in accordance with the provisions of laws and administrative regulations and the Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	Supervisors shall guarantee the truth, accuracy and completeness of the information disclosed by the Company and sign the written confirmation of opinions on the regular reports. Supervisors shall comply with the laws, administrative regulations and these Articles of Association, and owe fiduciary obligation and due diligence. No supervisor shall abuse his or her powers and accept bribery or other unlawful proceeds, and misappropriate the assets of the Company. No supervisor shall use his or her affiliation to injury the interest of the Company. Where any loss is thus caused to the Company, the supervisor shall be liable for compensation. Where a supervisor violates any laws, administrative regulations, departmental regulations or the provisions of the Articles of Association in the course of performing his or her duties, and causes loss to the Company,	Supervisors shall guarantee the truth, accuracy and completeness of the information disclosed by the Company and sign the written confirmation of opinions on the regular reports. Supervisors shall comply with the laws, administrative regulations and these Articles of Association, and owe fiduciary obligation and due diligence. No supervisor shall abuse his or her powers and accept bribery or other unlawful proceeds, and misappropriate the assets of the Company. No supervisor shall use his or her affiliation to injury the interest of the Company. Where any loss is thus caused to the Company, the supervisor shall be liable for compensation. Where a supervisor violates any laws, administrative regulations, departmental regulations or the provisions of the Articles of Association in the course of performing his or her duties, and causes loss to the Company,
71	such supervisor shall be liable for compensation. Article 182 The supervisory committee shall be accountable to all shareholders and shall exercise the following functions and duties: (1) to examine the Company's financial affairs; (2) to supervise the Company's directors, general manger and other senior management personnel to see whether they violate any laws, administrative regulations or these Articles of Associations when performing their duties and to propose on dismissal of directors or senior management personnel in violation of laws, administrative regulations, these Articles of Associations or resolution passed in a general meeting of shareholders;	such supervisor shall be liable for compensation. Article 153 The supervisory committee shall be accountable to all shareholders and shall exercise the following functions and duties: (1) to examine the Company's financial affairs; (2) to supervise the Company's directors, general manager and other senior management personnel to see whether they violate any laws, administrative regulations or these Articles of Associations when performing their duties and to propose on dismissal of directors or senior management personnel in violation of laws, administrative regulations, these Articles of Associations or resolution passed in a general meeting of shareholders;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(3) if an act of the Company's	(3) if an act of the Company's
	director, manager and other senior	director, manager and other senior
	management personnel prejudices the	management personnel prejudices the
	interests of the Company, to request	interests of the Company, to request
	such person to correct such act;	such person to correct such act;
	(4) to verify accounting reports,	(4) to propose convening an
	business reports, profit distribution plans	extraordinary general meeting, and
	and other such financial information	to convene a general meeting when
	proposed to be tabled at the general	the Board of Directors fails to fulfill
	meeting of shareholders by the Board	the duty of convening and chairing
	and to appoint, in the name of the	a general meeting required by the
	Company, a certified accountant or	Company Law;
	practicing auditor to assist the review	(5) to review the Company's
	should any queries arise;	regular reports formulated by the board
	(5) to propose convening an	of directors and to provide written
	extraordinary general meeting;	opinion on such review;
	(6) to represent the Company in	(6) to make proposals to the general
	negotiations with directors or in initiating	meeting of shareholders;
	legal proceedings against a director;	(7) to institute lawsuits against
	(7) to review the Company's regular	directors or senior management of the
	reports formulated by the board of	Company according to Article 189 of
	directors and to provide written opinion on	the Company Law;
	such review;	(8) to conduct investigation upon
	(8) to make proposals to the general	discovering irregularities in the business
	meeting of shareholders;	operations and may appoint professional
	(9) to conduct investigation upon	organizations such as accounting firms and/
	discovering irregularities in the business	or law firms to assist in the investigation if
	operations and may appoint professional	necessary; such expenses shall be borne by
	organizations such as accounting firms and/	the Company; and
	or law firms to assist in the investigation if	(9) other functions and powers as
	necessary; such expenses shall be borne by	stipulated in the Articles of Associations.
	the Company;	Supervisors may attend meetings of
	(10) other functions and powers as	the Board and query resolutions of the
	stipulated in these Articles of Associations.	Board or give suggestions.
	Supervisors may attend meetings of	
	the Board and query resolutions of the	
	Board or give suggestions.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
72	Article 183 The supervisory committee shall be convened at least once in every 6 months. Supervisors may propose the convening of an extraordinary meeting of the supervisory committee. Resolutions of the supervisory committee shall be passed by two thirds or more (including two thirds) of the supervisors.	Article 154 The supervisory committee shall be convened at least once in every 6 months. Supervisors may propose the convening of an extraordinary meeting of the Supervisory Committee. Resolutions of the supervisory committee shall be passed by votes of more than half of the supervisors.
73	Article 191 In addition to the obligations imposed by the laws and administrative regulations or required by the listing rules of the stock exchange on which the shares of the Company are listed, a director, a supervisor, the general manager or any other senior officer of the Company owes a duty to each shareholder for the following in the exercise of the powers entrusted to him/her: (1) not to cause the Company to exceed the scope of business stipulated in its business licence; (2) to act honestly in the best interests of the Company; (3) not to expropriate in any guise the properties of the Company, including but not limited to taking over any opportunities advantageous to the Company; (4) not to expropriate the individual rights of shareholders including but not limited to the rights to distribution and voting rights save and except pursuant to a restructuring of the Company submitted for approval at a general meeting in accordance with these Articles.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
74	Article 192 A director, a supervisor, general manager or any other senior officer of the Company, owes a duty, in the exercise of his/her powers and discharge of his/her duties, to exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonable and prudent person would be expected to exercise in comparable circumstances. The directors, including independent directors and those who intend to act as independent directors, of the Company shall take an active part in relevant training in order to understand the rights, obligations and responsibilities as Directors, including independent directors, get familiar with relevant laws and regulations and master relevant knowledge required as a Director, including independent directors.	Delete
75	Article 193 The directors, supervisors, the general manager and other senior officers of the Company shall perform their duties in accordance with the principle of fiduciary; and shall not put themselves in a position where their duties and their interests may conflict. This principle applies to, including but not limited to, discharging the following obligations: (1) to act sincerely in the best interests of the Company; (2) to exercise powers within the scope of their powers and not to act ultra vires; (3) to exercise the discretion rights vested to them personally and not to allow themselves to act under the control of another and, unless and to the extent permitted by laws, administrative regulations or with the informed consent of shareholders given at the general meeting, not to delegate their discretion rights to others;	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(4) to treat shareholders of the same	
	class equally and to treat shareholders of	
	different classes fairly;	
	(5) except in accordance with	
	the Articles of Association or with the	
	informed consent of shareholders given	
	at the general meeting, not to enter into	
	any contract, transaction or agreement	
	with the Company;	
	(6) without the informed consent	
	of shareholders given at the general	
	meeting, not to use the Company's	
	property for their own benefit;	
	(7) not to abuse their duties to	
	accept bribes or other illegal income	
	or expropriate the Company's property	
	by any means, including but not	
	limited to taking over any opportunities	
	advantageous to the Company;	
	(8) without the informed consent	
	of shareholders given at the general	
	meeting, not to accept commissions	
	in connection with the Company's	
	transactions;	
	(9) to abide by the Articles of	
	Association, perform their duties	
	faithfully and protect the Company's	
	interests, and not to abuse their positions	
	and duties in the Company for their own	
	private interests and where failure to	
	faithfully perform its duties or violates	
	their honesty obligations causing damage	
	to the interests of the Company and	
	the public shareholders, they shall be	
	responsible for indemnity in accordance	
	with the law;	
	(10) not to compete with the	
	Company in any way unless with the	
	informed consent of shareholders given	
	at the general meeting;	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(11) not to misappropriate the	
	Company's funds or lend such funds to	
	others, not to open accounts in their own	
	names or other names for the deposit of	
	the Company's assets and not to pledge	
	the Company's asset as security for the	
	debts of a shareholder of the Company	
	or any other individual(s);	
	(12) unless otherwise permitted	
	by informed shareholders at the	
	general meeting, to keep in confidence	
	information acquired by them in the	
	course of and during their tenure and	
	not to use such information other than	
	in furtherance of the interests of the	
	Company, save that disclosure of such	
	information to the court or any other	
	governmental authorities is permitted if	
	the disclosure is made:	
	1. under the laws;	
	2. for public interests;	
	3. for the interests of such Director,	
	supervisor, the general manager or other	
	senior officers.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
76	Article 194 Each director,	Delete
	supervisor, the general manager and	
	other senior officers of the Company	
	shall not cause the following persons or	
	institutions ("associates") to do what (s)	
	he is prohibited from doing:	
	(1) the spouse or minor child/	
	children of such director, such	
	supervisor, the general manager or such	
	other senior officer of the Company;	
	(2) any person acting in the	
	capacity of the trustee of such director,	
	such supervisor, the general manager or	
	such other senior officer of the Company	
	or any person referred to in clause (1) of	
	this Article;	
	(3) any person acting in the	
	capacity of a partner of such director,	
	such supervisor, the general manager or	
	such other senior officer of the Company	
	or any person referred to in clauses (1)	
	and (2) of this Article;	
	(4) any company controlled by such	
	director, such supervisor, the general	
	manager or such other senior officer	
	of the Company, alone or jointly with	
	the persons referred to in clause (1)	
	to (3) of this Article or commonly de	
	facto controlled with other directors,	
	supervisors, the general manager	
	and such other senior officer of the	
	Company.	
	(5) any directors, supervisors, the	
	general manager or any other senior	
	officers of the controlled company	
	referred to in clauses (4) of this Article.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
77	Article 200 Requirements in	Article 167 Requirements in
	respect of the Company's guarantees are	respect of the Company's guarantees are
	as follows:	as follows:
	(I) The Company is prohibited from	(I) Guarantees to other parties
	directly or indirectly providing a loan	i. The Company is prohibited from
	or a guarantee for a loan to a director, a	providing a guarantee for a loan to a
	supervisor, the general manager or other	controlling shareholder, a subsidiary of
	senior officers of the Company and its	a shareholder, a fellow subsidiary of a
	holding company, and is prohibited from	shareholder and other related parties in
	providing a loan or a guarantee for a	which the Company holds less than 50%
	loan to the persons connected with such	equity interests, or any non-legal persons
	directors, such supervisors, the general	or individuals;
	manager and other senior officers.	ii. For guarantee provided by the
	The following transactions are	Company for a guaranteed person
	not subject to the prohibition as set out	which is a subsidiary of the Company,
	above:	the guarantor may require the
	i. the provision by the Company of	guaranteed person to provide legal
	a loan to, or a guarantee for a loan for,	and effective counter guarantee.
	a company which is a subsidiary of the	(II) Review and approval
	Company;	procedures of guarantee to other parties
	ii. the provision by the Company of	i. The provision of external
	a loan or a guarantee for a loan or any	guarantees by the Company must be
	other funds under a service contract with	made in accordance with the laws and
	any of its Directors, supervisors, the	administrative regulations of the PRC
	general manager or other senior officers	and the rules of the stock exchanges on
	as approved at the general meetings	which the Company's shares are listed.
	to meet expenditures incurred or to be	In addition to obtaining approval
	incurred by them for the purposes of the	from more than half of all directors,
	Company or for the purposes of enabling	provision of external guarantees shall
	them to properly perform their duties;	also be passed by more than two thirds
	iii. where the normal business of	of directors attending the meeting of
	the Company includes lending of money	the Board of Directors, or be approved
	or the provision of guarantees, the	at a general meeting. The scope of
	Company may make a loan to or provide	authority of the Board of Directors in
	a guarantee for any of its Directors, its	relation thereto are stipulated in Rules of
	supervisors, the general manager or other	Procedures for the Board of directors.
	senior officers or any persons connected	
	with them on normal commercial terms.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(II) Guarantees to other parties i. The Company is prohibited from providing a guarantee for a loan to a controlling shareholder, a subsidiary of a shareholder and other related parties in which the Company holds less than 50% equity interests, or any non-legal persons or individuals; ii. For any guarantee to be provided by the Company, the Company must request the party for which the guarantee is given to give a counter guarantee to the Company and the party who gives the counter guarantee must have the actual capability to perform the counter guarantee. (III) Considering and approving procedures for external guarantee: (i) The Company shall obtain consent in writing of over two-thirds of the members of the Board of directors or approval from general meeting in accordance with the laws, regulations in the PRC or the listing rules of its listing stock exchanges when providing external guarantee. The power of approval by the Board of directors are stipulated in Rules of Procedures for the Board of directors. (ii) Before the Board of directors decides to provide external guarantee (or submits it to general meeting for approval), adequate information in respect of the credit standing of debtors shall be obtained and sufficient analysis with respect to the benefits and risks of guarantee to be provided shall be conducted. Detailed disclosure should be made in relevant announcements. (iii) In case of a shareholder or director interested in the guarantee to be considered by general meetings or Board meetings, the said shareholder or director shall abstain from voting.	ii. Before the Board of directors decides to provide external guarantee (or submits it to general meeting for approval), adequate information in respect of the credit standing of debtors shall be obtained and sufficient analysis with respect to the benefits and risks of guarantee to be provided shall be conducted. Detailed disclosure should be made in relevant announcements. iii. In case of a shareholder or director interested in the guarantee to be considered by general meetings or Board meetings, the said shareholder or director shall abstain from voting. (III) Accountability If the Company or any of its subsidiaries provide guarantees in violation of the relevant laws, regulations and the Articles of Association hereof, which have resulted in the loss of the Company's property, or there has been any evidence to prove that it may have resulted in the Company's loss, the relevant person(s) shall be held accountable in accordance with the relevant provisions, and will even be referred to disciplinary and supervisory authorities for further action in case of any violation of laws or disciplines or to judicial authorities in case of suspected criminal offence.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
78	Article 201 Any loan made by the Company in breach of Article 197 shall be forthwith repaid by the recipient of the loan regardless the term of the loan.	Delete
79	Article 202 In the case that the Company provides loans in violation of the first paragraph of Article 200, the Company is not obliged to execute, unless: (i) the loan is provided to the respective associates of directors, supervisors, general managers and other senior management of the Company or its controlling company and the person providing the loans is not aware of the connections; or (ii) that the collateral provided by the Company have been legally sold to bona fide purchaser by the party granting such loan.	Delete
80	Article 203 The guarantees as mentioned in the previous Articles hereof include provision by the guarantor of an undertaking or property to secure the performance of obligations by the obligor.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
81	Article 204 In the event that	Delete
	a director, a supervisor, the general	
	manager or any other senior officer of	
	the Company is in breach of his/her	
	obligation to the Company, the Company	
	has the right to take the following	
	measures in addition to the various	
	rights and remedies provided by the laws	
	and administrative regulations:	
	(1) to demand such director,	
	supervisor, the general manager or other	
	senior officer to pay damages for the	
	losses suffered by the Company caused	
	by his/her breach of duties;	
	(2) to rescind any contract or	
	transaction entered into by the Company	
	with such director, supervisor, general	
	manager or other senior officer and	
	any contract or transaction entered	
	into by the Company with a third	
	party who knew or should have known	
	that such Director, supervisor, the	
	general manager or other senior officer	
	representing the Company is in breach	
	of his/her obligation to the Company;	
	(3) to demand such director,	
	supervisor, the general manager or other	
	senior officer to hand over the proceeds	
	received as a consequence of the breach	
	of his/her obligation;	
	(4) to recover from such director,	
	supervisor, general manager or other	
	senior offer any proceeds which should	
	otherwise have been received by the	
	Company, including without limitation	
	to commissions;	
	(5) to demand such director,	
	supervisor, the general manager or other	
	senior officer to return such interests	
	accrued or to be accrued from the	
	monies which should otherwise have	
	been paid to the Company.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
82	Article 205 The Company	Delete
	shall, with the prior approval of the	
	shareholders at general meeting, enter	
	into a written contract with the Directors	
	or the supervisors of the Company in	
	respect of their emoluments.	
	Their emoluments comprise:	
	(1) the emoluments in respect of	
	their services as director, supervisors or	
	other senior officers of the Company;	
	(2) the emoluments in respect of	
	their services as director; supervisors or	
	other senior officers of subsidiaries of	
	the Company;	
	(3) the emoluments for the	
	provision of any other services in	
	connection with the management of the	
	Company and its subsidiaries;	
	(4) payment by way of	
	compensation for loss of office	
	or retirement of such Directors or	
	supervisors.	
	Unless otherwise stipulated in	
	the aforesaid contract, a director or a	
	supervisor has no right to take any legal	
	proceedings against the Company with	
	respect to any benefits which ought to be	
	received by him/her for such matters as	
	set out in the foregoing Articles.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
83	Article 206 A clause should be included in the contracts made between the Company and directors or supervisors of the Company for their emoluments to provide, subject to the prior approval at general meeting, the directors or the supervisors with compensation or any other payment for their loss of office or retirement from office as a result of the Company being taken over. The phrase "the Company being taken over" referred to in this Article means any of the followings: (1) an offer made to all shareholders by any person; (2) an offer made by an offeror with a view to becoming the controlling shareholder. The definition of the "controlling shareholder" shall be the same as that defined in the Article 50 hereof. If the relevant director or supervisor fails to comply with this Article, any sum received by him/her shall belong to the shareholders who have disposed of their shares by accepting the offer made as aforesaid; and the expenses incurred from the distribution of such proceeds pro rata amongst those shareholders shall be borne by such director or supervisor and is not allowed to be deducted out of that proceeds.	Delete
84	Article 207 Subject to the approval at the general meeting, the Company may purchase liability insurance for its directors, supervisors, managers and other senior officers except for the liabilities as result of violating laws, regulations and these Articles of Associations.	Article 168 Subject to the approval at the general meeting, the Company may purchase liability insurance for its directors, supervisors, general manager and other senior officers except for the liabilities as result of violating laws, regulations and the Articles of Associations.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
85	Article 209 Senior management personnel who violates the provisions of laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or these Articles of Association in his/her performance of duties and powers and causing the Company to suffer damages shall bear compensation liability.	Article 170 Senior management personnel shall dutifully fulfill their duties and uphold the best interest of the Company and all of its shareholders. If any senior manager fails to faithfully fulfill their duties or violates their fiduciary obligations, causing damage to the interests of the Company and its general public shareholders, he or she shall be responsible for compensation according to law. Senior management personnel who violates the provisions of laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or the Articles of Association in his/her performance of duties and powers and causing the Company to suffer damages shall bear compensation liability.
86	Article 211 The Company shall prepare financial statements at the end of each financial year and shall have it audited in accordance with the laws.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
87	statements of the Company shall be available for inspection by shareholders at the premises of the Company 20 days before the date of annual general meeting. Every shareholder of the Company is entitled to receive the financial statements as mentioned in these Articles of Associations. The Company shall send to each shareholder of overseas listed foreign investment shares the aforesaid statements, or a summary thereof if so permitted in The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, at least 21 days before the annual general meeting through prepaid envelope mail to the address appearing on the register of members of the Company. To the extent as permitted under The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, such statements may be sent to the shareholders of H Shares through electronic means.	Article 173 Every shareholder of the Company is entitled to receive the financial statements as mentioned in these Articles of Associations. The Company shall send to each shareholder of overseas listed foreign investment shares the aforesaid statements, or a summary thereof if so permitted in The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, at least 21 days before the annual general meeting through prepaid envelope mail to the address appearing on the register of members of the Company. To the extent as permitted under The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, such statements may be sent to the shareholders of H Shares through electronic means or some other means specified by Article 216 of the Articles of Association.
88	Article 218 The profits of the Company after tax shall be distributed to uses in the following order: (1) Making up loss; (2) Depositing as statutory reserve; (3) Deposition as discretionary reserve; (4) Payment of ordinary share dividend. The Board of the Company shall determine the specific proportion of profit distribution to uses as set out in sections (3), (4) above in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and the business and development needs of the Company, and such proportion shall be submitted to the general meeting of shareholders for approval.	Article 178 The profits of the Company after tax shall be distributed to uses in the following order: (1) the after-tax profit of the current year shall first be used to make up for losses if the Company's statutory reserves are insufficient to make up for the losses of previous years; (2) 10% of such profit shall be allocated to the Company's statutory reserves until the Company's accumulated statutory reserves are 50% or more of the Company's registered capital and no further allocation is required;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	Where the general meeting of	(3) after contribution to the
	shareholders is in breach of the first	statutory reserves fund has been made
	paragraph of this Article to make profit	from its after-tax profits, discretionary
	distribution to the shareholders before	reserves may be contributed from
	offsetting the losses and contributing	after-tax profit, upon a resolution
	to the statutory surplus reserve, the	approved at the general meeting;
	shareholders shall return the profits so	(4) after the losses have made up
	distributed to the Company.	for and contributions to the reserve
		fund have been made, any remaining
		after-tax profit shall be distributed
		in proportion to percentage of shares
		held by shareholders.
		No dividends shall be distributed
		prior to the Company making up for
		the losses and contributions to the
		statutory and discretionary reserves.
		The Board of the Company shall
		determine the specific proportion of
		profit distribution to uses as set out in
		sections (3), (4) above in accordance
		with the laws, administrative regulations
		and the business and development needs
		of the Company, and such proportion
		shall be submitted to the general meeting
		of shareholders for approval.
		Where the general meeting of
		shareholders is in breach of the first
		paragraph of this Article to make profit
		distribution to the shareholders before
		offsetting the losses and contributing
		to the statutory surplus reserve, the
		shareholders shall return the profits so
		distributed to the Company.
		The shares of the Company held
		by the Company shall not be entitled
		to the distribution of profits.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
89	Article 220 The surplus reserve of the Company is only allowed to be used for making up losses of the Company, expansion of production facilities of the Company and conversion into capital of the Company. However, the capital reserve cannot be used for off-setting the loss of the Company. When converting its surplus reserve fund into share capital under the resolution of shareholders at general meeting, the Company shall issue new shares to existing shareholders in proportion to their original shareholdings. When converting the statutory surplus reserve into share capital, the remaining amount of the fund unconverted must not be less than 25% of the registered capital prior to its transfer and increase. The Company shall apply the welfare fund for the collective welfare of the employees and workers of the Company.	Article 180 The surplus reserve of the Company is only allowed to be used for making up losses of the Company, expansion of production facilities of the Company and conversion into capital of the Company. However, the capital reserve cannot be used for off-setting the loss of the Company. When converting its surplus reserve fund into share capital under the resolution of shareholders at general meeting, the Company shall issue new shares to existing shareholders in proportion to their original shareholdings. When converting the statutory surplus reserve into share capital, the remaining amount of the fund unconverted must not be less than 25% of the registered capital prior to its transfer and increase.
90	Article 221 The Company shall distribute dividends on an annual basis. After the Company's general meeting of shareholders has passed a resolution on profit distribution proposal, the Company's Board shall complete the distribution of dividends within two months after the conclusion of the general meeting of shareholders.	Article 181 The Company shall distribute dividends on an annual basis. The distribution of dividends (or shares) shall be completed within two months after the Company's general meeting of shareholders has passed a resolution on profit distribution proposal, or the Board of Directors has formulated a specific plan to distribute next year's mid-term dividend in accordance with the conditions and cap of such distribution as considered and approved the annual general meeting of shareholders.

APPE	NDIX I PROPOSED AMENDMEN'	
N. D. C		
No.	Before amendments	
91	Article 222 The profit distribution	
	of the Company is made according	
	to the proportion of the shares held	
	by the shareholders, emphasizing on	
	bringing reasonable investment returns	
	to the investors. The profit distribution	
	policy strives to maintain continuity and	
	stability.	
	(I) The Company's profit	
	distribution policy is as follows:	
	1. Principle of profit distribution:	
	The Company implements a stable	
	policy of profit distribution. On making	
	a profit distribution, the Company will	
	comply with the statutory requirement	
	to make the distribution in order and	
	will take into account the provision	
	of reasonable and stable returns on	
	investment to the shareholders and the	
	long-term and sustainable growth of the	
	Company	
	2. Method of profit distribution:	
	The Company may implement	
	profit distribution in the form of cash,	
	bonus shares or a combination of both,	
	or such other forms which are permitted	
	by laws and regulations. For the purpose	
	of profit distribution, distribution in	
	the form of cash dividend shall have	
	priority over dividend in the form of	
	T Shares. If the Combany shall distribute	

of the on: ement f cash, of both, rmitted purpose tion in ll have form of shares. If the Company shall distribute profits in the form of bonus shares, such distribution shall be made subject to the provision of reasonable dividend in the form of cash and maintenance of an appropriate size of share capital, taking into account, among other things, the growth of the Company and dilution of

Subject to the satisfaction of the conditions for distribution of cash dividend, the Company shall distribute dividend in cash annually. The Board may, subject to conditions and base on the financial position of the Company, recommend the Company to declare interim dividends.

the net asset value per share.

After amendments

Article 182 The profit distribution of the Company is made according to the proportion of the shares held by the shareholders, emphasizing on bringing reasonable investment returns to the investors. The profit distribution policy strives to maintain continuity and stability.

- (I) The Company's profit distribution policy is as follows:
 - 1. Principle of profit distribution:

The Company implements a stable policy of profit distribution. On making a profit distribution, the Company will comply with the statutory requirement to make the distribution in order and will take into account the provision of reasonable and stable returns on investment to the shareholders and the long-term and sustainable growth of the Company.

2. Method of profit distribution:

The Company may implement profit distribution in the form of cash, bonus shares or a combination of both, or such other forms which are permitted by laws and regulations. For the purpose of profit distribution, distribution in the form of cash dividend shall have priority over dividend in the form of shares. If the Company shall distribute profits in the form of bonus shares, such distribution shall be made subject to the provision of reasonable dividend in the form of cash and maintenance of an appropriate size of share capital, taking into account, among other things, the growth of the Company and dilution of the net asset value per share.

Subject to the satisfaction of the conditions for distribution of cash dividend, the Company shall distribute dividend in cash annually. The Board may, subject to conditions and base on the financial position of the Company, recommend the Company to declare interim dividends.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	3. Conditions of profit distribution	When the Company convenes an
	and minimum dividend proportion:	annual general meeting to deliberate
	The Company shall pay dividends	the annual profit distribution plan,
	and the total amount of cash dividends	it may deliberate and approve the
	so paid (including the interim dividend	conditions, and the upper limit of the
	in cash having been distributed)	proportion and the amount of cash
	shall not be less than 30% of the net	dividends in the next year. The upper
	profit attributable to shareholders of	limit of the interim dividends for the
	the Company for the year and the	next year as deliberated at the annual
	accumulated profits distributed in cash	general meeting of shareholders shall
	in the last three years shall not be less	not exceed the net profit attributable
	than 30% of the average realized annual	to shareholders of the Company
	distributable profits for the last three	during the corresponding period.
	years, provided that the working capital	According to the resolution of the
	requirement for the Company's normal	general meeting of shareholders, the
	production and operation is met and the	Board of Directors shall formulate a
	long-term and sustainable growth of the	specific interim dividend plan under
	Company is maintained, and that there is	the condition of profit distribution.
	no material investment plan or material	3. Conditions of profit distribution
	cash expense.	and minimum dividend proportion
	No dividend shall be distributed	The Company shall pay the total
	before the Company offsets its losses	amount of cash dividends so paid
	and makes contributions to the statutory	(including the interim dividend in cash
	surplus reserve and the statutory public	having been distributed) shall not be less
	welfare fund.	than 30% of the net profit attributable
	Material investment plan or	to shareholders of the Company for the
	material cash expense means the	year, provided that the working capital
	proposed external investment,	requirement for the Company's normal
	acquisition or purchase of assets by the	production and operation is met and the
	Company in the next twelve months with	long-term and sustainable growth of the
	accumulated expenses amounting to or	Company is maintained, and that there is
	exceeding 10% of the latest audited net	no material investment plan or material
	assets of the Company.	cash expense.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	For distribution of dividends, the Board shall take into account, among other things, features of the industries where the Company operates, stage of development, the Company's own business model, profits level and whether there is significant capital expenditure arrangement in distinguishing the following situations and form different profits distribution proposals in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association: (1) If the Company is at the mature stage of development and has no significant capital expenditure arrangement, the proportion of cash dividends shall be at least 80% in the profit distribution; (2) If the Company is at the mature stage of development and has significant capital expenditure arrangement, the proportion of cash dividends shall be at least 40% in the profit distribution; (3) If the Company is at the growing stage and has significant capital expenditure arrangement, the proportion of cash dividends shall be at least 20% in the profit distribution.	Material investment plan or material cash expense means the proposed external investment, acquisition or purchase of assets by the Company in the next twelve months with accumulated expenses amounting to or exceeding 10% of the latest audited net assets of the Company. For distribution of dividends, the Board shall take into account, among other things, features of the industries where the Company operates, stage of development, the Company's own business model, profits level, solvency and whether there is significant capital expenditure arrangement, and investor return in distinguishing the following situations and form different cash dividend distribution proposals in accordance with the procedures specified by the Articles of Association: (1) If the Company is at the mature stage of development and has no significant capital expenditure arrangement, the proportion of cash dividends shall be at least 80% in the profit distribution; (2) If the Company is at the mature stage of development and has significant capital expenditure arrangement, the proportion of cash dividends shall be at least 40% in the profit distribution; (3) If the Company is at the growing stage and has significant capital expenditure arrangement, the proportion of cash dividends shall be at least 40% in the profit distribution;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	If it is difficult to distinguish the Company's stage of development but there is significant capital expenditure arrangement, the profit distribution may be dealt with pursuant to the rules applied in the previous distribution. The proportion of cash dividends in the profit distribution shall be the cash dividend divided by the sum of cash dividend and stock dividend. 4. In the event of misappropriation of the Company's funds by a Shareholder, the Company can deduct the funds misappropriated from the cash dividends to be allocated to that Shareholder as repayment. (II) The management of the Company shall make reasonable proposals on profit distribution to the Board based on, among other things, the provisions of the Articles of Association, size of share capital, profits, investment arrangements, capital needs, cash flow and returns to the shareholders of the Company. The Board should fully and widely listen to the opinions of the independent directors and minority shareholders with respect to the profit distribution proposal through multiple channels and propose detailed annual or interim profit distribution plans which are scientific and reasonable. The independent directors shall fully express their independent opinions with respect to such profit distribution plan(s).	If it is difficult to distinguish the Company's stage of development but there is significant capital expenditure arrangement, the profit distribution may be dealt with pursuant to the provisions of previous Paragraph (3). The proportion of cash dividends in the profit distribution shall be the cash dividend divided by the sum of cash dividend and stock dividend. 4. In the event of misappropriation of the Company's funds by a Shareholder, the Company can deduct the funds misappropriated from the cash dividends to be allocated to that Shareholder as repayment. (II) Decision-making procedures of profit distribution by the Company: The management of the Company shall make reasonable proposals on profit distribution to the Board based on, among other things, the provisions of the Articles of Association, size of share capital, profits, investment arrangements, capital needs, cash flow and returns to the shareholders of the Company. When making specific plan for cash dividends, the Board should earnestly study and demonstrate the timing, conditions and minimum ratio for cash dividends, conditions for adjustment and their decision-making procedures, etc. and should fully and widely listen to the opinions of minority shareholders with respect to the profit distribution proposal through multiple channels and propose detailed annual or interim profit distribution plans which are scientific and reasonable.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	When the profit distribution plan(s)	When the profit distribution plan(s)
	is being considered by the Board, it	is being considered by the Board, it
	shall be approved by the majority of all	shall be approved by the majority of
	directors and approved by more than one	all directors. The profit distribution
	half of the independent directors who	plan(s) should only be submitted to the
	are also required to express their explicit	shareholders' meeting for consideration
	independent opinions. When the profit	and approval after it has been considered
	distribution plan(s) is being considered	and approved by the Board, and shall be
	by the supervisory committee, it shall	approved by shareholders present at the
	be approved by the majority of all	general meeting and who hold more than
	supervisors. The profit distribution	half of the voting rights.
	plan(s) should only be submitted to the	If an independent director
	shareholders' meeting for consideration	believes that the specific plan for cash
	and approval after it has been considered	dividends might be detrimental to the
	and approved by the Board and the	interests of the Company or minority
	supervisory committee and the plan(s)	shareholders, he or she shall have the
	shall be approved by shareholders	right to express their independent
	present at the general meeting and who	opinions. If the Board of Directors
	hold more than half of the voting rights.	does not adopt or does not fully
	Independent directors may solicit	adopt the opinion of an independent
	opinions of minority shareholders,	director, the opinion of the
	propose profit distribution plans and	independent director and the specific
	directly submit them to the Board for	reason for not adopting the opinion
	consideration. The performance of	shall be recorded in the resolution of
	the above functions and exercise of	the Board of Directors in detail and be
	the above authorities by independent	disclosed.
	directors must be approved by more than	Before the specific plan is
	one half of all the independent directors.	deliberated at the general meeting, the Company shall take the initiative
		to communicate and exchange
		with shareholders, in particular
		minority shareholders, through
		various channels, fully listen to the
		opinions and demands of minority
		shareholders, and promptly respond to
		the concerns of minority shareholders.

No.

(III) In the event that the Company revises its profit distribution policy in response to the external business environment or its own state of operation, the Company shall first consider the protection of the shareholders' interests, make thorough consideration and state the reasons thereof. The revised profit distribution policy shall not be contrary to the relevant requirements of CSRC and stock exchanges in the PRC and Hong Kong. The proposal for the revision of the profit distribution policy shall first be approved by the independent directors of the Company and they shall express independent opinions, and thereafter shall be proposed to the Board for consideration before being submitted to the general meeting for consideration and approval by a special resolution thereat. When considering the revised proposal with regard to cash distribution policies, the Company should, through network voting and other ways, to provide convenience for minority shareholders in connection with their attendance at the shareholders' meeting, and such proposal shall be approved by more than two thirds of the voting rights held by the shareholders present at the shareholders' meeting.

Before amendments

In special circumstances where the Company cannot determine the annual profit distribution according to the established cash distribution policy or the minimum cash distribution ratio, the Company shall disclose the reasons in the annual report and the express opinions of the independent directors. The annual profit distribution shall be approved by more than two thirds of the voting rights held by the shareholders present at the shareholders' meeting.

After amendments

(III) In the event that the Company revises its profit distribution policy in response to the external business environment or its own state of operation, the Company shall first consider the protection of the shareholders' interests, make thorough consideration and state the reasons thereof. The revised profit distribution policy shall not be contrary to the relevant requirements of CSRC and stock exchanges in the PRC and Hong Kong. Any proposal on the revision of the profit distribution policy shall be thoroughly discussed and verified and the corresponding decision-making procedures shall be carried out and shall be approved by more than two-thirds of the voting rights held by shareholders attending the shareholders' meeting. When considering the revised proposal with regard to cash distribution policies, the Company should, through network voting and other ways, to provide convenience for minority shareholders in connection with their attendance at the shareholders' meeting.

(IV) The Company shall expressly disclose the details about the formulation and implementation of the cash dividend policy in its annual report, and state the details of the following matters:

- 1. Whether the policy is in compliance with the requirements of the Articles of Association or the resolutions passed at the general meeting;
- 2. Whether the basis and ratio of the distribution of dividends are specific and clear;
- 3. Whether the relevant decision-making procedure and system are sound;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	disclose the details about the formulation and implementation of the cash dividend policy in its annual report, and state the details of the following matters: 1. Whether the policy is in compliance with the requirements of the Articles of Association or the resolutions passed at the general meeting; 2. Whether the basis and ratio of the distribution of dividends are specific and clear; 3. Whether the relevant decision making procedure and system are sound; 4. Whether the independent directors have duly performed their duties and functions; 5. Whether there are enough opportunities for minority shareholders to express their views and concerns, and whether their legal interests are sufficiently protected, etc. If the cash dividend policy is to be adjusted or changed, the Company shall disclose the details of such policy, such as whether the conditions and procedures for the adjustments or changes are in compliance with the regulations and are transparent.	4. If the Company doesn't distribute dividends, the specific reason, the measures to be taken to enhance return for investors in the next step, etc. shall be disclosed; 5. Whether there are enough opportunities for minority shareholders to express their views and concerns, and whether their legal interests are sufficiently protected, etc. If the cash dividend policy is to be adjusted or changed, the Company shall disclose the details of such policy, such as whether the conditions and procedures for the adjustments or changes are in compliance with the regulations and are transparent.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
92	Article 223 The Company shall appoint a receiving agent for the shareholders of overseas listed foreign investment shares. The receiving agent shall receive on behalf of such shareholder the dividends distributed and other amounts payable to such shareholders by the Company in respect of the overseas listed foreign investment shares. The receiving agent appointed by the Company shall satisfy the requirements provided under the laws or relevant regulations of the stock exchange at the place of listing. The receiving agent appointed by the Company for the holders of overseas listed foreign investment shares (H shares) listed in Hong Kong shall be a trust company registered under the Trustee Ordinance of Hong Kong.	Article 183 The Company shall appoint a receiving agent for the shareholders of overseas listed foreign investment shares. The receiving agent shall receive on behalf of such shareholder the dividends distributed and other amounts payable to such shareholders by the Company in respect of the overseas listed foreign investment shares. The receiving agent appointed by the Company shall satisfy the requirements provided under the laws or relevant regulations of the stock exchange at the place of listing.
93	Article 231 Before the convening of the shareholders' general meeting, the Board may fill any casual vacancy in the office of the accounting' firm, but while any such vacancy continues, the surviving or continuing firm, if any, may act.	Delete
94	Article 232 The shareholders at a shareholders' general meeting may, by an ordinary resolution, remove an accounting' firm before the expiration of its office, notwithstanding the terms of the contract between the Company and the firm, but without prejudice to the firm's right to claim, if any, for damages in respect of such removal.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(3) If such representation is not sent in accordance with paragraph (2) of this Article, the relevant accounting' firm may request the representation to be read out at the shareholders' general meeting and may make further declaration. (4) The leaving accounting firm is entitled to attend: 1. the shareholders' general meeting at which its term of office would have expired; 2. any shareholders' general meeting at which a resolution will be proposed to fill the vacancy caused by its removal; 3. any shareholders' general meeting convened on its resignation; and to receive all notices of, and other communications relating to, any such meetings, and to speak at any such meeting in relation to matters concerning its role as the former accounting' firm of	
96	Article 235 Prior notice shall be given by the Company to the accounting firm in the event of removal or non-reappointment and the accounting firm is entitled to make representation at the shareholders' general meeting. Where the accounting firm resigns from its office, it shall make clear to the shareholders' general meeting whether there has been any impropriety on the part of the Company. The accounting firm may resigns from its office by depositing a resignation notice to the Company's legal address. Such notice shall become effective on the date of depositing the notice at the Company's legal address or such later date as may be set out in such notice. Such notice is required to include:	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(1) a statement to clarify that there are no matters related to its resignation which it considers should be brought to the attention of the shareholders or creditors of the Company; or (2) a statement on any matters required to be accounted for. The Company shall send a copy of aforesaid written notice to the relevant regulatory authorities within 14 days upon the receipt by the Company of the same. If a statement as mentioned in section 2 hereof is attached to the notice, a copy of such statement is required to be placed at the Company's registered office for shareholders' inspection. The Company shall also send a copy of the aforesaid statement to the shareholders of overseas listed foreign investment shares through prepaid envelope mail to the address appearing on the register of members of the Company. Where notice of resignation of the accounting firm's contains a statement on any matters, the accounting' firm may request the Board to convene an extraordinary shareholders' meeting for the purpose of giving an explanation of the matters related to its resignation.	
97	Article 244 For merger or division of the Company, the Board of the Company shall put forward and submit the proposal to competent authorities for examination and approval in accordance with the laws after the same has been approved under the procedures provided in these Articles of Association. Shareholders who oppose the proposal for merger or division have the right to request the Company or the shareholders who are in favor of merger or division to purchase their shares at a fair price. The resolution of the Company on merger or division shall be reduced to a document for the inspection of the shareholders.	Article 201 For merger or division of the Company, the Board of the Company shall put forward and submit the proposal to competent authorities for examination and approval in accordance with the laws after the same has been approved under the procedures provided in these Articles of Association. Shareholders who oppose the proposal for merger or division have the right to request the Company or the shareholders who are in favor of merger or division to purchase their shares at a fair price. The resolution of the Company on merger or division shall be reduced to a document for the inspection of the shareholders.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	In respect of the holders of overseas listed foreign investment shares, the aforesaid documents shall be served to them by post.	In respect of the holders of overseas listed foreign investment shares, the aforesaid documents shall be served to them by post or in some other manner specified by Article 216 of the Articles of Association, subject to the laws, regulations and the rules on listing of securities of the places where the shares are listed and relevant listing rules.
98	Article 250 Where the Board decides to wind up the Company for any reasons other than the insolvency of the Company, the Board shall, in the notice convening a shareholders' general meeting for this purpose, state that, after having made full investigation into the affairs of the Company, it is of the opinion that the Company will be able to pay its debts in full within twelve months from the date of commencement of the Company's winding up. Upon the passing of a resolution by the shareholders at general meeting to wind up the Company, the functions and powers of the Board of the Company shall cease immediately. The liquidation committee shall act in accordance with the instructions of the shareholders' general meeting to make a report at least once every year to the shareholders' general meeting on the committee's income and expenses, the business of the Company and the progress of the liquidation; and to present a final report to the shareholders' general meeting on completion of the liquidation.	Delete

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
99	Article 258 No amendment to these Articles of Association which involves the amendment of such articles as required by the Mandatory Provisions for the Articles of Association of Companies to be Listed Overseas ("Mandatory Provisions") shall become effective unless obtaining the prior approval of the companies regulatory authorities of the State Council and the approval of the Securities Commission of the State Council. Any amendment involving change to the registered particulars of the Company shall be registered in accordance with the laws.	Article 214 If the amendments to the Articles of Association as resolved at the general meeting are subject to the approval of competent authorities, such amendments shall be submitted to the competent authority for approval, and any change shall be registered according to law if any registered item of the Company is changed.
100	Article 259 The Company shall act according to the following principles to settle disputes: (1) Whenever there occur any disputes or claims between holders of the overseas listed foreign investment shares and the Company, holders of the overseas listed foreign investment shares and the Company's directors, supervisors, the general manager or any other senior officers, or holders of the overseas listed foreign investment shares and holders of domestic shares regarding the rights or obligations relating to the affairs of the Company conferred or imposed by the Company's Articles of Association, the Company Law or any other relevant laws and administrative regulations, such disputes or claims shall be referred by the relevant parties to arbitration.	Article 215 The Company shall act according to the following principles to settle disputes: Whenever there occur any disputes or claims between shareholders of the Company and the Company, shareholders and any director, supervisor, the general manager or any other senior manager of the Company, or holders of the overseas listed foreign investment shares and holders of domestic shares regarding the rights or obligations relating to the affairs of the Company conferred or imposed by the Articles of Association, the Company Law or any other relevant laws and administrative regulations, the parties concerned may seek to enforce their rights by instituting legal proceedings in the courts of the place of incorporation of the Company or the courts of Hong Kong.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	Where a dispute or claim of rights	
	is referred to arbitration, the entire	
	claim or the dispute as a whole must be	
	referred to arbitration, and any parties	
	who have a cause of action based on	
	the same facts giving rise to the dispute	
	or the claim or whose participation is	
	necessary for the settlement of such	
	dispute or claim, are bound by the award	
	of the arbitration provided that such	
	person is the Company or a shareholder	
	of the Company, a director, a supervisor,	
	the general manager or any other senior	
	officer.	
	Disputes in relation to the definition	
	of shareholders and disputes in relation	
	to the shareholders' register need not be	
	resolved by arbitration.	
	(2) A claimant may elect arbitration	
	at either the China International	
	Economic and Trade Arbitration	
	Commission in accordance with its	
	rules or the Hong Kong International	
	Arbitration Centre in accordance with	
	its Securities Arbitration Rules. Once	
	a claimant refers a dispute or claim to	
	arbitration, the other party must submit	
	to the arbitral body so elected by the	
	claimant.	
	If a claimant elects arbitration at	
	Hong Kong International Arbitration	
	Centre, any party to the dispute or claim	
	may request for a hearing to take place	
	in Shenzhen in accordance with the	
	Securities Arbitration Rules of the Hong	
	Kong International Arbitration Centre.	
	(3) The laws of the PRC are	
	applicable to the arbitration for the	
	disputes or claims of rights referred	
	to in paragraph 1, save as otherwise	
	provided in the laws and administrative	
	regulations.	
	(4) The award of an arbitration body	
	shall be final and conclusive and binding on	
	all parties.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
102	Article 261	Article 217
	(1) The notices, information or	(1) For the purpose of delivering
	written statements of the Company to be	or making available of corporate
	sent to the overseas foreign shareholders	communications to holders of overseas
	holding shares listed in Hong Kong	listed foreign shares as required under
	must be sent to the registered addresses	the Rules Governing the Listing of
	of these shareholders by hand, or by	Securities on The Stock Exchange
	prepaid mail. If permissible under	of Hong Kong Limited, compliance
	The Rules Governing the Listing of	with the laws and regulations of the
	Securities on The Stock Exchange of	places where the Company's shares
	Hong Kong Limited, notices to the	are listed and the relevant listing
	holders of the H shares of the Company	rules, the Company may select to
	may also be sent by electronic means	issue the corporates communications
	(including but not limited to publishing	in the form prescribed in Article
	an announcement or other documents	216 (4) of the Articles of Association
	at the website of the overseas stock	or in such other forms as may be
	exchanges).	prescribed by the listing rules and
	(2) A shareholder who has not	the securities regulatory authorities
	provided any registered address to the	of the places where the Company's
	Company is deemed to have received a	shares are listed in lieu of delivering
	notice if the same has been displayed at	such corporate communications by
	the legal address of the Company for a	hand or by mail. The term "Corporate
	period of 24 hours.	Communications" shall mean any
	(3) Notices issued by the Company	document issued or to be issued by
	to the holders of domestic shares must	the Company for the information or
	be published at the websites of the stock	action by holders of any securities
	exchanges or in one or more newspapers	of the Company, including but not
	which satisfied the conditions stipulated	limited to:
	by the securities regulatory authorities	1. reports of the Board of
	under the State Council. Upon	Directors, the annual accounts of the
	publication of that announcement, all the	Company together with the auditor's
	holders of the domestic shares shall be	report and, where applicable, the
	deemed to have received the notice.	financial summary report;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(4) In these Articles of Association, a "public announcement" or "announcement" shall, unless the context otherwise requires, means an announcement published on the websites of the PRC domestic stock exchange or overseas stock exchange and/or in the newspapers in the places where the stock exchanges are located. The relevant newspapers must satisfy the conditions stipulated under the laws, regulations, rules of those places or the requirements stipulated by the securities regulatory authorities of those places.	2. interim reports and, where applicable, interim summary reports; 3. notices of meetings; 4. listing documents; 5. circulars; and 6. proxy forms. (2) When a notice is sent by post, it shall be clearly addressed with postage prepaid, and mailed in an envelope, and the letter containing the notice shall be deemed to have been received by the shareholders forty-eight hours after it is sent. Any member who fails to provide a registered address shall be deemed to have received the notice, provided that the Company display and retain the notice at the its legal address for 24 hours. (3) Notices issued by the Company to the holders of domestic shares must be published at the websites of the stock exchanges or in one or more newspapers which satisfied the conditions stipulated by the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council. Upon publication of that announcement, all the holders of the domestic shares shall be deemed to have received the notice. (4) In the Articles of Association, a "public announcement" shall, unless the context otherwise requires, means an announcement published on the websites of the PRC domestic stock exchange or overseas stock exchange and/or in the newspapers in the places where the stock exchanges are located. The relevant newspapers must satisfy the conditions stipulated under the laws, regulations, rules of those places or the requirements stipulated by the securities regulatory authorities of those places.

APPENDIX I PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES ASSOCIATION

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
103	Article 264 Notices of the Company given by public announcement shall be deemed received by all relevant personnel upon such announcement is made. Notices of the Company given by hand delivery shall be deemed received to be upon signature (or chop affixation) on the delivery receipt by the recipient and the date of receipt shall be the date of such signature. Date of receipt of notices of the Company given by mail shall be the following working day from such notice is posted at a post office. Date of receipt of notices of the Company given by public announcement shall be the date of the first announcement is published.	Article 220 Subject to the laws, administrative regulations, securities regulators of the places where the Company's shares are listed or listing rules of the stock exchanges of the places where the Company's shares are listed, notices of the Company given by public announcement shall be deemed received by all relevant personnel upon such announcement is made. Notices of the Company given by hand delivery shall be deemed received to be upon signature (or chop affixation) on the delivery receipt by the recipient and the date of receipt shall be the date of such signature. Date of receipt of notices of the Company given by mail shall be the third day from such notice is posted at a post office. Date of receipt of notices of the Company given by public announcement shall be the date of the first announcement is published.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
1	Article 4 The general meeting of shareholders shall exercise the following	Article 4 The general meetings of shareholders shall exercise the following
	functions and powers:	functions and powers:
	(1) to decide on the Company's	(1) to decide on the Company's
	direction of operation and investment plans;	management principles and investment plans;
	(2) to elect and replace directors	(2) to elect and replace directors
	and to decide matters relating to the remuneration of directors;	and to decide matters relating to the remuneration of directors;
	(3) to elect and replace supervisors	(3) to elect and replace supervisors
	who are the shareholders' representatives	who are the shareholders' representatives
	and to decide matters relating to the	and to decide matters relating to the
	remuneration of supervisors;	remuneration of supervisors;
	(4) to consider and approve reports	(4) to consider and approve reports
	of the Board;	of the Board of Directors;
	(5) to consider and approve reports	(5) to consider and approve reports
	of the supervisory committee;	of the supervisory committee;
	(6) to consider and approve the	(6) to consider and approve the
	Company's annual financial budget and	Company's annual financial budget and
	final accounts;	final accounts;
	(7) to consider and approve the	(7) to consider and approve the
	Company's profit distribution proposals	Company's profit distribution proposals
	and loss recovery proposals;	and loss recovery proposals;
	(8) to resolve on the increase or reduction of the Company's registered	(8) to resolve on the increase or reduction of the Company's registered
	capital;	capital;
	(9) to resolve on matters such as	(9) to resolve on matters such as
	merger, division, dissolution, liquidation	merger, division, dissolution, liquidation
	or change of the corporate form of the	or change of the corporate form of the
	Company;	Company;
	(10) to resolve on issuance of	(10) to resolve on issuance of
	debenture by the Company;	corporate bonds;
	(11) to resolve on the appointment,	(11) to resolve on the appointment,
	removal or non-renewal of the services	removal or non-renewal of the services
	of an accounting firm for the Company;	of an accounting firm for the Company;

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
	(12) to amend these Articles of	(12) to amend the Articles of
	Association and these Rules;	Association and these Rules, as well
	(13) to consider any proposals made	as The Rules of Procedures for the
	by shareholders representing more than	Board of Directors and The Rules
	3% (inclusive) of the voting rights of the	of Procedures for the supervisory
	Company;	committee;
	(14) matters that may be delegated	(13) to consider any proposals made
	to the Board through authorization or	by shareholders representing more than
	entrustment granted by a general meeting	3% (inclusive) of the voting rights of the
	of shareholders of the Company;	Company;
	(15) to consider matters relating to	(14) to consider the material
	guarantee as stipulated under Article 5	acquisition, sale or replacement of
	hereof;	assets of the Company (in the standard
	(16) to consider matters relating	as confirmed by the rules of the stock
	to the Company's purchase and sale of	exchange where the Company's shares
	material assets within 1 year exceeding	are listed);
	30% of the latest audited total assets;	(15) Subject to the laws and
	(17) to consider the material	regulations in the place where the
	acquisition, sale or replacement of	Company's shares are listed and
	assets of the Company (in the standard	the relevant rules for the listing of
	as confirmed by the rules of the stock	securities, the Board of Directors is
	exchange located in the places where the	authorized to decide on the issuance
	Company's shares are listed);	of shares to finance not more than
	(18) to consider matters relating to	RMB300 million and not more than
	change of purpose for fund raising;	20% of the net assets as at the end of
		the latest year to specific subscriber(s),
		and such authorization shall expire
		on the date of the next annual general
		meeting of shareholders;
		(16) matters that may be
		delegated to the Board of Directors
		through authorization or entrustment
		granted by a general meeting of
		shareholders of the Company;
		(17) to consider and approve the
		guarantees provided for in Article 5 of
		the Rules;
		(18) to consider matters relating
		to the Company's purchase and sale
		of material assets within a one-year
		period exceeding 30% of the latest
		audited total assets;

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
	(19) to consider share incentive scheme and employees stock scheme; (20) other matters which are required by laws, administrative regulations, the rules of the stock exchanges located in the places where the Company's shares are listed and these Articles of Association to be approved by way of resolutions passed at the general meeting of shareholders.	changes in the use of proceeds; (20) to consider share incentive scheme and employees stock scheme; (21) other matters which are required by laws, administrative regulations, the rules of the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association to be approved by way of resolutions passed at the general meeting of shareholders.
2	Article 5 The following guarantees made to outsiders by the Company shall be approved and passed in a general meeting of shareholders: (1) any guarantees to be given after the amount of the total guarantees made to outsiders by the Company and its holding subsidiaries exceeding 50% of the latest audited net asset value of the Company; (2) any guarantees to be provided after the amount of the total guarantees made to third parties by the Company and its holding subsidiaries exceeding 30% of the latest audited net asset value of the Company; (3) on the basis of the aggregated amount of guarantees in a continuous period of 12 months, those guarantees that exceed 30% of the most recent audited total assets of the Company; (4) a guarantee made to a party whose ratio of assets and liabilities (gearing ratio) exceeding 70%; (5) the amount of a single guarantee exceeding 10% of the latest audited net asset value; (6) a guarantee made to a shareholder, the actual controlling party and/or their related party;	Article 5 The following guarantees made to outsiders by the Company shall be approved and passed a general meeting of shareholders: (1) any guarantees to be given after the amount of the total guarantees made to outsiders by the Company and its holding subsidiaries exceeding 50% of the latest audited net asset value of the Company; (2) any guarantees to be provided after the amount of the total guarantees made to third parties by the Company and its holding subsidiaries exceeding 30% of the latest audited net asset value of the Company; (3) Guarantees with a cumulative amount for 12 consecutive months exceeding 30% of the Company's latest audited total assets; (4) a guarantee made to a party whose ratio of assets and liabilities (gearing ratio) exceeding 70%; (5) the amount of a single guarantee exceeding 10% of the Company's latest audited net assets; (6) a guarantee in favor of a shareholder, the de facto controller and/ or their related parties;

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
	(7) other guarantees prescribed by the stock exchanges located in the places where the Company's shares are listed or the Company's Articles of Association. In the event that the guarantee referred to in item (3) above is considered at the general meeting, it must be approved by more than two-thirds of the voting rights held by shareholders present at the meeting.	(7) other guarantees prescribed by the stock exchanges located in the places where the Company's shares are listed or the Articles of Association. In the event that the guarantee referred to in item (3) above is considered at the general meeting, it must be approved by more than two-thirds of the voting rights held by shareholders present at the meeting.
3	Article 7 The Company shall engage lawyers to attend the general meeting of shareholders to give opinion and make an announcement on the following issues: (1) whether the procedures for convening and holding a general meeting of shareholders are in compliance with the laws, regulations and these Articles of Association; (2) to verify the qualifications of the personnel attending the general meeting of shareholders and the legality and validity of the qualifications of the persons convening the meeting; (3) to verify the qualifications of any shareholders submitting new proposals in the annual general meeting; (4) whether or not the voting procedures, voting results of the general meeting of shareholders are legally valid; (5) legal opinion issued in accordance with the request of the Company in respect of other relevant matters. The Board of Directors of the Company can at the same time engage notaries to attend the general meeting of shareholders.	Article 7 The Company shall engage lawyers to attend the general meeting of shareholders to give opinion on the following issues and issue an announcement afterwards: (1) whether the procedures for convening and holding a general meeting of shareholders are in compliance with the laws, regulations, the Articles of Association and these Rules; (2) to verify the qualifications of the personnel attending the general meeting of shareholders and the egality and validity of the qualifications of the persons convening the meeting; (3) to verify the qualifications of any shareholders submitting new proposals in the annual general meeting; (4) whether the voting procedures and voting results of the general meeting of shareholders are legally valid; (5) legal opinion issued in accordance with the request of the Company in respect of other relevant matters. The Board of Directors of the Company may also engage notaries to attend the general meeting of shareholders.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
4	Article 9 Unless the Company is under special circumstances such as a crisis, without approval by a special resolution by the general meeting of shareholders, the Company shall not enter into any contract with any person other than a director, supervisor, manager and other senior management personnel of the Company whereby the management of the whole or substantial part of the business of the Company is delegated to such person.	Article 9 Unless the Company is under special circumstances such as a crisis, without approval by a special resolution by the general meeting of shareholders, the Company shall not enter into any contract with any person other than a director, supervisor, general manager and other senior management personnel of the Company whereby the management of the whole or substantial part of the business of the Company is delegated to such person.
5	Article 11 The Company shall convene an extraordinary general meeting within 2 months from the date of actual occurrence of any one of the following circumstances: (1) the number of directors fall short of the number as stipulated by the Company Law or is less than two-thirds of the number of directors as stipulated under the Articles of Association; (2) the accrued losses of the Company amount to one-third of its aggregate paid-up share capital; (3) shareholders who hold 10% (inclusive) or more shares of the Company's issued shares carrying the voting rights make a written request to convene an extraordinary general meeting; (4) such meeting is considered necessary by the Board or proposed to be convened by the supervisory committee; (5) other circumstances as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or these Articles of Association.	Article 11 The Company shall convene an extraordinary general meeting within 2 months from the date of actual occurrence of any one of the following circumstances: (1) the number of directors fall short of the number as stipulated by the Company Law or two-thirds of the number as stipulated under the Articles of Association; (2) the accrued losses of the Company amount to one-third of its total paid-up share capital; (3) shareholders who hold 10% (inclusive) or more shares of the Company's issued shares carrying the voting rights make a written request to convene an extraordinary general meeting; (4) such meeting is considered necessary by the Board of Directors or proposed to be convened by the supervisory committee; (5) other circumstances as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, the Articles of Association or these Rules.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
6	dispatch written notices of the annual general meeting to all registered shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the date of the meeting informing them the matters to be considered at the meeting and the date and venue of such meeting. If the Company convenes an extraordinary general meeting, written notice of the meeting shall be given at least 10 clear business days or 15 days (whichever is longer) before the date of the meeting. Those shareholders who wish to attend the general meeting is required to return the written replies to the Company within the time limits specified in the notice. The aforementioned business days mean the days on which The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited is open for the business of dealing in securities. If laws, administrative regulations, securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed stipulate a longer notice period for convening the annual general meeting or extraordinary general meeting of the Company, such provisions shall be observed.	dispatch written notices of the annual general meeting to all registered shareholders at least 21 days before the date of the meeting informing them the matters to be considered at the meeting and the date and venue of such meeting. If the Company convenes an extraordinary general meeting, written notice of the meeting shall be given at least 15 clear days before the date of the meeting. If laws, administrative regulations, securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed stipulate a longer notice period for convening the annual general meeting or extraordinary general meeting of the Company, such provisions shall be observed.

Article 14 The notice of the shareholders' meeting s hall satisfy the following requirements: (1) to be given in such manners in compliance with the laws and administrative regulations as well as the requirements of the stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed; (2) to specify the venue, date and time of the meeting; (3) to include any matter and proposal to be tabled at the meeting; (4) to provide to the shareholders the necessary information and explanation for the purpose of facilitating the shareholders to make sound decisions on the matters to be discussed; this principle shall include (but not limited to) the circumstances in which the Company shall provide the specific conditions and contract (if any) of a proposed transaction and thorough explanation of the causes and consequences of such transaction when
the Company proposes merger, share repurchase, a capital restructuring of other reorganization;

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
	(5) to disclose the nature and extent	(5) to disclose the nature and extent
	of interest if any director, supervisor,	of interest if any director, supervisor,
	manager and other senior management	general manager and other senior
	personnel has material interest in the	management personnel has material
	matters to be discussed; and to explain	interest in the matters to be discussed;
	the difference (if any) between the	and to explain the difference (if any)
	impact of the matters on such director,	between the impact of the matters
	supervisor, manager and other senior	on such director, supervisor, general
	management personnel as shareholder	manager and other senior management
	and the impact on the shareholders of	personnel as shareholder and the impact
	the same class;	on the shareholders of the same class;
	(6) to contain the full text of any	(6) to contain the full text of any
	special resolution proposed to be passed	special resolution proposed to be passed
	at the meeting;	at the meeting;
	(7) to specify in clear wordings that	(7) to specify in clear wordings that
	all shareholders are entitled to attend	all shareholders are entitled to attend
	the general meeting, and that each of the	the general meeting, and that each of the
	shareholders entitled to attend and vote	shareholders entitled to attend and vote
	is also entitled to appoint in writing one	is also entitled to appoint in writing one
	or more than one proxy to attend and	or more than one proxy to attend and
	vote on his or her behalf; and such proxy	vote on his or her behalf; and such proxy
	may not be a shareholder;	may not be a shareholder;
	(8) to specify expressly the date and	(8) to specify expressly the date and
	place for serving the power of attorney	place for serving the power of attorney
	authorizing the proxy to vote;	authorizing the proxy to vote;
	(9) to specify the date of equity	(9) to specify the date of equity
	registration of the shareholders who are	registration of the shareholders who are
	entitled to attend the general meeting;	entitled to attend the general meeting;
	(10) to contain the name and	(10) to contain the name and
	telephone number of the permanent	telephone number of the permanent
	contact person.	contact person.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
	(11) the voting time and the voting procedures for such online or other form of voting. After the notice of general meeting of shareholders is dispatched, such general meeting shall not be postponed or cancelled and the resolutions set out in the notice of general meeting shall not be cancelled without justifiable causes. Once such general meeting is postponed or cancelled and the resolutions are cancelled, the convener shall announce and disclose the reasons thereof within at least two business days before the original date of such general meeting.	(11) the voting time and the voting procedures for such online or other forms of voting. After the notice of general meeting of shareholders is dispatched, such general meeting shall not be postponed or cancelled and the resolutions set out in the notice of general meeting shall not be cancelled without justifiable causes. Once such general meeting is postponed or cancelled and the resolutions are cancelled, the convener shall announce and disclose the reasons thereof within at least two business days before the original date of such general meeting.
8	Article 15 Notices of a general meeting shall be dispatched to the shareholders (whether or not entitled to vote at the meeting), by hand or prepaid mail at their respective addresses as shown in the register of shareholders. For the holders of domestic shares, notices of a general meeting may also be given by way of public announcement. The public announcement referred to in the above paragraph shall be published at the websites of the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and within the scope of media which satisfied the conditions stipulated by CSRC. Upon publication of such announcements, all holders of domestic shares are deemed to have received the notice of the relevant general meeting.	Article 15 Subject to the applicable laws, regulations and relevant rules in the place where the securities of the Company are listed and relevant rules regarding listing of securities, the notice of general meeting of shareholders may be served on shareholders (whether they have the right to vote at the general meeting of shareholders or not) by a public announcement or any other means specified by Article 216 of the Articles of Association. The public announcement referred to in the above paragraph shall be published at the websites of the stock exchanges in the places where the Company's shares are listed and within the scope of media which satisfied the conditions stipulated by CSRC. Upon publication of such announcements, all holders of securities of the Company are deemed to have received the notice of the relevant general meeting.

Article 19 The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the Company's legal address or such other place as specified in the notice of meeting 24 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the instrument proposes to vote, or 24 hours before the time appointed for taking of poll. Where such instrument is signed by a person under a power of attorney or other authority on behalf of the appointer, that power of attorney or other authority is required to be notarised. A notarised copy of that power of attorney or other authority together with the instrument appointing a proxy is required to be deposited at the Company's legal address or such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting. If the appointer is a corporation, the legal representative or such person who is authorized by the resolution of its
at the Company's legal address or such other place as specified in the notice of meeting 24 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the instrument proposes to vote, or 24 hours before the time appointed for taking of poll. Where such instrument is signed by a person under a power of attorney or other authority on behalf of the appointer, that power of attorney or other authority is required to be notarised. A notarised copy of that power of attorney or other authority together with the instrument appointing a proxy is required to be deposited at the Company's legal address or such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting. If the appointer is a corporation, the legal representative or such person ther company's registered office or such other place as specified in the notice of other place as specified in the notice of such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting. If the appointer is a corporation, the legal representative or such person the Company's registered office or such other place as specified in the notice of such other place as specified in the notice of such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting. If the appointer is a corporation, the legal representative or such person the Company's registered office or such other place as specified in the notice of such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting. If the appointer is a corporation, the legal representative or such person
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authority is required to be notarised. A notarised copy of that power of attorney or other authority together with the instrument appointing a proxy is required to be deposited at the Company's legal address or such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting. If the appointer is a corporation, the legal representative or such person authority is required to be notarised. A notarised copy of that power of attorney or other authority together with the instrument appointing a proxy is required to be deposited at the Company's registered office or such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting. If the appointer is a corporation, the legal representative or such person
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of attorney or other authority together with the instrument appointing a proxy is required to be deposited at the Company's legal address or such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting. If the appointer is a corporation, the legal representative or such person of attorney or other authority together with the instrument appointing a proxy is required to be deposited at the Company's registered office or such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting. If the appointer is a corporation, the legal representative or such person
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the legal representative or such person the legal representative or such person
who is authorized by the resolution of its who is authorized by the resolution
Board or other governing body to act as of its Board or other governing body
its representative may attend the general to act as its representative may attend
meeting of the Company. the general meeting of the Company.
If the appointer is a noncorporate
organization, the person in charge or the person authorized by its decision-
making body shall attend the general
meeting of shareholders of the
Company as a representative.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
10	Article 21 The eligibility of an attendant of the meeting shall be deemed as invalid if the evidence produced involves one of the following conditions: Shareholders shall attend the meeting on time in accordance with the notice time. If the attending shareholder or their proxies are late to attend the meeting, the attending shareholder may vote at the meeting prior to the termination of registration for attending the meeting in person; any attendee present after the registration for attending the meeting is terminated shall not vote, but may be present at the meeting; the shareholders or their proxies shall not make enquiries, suggestions and speeches on the proposals considered. The shareholders or their proxies shall not affect the normal operation of the general meeting of shareholders if they are late. Otherwise, the chairman of the meeting	Article 21 The eligibility of an attendant of the meeting shall be deemed as invalid if the evidence produced involves one of the following conditions: Shareholders shall attend the meeting on time in accordance with the notice time. If the attending shareholder or their proxies are late to attend the meeting, the attending shareholder may vote at the meeting prior to the termination of registration for attending the meeting in person; any attendee present after the registration for attending the meeting is terminated shall not vote in person, but may be present at the meeting; the shareholders or their proxies shall not make enquiries, suggestions and speeches on the proposals considered. The shareholders or their proxies shall not affect the normal operation of the general meeting of shareholders if they are late. Otherwise, the chairman of the meeting
11	Article 27 Resolutions concerning investment, disposal of assets, mergers and acquisitions shall be proposed in details including amount, price (or method of price calculation), book value of the asset concerned, impact on the Company and approval progress, etc. Where asset valuation, audit or issuance of report by independent financial advisor is required under relevant regulations, the Board shall make announcement on the asset valuation progress, audit result or report issued by independent financial advisor at least five days prior to the convening of the general meeting of shareholders.	Deleted Deleted

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
12	Article 28 In the event that the Board of Directors proposes a resolution to alter the use of proceeds from share issues, the notice convening the general meeting of shareholders shall state the reasons therefor, together with a brief summary of the new projects and their future impact on the Company.	Deleted
13	Article 29 For matters which need to be reported to CSRC, such as issues of shares to the public, a specific resolution shall be proposed.	Deleted
14	Article 30 After considering and adopting the annual report, the Board shall resolve on the proposal for profit distribution, which shall be proposed as a resolution to the annual general meeting of shareholders. With respect to proposals to capitalization from capital public reserve, the Board of Directors shall specify the reasons for such capitalization in details and disclose the same in the announcement. In announcing the issuance of bonus shares or capitalization from capital public reserve, the Board of Directors shall disclose a comparison of net asset value per share prior to and after such capitalization as well as its impact on the Company's subsequent development.	Deleted

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
15	Article 31 The Board of Directors shall raise a proposal on the appointment of an accounting firm, which shall be approved by general meeting through voting. In the event the Board of Directors proposes termination or nonrenewal of appointment of an accounting firm, it shall notify the accounting firm in advance and specify the reasons at the general meeting of shareholders of shareholders. The accounting firm shall be entitled to state its opinions to the general meeting of shareholders. In the event of an accounting firm proposes to resign from the appointment, the Board shall state reasons at the next general meeting of shareholders. The resigning accounting firm shall be obliged to either provide explanations in writing or attend the general meeting of shareholders in person to clarify whether there was any irregularities committed by the Company.	Deleted
16	Article 36 The convener and the legal counsel shall jointly verify the qualification of shareholder with the register of shareholders provided by the securities depository and clearing authority, and shall register the name of the shareholders as well as the number of their voting shares. Such registration shall be ceased prior to the announcement by the chairman of the general meeting the number of shareholders and their proxies present at the meeting and the total number of their respective voting shares.	Article 31 The convener and the legal counsel shall jointly verify the qualification of shareholder with the register of shareholders provided by the securities depository and clearing authority, and shall register the name of the shareholders as well as the number of their voting shares. Such registration shall be ceased prior to the announcement by the chairman of the meeting the number of shareholders and their proxies present at the meeting and the total number of their respective voting shares.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
17	Article 37 During the general meeting of shareholders, all directors, supervisors and the secretary of the board of directors should attend the meeting, the managers and other senior management personnel shall also be present at the meeting. The directors, supervisors, senior management personnel shall provide explanation and clarification to the inquiries and suggestions raised by the shareholders at the general meeting. The Company may invite the annual auditor to be present at the annual general meeting to provide explanations and clarifications covering annual reports and audits of the Company.	Article 32 During the general meeting of shareholders, all directors, supervisors and the secretary to the Board of Directors should attend the meeting, the general managers and other senior management personnel shall also be present at the meeting. The directors, supervisors, senior management personnel shall provide explanation and clarification to the inquiries and suggestions raised by the shareholders at the general meeting, except for those involving the company's trade secrets and undisclosed sensitive information that cannot be disclosed at the general meeting. The Company may invite the annual auditor to be present at the annual general meeting to provide explanations and clarifications covering annual reports and audits of the Company.
18	Article 38 If the general meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the chairman of the Board of Directors shall chair and preside at the meeting. Where the chairman of the Board is unable to attend the meeting for any reason, the deputy chairman shall serve as the presider and preside over the meeting. Failing them, a director elected more than half of the directors shall chair and preside at the meeting. Where no chairman has been designated, the shareholders present may elect one of their members to act as the chairman. If for any reason no chairman is elected by the shareholders, the shareholder (or proxy present) holding the majority of shares carrying the right to vote shall preside the meeting.	Article 33 If the general meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the chairman of the Board of Directors shall chair and preside at the meeting. Where the chairman of the Board is unable to attend the meeting for any reason, the deputy chairman shall serve as the presider and preside over the meeting. Failing them, a director elected by more than half of the directors shall chair and preside at the meeting. Where no chairman has been designated, the shareholders present may elect one of their members to act as the chairman. If for any reason no chairman is elected by the shareholders, the shareholder (or proxy present) holding the majority of shares carrying the right to vote shall preside the meeting.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
	The general meeting convened by the supervisory committee shall be presided over by the chairman of the supervisory committee. In the event that the chairman of the supervisory committee is unable or fails to perform his/her duties, a supervisor elected by more than half of the supervisors shall preside over the meeting. Shareholders may convene the general meeting themselves and a representative nominated by the convener shall preside over the meeting. If the chairman of the meeting breaches the Rules of Procedures of General Meetings during the meeting and the meeting cannot be continued as a result, the shareholders present at the meeting physically may elect a person to act as chairman by more than one-half of the votes cast in favour of the relevant resolution and the meeting may continue.	The general meeting convened by the supervisory committee shall be presided over by the chairman of the supervisory committee. In the event that the chairman of the supervisory committee is unable or fails to perform his/her duties, a supervisor elected by more than half of the supervisors shall preside over the meeting. Shareholders may convene the general meeting themselves and a representative nominated by the convener shall preside over the meeting. If the chairman of the meeting breaches these Rules during the meeting and the meeting cannot be continued as a result, the shareholders present at the meeting physically may elect a person to act as chairman by more than one-half of the votes cast in favour of the relevant resolution and the meeting may continue.
19	Article 39 At an annual general meeting, the Board of Directors shall report to the meeting in relation to the status of implementation of the matters which, according to the resolutions of the previous general meeting, shall be implemented by the Board of Directors since the previous annual general meeting. Each independent director shall present work reports thereof.	Article 34 At an annual general meeting, the Board of Directors and supervisory committee shall report their work during the past year to the general meeting. The independent directors shall submit an annual work report at the annual general meeting of the Company to explain the performance of their duties.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
20	Article 40 At the annual general meeting, the supervisory committee shall read their special report of the Company for the last year which include: (I) the examination of the financial situation; (II) the performance of the execution of duty, the respective law, administrative regulations, the Articles of Association and resolution of general meeting of directors and senior management; (III) other major events which the supervisory committee considers to be appropriate to report to general meeting. If the supervisory committee considers necessary, it may give opinion on the resolutions examined at general meeting and delivers independent report.	Deleted
21	Article 42 In the event that the certified public accountants provide the Company's financial report with their explanatory notes, qualified opinion, disclaimer of opinion or adverse opinion, the Board of Directors of the Company shall elaborate to the general meeting the issues leading to the above opinions and the impact on the financial position and the operating condition of the Company. If these issues have direct impact on the profit for the current period, the Board of Directors of the Company shall decide on the lower of the profit distribution proposal or the proposal of transfer from the statutory reserve fund to share capital.	Deleted

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
22	Article 45 Any vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll except where the chairman of the meeting, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands.	Article 38 Any vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll except where the chairman of the meeting, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands.
23	Article 46 A poll demanded on the election of a chairman, or on a question of adjournment, shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the chairman directs and the meeting may continue to transact other matters. The result of such poll is deemed as a resolution passed at such meeting.	Delete
24	Article 47 On a poll, a shareholder (including proxy) entitled to two or more votes need not use all his votes or cast all the votes in the same way.	Delete
25	Article 48 In the case of an equality of votes, whether a show of hands or a poll, the chairman of the meeting is entitled to a second vote.	Delete
26	Article 49 The following matters require the approval of an ordinary resolution at a general meeting: (1) the working reports of the Board and the supervisory committee; (2) the plan for distribution of profits and the plan for making up losses prepared by the Board; (3) the removal of the members of the Board and the supervisory committee, their remuneration and method of payment; (4) annual financial budgets and statements of final accounts, balance sheet, income statement and other financial statements of the Company; (5) the annual reports of the Company;	Article 39 The following matters require the approval of an ordinary resolution at a general meeting: (1) the working reports of the Board of Directors and the supervisory committee; (2) the plan for distribution of profits and the plan for making up losses prepared by the Board of Directors; (3) the removal of the members of the Board of Directors and the supervisory committee, their remuneration and method of payment; (4) annual financial budgets and statements of final accounts, balance sheet, income statement and other financial statements of the Company; (5) the annual reports of the Company;

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
	(6) the provision by the Company of a single security with an amount of over 10% of the latest audited net asset in respect of the secured object which satisfies the Company's standards; (7) the appointment, removal of an accounting firm or cessation to continue the engagement of an accounting firm and the remuneration of an accounting firm; (8) any matters not otherwise required by the laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association to be passed by special resolutions.	(6) decide on the guarantees provided for in Article 5 in the Rules, with the exception of the guarantees in item (3); (7) the appointment, removal of an accounting firm or cessation to continue the engagement of an accounting firm and the remuneration of an accounting firm; (8) any matters not otherwise required by the laws, administrative regulations, the Articles of Association or these Rules to be passed by special resolutions.
27	Article 51 The following matters shall be approved by passing of special resolution at the general meeting of shareholders: (1) increase or reduction of the Company's capital, issue of any type of shares, options and other similar types of securities; (2) issue of the Company's bonds; (3) separation spin-off, merger, dissolution and liquidation of the Company; (4) amendment to these Articles of Association; (5) purchase or sale of material assets by the Company within 1 year, or a guarantee amount exceeding 30% of the total assets in the most recent audit period of the Company; (6) share incentive scheme; (7) other matters as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations or these Articles of Association, and/or matters deemed by the general meeting by ordinary resolution to impose material effect on the Company and necessary for passing by special resolution.	Article 41 The following matters shall be approved by passing of special resolution at the general meeting of shareholders: (1) increase or reduction of the Company's capital, issue of any type of shares, options and other similar types of securities; (2) issue of the Company's bonds; (3) separation spin-off, merger, dissolution and liquidation of the Company; (4) amendment to the Articles of Association; (5) purchase or sale of material assets by the Company within 1 year, or a guarantee amount exceeding 30% of the total assets in the most recent audit period of the Company; (6) share incentive scheme; (7) other matters as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, the Articles of Association or these Rules, and/or matters deemed by the general meeting by ordinary resolution to impose material effect on the Company and necessary for passing by special resolution.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
28	Mrticle 52 When the general meeting of shareholders considers the content of the proposals set forth in the notice, no changes may be made to the content of the proposals on the matters set forth in the notice; any changes shall be considered as another new proposal and shall not be voted on at this general meeting of shareholders. The same voting right can only be exercised by one of the on-site, online or other voting methods. In the event of a duplicate vote on the same voting right, the result of the first vote shall prevail. The shareholders attending the general meeting should make one of the following opinion on the proposal submitted for voting: for, against or abstain, except that securities registration and settlement organizations which hold shares as nominee under the stock connect between Mainland China and Hong Kong may vote in accordance with the instructions of the beneficial holders. Ballot papers which has not been filled, ballot papers which have been filled erroneously, the handwriting on the ballot papers cannot be recognized or ballot papers which have not been cast will be considered as the relevant voters having abandoned his voting rights and the voting results in respect of his voting shares will be considered as "abstained".	Article 42 When the general meeting of shareholders considers the content of the proposals set forth in the notice, no changes may be made to the content of the proposals on the matters set forth in the notice; any changes shall be considered as another new proposal and shall not be voted on at this general meeting of shareholders. The same voting right can only be exercised by one of the on-site, online or other voting methods. In the event of a duplicate vote on the same voting right, the result of the first vote shall prevail. Except for proposals involving cumulative voting system, the shareholders attending the general meeting should make one of the following opinion on the proposal submitted for voting: for, against or abstain, except that securities registration and settlement organizations which hold shares as nominee under the stock connect between Mainland China and Hong Kong may vote in accordance with the instructions of the beneficial holders. Ballot papers which has not been filled erroneously, the handwriting on the ballot papers cannot be recognized or ballot papers which have not been cast will be considered as the relevant voters having abandoned his voting rights and the voting results in respect of his voting shares will be considered as "abstained".

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
29	Article 53 In the course of considering matters relating to the connected transactions at a general meeting, the shareholders involving connected transactions will abstain from voting. The number of voting shares represented by such shareholders shall be excluded from the total number of voting shares attending the meeting. Where any shareholder is required to abstain from voting or restricted to voting only for or only against a resolution, the vote cast by or on behalf of such shareholder in contravention of such requirement or restriction is deemed as invalid.	Article 43 In the course of considering matters relating to the connected transactions at a general meeting, the shareholders involving connected transactions will abstain from voting. The number of voting shares represented by such shareholders shall be excluded from the total number of voting shares attending the meeting.
30	Article 54 None of the external guarantees of the Company approved by the general meeting of shareholders shall violate the following provisions: (1) The Company is prohibited from providing a guarantee for a loan to a controlling shareholder, a subsidiary of a shareholder, a fellow subsidiary of a shareholder and other related parties in which the Company holds less than 50% equity interests, or any non-legal persons or individuals; (2) For any guarantee to be provided by the Company, the Company must request the party for which the guarantee is given to give a counter guarantee to the Company and the party who gives the counter guarantee must have the actual capability to perform the counter guarantee.	Article 44 None of the external guarantees of the Company approved by the general meeting of shareholders shall violate the following provisions: (1) The Company is prohibited from providing a guarantee for a loan to a controlling shareholder, a subsidiary of a shareholder, a fellow subsidiary of a shareholder and other related parties in which the Company holds less than 50% equity interests, or any non-legal persons or individuals; (2) The Company may require its subsidiaries to provide legal and valid counter guarantees to the Company for the guarantees provided by the Company to its subsidiaries.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
31	Article 56 When making a vote in the election of directors and supervisors in general meeting, a cumulative voting system shall be implemented according to the requirements of the Articles of Association or a resolution passed by the general meeting. If the single largest shareholder together with its parties acting in concert are interested in 30% or more of the shares, it shall be conducted by way of cumulative voting. The "cumulative voting system" as in the foregoing means that each share has the number of voting right identical to the number of directors or supervisors to be elected, and the voting right owned by the shareholders may be cumulatively used when the general meeting elects the directors or supervisors.	Article 46 When making a vote in the election of directors and supervisors in a general meeting, a cumulative voting system shall be implemented according to the requirements of the Articles of Association or a resolution passed by the general meeting. If the single largest shareholder together with its parties acting in concert are interested in 30% or more of the shares, it shall be conducted by way of cumulative voting system, and the votes of minority shareholders involved in the election of directors shall be counted and disclosed separately. If the general meeting of the Company elects two or more independent directors, it shall also comply with the foregoing provisions. The "cumulative voting system" referred to in the preceding paragraph means that each share has the number of voting right identical to the number of directors or supervisors to be elected, and the voting right owned by the shareholders may be cumulatively used when the general meeting elects the directors or supervisors.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
32	Article 59 The chairman shall decide whether a resolution of the general meeting should be passed, and such decision shall be final and be announced at the meeting and recorded in the minutes of the meeting. Shareholders of listed companies or their proxies voting through the internet or other ways shall have the right to check their own votes cast through the relevant voting system. Prior to the official announcement of the voting results, the companies involved in voting by shareholders onsite, voting by way of network or voting in other manners, persons responsible for vote counting, scrutineer, substantial shareholders, network service providers and other related parties are obliged to keep confidentiality the information relating to voting.	Article 49 Shareholders of listed companies or their proxies voting through the internet or other ways shall have the right to check their own votes cast through the relevant voting system. Prior to the official announcement of the voting results, the companies involved in voting by shareholders onsite, voting by way of network or voting in other manners, persons responsible for vote counting, scrutineer, substantial shareholders, network service providers and other related parties are obliged to keep confidentiality the information relating to voting.
33	Article 64 An independent director has the right to propose the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting, but shall obtain the consent of no less than half of all the independent directors. In respect to the proposal by the independent director for convening an extraordinary general meeting, the Board shall, in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and these Articles of Association, give a written reply as to whether agree or disagree with such proposal for convening an extraordinary general meeting within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal.	Article 54 An independent director has the right to propose the Board of Directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting, but shall obtain the consent of more than half of all the independent directors. In respect to the proposal by the independent director for convening an extraordinary general meeting, the Board of Directors shall, in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, give a written reply as to whether agree or disagree with such proposal for convening an extraordinary general meeting within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
No. 34	Article 65 Where the supervisory committee or shareholders decides to convene the general meeting of shareholders on its own initiative, it shall send out a written notice to the Board, and shall submit the records to the stock exchange in the places where the Company's shares are listed. Prior to the announcement of the resolution of the general meeting of shareholders, the shareholdings of the shareholders convening the general meeting shall not be less than 10%. Upon the notice and the announcement of resolution of the general meeting of shareholders, the supervisory committee or the shareholders convening the general meeting shall submit the relevant documentary information to the stock exchange in the places where the Company's shares are listed.	Article 55 Where the supervisory committee or shareholders decides to convene the general meeting of shareholders on its own initiative, it shall send out a written notice to the Board of Directors, and shall submit the records to the stock exchange in the places where the Company's shares are listed. Prior to the announcement of the resolution of the general meeting of shareholders, the shareholdings of the shareholders convening the general meeting shall not be less than 10%. The shareholders convening the meeting shall disclose an announcement no later than the time when the notice of the general meeting is sent, and shall undertake that the percentage of shares they hold will be not less than 10% of the total share capital of the Company from the date which the general meeting is proposed to the date on which the general meeting is convened. Upon the notice and the
	exchange in the places where the	not less than 10% of the total share capital of the Company from the date which the general meeting is proposed
		Upon the notice and the announcement of resolution of the general meeting of shareholders, the supervisory committee or the shareholders convening the general meeting shall submit the relevant documentary information to the stock
		exchange in the places where the Company's shares are listed.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
by m m th th th sh pr of co co co co	Article 76 The general meeting of nareholders shall have minutes prepared by the secretary to the Board. The sinutes shall contain the following: (1) the time, venue, agenda of the name of the convener; (2) the name of the chairman of the meeting, the directors, supervisors, are secretary to the Board, managers and other senior management personnel tending or being present at the general neeting; (3) the numbers of shareholders and their proxies, the total number of their nares carrying the voting rights and the roportion in the total number of shares of the Company; (4) the process of deliberation of each proposal, the main points of neeches and the voting results; (5) the inquiries or suggestions of the shareholders as well as the corresponding replies or explanations; (6) the name of legal counsel, vote notation of the contents which shall be contained in the records of the meeting as prescribed by these Articles of ssociation.	Article 66 The general meeting of shareholders shall have minutes prepared by the secretary to the Board of Directors. The minutes shall contain the following: (1) the time, venue, agenda of the meeting, and the name of the convener; (2) the name of the chairman of the meeting, as well as the names of the directors, supervisors, the secretary to the Board of Directors, general managers and other senior management personnel attending or being present at the meeting; (3) the number of shareholders and their proxies, the total number of their shares carrying the voting rights and the proportion in the total number of shares of the Company; (4) the process of deliberation of each proposal, the main points of speeches and the voting results; (5) the inquiries or suggestions of the shareholders as well as the corresponding replies or explanations; (6) the name of legal counsel, vote counters, and scrutineers; (7) other contents which shall be contained in the minutes of the meeting as prescribed by the Articles of Association.

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
36	Article 77 The chairman shall guarantee the truth, accuracy and completeness of the minutes of the meeting. The directors, supervisors, secretary to the Board, convener or their representative, moderator of the meeting shall sign on the minutes of the meeting. The minutes together with the valid information such as the attendance register of the attending shareholders and the power of attorney of their proxies, the votes cast by way of internet and by other means shall be kept at the legal address of the Company for a period of at least 10 years.	Article 67 The chairman shall guarantee the truth, accuracy and completeness of the minutes of the meeting. The directors, supervisors, secretary to the Board of Directors, convener or their representative, chairman of the meeting shall sign on the minutes of the meeting. The minutes together with the valid information such as the attendance register of the attending shareholders and the power of attorney of their proxies, the votes cast by way of internet and by other means shall be kept at the registered office of the Company for a period of at least 10 years.
37	Article 79 The announcement shall set out the number of the shareholders (and their proxies) present at the general meeting of shareholders, the total number of shares represented by them (and their proxies) and the proportion of the total number of the Company's voting shares, the voting method, the voting result of each proposal, and the opinion of the legal counsel. Resolution passed on proposals made by a shareholder shall set out the name of the proposing shareholder, his/her shareholding and the details of the proposal.	Deleted
38	Article 80 If a proposal is not passed or the general meeting of shareholders changes the resolutions of any previous general meeting, a clarification shall be provided by the Board in the announcement of the resolutions of the general meeting.	Deleted

No.	Original articles	Amended articles
39	Article 83 A shareholder is entitled to inspect the copies of minutes free of charge during office hours of the Company. If a shareholder demands from the Company a copy of such minutes, the Company shall send to him/her the copy within 7 days after having received a reasonable charge.	Deleted
40	Article 84 The convener shall ensure that the continuity of the general meeting of shareholders until the final resolution is formed. Where the general meeting of Shareholders is suspended or no resolution can be made due to force majeure or any other special reasons, necessary measures shall be taken to resume or directly terminate the general meeting, and an announcement shall be made in a timely manner. Meanwhile, the convener shall report this to the branch CSRC at the place where the Company is located and the stock exchange.	Deleted

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
1	Article 3 A person shall not be nominated as a director of the Company if one of the circumstances applies:	Article 3 A person shall not be nominated as a director of the Company if one of the circumstances applies:
	(1) a person who has no civil	(1) a person who has no civil
	capacity or has restricted civil capacity;	capacity or has restricted civil capacity;
	(2) a person who has been committed the offences of corruption,	(2) a person who has been committed the offences of corruption,
	bribery, embezzlement, misappropriation	bribery, embezzlement, misappropriation
	of property or sabotaging the social	of property or sabotaging the social
	economic order, and has been sentenced	economic order, and has been sentenced
	to criminal penalties, where less than	to criminal penalties, where less than
	five years have elapsed since the date of	five years have elapsed since the date of
	completion of the sentence; or a person who has been deprived of their political	completion of the sentence; or a person who has been deprived of their political
	rights due to criminal offenses, where	rights due to criminal offenses, where
	less than five years have elapsed since	less than five years have elapsed since
	the date of the completion of the said	the date of the completion of the said
	deprivation;	deprivation;
	(3) a person who was a former director, factory manager or manager	(3) a person who was a former director, factory manager or manager
	of a company or enterprise which has	of a company or enterprise which has
	become bankrupt and been liquidated	become bankrupt and been liquidated
	as a result of mismanagement and was	as a result of mismanagement and was
	personally liable for the bankruptcy of	personally liable for the bankruptcy of
	such company or enterprise, where less than three years have elapsed since the	such company or enterprise, where less than three years have elapsed since the
	date of completion of the bankruptcy and	date of completion of the bankruptcy and
	liquidation of the company or enterprise;	liquidation of the company or enterprise;
	(4) a person who was a legal	(4) a person who was a legal
	representative of a company or enterprise	representative of a company or enterprise
	which had its business license revoked due to a violation of the law and who	which had its business license revoked due to a violation of the law and who
	was personally liable, where less than	was personally liable, where less than
	three years have been elapsed since the	three years have been elapsed since the
	date of the revocation of the business	date of the revocation of the business
	license;	license;
	(5) a person who has a relatively	(5) a person who has a relatively
	large amount of debts due and outstanding;	large amount of debts due and outstanding;
	(6) a person who are under criminal	(6) a person who are under criminal
	investigation by a judicial authority for	investigation by a judicial authority for
	violation of the criminal law where said	violation of the criminal law where said
	investigation is not yet concluded;	investigation is not yet concluded;

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	(7) a person deemed unfit under the laws, administrative regulations, the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed; (8) a person who has been ruled by competent regulatory authorities to have violated provisions of securities regulations and such ruling involves a finding that he or she acted fraudulently or dishonestly, where less than 5 years has elapsed since the declaration; or a person who is being prohibited from serving as a market participant by CSRC and such prohibition has not been lifted. For directors elected by the Company in violation of the provisions of the preceding paragraphs, the election shall be invalid.	(7) a person deemed unfit under the laws, administrative regulations, the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed; (8) a person who has been ruled by competent regulatory authorities to have violated provisions of securities regulations and such ruling involves a finding that he or she acted fraudulently or dishonestly, where less than 5 years has elapsed since the declaration; or a person who is being prohibited from serving as a market participant by the China Securities Regulatory Commission ("the CSRC") and such prohibition has not been lifted; or a person who he was publicly identified by the stock exchanges as not suitable for the post for a certain period and such barring period has not expired.
2	Article 4 Directors shall be elected or replaced at the general meeting of shareholders and shall hold the office for a term of 3 years. Upon expiration of the term, the directors may be re-elected and serve consecutive terms. Subject to relevant laws and administrative regulations, the general meeting of the shareholders may dismiss by ordinary resolution(s) any directors of whom the term of office has not expired (the claim for compensation under any contracts shall however be not affected). The term of office of directors shall commence on the date of their assumption of office until the expiration of the term of office of the then session of board of directors ("Board").	Article 4 Directors shall be elected at the general meeting of shareholders and shall hold the office for a term of 3 years. Upon expiration of the term, the directors may be re-elected and serve consecutive terms. Subject to relevant laws and administrative regulations, the general meeting of the shareholders may dismiss by ordinary resolution(s) any directors of whom the term of office has not expired (the claim for compensation under any contracts shall however be not affected). The term of office of directors who were elected at the general meeting of shareholders shall commence on the date of their assumption of office until the expiration of the term of office of the then session of board of directors ("Board").

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	The term of office of a director who is elected during the course of each term of the Board shall hold the office for the remaining term of the Board, i.e., from the date on which the nomination of his/her/its director is approved by the shareholders' meeting to the date of the shareholders' meeting at which the directors are reelected following the expiration of the term of the current Board.	Unless a director is appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy, the term of office of a director who is elected during the course of each term of the Board shall hold the office for the remaining term of the Board, i.e., from the date on which the nomination of his/her/its director is approved by the shareholders' meeting to the date of the shareholders' meeting at which the directors are reelected following the expiration of the term of the current Board.
3	Article 11 The directors of the Company shall perform their duties in accordance with the principle of fiduciary, and shall not put themselves in a position where their interests and their duties may conflict. This principle applies to, including but not limited to, discharging the following obligations: (1) to act sincerely in the best interest of the Company; (2) to exercise powers within the scope of their powers and not to act ultra vires; (3) to exercise the discretion rights vested personally and not to allow themselves to act under the control of another and, unless and to the extent permitted by laws, administrative regulations or with the informed consent of shareholders given at the general meeting, not to delegate their discretion rights to others; (4) to treat shareholders of the same class equally and to treat shareholders of different classes fairly;	Delete

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	(5) except in accordance with	
	the Articles of Association or with the	
	informed consent of shareholders given	
	at the general meeting, not to enter into	
	any contract, transaction or agreement	
	with the Company;	
	(6) without the informed consent	
	of shareholders given at the general	
	meeting, not to use the Company's	
	property for their own benefit in any	
	means;	
	(7) not to abuse their duties to	
	accept bribes or other illegal income	
	or expropriate the Company's property	
	by any means, including but not	
	limited to taking over any opportunities	
	advantageous to the Company;	
	(8) without the informed consent	
	of shareholders given at the general	
	meeting, not to accept commissions	
	in connection with the Company's	
	transactions;	
	(9) to abide by the Articles of	
	Association, perform their duties	
	faithfully and protect the Company's	
	interests, and not to abuse their positions	
	and duties in the Company for their own	
	private interests;	
	(10) not to compete with the	
	Company in any way unless with the	
	informed consent of shareholders given	
	at the general meeting;	
	(11) not to misappropriate the	
	Company's funds or lend such funds to	
	others, not to open accounts in their own	
	names or other names for the deposit of	
	the Company's assets and not to pledge	
	the Company's asset as security for the	
	debts of a shareholder of the Company	
	or any other individual(s);	

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	(12) unless otherwise permitted by informed shareholders at the general meeting, to keep in confidence information acquired by them in the course of and during their tenure and not to use such information other than in furtherance of the interests of the Company, save that disclosure of such information to the court or any other governmental competent authorities is permitted if the disclosure is made: 1. under the laws; 2. for public interests; 3. for the interests of such director, supervisor, general manager and other senior officers.	
4	Article 12 Save for the obligations set forth in Articles 9, 10 and 11 above, the directors shall fulfill the following obligations: (1) To comply with the provisions of laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, honestly discharge their duties, safeguard the interest of the Company, and when their own interest conflicts with the interest of the Company and the shareholders, they shall act in the best interest of the Company and the shareholders and make sure: 1. to actively participate in relevant trainings in order to understand the rights, obligations and responsibilities of directors, familiarize themselves with relevant laws and administrative regulations, and acquire the relevant knowledge required of them as directors;	Article 11 Save for the obligations set forth in Articles 9 and 10 above, the directors shall fulfill the following obligations: (1) To comply with the provisions of laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, honestly discharge their duties, safeguard the interest of the Company, and when their own interest conflicts with the interest of the Company and the shareholders, they shall act in the best interest of the Company and the shareholders and make sure: 1. to actively participate in relevant trainings in order to understand the rights, obligations and responsibilities of directors, familiarize themselves with relevant laws and administrative regulations, and acquire the relevant knowledge required of them as directors;

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	2. to have sufficient time and	2. to have sufficient time and
	energy to discharge the duties as	energy to discharge the duties as
	required;	required;
	3. to attend the Board meetings in	3. to attend the Board meetings in
	a conscientious and responsible manner	a conscientious and responsible manner
	and express definite views on the matters	and express definite views on the matters
	under consideration;	under consideration;
	4. to abide by the provisions of	4. to abide by the provisions of
	relevant laws, administrative regulations	relevant laws, administrative regulations
	and the Articles of Association, exercise	and the Articles of Association, exercise
	powers within the scope of their duties,	powers within the scope of their duties,
	and not act ultra vires; strictly keep the	and not act ultra vires; strictly keep the
	commitments they made publicly; not	commitments they made publicly; not
	use inside information for their own or	use inside information for their own or
	others' benefit;	others' benefit;
	5. not to operate a business similar	5. not to operate a business similar
	to that of the Company for themselves	to that of the Company for themselves
	or for others or engage in activities that	or for others or engage in activities that
	could be detrimental to the Company's	could be detrimental to the Company's
	interests.	interests.
	(2) Without stipulation by the	(2) Without stipulation by the
	Articles of Association or legal	Articles of Association or legal
	authorization by the Board, no director	authorization by the Board, no director
	shall in his or her own name act for the	shall in his or her own name act for the
	Company or the Board. Where a director	Company or the Board. Where a director
	acts in his or her own name but a third	acts in his or her own name but a third
	party reasonably believes that such	party reasonably believes that such
	director is acting for the Company or the	director is acting for the Company or the
	Board, such director shall declare that he	Board, such director shall declare that he
	or she is not acting for the Company in	or she is not acting for the Company in
	advance.	advance.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	(3) If a director or other enterprise	(3) If a director or other enterprise
	where such director holds a position is	where such director holds a position is
	directly or indirectly connected with an	directly or indirectly connected with an
	existing or proposed contract, transaction	existing or proposed contract, transaction
	or arrangement of the Company (except	or arrangement of the Company (except
	for an employment contract), the	for an employment contract), the
	director shall declare the nature and	director shall declare the nature and
	extent of such relationship to the Board	extent of such relationship to the Board
	at the earliest opportunity, regardless of	at the earliest opportunity, regardless of
	whether or not the contract, transaction	whether or not the contract, transaction
	or arrangement or proposal is otherwise	or arrangement or proposal is otherwise
	subject to the approval of the Board.	subject to the approval of the Board.
	Unless the related director has	Unless the related director has
	made the disclosure to the Board as	made the disclosure to the Board as
	required in the preceding paragraph and	required in the preceding paragraph and
	the contract, transaction or arrangement	the contract, transaction or arrangement
	is approved by the Board at a meeting	is approved by the Board at a meeting
	in which the related director is not	in which the related director is not
	counted in the quorum and has abstained	counted in the quorum and has abstained
	from voting, the Company has the right	from voting, the Company has the right
	to rescind such contract, transaction	to rescind such contract, transaction
	or arrangement, except where the	or arrangement, except where the
	counterparty is a bona fide third party.	counterparty is a bona fide third party.
	A director of the Company is	A director of the Company is
	deemed to be interested in the contract,	deemed to be interested in the contract,
	transaction or agreement in which an	transaction or agreement in which an
	associate of him/her is interested.	associate of him/her is interested.
	While voting on the matters	While voting on the matters
	stipulated in this Article at the meetings	stipulated in this Article at the meetings
	of the Board, the related directors shall	of the Board, the related directors shall
	abstain from voting, but can provide the	abstain from voting, but can provide the
	Board with necessary explanations on	Board with necessary explanations on
	the above matters.	the above matters.

No. Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
Article 16 Where the resignation of a director causes the number of directors constituting the Board to fall below the quorum, the resignation letter of such director shall become effective only after the vacancy arising from the resignation of such director is filled by a successor. The chairman of the Board shall call upon the remaining directors to hold an extraordinary general meeting as soon as possible to elect a new director. The powers of the resigning director and the remaining members of the Board shall be subject to reasonable restrictions until a resolution on the election of director is passed at the general meeting of shareholders.	Article 15 Where the resignation of a director causes the number of directors constituting the Board to fall below the quorum, or the resignation of an independent director causes the percentage of independent directors in the Board or the special committees to fail to meet the requirements of laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association, or causes the lack of accounting professionals who are independent directors, the resignation letter of such director shall become effective only after the vacancy arising from the resignation of such director is filled by a successor. The chairman of the Board shall call upon the remaining directors to hold an extraordinary general meeting as soon as possible to elect a new director. The powers of the resigning director and the remaining members of the Board shall be subject to reasonable restrictions until a resolution on the election of director is passed at the general meeting of

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
6	Article 19 If a director of the Company breaches his/her obligations to the Company, the Company shall, in addition to any rights and remedies provided by laws and administrative regulations, have a right to: (1) require the relevant director to compensate for the losses sustained by the Company as a consequence of his/her dereliction of duty; (2) rescind any contract or transaction concluded by the Company with the relevant director or with a third party (where such third party is aware or ought to be aware that the director representing the Company was in breach of his/her obligations to the Company); (3) require the relevant director to surrender the gains derived from the breach of his/her obligations; (4) recover any funds received by the relevant director that should have been received by the Company, including but not limited to commissions; (5) require the relevant director to surrender the interest earned or possibly earned on the funds that should have been given to the Company.	Delete
7	Article 20 The Company's directors violating the duties of a particular specific obligation may be knowingly dismissed by the general meeting of shareholders, except in cases stipulated in Article 57 of the Articles of Association.	Article 18 The Company's directors violating the duties of a particular specific obligation may be knowingly dismissed by the genera meeting of shareholders, except in cases stipulated in Article 42 of the Articles of Association.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
8	Article 24 A clause should	Delete
	be included in the contracts made	
	between the Company and directors of	
	the Company for their emoluments to	
	provide, subject to the prior approval	
	at a general meeting, the directors shall	
	be entitled to compensation or any	
	other payment for their loss of office	
	or retirement from office as a result	
	of the Company being taken over. The	
	phrase "the Company being taken over"	
	referred to in this Article means any of	
	the followings:	
	(1) an offer made to all	
	shareholders by any person;	
	(2) an offer made by an offeror	
	with a view to becoming the controlling	
	shareholder. The definition of the	
	"controlling shareholder" shall be the	
	same as that defined in Article 58 of the	
	Articles of Association. If the relevant	
	director fails to comply with this Article,	
	any sum received by him/her shall	
	belong to the shareholders who have	
	disposed of their shares by accepting	
	the offer made as aforesaid; and the	
	expense incurred from the distribution	
	of such proceeds pro rata amongst	
	those shareholders shall be borne by	
	such director and is not allowed to be	
	deducted out of that proceeds.	

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
9	Article 25 An independent director is a director who does not act in other capacities in the Company other than a director, and who does not have any relationship with the Company or its substantial shareholders that may affect the director in making an independent and objective judgement.	Article 22 An independent director is a director who does not act in other capacities in the Company other than a director, and who does not have any direct or indirect interest in the Company or its substantial shareholders or de facto controller(s), and who does not have any other relationship that may affect the director in making an independent and objective judgement. Independent directors shall perform their duties independently and shall not be influenced by the Company, its substantial shareholders, de facto controllers or other units or individuals.
10		New Article 23 Independent directors owe duties of loyalty and diligence towards the Company and all shareholders and shall earnestly perform their duties in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations, provisions of the CSRC, the rules of the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed and the provisions of the Articles of Association, and shall discharge their duties including participating in decision-makings, supervising and balancing, providing professional counseling on the Board, and safeguard the overall interest of the Company, and protect the legitimate rights and interests of minority shareholders.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
11	Article 26 The Company shall appoint independent directors. The ratio of independent directors to the total number of directors in the Board shall be no less than one-third. Under no circumstances shall there be less than three independent non-executive directors, and the independent directors shall satisfy the requirements of an independent non-executive director under the respective listing rules of Shanghai Stock Exchange and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. At least one of the independent directors shall have appropriate professional qualifications or have appropriate accounting or related financial management expertise.	Article 24 The Company shall appoint independent directors. The ratio of independent directors to the total number of directors in the Board shall be no less than one-third. Under no circumstances shall there be less than three independent non-executive directors, and the independent directors shall satisfy the requirements of an independent non-executive director under the respective listing rules of Shanghai Stock Exchange and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. At least one of the independent directors shall have professional qualifications in accounting as required by the securities regulatory rules of the place where the shares of the Company are listed.
12	Article 28 An independent director shall satisfy the following basic requirements: (1) being qualified to serve as a director of a listed company in accordance with laws, administrative regulations, listing rules of the stock exchange of the places where the Company's shares are listed, and other relevant requirements; (2) possesses the independence as required by the Rules for the Independent Directors of Listed Companies (《上市公司獨立董事規則》) issued by the CSRC, and the meet the requirements on "independent non-executive director" of The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited; (3) has a basic understanding of the operation of a listed company, and being familiar with relevant laws, administrative regulations, provisions and rules;	Article 26 An independent director shall satisfy the following basic requirements: (1) being qualified to serve as a director of a listed company in accordance with laws, administrative regulations, and other relevant requirements; (2) possesses the independence as required by the Rules for the Independent Directors of Listed Companies (《上市公司獨立董事規則》) issued by the CSRC, and the meet the requirements on "independent non-executive director" of The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited; (3) has a basic understanding of the operation of a listed company, and being familiar with relevant laws, administrative regulations, provisions and rules;

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	(4) possesses five or more years	(4) possesses five or more years
	of experience in law, economics,	of experience in law, economics,
	accounting, finance, management, or	accounting, finance, management, or
	other experience necessary for the	other experience necessary for the
	performance of duties as an independent	performance of duties as an independent
	director. An independent director shall	director;
	ensure devoting sufficient time and	(5) excels in virtue and has no
	energy to effectively perform his/her	bad records such as major breach of
	duties as an independent director;	trust;
	(5) complies with the Company	(6) other conditions stipulated
	Law, the Civil Servant Law of the	by laws, administrative regulations,
	People's Republic of China (《中華	provisions of the CSRC, business
	人民共和國公務員法》), the Rules	rules of the stock exchange where the
	for the Independent Directors of	Company's shares are listed, and the
	Listed Companies, the Notice on	Articles of Association.
	the Regulating Cadres Filed with	
	the Organization Department of the	
	CPC Central Committee to Serve as	
	Independent Directors and Independent	
	Supervisors of Listed Companies and	
	Fund Management Companies after	
	Resignation or Retirement (Dismission)	
	(《關於規範中管幹部辭去公職或者退	
	(離)休後擔任上市公司、基金管理公	
	司獨立董事、獨立監事的通知》), the	
	Opinions on Further Regulating Party	
	and Government Leading Cadres' Part-	
	time (Concurrent) Employment in	
	Enterprises (關於進一步規範黨政領導	
	幹部在企業兼職(任職)問題的意見》),	
	the Opinions on Enhancing the Anti-	
	corruption and Integrity Construction in	
	Higher Education Institutions (《關於加	
	強高等學校反腐倡廉建設的意見》) and	
	other requirements stipulated by other	
	laws, administrative regulations, the	
	rules of the stock exchange of the places	
	where the Company's shares are listed	
	and the Articles of Association of the	
	Company.	
	An independent director and	
	individual who intends to act as an	
	independent director shall participate in	
	the training organized by the CSRC and	
	its authorized institutions in accordance	
	with the provisions.	

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
13	Article 29 Candidates for independent directors of the Company must remain independent. The following persons shall not serve as independent directors: (1) persons who hold positions in the Company or its subsidiaries and and his/her direct relatives and main social relations; (2) natural person shareholders who hold, directly or indirectly, 1% or above of the Company issued shares or are among the top 10 shareholders and his/her direct relatives; (3) persons who hold positions in the Company's shareholders which directly or indirectly holds 5% or above of the Company's issued shares or which are among the a top 5 shareholders of the Company and his/her direct relatives; (4) persons who hold positions in the de facto controllers of the Company and their subsidiaries; (5) persons who provide, among other things, financial service, legal service, consultancy service to the Company, its controlling shareholders or their respective subsidiaries, including all the members of the team of the intermediaries for the project which provided services, review personnel at all levels, the signatories on the reports, partners and the principal responsible officers;	Article 27 Independent directors of the Company must remain independent. The following persons shall not serve as independent directors: (1) persons who hold positions in the Company or its subsidiaries and their spouses, parents, children and main social relations; (2) natural person shareholders who hold, directly or indirectly, 1% or above of the Company issued shares or are among the top 10 shareholders and his/her spouses, parents and children; (3) persons who hold positions in the Company's shareholders which directly or indirectly holds 5% or above of the Company's issued shares or which are among the a top 5 shareholders of the Company and their spouses, parents and children; (4) persons who hold positions in the controlling shareholders and defacto controllers of the Company and their subsidiaries, and their spouses, parents and children; (5) persons who provide, among other things, financial service, legal service, consultancy service, sponsorship service to the Company, its controlling shareholders, defacto controllers or their respective subsidiaries, including but not limited to all the members of the team of the intermediaries for the project which provided services, review personnel at all levels, the signatories on the reports, partners, directors, members of the senior management and the principal responsible officers;

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	(6) persons who are the directors,	(6) persons who have material
	supervisors and members of the senior	transactions with the Company and
	management of the entities which have	its controlling shareholders, de
	material transactions with the Company	facto controllers or their respective
	and its controlling shareholders or their	subsidiaries, or those persons who
	respective subsidiaries, or those persons	hold positions in the entities which
	who are the directors, supervisors and	have material transactions with
	members of the senior management	the Company and their controlling
	of the controlling shareholders of the	shareholders and de facto controllers;
	aforesaid entities;	(7) persons who have been under
	(7) persons who have been under	any of the above six six circumstances
	any of the above six six circumstances	within the preceding 12 months;
	within the preceding 12 months;	(8) other persons who lack
	(8) other circumstances for lack of	independence as may be stipulated
	independence as may be stipulated by	by laws, administrative regulations,
	the stock exchanges located in the places	regulations of the CSRC, business
	where the shares of the Company are	rules of the stock exchanges where
	listed;	the shares of the Company are listed
	(9) any other person specified in	(including but not limited to the
	the Articles of Association;	independence provisions in Rule 3.13
	(10) any other person as defined by	of the Rules Governing the Listing of
	the stock exchanges located in the places	Securities on The Stock Exchange of
	where the Company's shares are listed.	Hong Kong Limited) and the Articles
	The subsidiaries of the controlling	of Association;
	shareholders and de facto controllers	The subsidiaries of the controlling
	of the Company referred to in items	shareholders and de facto controllers of
	(4), (5) and (6) above do not include	the Company referred to in items (4),
	those subsidiaries which do not have	(5) and (6) above do not include those
	a connected relationship with the	subsidiaries which are controlled by the
	Company as may be stipulated by the	same state-owned asset management
	stock exchanges located in the places	institution as the Company and are
	where the shares of the Company are	not connected persons of the Company
	listed.	pursuant to the rules stipulated by the
		stock exchanges where the shares of the
		Company are listed.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	"Direct relatives" referred to in the above provisions means spouses, parents and children. "Main social relations" referred to in the preceding paragraph means brothers, sisters, parents-in-law, sons/daughters-in-law, spouses of brothers and sisters, brothers and sisters of spouses. "Material transaction" refers to those which are required to be submitted for the consideration of the general meeting of shareholders pursuant to the requirements of the stock exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed or the Articles of Association or other material matters stipulated by the stock exchanges	"Main social relations" referred to in the preceding paragraph means brothers, sisters, spouses of brothers and sisters, parents of spouses, brothers and sisters of spouses, spouses of children, parents of spouses of children, etc. "Material transaction" refers to those which are required to be submitted for the consideration of the general meeting of shareholders pursuant to the requirements of the stock exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed or the Articles of Association or other material matters stipulated by the stock exchanges where the shares of the Company are
	where the shares of the Company are listed. "Hold positions" means acting as directors, supervisors, members of the senior management and other staff members.	listed. "Hold positions" means acting as directors, supervisors, members of the senior management and other staff members. The independent directors shall conduct an annual self-examination of independence and submit the self-examination to the Board. The Board shall evaluate and issue a special opinion on the independence of the incumbent independent directors on an annual basis, which shall be disclosed at the same time as the annual report.
14		New Article 28 The independent directors, in principle, shall serve as independent directors in a maximum of 3 domestic listed companies, and shall ensure that they have sufficient time and energy to effectively fulfill their duties as independent directors.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
15	Article 30 Powers of independent	Article 29 Independent
	directors	directors shall perform the following
	In order to exercise the function	duties:
	of an independent director, save for	(1) to participate in the decision-
	the power vested by the Company Law	makings of the Board and express
	and other relevant laws, administrative	clear opinions on the matters
	regulations, independent directors of	discussed;
	the Company shall be vested with the	(2) to supervise matters involving
	following special powers and duties:	potential material conflicts of
	1. major connected transaction	interest between the Company and
	(refer to connected transactions entered	its controlling shareholders, de facto
	into between the Company and any	controller(s), directors and senior
	connected parties, the aggregate	officers set out in Article 23, Article
	consideration of which is more than	26, Article 27 and Article 28 of the
	RMB3 million or more than 5% of	Measures for the Administration
	the latest audited net asset value of	of Independent Directors of Listed
	the Company), shall first be approved	Companies, to urge the Board to
	by independent directors before being	make decisions in line with the
	submitted to the Board for discussion.	interests of the Company as a whole,
	Before making a judgement, independent	and to protect the legitimate rights
	directors can appoint intermediaries	and interests of medium and small
	to prepare an independent financial	shareholders;
	adviser's report as the basis for their	(3) to provide professional and
	judgement.	objective advice on the operation and
	2. to propose to the Board for the	development of the Company, and
	appointment or removal of auditors.	to promote the improvement of the
	3. to propose to the Board for	decision-making level of the Board;
	convening an extraordinary general	(4) to perform other duties as
	meeting.	stipulated by laws, administrative
	4. to propose to convene Board	regulations, the relevant provisions
	meetings.	of the stock exchanges where the
	5. to independently appoint an	Company's shares are listed and the
	external auditing firm or consultant firm.	Articles of Association.
	6. collection of the views of the	
	medium and small shareholders, propose	
	dividends distribution proposal and	
	submit to the Board directly for its	
	consideration.	
	7. solicit proxies from shareholders	
	before convening a general meeting.	

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
No.	Independent director shall obtain the consent of all independent directors to exercise above power as set out in item 5 and at least half of all independent directors to exercise above powers as set out in items 1 to 4 and item 6. If the above proposals are not accepted or the above powers cannot be normally exercised, the Company shall disclose the relevant condition. Items 1 and 2 shall be submitted to the Board for discussion only with the consent of at least half of the independent directors. 8. to review the contents of the announcement of the Company on the resolutions of the Board and take initiative in paying attention to relevant media reports and information; 9. if it is found that there may be material matters which have not been submitted to the Board or the general meeting for consideration, the Company has not discharged its disclosure obligations timely or appropriately; the information disclosed by the Company may be untrue, misleading or has material omission; production and operation may contravene laws, administrative regulations or these articles, and circumstances involving suspected contravention of law or regulation or damaging the interest of public shareholders, the independent directors should question the Company in writing and urge the Company to correct or to clarify.	Independent directors shall perform their duties independently and fairly and shall not be influenced by the Company, its substantial shareholders, de facto controller(s) or other units or individuals. If it is found that the matter under consideration affects his/her independence, he/she shall duly declare it to the Company and withdraw from the discussion. If, during his/her term of office, there are matters that can significantly affect his/her independence, he/she shall promptly notify the Company, propose solutions, and if necessary, resign.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
16		New Article 30 The following matters shall be submitted to the Board for consideration after obtaining the consent of more than half of all the independent directors of the Company: (1) related party transactions that
		are required to be disclosed; (2) plan for change or waiver of undertakings by the Company and related parties;
		(3) the decisions made and measures taken by the Board in relation to the acquisition when the Company is acquired;
		(4) other matters as required by laws, administrative regulations, the relevant provisions of the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
17	Article 31 Independent directors	Article 31 Independent
	shall provide independent views in	directors shall have the following
	respect of material matters of the	special powers:
	Company.	(1) to independently engage
	In addition to the performance of	intermediaries to audit, consult
	aforesaid duties, independent directors	or verify specific matters of the
	shall provide independent views to the	Company;
	Board or the general meetings in respect	(2) to propose to the Board
	of the following matters:	to convene extraordinary general
	1. nomination, appointment and	meetings;
	removal of Directors;	(3) to propose to convene Board
	2. employment or dismissal of	meetings;
	senior management personnel;	(4) to openly solicit shareholders'
	3. remuneration of Directors and	rights according to laws;
	senior management personnel of the	(5) to express independent
	Company;	opinions on matters that may
	4. appointment or dismissal of	prejudice the rights and interests
	accountants' firms;	of the Company or minority
	5. correction of accounting policies,	shareholders;
	changes in accounting estimation or	(6) to perform other powers
	material accounting mistakes other than	as required by laws, administrative
	by reasons of the changes in accounting	regulations, the relevant provisions
	principles;	of the stock exchange where the
	6. non-standard no qualification	Company's shares are listed and the
	audit opinion issued by the accounting	Articles of Association.
	firm in respect of the financial and	Where the independent directors
	accounting report of the Company and	exercise the powers specified in (1) to
	internal control;	(3) above, the consent from more than
	7. internal control evaluation	half of all the independent directors
	report;	is required. Where the independent
	8. proposals on changes in the	directors exercise the powers specified
	undertakings given by related parties;	in Paragraph 1 of this article,
	9. impact of the issue of preference	the Company shall make timely
	shares on the rights of different classes	disclosure. If the aforementioned
	of the shareholders of the Company;	powers cannot be exercised normally,
	10. formulate profit distribution	the Company shall disclose the specific
	policy, profit distribution plan and cash	circumstances and reasons.
	distribution plan;	

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	11. material events which are	
	subject to disclosure such as connected	
	transactions, provision of guarantee	
	(excluding guarantee provided	
	to subsidiaries of the Company	
	consolidated in the financial statements),	
	entrusted wealth management, provision	
	of financial assistance, use of proceeds	
	from fund raising, investment in shares	
	and their derivatives;	
	12. material assets reorganization,	
	management takeovers, share incentive	
	scheme, employee stock scheme, shares	
	repurchase proposal, proposal on setting	
	off the debts of a connected person by	
	assets;	
	13. the Company's proposal to	
	delist its shares from the stock exchanges	
	on which the shares of the Company are	
	listed;	
	14. such matters that the	
	independent directors consider to be	
	detrimental to the interest of the medium	
	and small shareholders;	
	15. such other matters as may be	
	stipulated by the laws or administrative	
	regulations of the places where the	
	shares of the Company are listed or the	
	articles of association of the Company;	
	The independent directors shall	
	provide the following types of opinion:	
	agree; reserve opinion and the reasons	
	thereof; object and the reasons thereof;	
	cannot express an opinion and the	
	obstacles thereof.	
	If the relevant matters are required	
	to be disclosed, the Company should	
	announce the opinion of the independent	
	directors. If the opinion of the	
	independent directors differs and cannot	
	reach a consensus, the Board should	
	disclose the opinion of each independent	
	director separately.	

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
18	Article 33 An independent director shall carry out his duties independently without being influenced by substantial shareholder, de facto controller or other entity or individual having interests in the Company or its substantial shareholders or de facto controller, and shall ensure that he has sufficient time and energy to effectively carry out his duties.	Delete
19	Article 34 The number and composition of independent directors A certain percentage of the members of the Board of the Company shall be independent directors, with at least one-third of the members of the Board of the Company being independent directors, and shall at no time be less than 3 independent non-executive directors, including at least 1 professional accountant. Procedures for the election of independent directors: (1)Independent directors shall be nominated by the Company's Board, supervisory committee, and shareholders who individually or jointly more than 1% of the issued shares of the Company, and shall be elected at general meetings.	Article 33 Procedures for the election of independent directors: (1) Independent directors shall be nominated by the Company's Board, supervisory committee, and shareholders who individually or jointly more than 1% of the issued shares of the Company, and shall be elected at general meetings. The nominator shall not nominate a person who is interested in the nominator, or a person who is closely related to the nominator and has other circumstances that may affect the independent performance of his/her duties as a candidate for independent director;

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	(2) The nominator of an independent director shall have obtained the consent of the nominee before	(2) The nominator of an independent director shall have obtained the consent of the nominee
	nomination. The nominator shall fully	before nomination. The nominator
	understand the nominee's profession, educational background, professional	shall fully understand the nominee's profession, educational background,
	title, detailed working experience, and	professional title, detailed working
	details on any part-time posts, and shall	experience, details on any part-time
	give an opinion regarding the nominee's	posts, and whether there is any
	qualifications and independence in	major breach of good faith and
	acting as an independent director. The	other adverse records, and shall give
	nominee shall declare that there is no	an opinion regarding the nominee's
	relationship between the Company and	qualifications and independence in
	himself/herself which may affect him/	acting as an independent director. The
	her in making independent and objective	nominee shall declare that there is no
	judgements. Before the general meeting	relationship between the Company
	at which election of independent	and himself/herself which may affect
	directors is to be considered, the Board	him/her in making independent and
	of the Company shall complete the relevant procedures for the nomination	objective judgements. The nomination and remuneration committee of
	of independent directors in accordance	the Company shall examine the
	with the regulations and comply with the	qualifications of the nominee for the
	corresponding information disclosure	position and form a clear opinion on
	obligations.	the examination.
	(3) <u>Independent directors shall be</u>	Before the general meeting
	elected for a term of 3 years and may be	at which election of independent
	re-elected for a further term of not more	directors is to be considered, the
	than 6 years;	Board of the Company shall complete
		the relevant procedures for the nomination of independent directors
		in accordance with the regulations
		and comply with the corresponding
		information disclosure obligations;
		(3) The term of office of the
		independent directors shall be the
		same as that of other directors of the
		Company, and upon expiration of the
		term, the independent directors may
		be re-elected and serve consecutive terms. However, they shall not serve
		a position for more than 6 years
		consecutively;

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	(4) Proposition of the general meetings of shareholders to nominate independent directors should be	(4) Proposition of the general meetings of shareholders to nominate independent directors should be included
	included in the agenda of the general meetings of shareholders and notify all shareholders before the general meetings of shareholders, together with the details of the nominated independent	in the agenda of the general meetings of shareholders and notify all shareholders before the general meetings of shareholders, together with the details of the nominated independent shareholders
	shareholders including their occupations, education backgrounds, business titles and detailed work experiences, pursuant to the requirements of the stock exchanges where the Company's shares	including their occupations, education backgrounds, business titles and detailed work experiences, pursuant to the requirements of the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed.
	are listed. Any person who has already served as an independent director in 5 domestic or overseas listed companies shall not be nominated as a candidate for	Any person who has already served as an independent director in 3 domestic listed companies, shall not be nominated as a candidate for independent
	independent director of the Company; (5) The Company shall submit the information regarding the candidate for	director of the Company in principle; any person who has served as an independent director of the Company
	the independent director to the stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed not later than the time of the publication of	for 6 consecutive years shall not be nominated as a candidate for independent director of the Company until and unless a period of 36 months
	the notice of the general meeting of the Company in relation to the election of independent director (or in accordance	has lapsed since the conclusion of such fact;
	with other requirements stipulated by the stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed, if any).	

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
No.	(6) If, the stock exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed, object to the qualifications and independence of the nominee after review, the Company shall not propose him/her as independent director to the general meeting and should postpone or cancel the general meeting or revoke the relevant resolution at the general meeting. When electing independent directors at a general meeting, the Board of the Company should give an explanation on whether the stock exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed have expressed objection to the candidate for independent director.	(5) If, the stock exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed, object to the qualifications and independence of the nominee after review, the Company shall disclose the fact in a timely manner, and the Company shall not propose him/ her as independent director to the general meeting and should postpone or cancel the general meeting or revoke the relevant resolution at the general meeting. When electing independent directors at a general meeting, the Board of the Company should give an explanation on whether the stock exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed have expressed objection to the candidate for independent director; (6) Where two or more independent directors are to be elected at the general meeting of the Company, a cumulative voting system shall be implemented. The votes of minority shareholders shall be counted separately and disclosed.

Article 34 Independent s shall pay continuous to the implementation of
tters set forth in Articles and 28 of the Measures for distration of Independent of Listed Companies, and a aware of any violation of lations, rules of the CSRC, provisions of the stock swhere the Company's elisted and the Articles ation, or any violation solutions adopted at the ters' general meetings or district meetings, they shall the violations to the Board of manner and may require any to provide a written on thereon. The Company ptly disclose any disclosable volved. If the Company fails in explanation or a timely the independent directors and the CSRC and the tanges where the Company's

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
No. 21	Terms before amendments	New Article 35 The independent directors shall perform their duties in the special committees of the Board of the Company in accordance with the laws, regulations, relevant provisions of the stock exchanges where the Company's shares are listed and the Articles of Association. The independent directors shall attend the meetings of the special committees in person, and if they are unable to attend the meetings in person for any reason, they shall review the materials of the meetings in advance, form a clear opinion, and entrust other independent directors in writing to attend the meetings on their behalf. If an independent director is concerned about any major issue of the Company which is within the scope of the duties of the special committees in the performance of his or her duties, he/she may bring the issue to the special committees for discussion and
		consideration in a timely manner in accordance with the procedures.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
22		New Article 36 The Company
		shall hold special meetings of
		independent directors on a regular or
		irregular basis. Matters listed in items
		(1) to (3) of paragraph 1 of Article
		18 and Article 23 of the Measures for
		the Administration of Independent
		Directors of Listed Companies shall
		be considered at a special meeting of
		independent directors. The special
		meeting of independent directors may
		study and discuss other matters of the
		Company as needed.
		A special meeting of independent
		directors shall be convened and
		presided over by an independent
		director elected by a majority of the
		independent directors. In the event
		that the convener fails to or is unable
		to perform his/her duties, two or more
		independent directors may convene
		and elect a representative to preside
		over the meeting on their own.
		The minutes of the special
		meetings of independent directors
		shall be prepared according to
		relevant requirements and shall
		record the opinions of independent
		directors. Independent directors shall
		sign and confirm the meeting minutes.
		The Company shall facilitate
		and support the convening of special
		meetings of independent directors.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
23	Article 35 Other rights and obligations of independent directors	Article 37 Guarantee of performance of independent directors
	(i) In order to ensure that the	(i) The Company shall provide
	independent directors can effectively	the independent directors with all
	exercise their authority, the Company	necessary working conditions and
	should provide for the working	personnel support for performance
	conditions which are necessary to	of their duties, and designate special
	allow the independent directors to	departments and special personnel to
	exercise their authority effectively. The	assist the independent directors in the
	secretariat to the board of directors	performance of their duties.
	of the Company should proactively	The secretary to the board of
	provide the assistance for the exercise	directors shall ensure that there is a
	of the authority by the independent	smooth flow of information between
	directors such as, among other things,	the independent directors and other
	introduction of the situations and	directors, senior management and
	provision of materials, provide report on	other relevant officers, and that the
	the operation of the Company regularly	independent directors have access
	and, where necessary, organize physical	to adequate resources and necessary
	visit for the independent directors. In	professional advice when performing
	the event that the independent opinion,	their duties.
	proposals and written explanation of the	(ii) The Company shall ensure
	independent directors are required to be	that the independent directors shall
	announced publicly, the Company should	have access to the same information
	provide timely assistance in this regard.	as other directors. To ensure the
	(ii) The independent directors	independent director can effectively
	are entitled to the right of information	exercise their powers and functions,
	equivalent to other directors. Where	the Company shall keep the
	there is a matter that is required to be	independent directors informed of the
	decided by the board of directors, the	Company's operations on a regular
	Company must give prior notice to the	basis, provide them with information,
	independent directors and concurrently	and set up or co-operate with them
	provide sufficient information. I f the	in carrying out field inspections and
	independent directors are of the view	other work.
	that the information is insufficient,	The Company may organize
	they may request for supplemental	independent directors to participate
	information.	in research and discussion sessions
		before the Board deliberates on
		major and complicated issues, to fully
		listen to the opinions of independent
		directors, and provide timely feedback
		to independent directors on the
		adoption of their opinions.
	1	<u> </u>

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	(iii) Where two or more than two	(iii) The Company shall issue
	independent directors are of the view	notices of meetings of the Board to
	that the information is insufficient or	independent directors in a timely
	the arguments are unclear, they may	manner, provide relevant meeting
	jointly request the board of directors to	materials no later than the deadline
	postpone the meeting of the board of	for notification of Board meetings
	directors or postpone the consideration	stipulated in laws, administrative
	of the relevant matters. Both the	regulations, CSRC regulations or the
	Company and the independent directors	Articles, and provide independent
	should keep the information provided	directors with effective communication
	by the Company for a minimum of five	channels. If a special committee of
	years.	the Board convenes a meeting, the
	(iv) If the independent directors	Company shall, in principle, provide
	need to know more about the relevant	relevant materials and information no
	situations and general understanding of	later than three days before the special
	the Company, the relevant staff o f the	committee meeting. The Company
	Company must cooperate proactively	shall keep the above mentioned
	and must not refuse, hinder or conceal	meeting materials for at least ten
	and must not interfere the independence	<u>years.</u>
	of the independent directors. The	When two or more independent
	secretariat to the board of directors shall	directors consider that the meeting-
	coordinate the specific work in this	related materials are incomplete,
	connection.	insufficiently argued or not provided
	(v) In the event that the independent	in a timely manner, they may request,
	opinion, proposals and written	in writing, the Board to postpone the
	explanation of the independent directors	convention of meeting or delaying the
	are required to be announced publicly,	discussion of the matter. The Board
	the secretariat to the board of directors	shall accept such request.
	should transact the announcement at the	In principle, the meetings of the
	stock exchanges located in the places	Board and the special committees
	where the shares of the Company are	shall be convened by way of on-
	listed in a timely manner.	site meetings. When necessary, such
		meetings may also be convened
		through video, telephone or other
		methods according to the relevant
		procedures and on such a premise
		that all attending directors can fully
		communicate with each other and
		express their opinions.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
24	Article 36 Allowances of the	Article 38 Allowances of the
	independent directors	independent directors
	(1) The independent directors may	(1) The Company may establish
	receive appropriate subsidies from the	a liability insurance regime for
	Company. The standard of the subsidy	independent directors to reduce
	should be decided by the Board of the	the risks that may arise in the
	Company, considered and approved at	due performance of duties by the
	the general meeting and disclosed in the	independent directors;
	Company's annual reports;	(2) The Company shall provide
	(2) Other than the subsidy referred	the independent directors with
	to above, the independent directors are	allowances commensurate with the
	not allowed to receive other benefits	duties they undertake. The standard
	from the Company, shareholders of the	of the allowances should be decided by
	Company or connected parties which	the Board, considered and approved
	have not been disclosed;	at the general meetings and disclosed
	(3) The expenses incurred by	in the Company's annual reports;
	the independent directors in retaining	(3) Other than the <u>allowances</u>
	intermediaries and other necessary	referred to above, the independent
	expenses in respect of the exercise	directors are not allowed to receive
	of the authority shall be borne by the	other benefits from the Company and its
	Company;	substantial shareholders, the de facto
	(4) Subject to the approval of the	controllers, or any interested entities
	general meeting, the Company may	or persons.
	establish the necessary insurance regime	
	regarding the duties of the independent	
	directors in order to reduce the risks that	
	may arise in the normal exercise of the	
	authority of the independent directors.	

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
25	Article 38 The Board is accountable for the general meeting of the shareholders and shall exercise the following powers: (1) convention of general meetings	Article 40 The Board is accountable for the general meeting of the shareholders and shall exercise the following powers: (1) convention of general meetings
	of shareholders, and report to the meetings; (2) implementation of the resolutions of the general meeting; (3) making decisions on the	of shareholders, and report to the meetings; (2) implementation of the resolutions of the general meeting; (3) making decisions on the
	business plan and investment scheme of the Company; (4) formulation of the annual financial budget and financial accounting policy of the Company;	business plan and investment scheme of the Company; (4) formulation of the annual financial budget and financial accounting policy of the Company;
	(5) formulation of the profit distribution policy and loss recovery policy of the Company; (6) formulation of the policy of increase or reduction of registered	(5) formulation of the profit distribution policy and loss recovery policy of the Company; (6) formulation of the policy of increase or reduction of registered
	capital and the policy of issue of corporate bonds of the Company or other securities of the Company and proposals for listing;	capital and the policy of issue of corporate bonds of the Company or other securities of the Company and proposals for listing;
	(7) drafting of the policies of material acquisition of the Company, purchase of the Company's shares under the circumstances specified in (1), (2) of <u>Article 30</u> of the Article of Association, or the merger, separation, dissolution,	(7) drafting of the policies of material acquisition of the Company, purchase of the Company's shares under the circumstances specified in (1), (2) of Article 27 of the Article of Association, or the merger, separation, dissolution,
	liquidation and change of corporate form of the Company; (8) making decisions on the establishment of internal management system in the Company;	liquidation and change of corporate form of the Company; (8) making decisions on the establishment of internal management system in the Company;

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	of the managers of the Company and checking the work of the managers; (17) pass resolutions regarding the repurchase of the shares of the Company by the Company under the circumstances prescribed in (3), (5) and (6) of Article 30 of these Articles of Association; (18) other powers granted by these Articles of Association and the general meeting of shareholders. The Board shall exercise the above powers by holding meetings of the Board to consider the relevant matters and can implement only after the passing of the Board resolutions.	(16) receiving the work report of the general manager of the Company and checking the work of the general manager; (17) pass resolutions regarding the repurchase of the shares of the Company by the Company under the circumstances prescribed in (3), (5) and (6) of Article 27 of the Articles of Association; (18) other powers granted by these Articles of Association and the general meeting of shareholders. The Board shall exercise the above powers by holding meetings of the Board to consider the relevant matters and can implement only after the passing of the Board resolutions.
26	Article 40 The decision-making authority of the Board on the Company's major investment, acquisition and sale of assets, assets pledges, external guarantee, entrusted wealth management, related transactions, external donations and other transactions are as follows: 1. Transactions accounting for less than 3% of the latest audited net asset of the Company, including the conclusion of important contracts (guarantees, mortgages, loans, entrusted operations, entrustment, gifts, contracting, leasing, etc.), foreign investment (acquisitions, mergers, short-term investment projects, etc.), acquisition and sale of assets, asset pledges, entrusted wealth management, etc., shall be approved by the Strategic Development and Investment Committee and reported to the Board for the record (except for matters otherwise agreed in these Rules of Procedure);	Article 42 The decision-making authority of the Board on the Company's major investment, acquisition and sale of assets, assets pledges, external guarantee, entrusted wealth management, related transactions, external donations and other transactions are as follows: 1. Transactions accounting for less than 3% of the latest audited net asset of the Company, including the conclusion of important contracts (guarantees, mortgages, loans, entrusted operations, entrustment, gifts, contracting, leasing, etc.), foreign investment (acquisitions, mergers, short-term investment projects, etc.), acquisition and sale of assets, asset pledges, entrusted wealth management, etc., shall be approved by the Strategic Development and Investment Committee and reported to the Board for the record (except for matters otherwise agreed in these Rules of Procedure);

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	2. Transactions accounting for 3%-	2. Transactions accounting for 3%-
	10% of the latest audited net asset of	10% of the latest audited net asset of
	the Company, including the conclusion	the Company, including the conclusion
	of important contracts (guarantees,	of important contracts (guarantees,
	mortgages, loans, entrusted operations,	mortgages, loans, entrusted operations,
	entrustment, gifts, contracting, leasing,	entrustment, gifts, contracting, leasing,
	etc.), foreign investment (acquisitions,	etc.), foreign investment (acquisitions,
	mergers, short-term investment projects,	mergers, short-term investment projects,
	etc.), acquisition and sale of assets, asset	etc.), acquisition and sale of assets, asset
	pledges, entrusted wealth management,	pledges, entrusted wealth management,
	etc., shall be approved by the Board;	etc., shall be approved by the Board;
	3. The Board shall decide on the	3. The Board shall decide on the
	Company's provision of guarantee in	Company's provision of guarantee in
	favor of its wholly-owned subsidiaries	favor of its wholly-owned subsidiaries
	or majority-owned subsidiaries to obtain	or majority-owned subsidiaries to obtain
	loans. The amount of loan the Company	loans. The amount of loan the Company
	may guarantee in favor of wholly-	may guarantee in favor of wholly-
	owned subsidiaries has no limits, while	owned subsidiaries has no limits, while
	the amount of loans of subsidiaries in	the amount of loans of subsidiaries in
	which the Company holds more than	which the Company holds more than
	51% equity interests shall be less than	51% equity interests shall be less than
	RMB100 million, and the chairman of	RMB100 million, and the chairman of
	the Board is authorized to sign on behalf	the Board is authorized to sign on behalf
	of the Board;	of the Board;

4. The Board shall have the authority over any single guarantee with amount not exceeding 10% of the latest audited net assets provided in favor of qualified guarantors; none of the external guarantees of the Company approved by the Board shall violate the following provisions: (1) The Company is prohibited from providing guarantees in favor of a controlling shareholder, a subsidiary of a shareholder, a fellow subsidiary of a shareholder and other related parties in which the Company holds less than 50% equity interests, or in favor of any non-legal persons or individuals; (2) For any guarantee to be provided by the Company, the Company must request the party for which the guarantee is given to give a counter guarantee to the Company and the party who gives the counter guarantee must have the actual capability to perform the counter guarantee. 5. The decision-making authority for related-party transactions shall be implemented in accordance with the Provisions on Strengthening the Monitoring and Management of Disclosable Transactions and Related- 3
party (Connected) Transactions by Listed Companies (《關於加強上市公司對須予披露交易及關聯(連)交易的監控與管理的規定》) of the Company; 6. The above-mentioned transactions shall be executed in accordance with the provisions of the listing rules of the stock exchange located in the places where the Company's shares are listed.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
27	Article 44 Pursuant to the Code of Corporate Governance for Listed Companies, the Board shall establish certain special committees such as the Strategic Development and Investment Committee, Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Budget Committee as on demand. All members of the special committees are directors, and the majority of the members of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Budget Committee shall be independent non-executive Directors and convenors of those committee shall be independent non-executive Directors. At least one independent director in the Audit Committee shall be a professional in accounting. The main duties of each special committee are set out below. Please refer to the Rules of Implementation of each committee for details. (1) Duties of the Strategic Development and Investment Committee mainly include: 1. to study the long-term development strategy and major investment of the Company and give advice thereon; 2. to review or approve the proposed investment projects of the Company, and to review and supervise the implementation of the Company's investment projects subject to the authorization of the Board;	Article 46 Pursuant to the Code of Corporate Governance for Listed Companies and the Detailed Rules of the Shanghai Stock Exchange for Self-Regulatory Guidelines of Listed Companies No. 1 – Standardized Operation, the Board shall establish certain special committees such as the Strategic Development and Investment Committee, Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Budget Committee as needed. All members of the special committees are directors, and the majority of the members of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Budget Committee shall be independent non-executive Directors and convenors of those committee shall be independent non-executive Directors. The members of the Audit Committee shall be directors who do not hold senior management positions in the Company, and a majority of members shall be independent directors and the role of convener shall be taken by an independent director with accounting professional qualifications. The main duties of each special committee are set out below. Please refer to the Rules of Implementation of each committee for details. (1) Duties of the Strategic Development and Investment Committee mainly include: 1. to study the long-term development strategy and major investment of the Company and give advice thereon; 2. to review or approve the proposed investment projects of the Company, and to review and supervise the implementation of the Company's investment projects subject to the authorization of the Board;

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	3. to review, approve and manage	3. to review, approve and manage
	the other investment projects authorized	the other investment projects authorized
	by the Board.	by the Board.
	(2) Duties of the Audit Committee	(2) Duties of the Audit Committee
	mainly include:	mainly include reviewing the financial
	1. to propose the appointment or	information of the Company and the
	change of external auditors;	disclosure thereof and supervising and
	2. to supervise the internal	assessing the internal and external
	auditing system of the Company and its	audits and internal control. The
	implementation;	following matters shall be submitted
	3. to communicate between internal	to the Board for deliberation after
	auditors and external auditors;	obtaining the approval of a majority of
	4. to review the financial information	all members of the Audit Committee:
	of the Company and its disclosure;	1. disclosure of financial
	5. to review the internal control	information in financial and accounting
	system of the Company.	reports and periodic reports, and
	(3) Duties of the Nomination	evaluation reports on internal control;
	and Remuneration Committee mainly	2. appointment or dismissal of
	include:	accounting firms engaged in audit
	1. to study the criteria and procedures	business for companies;
	for selection of directors, general manager	3. changes in accounting policies
	and other senior management and give	and accounting estimates made
	advice thereon;	for reasons other than changes in
	2. to seek persons with the	accounting standards, or corrections
	qualifications and conditions as directors	of material accounting errors;
	and senior management, examine them	4. other matters as stipulated
	and give recommendation thereto;	in laws, administrative regulations,
	3. to study the criteria of appraisal	rules of the CSRC and the Articles of
	of directors and senior management,	Association.
	conduct appraisal and give advice	
	thereon;	
	4. to study and review the remuneration	
	policy and plans for directors and senior	
	management.	
	(4) Duties of the Budget Committee	
	mainly include: To direct the formulation of the annual	
	operation plans and targets, annual budget	
	plans of the Company, and supervise and	
	examine the implementation.	

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
		(3) Duties of the Nomination and
		Remuneration Committee mainly include
		formulating the criteria and procedures
		for selecting directors and senior
		management personnel, selecting and
		examining candidates for directors and
		senior management personnel and their
		qualifications, formulating the criteria
		for assessing directors and senior
		management personnel and conducting
		such assessments, formulating and
		examining the policies and plans for
		remunerations of directors and senior
		management personnel, and making
		recommendations to the Board on the
		following matters:
		1. the nomination, appointment
		and removal of directors;
		2. the engagement or dismissal of
		senior management;3. the remunerations of directors
		and senior management;
		4. formulation or modification
		of the share option incentive schemes
		and the employee share ownership
		plans, the grant of interests to the
		participants and the fulfilment of the
		conditions for the exercise of interests;
		5. arrangement of the
		shareholding plans for directors and
		senior management in the proposed
		spin-off subsidiaries;
		6. other matters required by
		applicable laws, administrative
		regulations, the Articles of Association
		and the listing rules of the stock
		exchange where the Company's
		securities are listed.
		(4) Duties of the Budget Committee
		mainly include:
		To direct the formulation of the
		annual operation plans and targets,
		annual budget plans of the Company, and
		supervise and examine the implementation.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
28	Article 47 The chairman of the Board shall be a director of the Board of the Company other than an independent director, and is the legal representative of the Company. Chairman of the Board shall abide by the provisions of Chapter II of this Rules on the directors of the Company.	Article 49 The chairman of the Board shall be a director of the Board of the Company other than an independent director. Chairman of the Board shall abide by the provisions of Chapter II of this Rules on the directors of the Company.
29	Article 52 Chairman of the Board shall exercise the following powers: (1) to preside over the general meeting of shareholders, to convene, preside over the meetings of the Board, and to lead the daily work of the Board; (2) to supervise and examine the implementation of the Board resolutions; (3) to ensure the establishment of sound governance mechanisms; (4) to ensure that issues raised by directors or senior management are included in the Board's agenda in a timely manner; (5) to ensure that directors obtain sufficient and complete background materials on the Company's operations and various issues of the Board in a timely manner; (6) to ensure that shareholders' opinions are conveyed at Board meetings; (7) to exercise certain powers of the Board in accordance with authorization of the Board during recess of the Board, for example, to decide on the disclosure of interim reports, etc.; (8) to sign the securities issued by the Company; (9) to sign the significant documents of the Board and other documents required to be signed by the legal representative of the Company, including but not limited to the following documents:	Article 54 Chairman of the Board shall exercise the following powers: (1) to preside over the general meeting of shareholders, to convene, preside over the meetings of the Board, and to lead the daily work of the Board; (2) to supervise and examine the implementation of the Board resolutions; (3) to ensure the establishment of sound governance mechanisms; (4) to ensure that issues raised by directors or senior management are included in the Board's agenda in a timely manner; (5) to ensure that directors obtain sufficient and complete background materials on the Company's operations and various issues of the Board in a timely manner; (6) to ensure that shareholders' opinions are conveyed at Board meetings; (7) to exercise certain powers of the Board in accordance with authorization of the Board during recess of the Board, for example, to decide on the disclosure of interim reports, etc.; (8) to sign the securities issued by the Company; (9) to sign the significant documents of the Board, including but not limited to the following documents:

No. Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
1. documents approving the use of funds of the Board of the Company; 2. documents on the appointment and dismissal of the general manager, deputy general manager, chief engineer, person in charge of finance and other members of the senior management of the Company in accordance with the decisions of the Board; 3. documents on the appointment and dismissal of legal representatives of wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company in accordance with the decisions of the Board. (10) to exercise the powers of the legal representative; and to sign the "Power of Attorney from Legal Representative" to the general manager and other personnel of the Company in accordance with the business needs; (11) to approve and issue a single financial expenditure of less than RMB3 million beyond the Company's financial budget plan; (12) to approve a single mortgage financing and loan document involving the purchase of fixed assets with an amount less than 3% of the audited net assets of the previous period, and to approve the purchase of fixed assets with an amount less than RMB10 million; (13) to exercise special disposition of the affairs of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the laws and the interest of the Company in the event of a force majeure emergency such as a catastrophic natural disaster, and to report to the Board and the general meeting of shareholders afterwards;	1. documents approving the use of funds of the Board of the Company; 2. documents on the appointment and dismissal of the general manager, deputy general manager, chief engineer, person in charge of finance and other members of the senior management of the Company in accordance with the decisions of the Board; 3. documents on the appointment and dismissal of legal representatives of wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company in accordance with the decisions of the Board. (10) to approve and issue a single financial expenditure of less than RMB3 million beyond the Company's financial budget plan; (11) to approve a single mortgage financing and loan document involving the purchase of fixed assets with an amount less than 3% of the audited net assets of the previous period, and to approve the purchase of fixed assets with an amount less than RMB10 million; (12) to exercise special disposition of the affairs of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the laws and the interest of the Company in the event of a force majeure emergency such as a catastrophic natural disaster, and to report to the Board and the general meeting of shareholders afterwards; (13) to propose candidates for general manager and secretary of the Board of the Company;

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	(14) to propose candidates for general manager and secretary of the Board of the Company; (15) other duties assigned by the Board and prescribed by the Articles of Association.	(14) to hold meetings with independent non-executive directors at least annually without the presence of other directors; (15) other duties assigned by the Board and prescribed by the Articles of Association.
30	Article 57 The main duties of the secretary to the Board are: (1) to ensure that the Company has the complete constitution documents and records; (2) to ensure that the Company prepares and submits the reports and other documents required by the relevant state departments, the Shanghai Stock Exchange, and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange to be issued by the Board and the general meeting of the shareholders in accordance with the law; (3) to coordinate and deal with the daily affairs of the Board and undertake the work assigned by the chairman of the Board; (4) to be responsible for the management of shares and securities of the Company; (5) to organize and prepare the Board meetings, the general meetings of the shareholders, and other meetings organized by the Board in accordance with the legal procedures, and to be responsible for drafting reports, resolutions, minutes, notices, and other documents of the Board and the general meeting of the shareholders, as well as for the minutes of the meetings and the safekeeping of meeting documents and minutes;	Article 59 The main duties of the secretary to the Board are: (1) to be responsible for disclosing information of the Company, coordinating the information disclosure related affairs of the Company, organizing the formulation of the information disclosure management system of the Company, and urging the Company and the relevant persons who have the obligation to disclose information to comply with the provisions on information disclosure; (2) to be responsible for managing the investor relations, coordinating information communication between the Company and securities regulators, investors and actual controllers, intermediaries, media, etc.; (3) to prepare and organize meetings of the Board and general meetings, to attend general meetings, meetings of the Board, meetings of the supervisory committee and relevant meetings of senior management, to prepare minutes of meetings of the Board and have the same signed;

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	(11) to prepare publicity campaigns for the Company's domestic and overseas promotion; (12) to handle matters between the Company and its directors, securities regulatory authorities, stock exchanges, various intermediaries and investors; (13) to be responsible for the Company's consultation services, and to coordinate and deal with the relevant matters between the Company and investors; (14) to be responsible for keeping the information about the register of shareholders, the register of directors, information on the shareholdings of substantial shareholders and directors, and the seal of the Board; (15) to perform other matters authorized by the Board; (16) to fulfill other duties required by the Shanghai Stock Exchange, the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the securities regulatory authorities.	(8) to be responsible for management of movements in the Company's stocks and their derivatives; and (9) to fulfill other duties as required by laws, administrative regulations and the stock exchanges on which the Company's shares are listed.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
31	Article 60 The Company shall officially appoint a secretary to the Board within three months upon the listing of the Company's shares or within three months upon the resignation of the former secretary to the Board. During the period of vacancy in the position, the Board shall promptly appoint a director or senior management to perform the duties of the secretary to the Board and report the same to the relevant stock exchange, and identify a new secretary to the Board as soon as practicable. Prior to the designation of a person to act as secretary to the Board, the chairman of the Company shall perform the duties of the secretary to the Board.	Article 62 The Company shall officially appoint a secretary to the Board within three months upon the listing of the Company's shares or within three months upon the resignation of the former secretary to the Board. During the period of vacancy in the position, the Board shall promptly appoint a director or senior management to perform the duties of the secretary to the Board and report the same to the relevant stock exchange, and identify a new secretary to the Board as soon as practicable. Prior to the designation of a person to act as secretary to the Board, the chairman of the Company shall perform the duties of the secretary to the Board. Where the position of the secretary to the Board of the Company has been vacant for more than three months, the chairman shall perform the duties of the secretary to the Board and the appointment of the secretary to the Board shall be completed within six months.
32	Article 64 In addition to the appointment of the secretary to the Board, the Board shall also appoint a securities representative to the Board. When the secretary to the Board is unable to perform his/her duties, the securities representative shall perform his/her duties on his/her behalf. The securities representative shall have the same qualifications as the secretary to the Board.	Article 66 In addition to the appointment of the secretary to the Board, the Board shall also appoint a securities representative to the Board. When the secretary to the Board is unable to perform his/her duties, the securities representative shall perform his/her duties on his/her behalf, which does not ipso facto relieve the secretary to the Board of his or her responsibility for the disclosure of information and other affairs of the Company during that period. The securities representative shall have the same qualifications as the secretary to the Board.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
33	Article 67 The chairman of the Board shall convene an extraordinary meeting of the Board within 10 business days under any of the following circumstances: (1) when the chairman deems it necessary; (2) when jointly proposed by more	Article 69 The chairman of the Board shall convene an extraordinary meeting of the Board within 10 business days under any of the following circumstances: (1) when the chairman deems it necessary; (2) when jointly proposed by more
	than one-third of the directors; (3) when more than one-half of the independent directors propose; (4) when proposed by the supervisory committee; (5) when proposed by the general manager (6) when proposed by shareholders representing more than one-tenth of the voting rights, more than one-third of the directors or the supervisory committee.	than one-third of the directors; (3) when more than half of the independent directors propose; (4) when proposed by the supervisory committee; (5) when proposed by the general manager (6) when proposed by shareholders representing more than one-tenth of the voting rights.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
35	Article 73 The resolutions to be proposed at the meeting of the Board, together with the notice, shall be delivered to the directors and relevant persons to be present at the meeting. The Board shall provide sufficient information to the directors, including the background materials relating to the matters to be discussed at the meeting and those information and data to facilitate the directors' understanding of the Company's business development. When two or more than two independent directors are of the view that the information is insufficient or the arguments are unclear, they may jointly request the Board in writing to postpone the meeting of the Board or postpone the consideration of the relevant matters. The Board shall adopt accordingly.	Article 75 The resolutions to be proposed at the meeting of the Board, together with the notice, shall be delivered to the directors and relevant persons to be present at the meeting. The Board shall provide sufficient information to the directors, including the background materials relating to the matters to be discussed at the meeting and those information and data to facilitate the directors' understanding of the Company's business development.

No. Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
Article 77 The submission procedure for decision-making resolutions of the Board: (1) proposal of a resolution: according to the functions and powers of the Board, a resolution shall be proposed by the chairman of the Board or a director or several directors jointly; (2) preparation of a resolution: a resolution proposed by the chairman of the Board shall be prepared by himself or have the secretary to the Board organize relevant functional departments to prepare. A resolution proposed by a director or several directors jointly shall be prepared by the director proposing the resolution, or, with the consent of the chairman of the Board, shall have the secretary to the Board organize relevant departments to prepare; (3) submission of a resolution: after the preparation of a resolution; the secretary to the Board shall first solicit opinions s within a certain scope. After demonstration, evaluation and modification by relevant parties and personnel, it shall be submitted to the Board for discussion and decision once it is basically mature. (4) the proposal for major connected transactions (refer to connected transactions entered into between the Company and any connected parties, the aggregate consideration of which is more than RMB3 million or more than 5% of the latest audited net asset value of the Company), shall first be signed and approved by independent directors before being submitted to the Board for discussion as a resolution.	Article 79 The submission procedure for decision-making resolutions of the Board: (1) proposal of a resolution: according to the functions and powers of the Board, a resolution shall be proposed by the chairman of the Board or a director or several directors jointly; (2) preparation of a resolution: a resolution proposed by the chairman of the Board shall be prepared by himself or have the secretary to the Board organize relevant functional departments to prepare. A resolution proposed by a director or several directors jointly shall be prepared by the director proposing the resolution, or, with the consent of the chairman of the Board, shall have the secretary to the Board organize relevant departments to prepare; (3) submission of a resolution: after the preparation of a resolution; the secretary to the Board shall first solicit opinions s within a certain scope. After demonstration, evaluation and modification by relevant parties and personnel, it shall be submitted to the Board for discussion and decision once it is basically mature. (4) proposals for notifiable connected transactions shall be considered by special meetings of independent directors and approved by more than half of all the independent directors before being submitted to the Board for discussion.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
38	Article 78 A board meeting may only be held if more than one-half of the directors are present.	Article <u>80</u> A board meeting may only be held if <u>more than half</u> of the directors are present.
39	Article 82 When the Board deliberates matters related to connected transactions, the connected directors shall abide by the rules of abstention, and abstain from voting, and such directors shall not exercise voting rights on behalf of other directors. Such directors shall not be counted in the number of attendees of the relevant meeting of the Board. Such a meeting of the Board shall be convened with the attendance of a majority of nonconnected directors. Resolutions made by the meeting of the Board shall be approved by a majority of non-connected directors. Where there are less than three non-connected directors in a meeting of the Board, any matters to be deliberated shall be submitted to the general meeting of shareholders. A director shall be a connected director if: (1) the director personally has connected transactions with the Company; (2) the director personally serves in an affiliated enterprise or has a controlling interest in an affiliated enterprise, which has connected transactions with the Company; (3) the director is a director who shall be abstained in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations, listing rules of the stock exchanges located in the places where the shares of the Company are listed, and the Articles of Association.	Article 84 When the Board deliberates matters related to connected transactions, the connected directors shall abide by the rules of abstention, and abstain from voting, and such directors shall not exercise voting rights on behalf of other directors. Such directors shall not be counted in the number of attendees of the relevant meeting of the Board. Such a meeting of the Board shall be convened with the attendance of a majority of nonconnected directors. Resolutions made by the meeting of the Board shall be approved by a majority of non-connected directors. Where there are less than three non-connected directors in a meeting of the Board, any matters to be deliberated shall be submitted to the general meeting of shareholders. The connected directors referred to in the preceding paragraph include the following directors or directors under any of the following circumstances: (1) directors who are the counterparty of a transaction; (2) directors having direct or indirect control over the counterparty; (3) directors working in the counterparty, or in a legal entity or other organization that can directly or indirectly control the counterparty, or a legal entity or other organization directly or indirectly controlled by the counterparty;

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	No director shall vote on any transaction in which he or she or his or her associates ("associate" is defined in accordance with the general statutory interpretation in the jurisdiction where the shares of the Company are listed) has or have material interests. Such directors shall not be counted in the number of attendees of the relevant meeting of the Board.	(4) directors who are close family members of the counterparty or its direct or indirect controller; (5) directors who are close family members of the directors, supervisors, or members of the senior management of the counterparty or its direct or indirect controller; (6) directors whose independent business judgment may be affected as determined by the CSRC, stock exchanges, or the Company based on the principle of substance over form.
40	Article 92 The secretary to the Board shall submit the resolutions and meeting minutes of the Board to the Shanghai Stock Exchange for record within two business days after the end of the meeting of the Board.	Delete
41	Article 96 Decision-making procedures of the Board (1) Investment decision-making procedures: the Board entrusts the general manager to organize relevant personnel to prepare medium and long-term development plans, the annual investment plans and investment proposals for major projects of the Company, submit them to the Board for deliberation and form resolutions of the Board; major business matters that need to be submitted to the general meeting of shareholders shall be submitted to the general meeting of shareholders for deliberation according to procedures, and shall be organized and implemented by the general manager after approval.	Article 97 Decision-making procedures of the Board (1) Investment decision-making procedures: the Board entrusts the general manager to organize relevant personnel to prepare medium and long-term development plans, the annual investment plans and investment proposals for major projects of the Company, submit them to the Board for deliberation and form resolutions of the Board; major business matters that need to be submitted to the general meeting of shareholders shall be submitted to the general meeting of shareholders for deliberation according to procedures, and shall be organized and implemented by the general manager after approval.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
	(2) Financial budget and final accounts procedures: the Board entrusts the general manager to organize relevant personnel to prepare plans for the Company's annual financial budget and final accounts, distribution of profits and making up losses, submit them to the Board; the Board shall formulate plans, and submit them to the general meeting of shareholders for deliberation and approval, which shall be organized and implemented by the general manager after approval. (3) Personnel appointment and dismissal procedures: according to the appointment and dismissal nominations	(2) Financial budget and final accounts procedures: the Board entrusts the general manager to organize relevant personnel to prepare plans for the Company's annual financial budget and final accounts, distribution of profits and making up losses, submit them to the Board; the Board shall formulate plans, and submit them to the general meeting of shareholders for deliberation and approval, which shall be organized and implemented by the general manager after approval. (3) Personnel appointment and dismissal procedures: according to the appointment and dismissal
	proposed by the Board, the chairman of the Board and the general manager within their respective terms of reference, the Company shall organize	nominations proposed by the Board, the chairman of the Board and the general manager within their respective terms of reference, the Nomination and
	the personnel department to assess the appointment and dismissal, and submit the appointment and dismissal opinions to the Board for approval. (4) Work Procedures for Material Matters: before reviewing and signing the documents of material matters determined by the Board, the chairman of the Board shall study the relevant matters, judge their feasibility, and sign the opinions after the Board has approved and formed a resolution, to minimize the decision-making errors.	Remuneration Committee of the Board shall review by law or the Company shall organize the personnel department to assess the appointment and dismissal, and submit the appointment and dismissal opinions to the Board for approval. (4) Work Procedures for Material Matters: before reviewing and signing the documents of material matters determined by the Board, the chairman of the Board shall study the relevant matters, judge their feasibility, and sign the opinions after the Board has approved and formed a resolution, to minimize the decision-making errors.

No.	Terms before amendments	Terms after amendments
42	Article 98 Appointment of intermediaries The Board shall be responsible for appointing the auditing firms, advisers, consultant firms and other intermediaries of the Company. The appointment procedure is as follows: the secretary of the Board shall be responsible for investigating, proposing candidates and appointment conditions, and submitting them to the Board or the general meeting of shareholders for consideration and approval. The relevant service contracts shall be negotiated by the secretary of the Board authorized by the Board and signed with the approval of the chairman of the Board.	Delete
43	Article 99 The phrase "more than" as mentioned in this Measures is inclusive while "higher than" and "below" are exclusive.	Article 99 The phrase "more than" as mentioned in this Measures is inclusive while "less than", "lower than", "below" and "exceeding" are exclusive.

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(H Share Stock Code: 0874)

NOTICE OF THE SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING IN 2024

IMPORTANT NOTICE

- Date and time of the second extraordinary general meeting in 2024 (the "EGM"): 27 September 2024 (Friday) at 10:00 a.m.
- Registration date for determination of entitlement to attend the EGM: 23 September 2024 (Monday)
- Place at which the EGM will be held: Conference Room of Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited (the "Company"), 45 Sha Mian North Street, Liwan District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC")
- Manner of voting at the EGM: Both on-site voting and online voting methods (applicable to A shares) will be adopted at the EGM

I. INFORMATION REGARDING THE CONVENING OF THE EGM

- 1. The resolution on convening the EGM was considered and passed at the 14th meeting of the ninth session of the board of directors (the "Board") of the Company.
- 2. Date and time of the EGM: 27 September 2024 (Friday) at 10:00 a.m.
- 3. Place at which the EGM will be held: Conference Room of the Company, 45 Sha Mian North Street, Liwan District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province, the PRC
- 4. The convener of the meeting: The Board
- 5. Manner of voting: voting at the EGM will be both on-site and online (applicable to A shares)

6. The system to be used for, and commencement date, ending date and voting time of online voting (applicable to A shares)

The Company will utilize the online voting system of The Shanghai Stock Exchange. The time for casting votes via the voting platform of the trading system will be the trading sessions on the date of the EGM (27 September 2024) (i.e. 9:15 to 9:25, 9:30 to 11:30 and 13:00 to 15:00). The time for casting votes online will be from 9:15 to 15:00 on the date of the EGM.

7. The voting procedure for holders of accounts in respect of margin trading and securities lending, refinancing, buy-back agreement business and investors of the Northbound Trading Link

The voting procedure for holders of accounts in respect of margin trading and securities lending, refinancing, buy-back agreement business and investors of the Northbound Trading Link shall be conducted in accordance with, among others, the relevant provisions of the Detailed Rules of the Shanghai Stock Exchange for Self-Regulatory Guidelines of Listed Companies No. 1 – Standardized Operation (《上海證券交易所上市公司自律監管指引第1號 — 規範運作》).

8. Solicitation of shareholders' voting rights

Not applicable

II. MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED AT THE EGM

- a. Special resolution:
 - To consider and approve the resolution on proposed amendments to the Articles of Association of Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited.
- b. Ordinary resolutions:
 - 2. To consider and approve the resolution on proposed amendments to The Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings of Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited;
 - 3. To consider and approve the resolution on proposed amendments to The Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors of Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited; and
 - 4. To consider and approve the profit distribution plan for the first half of 2024 of the Company.

The above proposed resolutions were considered at the 14th meeting of the ninth session of the Board held on 30 August 2024. Resolution No.4 was also considered at the 8th meeting of the ninth session of the supervisory committee of the Company held on 30 August 2024.

III. ATTENDEES TO THE EGM AND BOOK CLOSURE PERIOD FOR HOLDERS OF H SHARES

- 1. Holders of domestic shares (A shares) and overseas listed foreign shares (H shares) whose names appear on the register of members of the Company after the end of the trading hours in the afternoon on Monday, 23 September 2024 (including those holders of H shares who have submitted verified application documents for the transfer of shares on or before Monday, 23 September 2024) are entitled to attend the EGM. The register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 24 September 2024 to Friday, 27 September 2024 (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of H shares will be effected. In order to qualify to attend and vote at the EGM, all share transfer documents of H shares together with the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the share registrar of the Company in Hong Kong, namely Hong Kong Registrars Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong for share transfer registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 23 September 2024.
- 2. Any shareholder entitled to attend and vote at the EGM is entitled to appoint one or more proxies (whether or not he/she is a shareholder) to attend and vote at the meeting on his/ her behalf. To be valid, the proxy form and the notarially certified power of attorney and/or other documents of authorization (if any) must be delivered to the address of the Company's office (for holders of A shares) or the office address of the Company's H share Registrar, Hong Kong Registrars Limited, at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong (for holders of H shares) no less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the EGM or any adjournment thereof.
- 3. The directors, supervisors and senior management of the Company.
- 4. The lawyers of the Company.

IV. REGISTRATION FOR THE EGM

1. Methods of registration

To attend the EGM, an individual shareholder should bring along his/her identity card and shareholder account card. A proxy should bring along the proxy form, his/her identity card and the identity card of the appointer and the shareholder account card of the appointer for registration purpose. A legal person shareholder should bring along a copy of the business license, the proxy form signed by the legal representative, the shareholder account card and the identity card of the attendee for registration purpose.

Place and time of registration: 2.

Registration date and time: 09:30 a.m. - 11:30 a.m. and 2:00 p.m. -

4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 26 September 2024

Place of registration: Office of the secretariat to the Board, 2nd

Floor, 45 Sha Mian North Street, Liwan District, Guangzhou Guangdong City,

Province, the PRC

OTHERS V.

Address: Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings 1.

> Company Limited, 2nd Floor, 45 Sha Mian North Street, Liwan District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong

Province, the PRC

Postal code: 510130

Contact person: Zeng Weiwei, Li Li

Tel: (8620) 6628 1216/6628 1219

Fax: (8620) 6628 1229

Email: sec@gybys.com.cn

2. Address of Shanghai

Branch Company of China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation

Limited:

No. 188 Yanggaonan Road, Pudong New Area,

Shanghai, the PRC

Address of Hong Kong

Registrars Limited:

17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong (for submitting proxy

forms)

Shops 1712-1716, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong (for submitting

share transfer documents)

3. The EGM is expected to last for half a day. Shareholders attending the EGM shall be responsible for their own travelling and accommodation expenses.

4. Reporters attending the EGM should register in advance during the registration time for the shareholders.

VI. DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION

Resolutions passed at the 14th meeting of the ninth session of the Board and the relevant announcement; and

Resolutions passed at the 8th meeting of the ninth session of the supervisory committee of the Company and the relevant announcement.

The Board of Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited

Guangzhou, the PRC, 5 September 2024

As at the date of this notice, the Board of the Company comprises Mr. Yang Jun, Ms. Cheng Ning, Ms. Liu Juyan, Mr. Wu Changhai and Mr. Li Hong, as executive directors, and Mr. Chen Yajin, Mr. Huang Min, Mr. Wong Lung Tak Patrick and Ms. Sun Baoqing as independent non-executive directors.